

BASIC DATA.

Palynological analysis of cuttings
from 1317 to 1452 metres in Wombat-3,
onshore Gippsland Basin.

by

Alan D. Partridge

Biostrata Pty Ltd
A.B.N. 39 053 800 945

Biostrata Report 2004/13B

22nd December 2004

BASIC DATA.
Palynological analysis of cuttings from 1317 to 1452 metres
in Wombat-3, onshore Gippsland Basin.

by Alan D. Partridge

Introduction

The eight cuttings samples analysed from the Wombat-3 well drilled by Lakes Oil N.L. were submitted in two batches of four samples each between 6th and 22nd October 2004. All samples were processed in the palynological laboratory facilities of Core Laboratories Australia Pty Ltd in Perth (formerly operated by Laola Pty Ltd).

The first batch of samples, submitted as unwashed cuttings, were given routine palynological processing without any special pre-treatment, and unfortunately yielded unworkable palynological slides, largely due to contamination by caved coaly material. The second batch of samples, were submitted as washed cuttings, and were also pre-treated in an attempt to remove some of the obvious caved lithologies, and this approach gave much better results. At the same time the first batch of cuttings were given additional oxidation and better slides were obtained.

Basic sample data on lithologies and weights of sample processed, and organic yields obtained are provided on Table 1. The visual organic residues yields from the samples varies from very low to moderate, with the concentration of palynomorph on most slides only moderate, while the preservation of the fossils is mostly poor (Table 2). The recorded spore-pollen diversity varies from very low to high, whereas the recorded microplankton diversity is typically low (Table 2).

The distribution of the palynomorphs identified in the samples are displayed on the accompanying StrataBugs™ range chart. Author citations for most of the recorded spore-pollen species can be sourced from the papers by Dettmann (1963), Helby *et al.* (1987) or Stover & Partridge (1973), while the author citations for the microplankton species can be sourced from the indexes for dinocysts and other organic-walled microplankton prepared by Fensome *et al.* (1990) and Williams *et al.* (1998). Manuscript species names and combinations are indicated by “sp. nov.” or “comb. nov.” on the range chart.

References

- DETTMANN, M.E., 1963. Upper Mesozoic microfloras from southeastern Australia. *Proceedings Royal Society Victoria* 77, p.1-148.
- FENSOME, R.A., WILLIAMS, G.L., BARSS, M.S., FREEMAN, J.M. & HILL, J.M., 1990. Acritarchs and fossil Prasinophytes: An index to genera, species and infraspecific taxa. *AASP Contribution Series No. 25*, p.1-771.
- HELBY, R., MORGAN, R. & PARTRIDGE, A.D., 1987. A palynological zonation of the Australian Mesozoic. In *Studies in Australian Mesozoic Palynology*, P.A. Jell, editor, *Memoir Association Australasian Palaeontologists* 4, p.1-94.
- STOVER, L.E. & PARTRIDGE, A.D., 1973. Tertiary and late Cretaceous spores and pollen from the Gippsland Basin, southeastern Australia. *Proceedings Royal Society of Victoria*, vol.85, pt.2, p.237-286.
- WILLIAMS, G.L., LENTIN, J.K. & FENSOME, R.A., 1998. The Lentin and Williams index of fossil dinoflagellates 1998 edition. *American Association of Stratigraphic Palynologists, Contributions Series*, no. 34, p.1-817.

BASIC DATA

Table 1: Basic sample data for Wombat-2, onshore Gippsland Basin.

Sample Type	Depth	Lithology	Wt gms	VOM	Org. Yield
Cuttings ¹	1317m	Unwashed cutting — lithology not recorded.	12.2	0.4	0.03
Cuttings ²	1320m	Light grey marl >75%, coal >10%, remaining lithologies indeterminate in unwashed clumps.	10.7	0.5	0.05
Cuttings ¹	1332m	Unwashed cutting — lithology not recorded.	13.1	0.5	0.04
Cuttings ²	1338m	Light grey marl >30%, coal >30%, other lithologies include cemented quartz sandstone with white clay matrix.	10.7	0.4	0.04
Cuttings ²	1356m	Medium grey mudstone >50%, coal mostly in large caved pieces >30%; remaining lithologies mostly indeterminate but includes some sandstone	10.5	0.4	0.04
Cuttings ¹	1358m	Unwashed cutting — lithology not recorded.	13.5	0.9	0.07
Cuttings ¹	1376m	Unwashed cutting — lithology not recorded.	13.2	0.2	0.02
Cuttings ²	1452m	Medium grey lithic sandstone 90%, and medium grey shale mostly in large shards 5-15 mm long	13.0	0.4	0.03

Cuttings¹ = First set processed

Cuttings² = Second set processed

Wt = Weight of sample processed in grams.

VOM = Volume of wet organic residues in cubic centimetres.

Org. Yield = Organic Yield — VOM divided by Wt.

Table 2: Basic assemblage data for Wombat-2, onshore Gippsland Basin.

Sample Type	Depth	Visual Yield	Palynomorph Concentration	Preservation	No. SP Species	No. MP Species
Cuttings ¹	1317m	Moderate	Moderate	Poor-Fair	25+	2+
Cuttings ²	1320m	Moderate	Moderate	Poor-Fair	24+	3+
Cuttings ¹	1332m	Low	Moderate	Poor-Fair	28+	3+
Cuttings ²	1338m	Low	Moderate	Poor	29+	2+
Cuttings ²	1356m	Low	Moderate	Poor	30+	5+
Cuttings ¹	1358m	Moderate	Moderate	Poor	41+	4+
Cuttings ¹	1376m	Very Low	Very Low	Poor	2+	
Cuttings ²	1452m	Low	Very Low	Poor	21+	

Cuttings¹ = First set processed

Cuttings² = Second set processed

Averages:

25+

2+

Well Name : Wombat-3

Operator : Lakes Oil NL **Spudded : 23 September 2004**

Completed 28 October 2004

Lat/Long : 38°21' 28.00"S 147° 8' 57.00"E

Interval : 1200m - 1700

Scale : 1:2500

Chart date: 22 December 2021

Chart date: 22 December 2004

Palynological Range Chart

Sample Interval 1317 to 1452m

Microscope analysis by Alan L.

Wombat-3

**Biostrata Pty Ltd
AUSTRALIA**

Attachment to Biostrata Report 2004/13A

