

BEACH PETROLEUM N.L.

Incorporated in South Australia)

WCR vol. 1

Princes-1 (W932) PETROLEUM DIVISION

03 550 1887

0 3 FEB 1987

16

BEACH PETROLEUM N.L.

PRINCES NO. 1-PEP 108

WELL COMPLETION REPORT

BY

A. BUFFIN

CONTENTS

Page Number

			•
SUM	MARY		1
1.	INT	PRODUCTION	2
2.	WEL	L HISTORY	5-13
	2.1	Location	5
	2.2	General Data	5
	2.3	Drilling Data	6
	-	2.3.1 Drilling Contractor	6
		2.3.2 Drilling Rig	6
		2.3.3 Casing and Cementing Details	6
		2.3.4 Drilling Fluid	8
		2.3.5 Water Supply	8
	2.4	Formation Sampling and Testing	9
		2.4.1 Cuttings	9
		2.4.2 Cores	9
		2.4.3 Tests	11
	2.5	Logging and Surveys	11
		2.5.1 Mud Logging	11
		2.5.2 Wireline Logging	- 11
		2.5.3 Deviation Surveys	12
		2.5.4 Velocity Survey	13
3.	RESU	JLTS OF DRILLING	14-27
	3.1	Stratigraphy	14
	3.2	Lithological Description	17
		3.2.1 Heytesbury Group	17
		3.2.2 Nirranda Group	18
		3.2.3 Wangerrip Group	19
		3.2.4 Sherbrook Group	21
		3.2.5 Otway Group	24
	3.3	Hydrocarbons	25
		3.3.1 Mud Gas Readings	25
		3.3.2 Sample Fluorescence	26
4.	GEOL	28-41	
	4.1	Princes Structure	28
	4.2	Porosity and Water Saturation	31
	4.3	Maturation and Source Rock Analysis	33
	1. 1.	Polovance to Occurrence of Hydrocarbona	25

FIGURES

		Page Number
1.	Regional Location Map	3
2.	Detailed Location Map	4
3.	Prognosed and Actual Stratigraphy	15
4.	Stratigraphy of The Otway Basin	16
5.	Seismic Line TM-12	27
6.	Time Structural Map of The Pebble Point Formation	29
7.	Time Structural Map of The Waarre	30
8.	Vitrinite Reflectance and Total Organic Carbon Profile	34
9.	Schematic Relationship Between Princes No. 1 and Timboon No. 5	40
10.	Actual Penetration Profile	Appendix 2
	APPENDICES	
1.	Details of the Drilling Plant	
2.	Summary of the Drilling Operation	
3.	Drilling Fluid Re-cap	
4.	Sidewall Core Descriptions	
5.	Velocity Survey	
6.	Palynological Studies - Dr. M. Dettman	,
7.	Source Rock Studies - Prof. A. Cook	
8.	Petrography and X-Ray Diffraction Analysis	
	ENCLOSURES	
1.	Composite Log	
2.	Exlog Mud Log	
3.	Schlumberger Logs	
4.	Velocity Survey	

5.

Schlumberger Dipmeter Computations

SUMMARY

Princes No. 1 was drilled as a wildcat exploration well in PEP 108, central Otway Basin, Victoria, approximately 1.5 km SE of the township of Timboon.

The prospect was a seismically defined horst block. Principle target horizons were the Pebble Point Formation sandstone and the Waarre Formation sandstone. Secondary targets were the intra-Paaratte Formation sands, particularly the Nullawarre Greensand Member.

Participants in the well were Beach Petroleum N.L. (Operator) and Bridge Oil Limited (subject to farmin obligations).

Drilling commenced on the 29th March 1986 and reached a TD of 1150m (KB) on the 3rd April 1986.

The primary objectives proved to have poor to fair porosity and were water saturated. The secondary objectives appeared to have fair to good porosity but were also water saturated.

A trace of fluorescence, associated with dead oil, was observed at 1006m, within the Flaxmans/Waarre Formation.

Prior to abandonment, one wireline logging run comprising the DLL/MSFL, LDL/CNL, SLS, WSS and CST was completed.

Princes No. 1 was plugged and abandoned as a dry hole on the 6th April 1986.

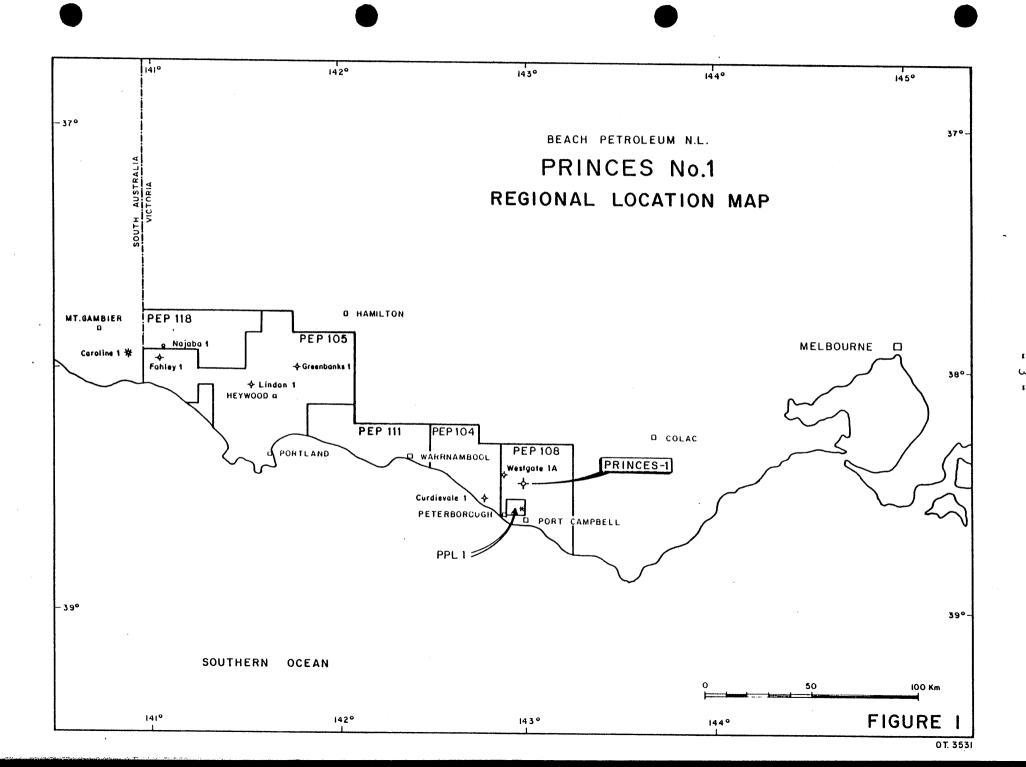
1. INTRODUCTION

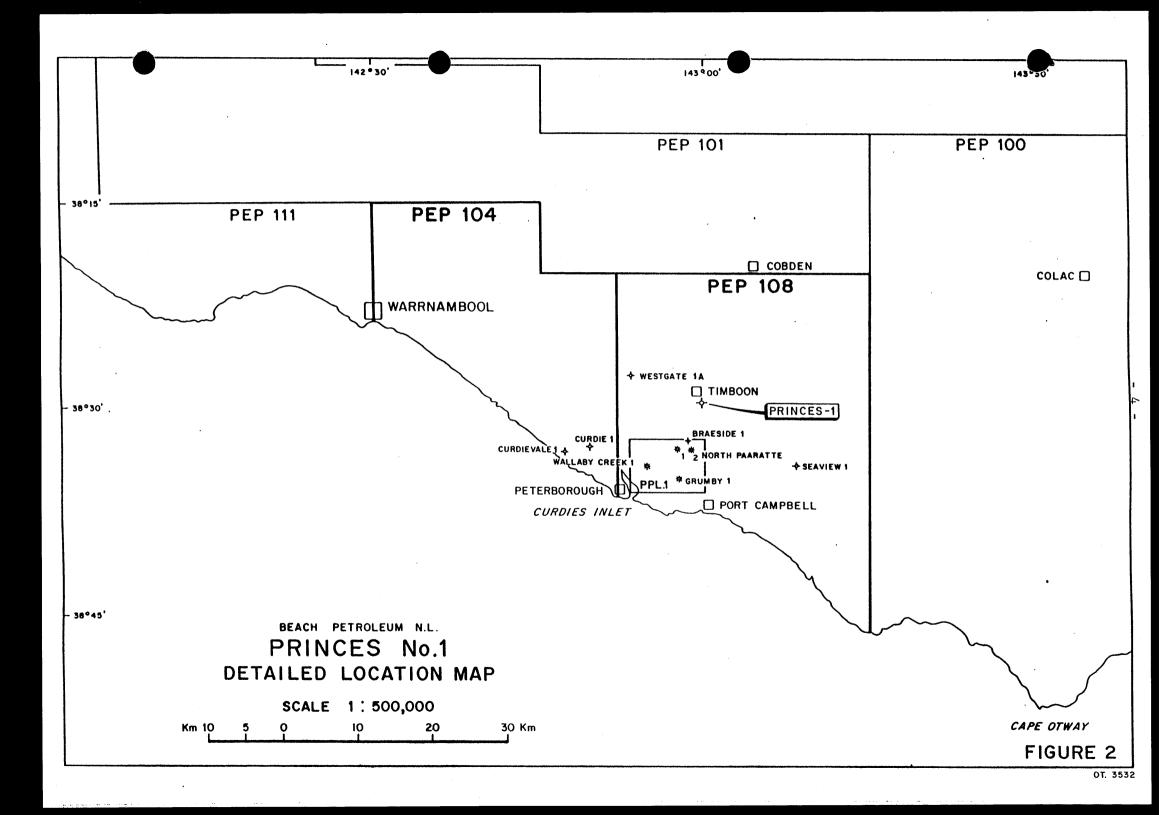
The Princes No. 1 prospect was identified by interpretation of the Timboon Extension Seismic Survey.

The structure was seismically defined as an assymetric horst block, 7 km north of the North Paaratte gas wells. Geologically the prospect is sited on the Rowans Platform, the northwestern extension of the Port Campbell Embayment. In this area the Timboon Fault, a major down-to-basin normal fault, splinters into two prominent faults separated by a fault-dissected platform. The Princes prospect is centrally located on this platform. Hydrocarbons are thought to have been sourced in the Eumeralla Formation and migrated vertically via prominent down-to-basin faults eg. the Timboon Fault.

The nature of reservoir and seal rocks was based largely on Timboon No. 5, drilled 1.1 km to the north-west by the Victorian Government, and on North Paaratte No. 1, drilled 7.3 km to the south-west by Beach Petroleum N.L. Reference was also made to regional isopach maps.

The well was designed to test the hydrocarbon prospectivity of the basal Tertiary Pebble Point Formation and the basal Upper Cretaceous Waarre Formation. Secondary targets were the porous horizons towards the base of the Tertiary Dilwyn Formation, and the Upper Cretaceous Nullawarre Greensand Member of the Paaratte Formation.





2. WELL HISTORY

2.1 Location (see Figure 1)

Co-ordinates:

Latitude 38° 29' 32" S

Longitude 142° 59' 20" E

Geophysical Control:

Line TM12

Shotpoint 82m NNW 905 Beach Petroleum N.L. TME85 Seismic Survey

Real Property Description:

Parish of Timboon
Shire of Heytesbury
County of Heytesbury

Property Owner:

J.F. Deppeler

2.2 General Data (see Figure 2)

Well Name and Number:

Princes No. 1

Tenement:

PEP 108

Operator:

Beach Petroleum N.L.,

685 Burke Road,

CAMBERWELL, VIC., 3124.

Participants:

Beach Petroleum N.L.

Bridge Oil Limited, Level 33, CBA Centre, 60 Margaret Street, SYDNEY, N.S.W., 2000. Elevation:

Ground Level 109.5m

Kelly Bushing 115.5m

(Unless otherwise stated,

all depths refer to KB.)

Total Depth:

Driller

1150m

Logger

1152m

Date Drilling Commenced:

29th March 1986 @ 12.00

Reached Total Depth:

3rd April 1986 @ 07.30

Date Rig Released:

6th April 1986 @ 12.00

Drilling Time to Total Depth: 5 days

Status:

Plugged and abandoned.

2.3 Drilling Data (see also Appendix 1 and 2)

2.3.1 Drilling Contractor

Richter Drilling Pty. Ltd., 14 Cribb Street, MILTON, QLD., 4064.

2.3.2 Drilling Rig

Richter Rig No. 8, National 80B

2.3.3 Casing and Cementing Details

Conductor

A 13-3/8" conductor pipe was set at 10.36m KB.

Surface Casing

Size:

9-5/8"

Weight:

36 lb/ft and 40 lb/ft

Grade:

J55 and N80

Connection:

BTC

Centralizers:

At 30.2m, 254.2m, 266.1m,

285m

Float Collar:

278.4m

Shoe:

291.0m

Cement:

Preflush: 20bbl of water.

Lead: 258.8 sacks of Class
"A" with 51.7 bbl of water
and 2% Gel prehydrated in

mix water - 13.7 ppg.

Tail: 161 sacks of Class "A" cement with 1.45% CaC12

mixed in water.

Cemented to:

Surface

Method:

Water displacement

Equipment:

Twin mounted HT400 skid

mounted Halliburton Unit.

Cement Plugs

Plug No. 1

Interval:

1050m - 975m

Cement:

82.2 sacks Class "A" cement.

Tested:

No

Plug No. 2

Interval:

675m - 615m

Cement:

65.8 sacks Class "A" cement.

Tested:

No

Plug No. 3

Interval:

325m - 260m

Cement:

74 sacks Class "A" cement.

Tested:

Yes

2.3.4 Drilling Fluid (see Appendix 3 for details)

. $12\frac{1}{4}$ " Hole (10.36m - 291m)

The well was spudded using water, the viscosity was built up from native solids.

$8\frac{1}{2}$ " Hole (291m - 1150m)

The $8\frac{1}{2}$ " hole was drilled using a KCl-polymer mud system. Throughout drilling mud properties were kept fairly constant, (although initial viscosities were low and water loss was high). Mud parameters ranged between:

Weight: 8.7 - 8.9 ppg from 291m

to TD

Viscosity: $50 - 55 \sec/qt \text{ from } 591\text{m}$

to TD

Filtrate: 7.8 - 9.0 ml from 591m to

TD

KC1: 4.0 - 5.1% from 291m to

TD

No tight hole was recorded during bit trips.

2.3.5 Water Supply

Fresh water was transported to the wellsite by a water carrier.

2.4 Formation Sampling and Testing

2.4.1 Cuttings

Cuttings samples were collected at 10m intervals from 10m to 290m, and at 5m intervals from 290m to 1150m. Each sample was washed, oven dried, divided into four splits and stored in labelled polythene bags. Three complete sample sets were distributed as follows:

- . one set to Beach Petroleum N.L.,
- . one set to Bridge Oil Ltd.,
- . one set to the Victorian Government.

One spare set was retained by Beach Petroleum N.L.

In addition, every 10m from surface to TD an unwashed cuttings sample was collected, stored in a labelled calico bag and allowed to air dry. This set of samples has been retained by Beach Petroleum for possible further analysis.

2.4.2 Cores

- (i) No conventional coring operations were performed.
- (ii) Thirty sidewall cores were attempted prior to plugging and abandoning the well.

 Twenty-nine cores were recovered and one lost in the hole. Listed overleaf are the depths and recovery of the sidewall cores. (See Appendix 4 for descriptions.)

SWC	<u>Depth</u>	Recovery
No.	(m)	(mm)
1 V	1132.0	30
2	1120.0	45
3	1093.0	Lost
4 V A	1046.0	50
5 P	1041.5	45
6 V A	1023.0	50
7	1008.0	50
8 P	1006.5	50
9 A	1002.0	40
10 V	995.0	47
11	927.0	52
12	890.0	54
13	861.0	26
14 V	857.0	54
15	810.0	48
16	803.5	34
17 V	772.5	52
18	685.5	57
19	665.0	50
20	657.0	28
21 P	650.5	45
22	646.5	45
23 A	643.0	48
24	635.0	47
25 P	629.0	48
26 A	603.0	50
27	579.0	40
28	560.0	48
29 P	542.0	48
30	525.0	36

Note:

- V Vitrinite Reflectance Data Available (see Appendix 7).
- P Petrological Data Available (see Appendix 8).
- A Age Dating and Thermal Alteration Data Available (see Appendix 6).

2.4.3 <u>Tests</u>

No testing was performed.

2.5 Logging and Surveys (see Enclosure 1)

2.5.1 <u>Mud Logging</u> (see Enclosure 2)

A standard skid-mounted Exlog unit was used to provide penetration rate, continuous mud gas monitoring, intermittent mud and cuttings gas analysis, pump rate and mud volume data. The masterlog is included as Enclosure 2.

2.5.2 <u>Wireline Logging</u> (see Enclosure 3)

Wireline logging was performed by Schlumberger Seaco Inc. using a Cyber Service Unit (CSU). One run was performed and the details are listed below:

Dual Laterolog	291m - 1150m
(DLL/SP/CAL/GR)	
Micro-spherically focused log (MSFL)	545m - 1150m
Sonic Log (SLS/GR)	291m - 1150m
Litho-density/Compensated	515m - 675m
Neutron Log	800m - 1075m
(LDL/CNL/GR)	
Stratigraphic Dipmeter Tool	291m - 1150m
(SHDT/GR)	(GR run to

surface)

In addition the following CSU products were generated at the wellsite:

Cyberdip	855m-1150m
Cyberlook (Pass I & II)	550m - 675m
	800m - 875m
	975m - 1075m

The SHDT data was further processed at the Schlumberger Log Interpretation Centre, Sydney, to produce a dip meter computation.

Mean Square Dip

291m - 1150m

2.5.3 <u>Deviation Surveys</u>

A Totco double recorder was used to measure hole deviation, the results of which are listed below:

<u>Depth</u>	Deviation
(m)	(°)
71	3/4
136	1/2
191	1/4
256	0
387	1/4
531	0
684	0
834	1/4
991	1

2.5.4 <u>Velocity Survey</u> (see Enclosure 4)

A velocity survey was performed by Schlumberger Seaco Inc. The results of which are included as Appendix 5.

3. RESULTS OF DRILLING

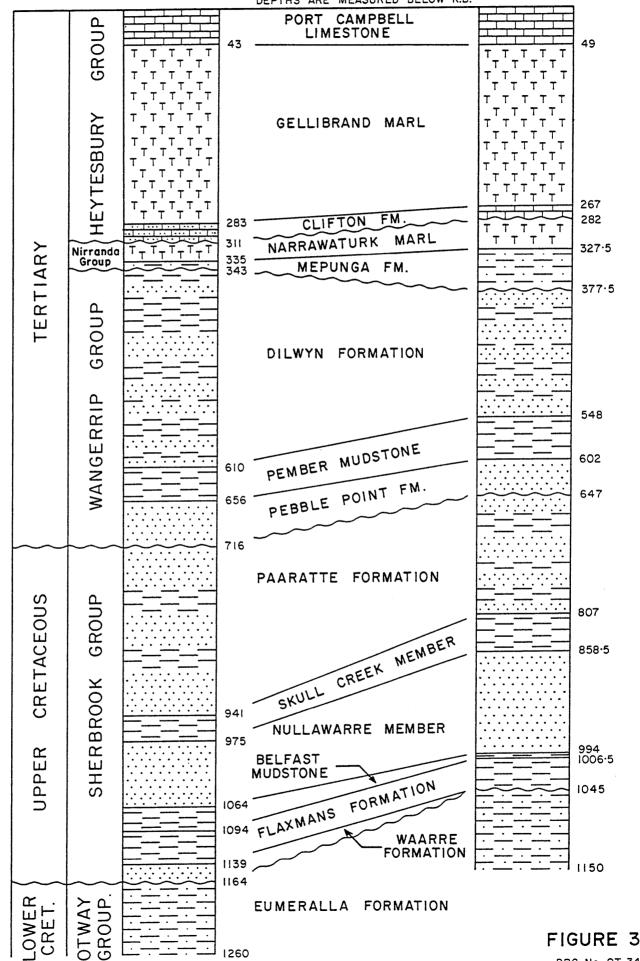
3.1 Stratigraphy

The following stratigraphic intervals have been delineated using the penetration rate, cuttings analysis and wireline log interpretation. All formations were present as predicted, although most formation tops were higher than prognosed and the Waarre/Flaxmans Formations were not distinguishable as two separate units (see Figure 3 and Figure 4).

Group	Formation	<u>Depth</u>	<u>Depth</u>	Thickness
		(m)	(m)	(m)
		(KB)	(Subsea)	
Heytesbury	Pt Campbell Limestone	Surface	+ 109.5	49.0
	Gellibrand Marl	49.0	+ 66.5	218.0
	Clifton	267.0	- 151.5	15.0
Nirranda	Narrawaturk Marl	282.0	- 166.5	45.5
	Mepunga	327.5	- 212.0	52.0
Wangerrip	Dilwyn	377.5	- 262.0	170.5
	Pember Mudstone	548.0	- 432.5	54.0
	Pebble Point	602.0	- 486.5	45.0
Sherbrook	Paaratte	647.0	- 531.5	160.0
	Skull Ck Member	807.0	- 691.5	51.5
	Nullawarre Greensand	858.5	- 743.0	135.5
	Belfast Mudstone	994.0	- 878.5	12.5
	Flaxmans/Waarre	1006.5	- 891.0	38.5
Otway	Eumeralla	1045.0	- 929.5	+105.0
	TD	1150.0	-1034.5	

PRINCES No.1

PROGNOSED G.L. - 109-5 amsi. K.B. - 115-5 amsi ACTUAL DEPTHS ARE MEASURED BELOW K.B.



DRG No. OT. 3453

BEACH PETROLEUM N.L.

OTWAY BASIN STRATIGRAPHIC TABLE

GENE	RA	TIME SCALE	GROUP	FORMATION	MEMBER	GENERAL LITHOLOGY	OIL/GA
Peri	iod	Age					
Q	}.	Pliocene	POST - HEYTESBURY	NEWER VOLCANIO WHALERS BLUFF FM., ETC.	1	V V V V V V NEWER V V V V V NEWER V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V	
		Miocene		PORT			
> -		Oligocene	HEYTESBURY	GELLIBRAND			
á	•			CLIFTON		Fe	
TIARY			NIRRANDA	NARRAWATURK			
ER		Eocene		MEPUNGA	Burrungule	Fe Fe V V V OLDER VOLCANIC	
Ţ				DILWYN	·		
		Palaeocene	WANGERRIP	PEBBLE POINT	Pember		
	Ţ	Maastrichtian	~~~	~~~	Timboon Sand		LINDON-
	UPPER	Companian	SHERBROOK	PAARATTE	Undifferentiated part		
S		Santonian			Skull Creek Mudstone and Nullawarre Greensand		
003		Coniacian			Belfast		
CE		Turonian		FLAXMAN			4
ETA		Cenomanian		WAARRE	•	- Fo -	North Paara Wallaby Cre Grumby
CR	LOWER	Albian	OTWAY	EUMERALLA	· Heathfield		Port Compt No.4
		Aptian			? — Geltwood		
		Neocamian		CRAYFISH	Beach Pretty Hill		
Sic		Late	~ ? ~		!-		
JURASSIC		Middle	-	CASTERTON		BASAL VOLCANIC	
PALAEOZOIC				BASEMENT	~~~		OT.31

3.2 Lithological Descriptions

3.2.1 HEYTESBURY GROUP (surface to 282m)

Port Campbell Formation

Surface to 49m

CALCARENITE, light brown white, to off occasionally orange, becoming light medium grey with depth, friable to hard, dominantly moderate hard, fine to occasionally medium grained, common argillaceous matrix, abundant bryozoa, trace shell fragments and forams, echinoid rare spines, sponge spicules gastropods, trace glauconite, trace coarse, clear, subrounded quartz sand grains with occasional iron staining. Interbedded with minor MARL, medium grey to medium olive green, very soft, moderate to very dispersive.

Gellibrand Marl

49m to 267m

MARL, medium grey to medium olive soft becoming grey, sticky with depth, moderate to very dispersive, moderate to very calcareous in part, common bryzoa and shell fragments, gastropods, forams echinoid spines, trace pyrite and glauconite, very occasional iron nodules.

Clifton Formation

267m to 282m

CALCARENITE, off white to medium brown, light yellow brown in part, occasionally green, medium to very coarse grained, friable to medium hard, well cemented, common well rounded interstitial iron oxide pellets, common coarse to very coarse iron oxide stained quartz sand grains, abundant fossil fragments, trace glauconite.

3.2.2 NIRRANDA GROUP (282m to 377.5m)

Narrawaturk Marl

282m to 327m

MARL, medium brown to grey, dominantly medium grey, very soft, very dispersive, abundant fossil fragments including bryzoa, forams, shell fragments, gastropods, trace pyrite, trace glauconite.

Mepunga Formation

327m to 377.5m

SANDSTONE, light brown grey brown, light loose, very fine to medium grained, dominantly fine grained, subangular to rounded, dominantly subangular, moderate to poor sorting, poor visual porosity, common iron stained quartz decreasing grains,

with depth, trace iron oxide pellets, trace medium brown lithics, good to trace medium brown argillaceous matrix, trace glauconite, trace pyrite. Interlaminated finely and interbedded with CLAYSTONE, light to medium brown grey, very dispersive, calcareous in part, grading to MARL, which becomes the dominant lithology at the base, light to medium brown grey, very soft, sticky, occasionally very finely arenaceous, trace glauconite, trace pyrite, trace fossil fragments.

3.2.3 WANGERRIP GROUP (377.5m to 647m)

Dilwyn Formation

377.5m to 548m

From 377.5m to 435m, SANDSTONE, medium to dark brown, loose to occasionally hard, very fine to coarse grained, dominantly medium grained, subrounded, poorly quartz grains strongly stained by medium to dark brown iron oxide decreasing with depth, abundant medium to dark brown argillaceous matrix, moderately calcareous, trace dark brown iron oxide pellets, glauconite, trace fine medium muscovite flakes,

poor to occasionally good visual porosity. Interbedded with and grading into, CLAYSTONE, medium to dark rapidly brown, oxidizing dark green on contact with air, soft, dispersive, slightly carbonaceous, trace pyrite, trace glauconite, nil to abundant very fine to coarse quartz sand grains.

From 435m to 548m. Interbedded SANDSTONE and CLAYSTONE. SANDSTONE, light brown light grey, clear in part, loose, very fine to coarse grained, dominantly medium grained, subrounded, poorly sorted, occasional weak iron staining, abundant dark brown clay matrix, common pyrite, trace glauconite, poor visual porosity, interbedded with stringers of SANDSTONE, off white to dark brown, very hard, very fine to medium grained, dominantly fine grained, subrounded, poorly sorted, very strong calcareous cement, no visual porosity. CLAYSTONE, as CLAYSTONE from 377.5m to 435m.

Pember Mudstone Member

548m to 602m

CLAYSTONE, medium grey,
becoming medium to dark brown
grey with depth, very soft,

sticky, massive, common to abundant glauconite increasing with depth, common pyrite, trace very fine to coarse quartz sand grains, moderately calcareous.

Pebble Point

Formation

602m to 643m

CLAYSTONE, dark green, becoming medium grey with depth, very soft to soft, massive, very glauconitic, slightly calcareous, common pyrite decreasing to trace with depth. Abundant SAND and CONGLOMERATIC grains, clear to white, often stained green, very fine to pebble, well rounded.

3.2.4 SHERBROOK GROUP (647m to 1145m)

Paaratte Formation

647m to 807m

From 647m to 700m, SANDSTONE, light grey, loose to friable, very fine grained to pebbly, dominantly very coarse grained, subangular to rounded, very poorly sorted, quartzose, occasional coally detritus increasing with depth, common grey cherty lithics, trace red, brown and green lithics, abundant medium grey and clay matrix, trace pyrite, poor visual porosity.

From 700m to 807m, SANDSTONE, light grey to off white, loose, very fine to very coarse grained, dominantly grained, coarse subangular to subrounded, poorly sorted. Up to 5% coally detritus, black, hard, fissil, pyritic, trace grey cherty lithics, abundant medium grey brown argillaceous matrix, trace pyrite, nil to poor visual Interbedded porosity. with and grading into SILTY CLAYSTONE, medium brown grey, soft, moderately dispersive, massive to subfissil, trace micromicaceous, very trace fine quartz sand, very fine coally detritus, common pyrite light CLAYSTONE, with medium brown grey, occasionally dark grey, soft to moderate soft, very sticky, very dispersive moderately calcareous, pyrite, common occasionally glauconitic.

Skull Creek Member

807m to 858.5m

CLAYSTONE, medium grey to medium brown grey, becoming dark grey with depth, dark greenish grey in part, soft, moderately dispersive, massive to subfissil, trace pyrite,

trace to common coally material, trace glauconite, with trace DOLOMITE, medium brown, very hard, cryptocrystalline, moderately argillaceous.

Nullawarre Greensand

858.5m to 994m

Member

SANDSTONE, medium green, becoming light green to yellow with depth, friable, very fine to coarse grained, dominantly fine grained, subangular to subround, poor to moderate sorting, quartz grains show light green staining, abundant green clay matrix, poor visual porosity, common yellow orange quartz grains, trace grey, green and red lithics, common glauconitic pellets, trace pyrite. Sandstone becoming finer with depth with increasing medium to dark green clay matrix.

Belfast Mudstone

994m to 1006.5m

SILTY CLAYSTONE, medium dark grey, soft, massive subfissil, common carbonaceous flecks, moderately silty, common glauconite, trace pyrite, trace micromicaceous.

Flaxmans/Waarre Formation

1006.5 to 1045m

A distinguishable separation of these two formations cannot be determined at Princes #1. Both formations are therefore grouped together and described as a single unit.

SANDY CLAYSTONE, medium grey medium grey brown, moderately soft, occasionally friable, slightly carbonaceous, rare coally laminae, trace pyrite, interbedded with occasional SANDSTONE, light grey to off white, very fine to coarse grained, dominantly medium grained, subangular to subrounded, poor sorting, poor to moderate visual porosity.

3.2.5 OTWAY GROUP (1045m to 1150m)

Eumeralla Formation

1045m to 1150m

SANDSTONE, light to medium grey to green grey, becoming light grey to off white with depth, very fine to medium grained, dominantly fine grained, loose to friable, subangular subrounded, to poor to moderate sorting, dominantly light green, grey stained quartz grains, occasionally clear to off

white, common multicoloured lithic fragments, abundant light grey argillaceous matrix, trace calcareous cement, trace black carbonaceous detritus, trace pyrite, nil poor visual porosity interbedded CLAYSTONE, with light to medium green grey, moderately dispersive, silty in part, common micromicaceous, trace pyrite, trace carbonaceous detritus.

3.3 Hydrocarbons

3.3.1 Mud Gas Readings

Background gas readings rose from nil to 100 ppm C1 in the initial part of the well (from 0 - 550 m), and remained stable between 50 - 80 ppm C1 to 800 m. From 800 - 850 m gas readings dropped off to 20 ppm C1 before rising again to 60 ppm C1 through the Belfast Mudstone.

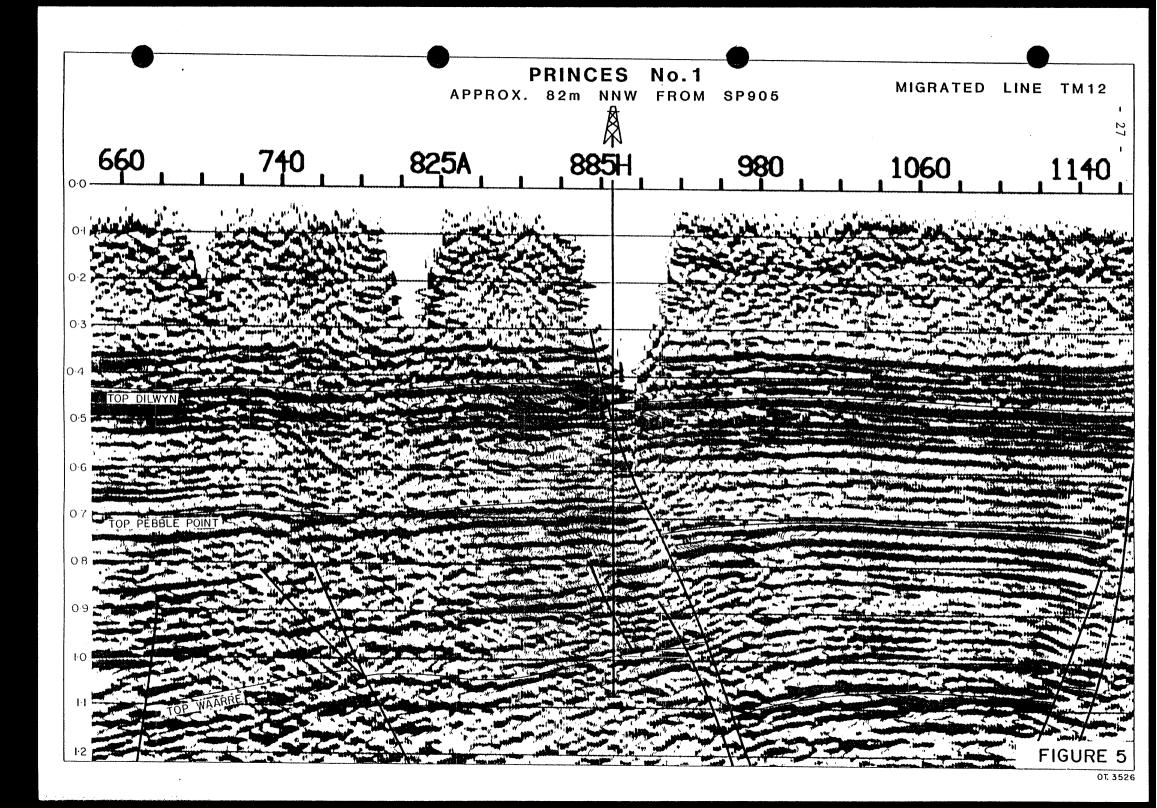
The top of the Flaxmans/Waarre Formation was penetrated at 1006.5m, at which point gas levels rose to a reading level of 110 ppm Cl. Gas levels remained high at 110 ppm Cl for the interval 1006.5-1014m and dropped slightly to 90 - 100 ppm Cl over the remaining Flaxmans/Waarre unit. From 1035m to 1150m the gas levels gradually dropped off reaching 40 ppm Cl at TD.

3.3.2 <u>Sample Fluorescence</u>

Fluorescence was recorded in one cuttings sample associated with a drilling break at 1006m, the top Flaxmans/Waarre sand body. A trace of moderate bright, patchy, yellow to orange fluorescence, with a trace of crush cut fluorescence was recorded. This show was apparently associated with dead oil. A sidewall core taken at 1006.5m showed no fluorescence.

Oil staining and odour was not associated with this zone of fluorescence nor any other portion of the well.

There was no appreciable change in gas levels over the zone of fluorescence rising from 50 - 60 ppm Cl in the Belfast Mudstone to 110 ppm Cl in the Flaxmans/Waarre sand body.



4. GEOLOGY

4.1 Princes Structure.

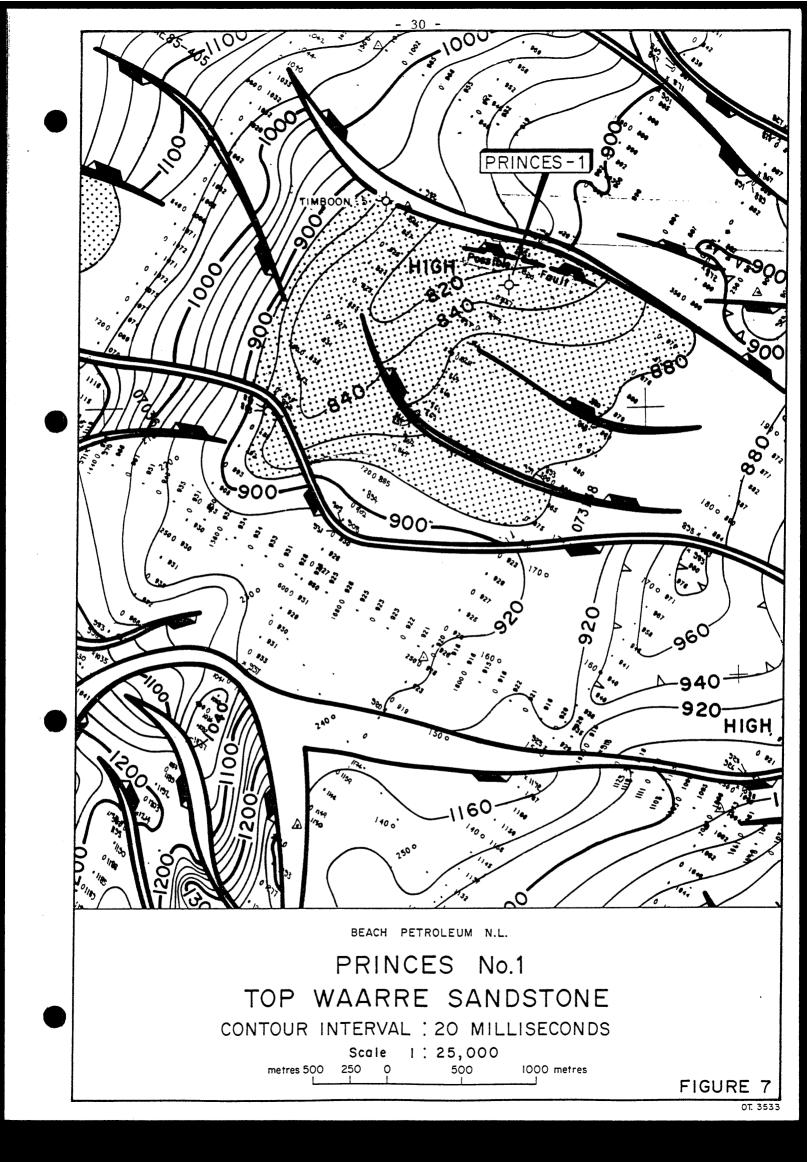
The Princes Structure was delineated after the OB84B Timboon Seismic Survey and subsequently refined after the TME 85 Timboon Extension Seismic Survey.

Within this portion of the Port Cambell Embayment the Timboon Fault, a major down-to-basin normal fault splinters into two prominent faults, these are separated by a fault-dissected platform. Princes #1 was centrally located on this faulted platform.

Princes #1 was designed to test the hydrocarbon prospectivity of both the basal Tertiary Pebble Point Formation and the basal Upper Cretaceous Waarre Formation. The structure is a seismically defined assymetric horst block with the high points of the Pebble Point Formation and Waarre Formation offset by approximately 330m (Figure The area of closure at the Pebble Point level is 2.77Km 2 with 20m of vertical closure (Figure 6). At the Waarre level areal closure is 4.16Km² with 108m of vertical closure (Figure 7). Princes #1 was drilled 82m NNW from SP 905, Line TM12 in an attempt to test both prospective levels. (Figure 5).

A comparison between the Schlumberger computer generated synthetic seismogram and the original migrated seismic profile at SP 905, line TM12, indicated a good tie for seismic events at top Dilwyn and top Pebble Point. The top Waarre however, was picked several milliseconds too low, though in this area, the Waarre was difficult to pick accurately due to a poor seismic character.

OT. 3534



The prognosed formation tops were deeper than actual formation tops as velocity data from North Paaratte #1 (7km to the south) was used to determine a time-depth correlation. Had velocity data from Timboon # 5 been incorporated, a closer prognosis may have been possible although at the time the older data was regarded as unreliable.

4.2 Porosity and Water Saturation

A Cyberlook Pass I and II was generated at the wellsite and a wireline log evaluation performed by a Schlumberger log analyst. The attached Cyberlook log (enclosure 3) is based on the dual-water method, resulting in values of R_{WB} (boundwater) and R_{WF} (freewater).

Pebble Point Formation

The Pebble Point Formation was primarily an argillaceous unit with common fine to coarse sand quartz grains and conglomeratic pebbles. An apparent clean sandstone unit between 627 - 631m has a maximum porosity of 31%. This sandstone unit appeared to be water saturated with salinities in the range of 800 ppm NaCl equivalent.

Paaratte Formation (Undifferentiated)

The Paaratte Formation consists of interbedded sandstone, siltstone and shale. The sandstones within the unit were relatively clean, with less than 10% clay volume and have porosities of 25% to 30%. The formation was water saturated with salinities of 1100 ppm NaCl equivalent.

Nullawarre Greensand Member

The Nullawarre Greensand Member was dominantly sandstone with very minor clay interbeds. The sands appear to be relatively clean with less than 10% clay volume and porosity values of 25% to 30% The formation was water saturated with salinities of 4000 ppm NaCl equivalent.

Flaxmans/Waarre Formation

The Flaxmans/Waarre Formation consists of a upper sandstone body from 1006.5m, overlying an argillaceous sandstone/claystone sequence. The upper sandstone appeared to be clean with less than 10% clay volume. Fluorescence was noted in the cuttings circulated up at 1006.5m, however no oil saturation could be identified by the wireline logs. Porosity estimates within the upper sand package between 1006.5 to 1011m vary from 30% to 32%, however within the more argillaceous sandstone sequences porosities decrease from 10% to 5%. The upper sand was water saturated with salinity values 12000 equivalent.

Eumeralla Formation

The Eumeralla Formation was a sequence of interbedded argillaceous sandstones and shales. The sandstones have a high clay volume of up to 50% and low porosity values with maximum readings of 15%. The formation was water saturated with salinity values of 12000 ppm. NaCl equivalent.

4.3 Maturation and Source Rock Analysis.

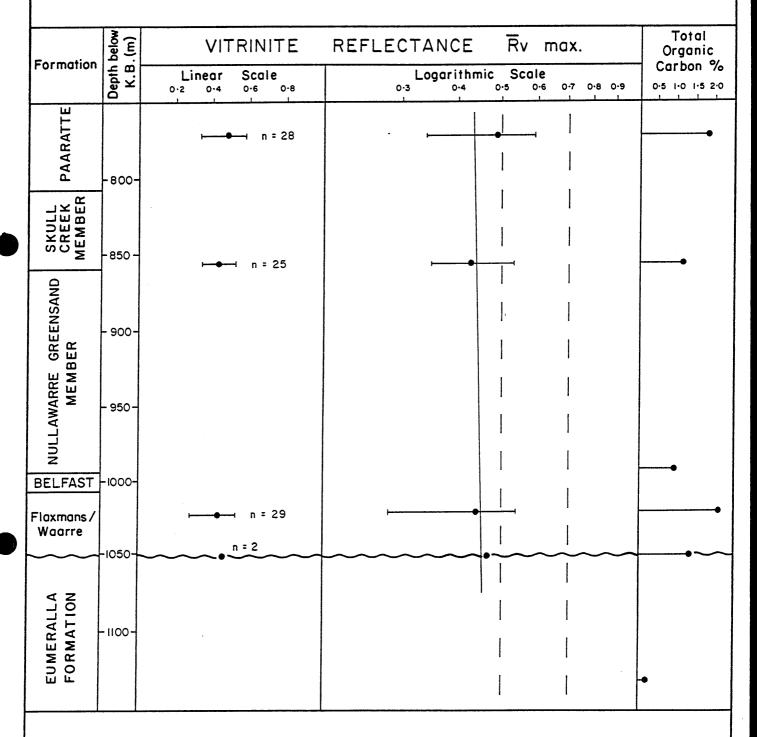
Vitrinite reflectance estimates and total organic carbon analyses (TOC) were carried out on six sidewall cores from Princes #1. Four samples were from the Basal Cretaceous sediments (Sherbrook Group) and two from the Top Eumeralla Formation (Otway Group).

Results of the study (see appendix 7 and figure 8) were poor and to a large extent inconclusive with vitrinite macerals absent in two samples. Reference can be made to the palynological studies of Dr. M. Dettman (see appendix 6) for a brief resume of the source rock potential and maturation, however, in both cases conclusive results within the Eumeralla were lacking. The vitrinite reflectance/TOC profile can be divided into two zones:

1. Basal Upper Cretaceous: - Dispersed organic matter (DOM) was common and, with the exception of the Belfast Mudstone, inertinite was common whilst the macerals exinite and vitrinite were sparse. Vitrinite particles were present in reliable numbers to warrant good interpretive results that suggests the basal Upper Cretaceous sediments were immature (less than 0.5% $R_{\rm V}$), poor to fair gas source rocks, with moderate TOC values. The Belfast Mudstone, a notable exception within the basal Upper Cretaceous, was characterized by an apparent lack of vitrinite macerals. (It should be noted however, that the palynological studies of Dr. M. Dettman, highly rated the Belfast Mudstone as a potential source rock - see Appendix 6).

PRINCES No.1

VITRINITE REFLECTANCE AND TOTAL ORGANIC CARBON PROFILE



n = 14: R_v max. range n = number of samples Samples were all sidewall cores.

FIGURE 8

DRG No. OT. 3455

2. Top Eumeralla Formation:- Insufficient or poor data quality was characteristic within the Eumeralla Formation. However, one sample at 1132m, confidently representing Eumeralla, was typified by sparse to rare amounts of DOM, a complete absence of vitrinite and low TOC readings. Such qualities in a sediment suggests it possesses little or no potential as a source rock. The questionable presence of green fluoresing oil droplets may hint towards a source potential at greater depths.

In conclusion, the study shows the basal Upper Cretaceous sediments (except the Belfast Mudstone) were immature and gas prone, whilst the source rock quality of the Eumeralla Formation was doubtful due to poor quality data.

4.4 Relevance to Occurrence of Hydrocarbons.

Princes No. 1 was plugged and abandoned as a dry hole. The primary targets the basal Tertiary Pebble Point Formation and the basal Upper Cretaceous Waarre Formation appeared to have good porosity. Although the Pebble Point was a predominantly argillaceous unit, an intra Pebble Point sand body within the formation and the Waarre/Flaxman sands were all shown to be water saturated. Hydrocarbon indications were noted as residual traces within an Upper Waarre/Flaxman sand unit.

Listed below are some considerations pertinent to future hydrocarbon exploration in the area.

1. All potential reservoirs were present with good porosities ranging between 10-25%. Interstial clays were present in variable quantities throughout all the reservoirs commonly coating individual quartz grains, though generally the sands were described

as clean. All sands appeared texturally immature with moderate amounts of detrital feldspars and lithics showing very little alteration.

- 2. The Flaxman Waarre Formations and were indistinguishable at Princes No. 1 and subsequently grouped together as one unit. The basal sequence appeared very immature with several features showing strong resemblance toward the characteristic Eumeralla Formation. The immature nature of the sequence and the high percentage of fresh lithoclasts and feldspars may suggest that the basal Waarre/Flaxman Formation is locally reworked Eumeralla suffering from only a very short transportation.
- 3. High yields of organic matter were recorded in both the Waarre/Flaxman Formation and the Pember Mudstone suggesting a potential to support significant hydrocarbon generation, though in both cases the source rocks were immature. A moderate source potential was also recorded in the Skull Creek Member of the Paaratte Formation.
- 4. The basal Dilwyn, described as a weakly cemented, quartz-rich detrital sediment, has very good reservoir characteristics. Clay, though present, was seen as a very fine kaolinite coating the quartz grains (see plate 6 Appendix 8). Pore spaces were abundant with estimated visual porosities of 25%. At basal Dilwyn level however, structural traps with four-way closure would be far better than fault dependent closure as seen at Princes No. 1, as only thin shales were present as potential seals. Indeed, the presence of a thick basal Dilwyn shale bed would greatly enhance the reservoir potential of an underlying sand unit.

5. The Pebble Point Formation, though predominantly argillaceous, was characterized by an intra Pebble Point sand, described as a quartz-rich, detrital sediment, with an abundant clay coating on the quartz grains and an estimated visual porosity of 20%. The lateral extent of the sand unit however may be limited, severly reducing the reservoir potential of the sandstone.

The Pebble Point Formation was further characterized by a dominance of chlorite, whilst in all other reservoir sand bodies kaolinite was identified as the dominant clay mineral.

- 6. Initial differentiation between the Pember Mudstone and the argillaceous Pebble Point was difficult, though a subtle change in clay colouration from the medium grey or medium to dark brown of the Pember Mudstone to the dark green of the Pebble Point was observed in the cuttings. Wire line log responses in both formations showed similar very high gamma-ray peaks, though the top Pebble Point was characterized by typical sonic and resistivity responses (see enclosure 1).
- 7. Dip-meter interpretation to establish the presence of two recognised basin-wide unconformities at top Eumeralla (Lower/Upper Cretaceous) and top Paaratte (Upper Cretaceous/Tertiary) was difficult. The Upper Cretaceous/Tertiary unconformity, or more correctly -disconformity (with no apparent angularity present), was marked by a zone of low confidence "tadpoles" representing weathering at the hiatus. Age dating above and below the break confirmed the presence of Tertiary Palaeocene sediments above, and Upper Cretaceous, Campanian Maastrichtian sediments below.

The Lower Cretaceous/Upper Cretaceous unconformity appeared to exhibit some angularity with Upper Cretaceous sediments dipping towards the south whilst Lower Cretaceous sediments dip towards the north west. (see Enclosure 3).

- 8. Hydrocarbon trapping was dependent upon fault closure and the thin Belfast Mudstone (up to 13m) does not form an effective seal for the Waarre/Flaxman Formation (see figure 9). Although a trace fluoresence was detected within an upper Waarre/Flaxman sand body, analysis indicated a presence of "dead" residual oil. A lack of hydrocarbon shows within the Upper Paaratte (Timboon) Sands was again due to an inadequate Fault closure leaving the Upper Paaratte laterally open to the porous intra Pebble Point sand body. Fault closure at Princes was dependent upon a thick monotonous shale bed, this was not present.
- 9. An apparent lack of near-by mature source rocks and the necessary long migratory pathways could hinder hydrocarbon accummulation. Intense faulting within the region may inhibit long distance lateral hydrocarbon migration with potential traps toward the basin margin remaining dry.
- 10. A check shot velocity survey confirmed that top Dilwyn and top Pebble Point seismic horizons were correct and therefore reliable "picks". The Waarre-Flaxman Formation however, with a poor seismic character, was picked low, and whilst this had no immediate effect on the outcome of the drilling, the poor quality of the Waarre/Flaxman should be recognised throughout the area.

In summary, whilst good reservoir bodies were present at Princes, the lack of hydrocarbons may be attributed to poorly developed seals, a reliance upon fault closure, and the possible dependence upon relatively long migratory pathways.

SCHEMATIC RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN PRINCES No.1 AND TIMBOON No.5

BEACH PETROLEUM N.L.

1100-

Luoo

TABLE 1 COMPARISON OF FORMATION TOPS - (See Fig. 9).

PRINCES #1 AND TIMBOON #5

	F	RINCES #1					
FORMATIONS	К.В.	S.S.	Thickness	К.В.	s.s.	Thickness	AFT
Port Campbell Limestone	Surface	-	-	Surface	_	_	
Gellibrand Marl.	49	+ 66.5	218	32	+ 66	217	0.5
Clifton Formation	267	-151.5	15	250	-151	15	0.5
Narrawaturk Formation	282	-166.5	45.5	265	-166	44	0.5
Mepunga Formation	327.5	-212	52	309	-210	52.5	2
Dilwyn Formation	377.5	-262	170.5	361	-262	189	0
Pember Mudstone	548	-432.5	54	550	-451	52	18.5
Pebble Point Formation	602	-486.5	45	602	-503	47	16.5
Paaratte Formation	647	-531.5	160	649	-550	161	18.5
Skull Creek Member	807	-691.5	51.5	810	-711	49	19.5
Nullawarre Greensand	858.5	- 743	135.5	859	-760	142	17
Belfast Mudstone	994	878.5	12.5	1001	-902	13	23.5
Flaxman/ Waarre Frm.	1006.5	-891	38.5	1014	-915	-	24
Eumeralla Formation	1045	-929.5	+105	-		-	-

K.B. = Depth below Kelly Bushing
S.S. = Depth Sub-Sea
AFT = Apparent Fault Throw

APPENDIX 1

DETAILS OF THE DRILLING PLANT

RICHTER DRILLING PTY. LTD.

MATIONAL 808 - RIG NO. 8

DRAWWORKS

National 808, 1-1/4" Drill Line.

National type B1 Catheads, Parmac Hydromatic

brake, driven off compound.

POWER

3 each Superior PTDS6, each rated at

600 HP at 900 RPM.

COMPOUND

National B24, 3 Section.

MUD PUMPS

2 each National 9-P-100 Triplex 1000 HP 6-3/4" X_9-1/4" equipped with 6-1/4" liners

and pistons with hydril K20-5000 pulsation

dampeners. Both with independent drive - CAT D399TA

industrial engines.

MAST

Lee C. Moore, 142 ft. 860000 lbs. capacity.

 1×60 " - 5×48 " sheaves in crown.

SUBSTRUCTURE

Main substructure 10' 6" high, plus pony

substructure 11 ft. high for total height

of 20'6".

Motor substructure, total height 12' high

composed of three subs, 5' plus 4'9".

MATTING .

1 set sectionilized hardwood matting.

ROTARY TABLE

National C275, 27-1/2"

HOOK BLOCK

National Type G, 350 ton.

SWIVEL

Ideal RB3

KELLY DRIVE

Baash Ross, Type 2 RCH 6.

MUD AGITATORS

2 "Lightnin" Mixers.

2 Brandt MA 7.5

MUD TANKS

Shaker 37' x 8' x 4'6"

Intermediate tank 34' x 8' x 5' Suction tank 37' x 8' x 5'

750 BBL capacity

SHALE SHAKER

Brandt Dual Tandem

DEGASSER

Drilco Standard Pit

DESANDER

Demco 4 cone, with BJ 5" x 6" pump

DESILTER

Pioneer-12 x 4" Cones, with pump

GENERATING PLANT

2 Cat D3408 Generator sets

CHOKE MANIFOLD

3" x 5000 psi wt 2" H2 chokes

BOP'S & ACCUMULATOR

Annular, Stamco 13-5/8" 5000 psi
2 - Cameron 13-5/8 x 5000 psi U Type

. Accumulator, koomey 35120-35, 12 bottles

Hydril 10000 psi Upper Kelly Cock
Gray inside 80P, 4-1/2" XH

. Hydril Lower Kelly Cock

DRILLING RECORDER

. Martin Decker 6 pen

. Pit Volume/Automatic Driller/Flo Sho/Stroke

Counter/Rotary RPM/Rotary Torque

RIG LIGHTING

Hutchinson system of 48" double tube fixtures

COMPRESSORS

. 1 x Atlas Copco BT4 (on compound)

. Sullair Rotary Compressor (elec driven)

WELDING AND CUTTING

. Lincoln model 400AS electric welding machine

. Oxy and acetylene cutting equipment

MUD LAB

Baroid model 821

DEVIATION SURVEY

Totco unit No. 6, 8° double recorder

KELLY

5-1/4" Hex, 4-1/2" IF Pin, 40 ft long, 37 ft

working space.

DRILL PIPE

10000 ft 4-1/2" OD, 20 1b/ft,

Grade E, Range 2

15 joints heavy wate drill pipe 42 lb/ft

PUP JOINTS

1 x 5' - 1 x 10' - 1 x 20' Gr "G" 4-1/2" 0D

DRILL COLLARS

12 x 8" OD, 6-5/8" API Reg 24 x 6-1/4" OD, 4-1/2" XH

HANDLING TOOLS

Power tongs, Farr 13-3/8
 Jaws for 7", 9-5/8" and 13-3/8"
 Varco SSW10 Spinning Wrench

TONGS

BJ type B with lug jaws, 3-1/2" to 13-3/8" BJ type SDD with jaws for 8-1/2" to 12" BJ/Wilson for 20" casing

ELEYATORS

BJ type 88 275 ton for 4-1/2 DP Elevators and single joint elevators for:

5-1/2" casing 7" casing 9-5/8" casing 13-3/8" casing casing

Varco type HS spider for 20" casing

SLIPS

. Varco SDML slips for 3-1/2" & 4-1/2" Drill Pipe

. Drill collar slips, DCS-R

. Casing slips, CMXL

FISHING TOOLS

Bowen model 150 overshots

. 11-3/4" OD, FS

9-5/8" OD, FS

8-1/8" OD, FS

Bowen type Z hydraulic jars, 6-1/4" OD

Bowen reverse circ junk basket, 8-1/8" 00

1 Junk Sub for 8-1/2" hole 1 Junk Sub for 12-1/4" hole 1 Bowen magnet 7" OD #32300

GENERATOR HOUSE

40' x 10' x 9'

MECHANICS WORKSHOP

36' x 8'6" x 9'

FUEL TANK

6000 gallons, skid mounted

WATER TANK

400 barrel

WATER PUMP

Southern Cross 2 x 1-1/2" powered by Petters diesel

JUNK BOX

21' x 7' x 6'4"

TOOL HOUSE

27' x 9' x 9'

DOGHOUSE

26' x 9' x 9'

TRANSPORT

1 Oilfield rig truck

1 Toyota Landcruiser Utility 4WD

1 Toyota Landcruiser Wagon - 4WD (11 seater)

1 Clark 504 Forklift

CAMP

 $3 - 40' \times 10'$ 10 man air-conditioned accommodation units

1 - 40' x 10' kitchen unit with freezer and cold unit

1 - 40' x 10' diner unit 1 - 40' x 10' ablution unit 1 - 40' x 10' canteen unit

All skid mounted

APPENDIX 2

SUMMARY OF DRILLING OPERATIONS

SUMMARY OF DRILLING OPERATIONS

The Princes #1 drilling site was prepared by the earthmoving contractor, Gordon Rudolph of Curdievale Road, Timboon.

Prior to the rig arriving a 13-3/8" (OD) conductor pipe was installed to a depth of 10.36m (KB).

Richter Rig No. 8 was rigged up and Princes #1 spudded at 12.00 hours on the 29th March 1986.

A $12\frac{1}{4}$ " hole was drilled to 295m. The hole was circulated clean and conditioned before 9-5/8" casing was run in and cemented.

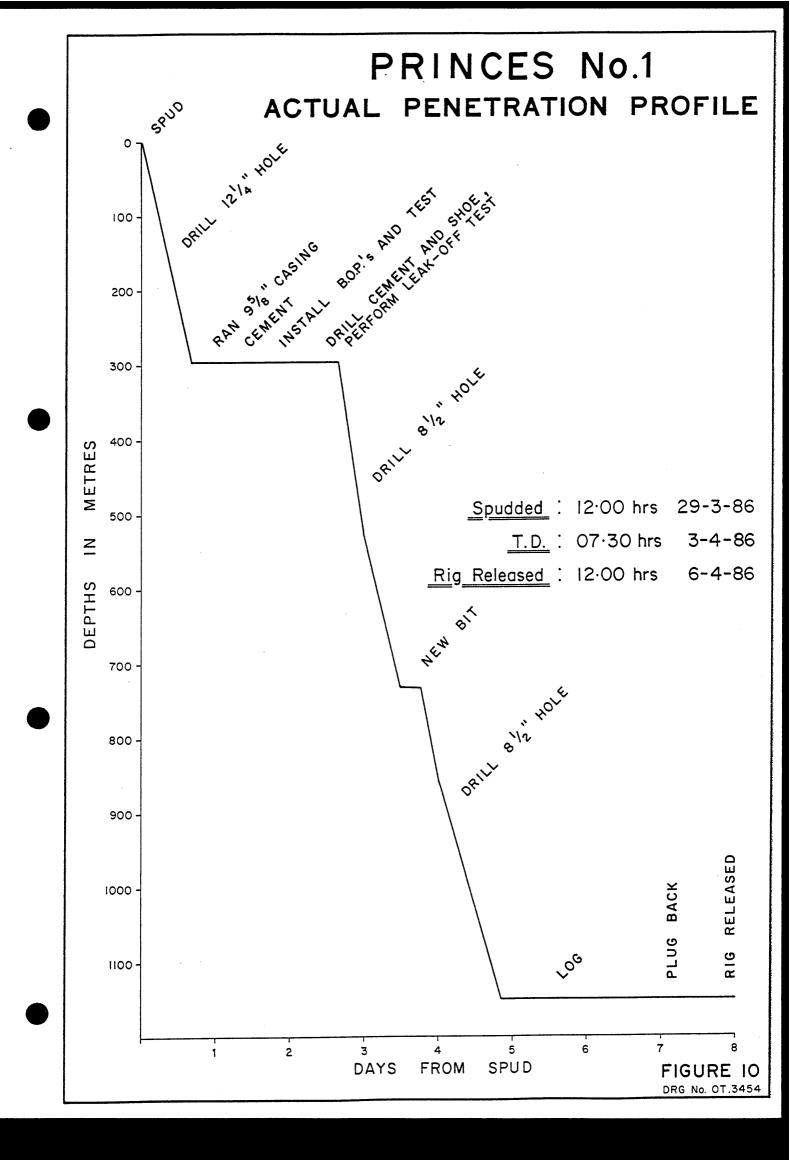
The BOPs were installed and successfully function tested to 1000 psi.

Drilling resumed with an $8\frac{1}{2}$ " hole to 298m, a leak-off test was performed and established a formation integrity of 14.1 ppg. The $8\frac{1}{2}$ " hole was continued to a TD of 1150m with one bit change at 730m. TD was reached at 0700 hours on the 3rd April 1986.

The following wireline logs were run prior to abandonment, DLL/MSFL/SP/GR/CAL, LDL/CNL/GR, SLS/GR, SHDT/GR, WSS and CST.

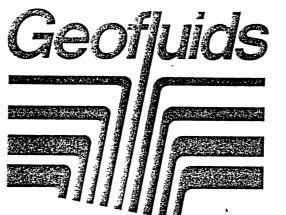
Cement plugs were then set over the intervals, 1050m to 975m, 675m to 615m and 325m to 260m, after which a wellhead cap was installed.

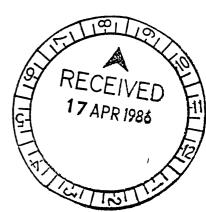
The rig was released at 12.00 hours on the 6th April 1986.



APPENDIX 3

DRILLING FLUID RECAP





DRILLING FLUIDS REPORT

FOR

BEACH PETROLEUM N.L.

PRINCES #1

OTWAY BASIN

VICTORIA

PREPARED BY :

ANDRE SKUJINS JOHN DANIELS

DATE :

APRIL, 1986

Geofluids Pty Ltd Drilling Fluids A joint venture company with Milchem in Australia



443 Vincent Street, Leederville, Western Australia. Postal Address: Box T1746, G.P.O., Perth, W.A., 6001. Telephone (09) 382 1766 Telex AA93908



CONTENTS

- 1. SUMMARY OF OPERATIONS
- 2. RECOMMENDATIONS FOR FUTURE WELLS
- 3. COST ANALYSIS
- 4. GRAPHS
 - 4.1 Depth vs Days
 Depth vs Rotating Hours
 Depth vs Mud Cost
 - 4.2 Depth vs Mud Weight
 Depth vs Funnel Viscosity
 Depth vs Filtrate
- 5. FLUID PROPERTIES SUMMARY
- 6. BIT RECORD

Geofluids

1. <u>SUMMARY OF OPERATIONS</u>

Princes #1 was spudded on the 29th March, 1986, using Richter #8, and reached a total depth of 1150m on the 3rd April, 1986.

12-1/4" surface hole was drilled with fresh water to 296m. Some mudding up occurred while drilling the Gellibrand Marl, and this was watered back. A minor mud ring occurred at 269m, probably due to poor hole cleaning with the watered back mud.

A high viscosity pill was circulated prior to a wiper trip. After running back in, another high viscosity pill was circulated, and prior to pulling out a high viscosity pill was spotted on bottom. 9-5/8 casing was then run in the hole and cemented.

While the blow out preventers were being installed, the mud tanks were dumped and cleaned. Fresh water was put into the tanks, to which Milpac and Milzan were added. After these polymers had yielded, KCl was added.

An 8-1/2" bit was run in the hole, and the old mud in the hole was displaced with the KCl polymer mud. The cement, float, and shoe were drilled out (the mud having been pretreated with Soda Bicarb and Soda Ash), and 3m of new hole was drilled. A pressure integrity test was conducted prior to drilling ahead.

While drilling, mud properties were refined so as to reduce the fluid loss to 8 mls/30min, and to maintain a KCl content of 4% $\rm w/v$.

At 699m, the bit was tripped. Tight hole was worked from 572m to 543m, and 495m to 453m. When running in with a new bit, under-gauge hole was reamed from 690m to 699m.

Drilling continued to a total depth of 1150m, where a wiper trip was made.

While pulling out of the hole, tight hole was back-reamed from 1031m to 725m. When no more overpull was observed, the pipe was run back in the hole. The hole was circulated and the pipe was tripped out with no hole problems.

Electric logs were then run without any hole problems. The hole was then plugged and abandoned.



2. RECOMMENDATIONS FOR FUTURE WELLS

Princes #1 was drilled quickly and relatively trouble free. Some tight hole was experienced during the first trip through new hole in the 8-1/2" hole section. Tight hole was worked and/or back reamed, but after the initial trip no further problems were experienced. The tight hole may have been caused by a filter cake being built up on a near gauge hole.

The filtrate was maintained at around 8 mls which was at the low end of the filtrate specification of 8-12 mls. Some problems were experienced with high viscosities as the Milpac fluid loss agent is also a viscosifier. If filtrate values of 8 or below are required then it is recommended that Permalose, a low viscosity polymer, be used as a supplementary fluid loss agent. However a fluid loss of 9-10 mls in a vertical hole should be adequate to avoid problems.

The gauge of the Princes #1 well was good. This may have been due to the relatively high viscosity fluid. The mud was mixed prior to drilling out the casing and the fact that a viscosified fluid was used throughout and not water or a very thin mud may also have aided hole gauge.

As on Westgate #1, mud losses downhole were noticeable, but not to the same extent. Since the desander and desilter were discharging an average of 6 gal/min combined, some of this could be reclaimed by pumping from the sump. This fluid was light and had a reasonable concentration of KCl and polymers. It is strongly recommended that on a longer well a biocide be used, especially if reclamation from the sump is contemplated.



3. <u>COST ANALYSIS</u>

			12-1/4"			8-1/2"		TOTAL				
		÷	! ! () m TO 296	R	1 :	296 a TO 11	50 m	: Om to 1150m			
PRODUCT	! ! UNIT !	UNIT COST	! ! UNITS !	COST	; ; ;	UNITS	: COST	; ; ;	UNITS	COST	: % : %	
Calcium Chloride	: 25 kg	12.50	! 8	1 100.00	1 20.0	1 10	1 125.00	1 6.3	1 19	225.00	1 2.3	
Caustic Soda	: ! 25 kg	22.37	i . i 1	22.37	1 4.5	!	!	<u> </u>	† ! !	1 22.37	1 0.2	
KCI .	: 50 kg	15.84	† ! !	: :	!	1 150	: 1 2376.00	1 1 25.3	! ! 150	! ! 2376.00	1 24.0	
KOH	25 kg	32.29	i !	:	; ; ;	7	: 226.03	1 2.4	! ! 7	1 226.03	1 2.2	
Milgel	100 15	14.02	27	: 378.54 	: ! 75.5	1	14.02	0.1	28	: : 392.56	1 4.0	
Milpac	25 kg	78.33		i -	i ! !	67	5248.11	: : 55.8 :	57	: : 5248.11	: : 53.0	
Milzan	25 kg	: 222.41				6	1334.46	1 14.2 1	<u> </u>	: 1334.46	! ! 13.4	
Soda Ash	1 40 kg	17.42	i i			2 :	34.84	0.4	2	34.84	! ! 0.4	
Sodium Bicarb	40 kg	: 23.41 23.41	i 1 1	i	i :	2	46.82	0.5	2	46.82	! ! 0.5	
TOTAL INTERVAL C		500.91			9405.28	1	9906.19					
INTERVAL COST PE	R METRE	: :	\$1.	\$1.69			.01	1	; ; \$8.61			

5. FLUID PROPERTIES SUMMARY



5. FLUID PROPERTIES SUMMARY

MUD TYPE : FRESH WATER NATIVE SOLIDS KCI POLYMER

INTERVAL : 0 m - 296 m 296 m - 1150 m

	DATE 1986	DEPTH METRES	M.W.					<u>6ELS</u> /100ft		W.L. æl	FLOWLINE TEMP (Deg. C)	KC1 (Zw/v)		Hf	Cl- ppm	Ca/Mg ppm	SAND I	SOL %	WATER	#BC 16/661
	29/3	97	8.3		30												TR	3.5	96.5	_
	29/3	256	8.9		32												TR	4.0	96.0	-
	30/3	296	8.9		31-												TR	4.0	96.0	-
	01/4	300	8.7	8.9+	35	9	9	1/1	10.5	16.0	٠	5.1	0.8	1.4	27000	120	TR	0.5	99.5	-
	01/4	389	8.7+	9.0+	41	13	13	2/2	10.5	12.0	22	4.8	0.5	0.9	26000	120	TR	1.0	99.0	-
	01/4	591	8.7+	9.0	50	15	17	2/4	10.0	9.0		4.4	0.2	0.6	24000	120	TR	1.0	99.0	5
	01/4	699	8.8+	9.1	51	16	18	2/5	9.5	8.2		4.0	0.1	0.5	22000	120	TR	2.0	98.0	5
)2/4	745	8.8+	9.1	52	16	19	2/5	9.0	8.0	26	4.0	0.1	0.4	22500	140	TR	2.0	78.0	-
;)2/4	877	8.8+	9.2	51	15	25	3/6	9.5	8.3		4.0	0.1	0.4	24000	140	TR	2.0	98.0	5
(2/4	1041	8.9	9.3+	54	18	35	3/7	9.5	a.0		4.5	0.1	0.3	25500	120	TR	2.0	98.0	5
(3/4	1145	8.8÷	9.3	55	17	33	4/7	9.0	8.0	30	5.1	0.1	0.3	24000	140	TR	2.0	98.0	-
(G/4	1150	8.9	9.4	57	19	38	5/7	9.5	8.5		3.9	0.1	0.4	21500	120	TR	2.5	97.5	53
Q	5/4	circ after plug	8.8+		58	19	37	5/7	10.5	8.0		3.8	0.4	0.4	22500	200	TR	2.0	98.0	-

6. BIT RECORD

Bit Record



Оре	rator	Re		D0			Well N	<u> </u>	1		1:0-		·			·								i.		
		125	ALH	vetil.	DEFON		Di = +1		•	Loca			uh ces			S	Supervis	ors	IM	H	FMF	ER			······································	
Sour	- Inala		1.WZE1	TOO	girini	-	Rig No	0.	8	Mud	Pun	ips	NUTAL	IN_ 9-	001-61	C	Pill Pipe	4	<u>ه</u> ۲	Dril	I Co	llars	6/47			
C	Toale	3911M	MARK &P	ט טון	116 300	April.	86	Surfa	ce Usg as	ี่ โด	293	lnt	er Csg			Р	rod Csg			Mu	d Ty	pe i	<u> </u>			
Run No.	Bit No.	Size	Make	Тура	Jets 32 nds	Depth	Depth	Hours	Cumulative Rotating Hours			RPM			Bbl/M	Ann.	Mud	T		Du	II Co	nd	W NATU	e Sours	Kuf	त्र राज्य
1		1776	Sec	(22)	1.5	00.	296 -	Dilling				1	1	Press	Quints	Vel.	Mud Weigh	Visc.	W.L.	T			Other	Formation		
2	2	01/1	(6.	2282	12.12.18	Rapu	2962	1-13-	13	- 1		10-120	1	120	14.3	113	8.9	31	N.C.	2	١	I				
	1	85	sec	7237	3x12	730n	4340	177	I		-) ऽ	90240		600	6-1	151	8.84	51	8.2	6	2	74				
3	5	85	SEL	2846	3×12	11202	4300	2274	. 52,14	. 12	-28	80-90		700	6.1	151			8.0		4			•		
	 	ļ'															1.				-	-/X				
	 	ļ																					•			
	<u> </u>																1									
																	-	 								
																	-									
										- -						<u> </u>	-									
										\dashv							_									
										_ -							_									
																									 	
-																										
		·																				\neg				
															***********					-	_					
																	1									
																						\dashv				
										$\neg \vdash$							-									
-													•				-									
				<u> </u>						- -																
-										- -																
<u></u>			l		l																	\neg			······································	
Rem	arks						***************************************						*************													

APPENDIX 4

SIDEWALL CORE STUDIES

PRINCES NO. 1 SIDEWALL CORE DESCRIPTIONS

SWC	Depth (m)	Rec (mm)	Description
1	1132.0	30	SILTY CLAYSTONE, light grey to light grey green, moderate hard to hard, massive, non calcareous. No fluorescence, no odour.
2	1120.0	45	SANDSTONE, light grey, light green to light grey green, very friable, fine to medium grained, dominantly fine grained, angular to subround, poorly sorted, quartzose, weak siliceous cement. Occasional pink and brown lithics. Nil to poor visual porosity. No fluorescence, no odour.
3	1093.0	-	Not recovered.
4	1046.0	50	SILTY CLAYSTONE, dark grey, soft to medium hard, sub-fissil, trace fine quartz grains. No fluorescence, no odour.
5	1041.5	45	SANDSTONE, grey green, very friable, fine to very coarse grained, dominantly medium grained, subangular to subround, poorly sorted, quartzose, no apparent matrix, occasional pink, yellow, brown and green lithics, poor to moderate visual porosity. No fluorescence. No odour.
6	1023.0	50	CLAYSTONE, dark grey, soft to medium hard, sub-fissil, interlaminated with SANDSTONE, very light grey, friable, very fine to fine grained, dominantly very fine grained, subangular to round, moderate sorting, weak siliceous cement, common glauconitic staining, non calcareous, poor visual porosity. No fluorescence, no odour.

SWC	Depth (m)	Rec (mm)	Description
7	1008.0	50	SANDSTONE, light grey, friable, fine to medium grained, dominantly fine grained (occasionally coarse), subangular to subround, poorly sorted, no apparent matrix, moderate glauconitic staining, common carbonaceous laminae, poor to moderate visual porosity. No fluorescence, no odour.
8	1006.5	50	SANDSTONE, as above. No fluorescence, no odour.
9	1002.0	40	CLAYSTONE, dark grey green, soft to medium hard, massive, slightly silty. No fluorescence, no odour.
10	995.0	47	CLAYSTONE, very dark grey green, soft, massive, occasional fine quartz grains, occasional glauconite non-calcareous. No fluorescence, no odour.
11	927.0	52	SANDSTONE, dark green, soft to friable, fine to medium grained, dominantly medium grained, angular to subangular, poor sorting, abundant glauconite pellets, common yellow stained very fine quartz, nil to poor visual porosity. No fluorescence, no odour.
12	890.0	54	SANDSTONE, dark green, soft to friable, fine to coarse grained, dominantly medium grained, as above. No fluorescence, no odour.
13	861.0	48	SANDSTONE, light green, as above with abundant stained quartz grains. No fluorescence, no odour.
14	857.0	54	SILTY CLAYSTONE, medium to dark grey, soft, massive, abundant very fine grains of quartz, occasional glauconite staining, non calcareous. No fluorescence, no odour.

SWC	Depth (m)	Rec (mm)	Description
15	810.0	48	SANDSTONE, medium to dark grey, friable, very fine to fine grained, dominantly very fine grained, subangular to subround, moderate sorting, medium grey to light grey mottled clay matrix, silty in part, common carbonaceous laminae, non calcareous, poor visual porosity. No fluorescence, no odour.
16	803.5	34	SANDSTONE, light grey to very light brown, loose, fine to medium grained, subangular to subround, moderate sorting, no apparent matrix, occasional black lithics, moderate to good visual porosity. No fluorescence, no odour.
17	772.5	52	CLAYSTONE, dark grey, medium hard, massive, abundant fine quartz grains with minor laminae of SANDSTONE, light grey, fine grained, subround to round, well sorted, no apparent matrix, moderate visual porosity. No fluorescence, no odour.
18	685.5	57	SANDSTONE, light grey, very fine grained to pebbly, angular to subround, dominantly angular, poor sorting, abundant medium to dark grey clay matrix, silty in part, very dispersive, trace cherty lithics, trace black lithics, very poor visual porosity. No fluorescence, no odour.
19	665.0	50	SANDSTONE, light grey, light grey brown, very fine to very coarse grained, subangular to round, dominantly round, poor sorting, minor light grey to brown clay matrix, silty in part, rare cherty lithics, trace coally detritus, fair to good visual porosity. No fluorescence, no odour.
20	657.0	28	SANDSTONE, light to medium grey, very fine grained to pebbly dominantly medium grained, angular to subround, poorly sorted, common medium grey clay matrix, common coally detritus, rare cherty fragments, poor visual porosity. No fluorescence, no odour.

SWC	Depth (m)	Rec (mm)	Description
21	650.5	45	SANDSTONE, light grey, very fine grained, subangular to subround, moderate to well sorted, minor light grey matrix, common coally detritus, common mica flakes, trace white lithics, poor to fair visual porosity. No fluorescence, no odour.
22	616.5	45	SANDSTONE, medium to dark grey, light grey and mottled in part, very fine grained, subangular to subround, well sorted, abundant silty matrix, trace coally detritus pyritized in part, rare coarse quartz grains, poor visual porosity. No fluorescence, no odour.
23	643.0	48	SANDSTONE/CLAY, medium to dark green grey, medium grey, fine to coarse grained, dominantly medium grained, angular to subround, poorly sorted, very abundant dark grey clay matrix. Silty in part, trace carbonaceous material, trace mica flakes, trace white lithics, very poor visible porosity. No fluorescence, no odour.
24	635.0	47	SANDY CLAYSTONE, medium to dark grey becoming medium to dark grey brown, soft, dispersive, abundant brown stained quartz lithics, trace mica flakes, trace white lithics. No fluorescence, no odour.
25	629.0	48	SANDSTONE, light to medium grey brown, mottled in part, fine to coarse grained, dominantly medium grained, subangular to subround, poorly sorted, common dark grey brown clay matrix in part, slightly siliceous cement in part. Common carbonaceous detritus, poor to fair visual porosity. No fluorescence, no odour.
26	603.0	50	CLAYSTONE, medium to dark grey, medium to dark grey brown, soft, faint laminae, common quartz grains, trace micromicaceous. No fluorescence, no odour.

SWC	Depth (m)	Rec (mm)	<u>Description</u>
27	579.0	40	CLAYSTONE, as above with minor mottled glauconitic matrix. No fluorescence, no odour.
28	560.0	48	SILTSTONE, buff, arenaceous in part, massive, firm to hard, occasional carbonaceous detritus, trace micromicaceous. No fluorescence, no odour.
29	542.0	48	SANDSTONE, medium grey to medium grey green, loose, fine to medium grained, dominantly medium grained, subangular to subround, occasionally round, moderate sorting, trace dark grey dispersive clay matrix, occasional black lithics, trace glauconite, moderate visual porosity. No fluorescence, no odour.
30	525.0	36	SANDSTONE, light grey, as above, with occasional iron stained quartz grains. No fluorescence, no odour.

APPENDIX 5

VELOCITY SURVEY

Schlumberger

$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{BEACH PETROLEUM N.L.} \\ \textbf{GEOGRAM PROCESSING REPORT} \end{array}$

PRINCES - 1

FIELD : WILDCAT

PERMIT : PEP 108

STATE : VICTORIA

COUNTRY : AUSTRALIA

LOCATION : OTWAY BASIN

SP 905 LINE TM12

COORDINATES : 038° 29' 32" S

142° 59' 20" E

DATE OF SURVEY : 04-APRIL-1986

REFERENCE NO. : 560406

CONTENTS

- 1 Introduction
- 2 Data Acquisition
- 3 Check Shot Data
- 4 Sonic Calibration
- 5 Sonic Calibration Processing
- 6 GEOGRAM Processing
- 7 Summary of Geophysical Listings

Fig. 1: Wavelet polarity convention

Fig. 2: Source geometry sketch

Fig. 3: Stacked check shot data

Fig. 4: Surface refraction survey

Geophysical Airgun Report
Drift Computation Report
Sonic Adjustment Parameter Report
Velocity Report
Time Converted Velocity Report
Synthetic Seismogram Table
Colour Velocity Profile

1.0 INTRODUCTION

A velocity check shot survey was conducted in the Princes - 1 well on 4 April 1986. Twenty one levels from 50 metres to 1140 metres below KB were shot using a dynamite source. All levels have been used in the calibration of the sonic log.

The shot times and calibrated sonic times have been corrected to the seismic reference datum at 150 metres above mean sea level.

2.0 DATA ACQUISITION

Table 1 Field Equipment and Survey Parameters

Elevation SRD	150.0 metres AMSL
Elevation KB	115.5 metres AMSL
Elevation DF	115.4 metres AMSL
Elevation GL	109.5 metres AMSL
No. of Levels	21
Well Deviation	Nil
Total Depth	1152 metres below KB
Energy Source	Dynamite
Source Offset	27.0 metres
Source Depth	1.0 metre below GL
Reference Sensor	Hydrophone
Sensor Offset	2.5 metres from source
Sensor Depth	1.0 metre below GL
Downhole Geophone	Geospace HS-1
•	High Temp. (350°F)
	Coil Resist. $225\Omega \pm 10\%$
	Natural Freq. 8-12 hertz
	Sensitivity 0.45 V/in/sec
	Maximum tilt angle 60°

Recording was made on the Schlumberger Cyber Service Unit (CSU) using LIS format.

2.1 Survey Details

The survey was shot using a dynamite source and hydrophone as the surface sensor. No major problems were noted during the survey.

3.0 CHECK SHOT DATA

A total of 21 check levels were shot during the survey. A plot of the stacked check shot data is displayed at figure 3. The levels at 269 and 1004 metres were shot both coming in and out of the well. The repeat shots give identical transit times.

Table 2 Checkshot levels

Level Depth (metres below KB)	Stacked Shots	Rejected Shots	Quality	Comments
50	3	0	Good	
115.5	1	0	Good	
269	2	0	Good	Shot going in
	2	0	Good	2-21 80 mg 1m
290	1	0	Good	
330	3	0	Good	
378	1	0	Good	
448	1	0	Good	
503	1	0	Good	
566	1	0	Good	
610	1	0	Good	
648	1	0	Good	
710	1	0	Good	
765	1	0	Good	
815	2	0	Good	
859	1	0	Good	
925	2	0	Good	
994	1	0	Good	
1004	2	0	Good	Shot going in
	2	0	Good	J
1047	1	0	Good	
1080	1	0	Good	
1140	3	0	Good	

Nine additional shots were made with a geophone located on the surface at offsets varying from 3 to 40 metres, in order to estimate the surface velocities (see figure 4).

4.0 SONIC CALIBRATION

A 'drift' curve is obtained using the sonic log and the vertical check level times. The term 'drift' is defined as the seismic time (from check shots) minus the sonic time (from integration of edited sonic). Commonly the word 'drift' is used to identify the above difference, or to identify the gradient of drift verses increasing depth, or to identify a difference of drift between two levels.

The gradient of drift, that is the slope of the drift curve, can be negative or positive.

For a negative drift $\frac{\Delta drift}{\Delta depth}$ < 0, the sonic time is greater than the seismic time over a certain section of the log.

For a positive drift $\frac{\Delta drift}{\Delta depth} > 0$, the sonic time is less than the seismic time over a certain section of the log.

The drift curve, between two levels, is then an indication of the error on the integrated sonic or an indication of the amount of correction required on the sonic to have the TTI of the corrected sonic match the check shot times.

Two methods of correction to the sonic log are used.

- 1. Uniform or block shift This method applies a uniform correction to all the sonic values over the interval. This uniform correction is applied in the case of positive drift and is the average correction represented by the drift curve gradient expressed in $\mu sec/ft$.
- 2. ΔT Minimum In the case of negative drift a second method is used, called Δt minimum. This applies a differential correction to the sonic log, where it is assumed that the greatest amount of transit time error is caused by the lower velocity sections of the log. Over a given interval the method will correct only Δt values which are higher than a threshold, the Δt_{min} . Values of Δt which are lower than the threshold are not corrected. The correction is a reduction of the excess of Δt over Δt_{min} , Δt Δt_{min} .

 $\Delta t - \Delta t_{min}$ is reduced through multiplication by a reduction coefficient which remains constant over the interval. This reduction coefficient, named G, can be be defined as:

$$G = 1 + \frac{drift}{\int (\Delta t - \Delta t_{min})dZ}$$

Where drift is the drift over the interval to be corrected and the value $\int (\Delta t - \Delta t_{min}) dZ$ is the time difference between the integrals of the two curves Δt and Δt_{min} , only over the intervals where $\Delta t > \Delta t_{min}$.

Hence the corrected sonic: $\Delta t = G(\Delta t - \Delta t_{min}) + \Delta t_{min}$.

5.0 SONIC CALIBRATION PROCESSING

5.1 Open Hole Logs

Both the sonic and density logs used have been edited prior to input into the Well Seismic Calibration processing chain.

Density data was available from 515 to 1075 metres below KB , with a gap from 675 to 800 metres. The density has been linearly interpolated across this gap. Above and below 515 to 1075 metres the density has been linearly extrapolated at 2.10 and 2.25gm/cc respectively. The overall log quality is good and only minor zones of cycle skipping have been edited from the sonic log.

Density log interval

515 to 1075 metres below KB

Sonic log interval

290 to 1148 metres below KB

5.2 Correction to Datum and Velocity Modelling

Seismic reference datum (SRD) is at 150 metres above mean sea level. The dynamite source was positioned 1.0 metre below GL at an offset of 27 metres from the wellhead. The reference hydrophone was at 1.0 metre depth and an offset of 2.5 metres from the source. Instananeous seismic detonators were used and a zero delay time has been assumed. A replacement velocity of 1750 metres/sec has been used from ground level to datum.

A surface refraction survey was shot. This suggested a two layer surface model with a lower layer velocity of approx 2000 metres/sec. The top layer velocity could not be determined accurately but is probably less than 1000 metres/sec. These velocities have not been used in the seismic calibration however, they are in agreement with the average velocity from ground level to the checkshot level at 50 metres below KB, from which an interval velocity of 1637 metres/sec was calculated.

5.3 Sonic Calibration Results

The top of the sonic log (290 metres below KB)is chosen as the origin for the calibration drift curve. The drift curve indicates a number of corrections to be made to the sonic log. A list of shifts used on the sonic data is given below.

Table 3 Sonic Drift

Depth Interval (metres below KB)	Block Shift µsec/ft	Δt_{min} $\mu { m sec/ft}$	Equiv Block Shift $\mu \text{sec/ft}$
290-538	3.69	-	3.69
538-1140	0.61	-	0.61

The adjusted sonic curve is considered to be the best result using the available data.

6.0 GEOGRAM PROCESSING

GEOGRAM plots were generated using 10-60 and 12-80 hertz butterworth wavelets. The presentations include both normal and reverse polarity on a time scale of 5 in/sec.

GEOGRAM processing produces synthetic seismic traces based on reflection coefficients generated from sonic and density measurements in the well-bore. The steps in the processing chain are the following:

Depth to time conversion

Reflection coefficients

Attenuation coefficients

Convolution

Output.

6.1 Depth to Time Conversion

Open hole logs are recorded from the bottom to top with a depth index. This data is converted to a two-way time index and flipped to read from the top to bottom in order to match the seismic section.

6.2 Primary Reflection Coefficients

Sonic and density data are averaged over chosen time intervals (normally 2 or 4 millisecs). Reflection coefficients are then computed using:

$$R = \frac{\rho_2.\nu_2 - \rho_1.\nu_1}{\rho_2.\nu_2 + \rho_1.\nu_1}$$

where

 $ho_1 = ext{density of the layer above the reflection interface}
ho_2 = ext{density of the layer below the reflection interface}
ho_1 = ext{compressional wave velocity of the layer above}$

the reflection interface

 $u_2 = \text{compressional wave velocity of the layer below}$ the reflection interface

This computation is done for each time interval to generate a set of primary reflection coefficients without transmission losses.

6.3 Primaries with Transmission Loss

Transmission loss on two-way attenuation coefficients are computed using:

$$A_n = (1 - R_1^2) \cdot (1 - R_2^2) \cdot (1 - R_3^2) \cdot \cdot \cdot (1 - R_n^2)$$

A set of primary reflection coefficients with transmission loss is generated using:

$$Primary_n = R_n.A_{n-1}$$

6.4 Primaries plus Multiples

Multiples are computed from these input reflection coefficients using the transform technique from the top of the well to obtain the impulse response of the earth. The transform outputs primaries plus multiples.

6.5 Multiples Only

By subtracting previously calculated primaries from the above result we obtain multiples only.

6.6 Wavelet

A theoretical wavelet is chosen to use for convolution with the reflection coefficients previously generated. Choices available include:

Klauder wavelet

Ricker zero phase wavelet

Ricker minimum phase wavelet

Butterworth wavelet

User defined wavelet.

Time variant butterworth filtering can be applied after convolution. Polarity conventions are shown in Figure 1. These GEOGRAMS were generated using butterworth wavelets.

6.7 Convolution

Standard procedure of convolution of wavelet with reflection coefficients. The output is the synthetic seismogram.

7.0 SUMMARY OF GEOPHYSICAL LISTINGS

Six geophysical data listings are appended to this report. Following is a brief description of the format of each listing.

7.1 Geophysical Airgun Report

- 1. Level number: the level number starting from the top level (includes any imposed shots).
- 2. Vertical depth from KB: dkb, the depth in metres from kelly bushing
- 3. Vertical depth from SRD: dsrd, the depth in metres from seismic reference datum.
- 4. Vertical depth from GL: dgl, the depth in metres from ground level.
- 5. Observed travel time HYD to GEO: tim0, the transit time picked from the stacked data by subtracting the surface sensor first break time from the downhole sensor first break time.
- 6. Vertical travel time SRC to GEO: timv, is corrected for source to hydrophone distance and for source offset.
- 7. Vertical travel time SRD to GEO: shtm, is timv corrected for the vertical distance between source and datum.
- 8. Average velocity SRD to GEO: the average seismic velocity from datum to the corresponding checkshot level, derd ehim.
- 9. Delta depth between shots : $\Delta depth$, the vertical distance between each level.
- 10. Delta time between shots : $\Delta time$, the difference in vertical travel time (shtm) between each level.
- 11. Interval velocity between shots: the average seismic velocity between each level, $\frac{\Delta depth}{\Delta time}$.

7.2 Drift Computation Report

- 1. Level number: the level number starting from the top level (includes any imposed shots).
- 2. Vertical depth from KB: the depth in metres from kelly bushing.
- 3. Vertical depth from SRD: the depth in metres from seismic reference datum.
- 4. Vertical depth from GL: the depth in metres from ground level.
- 5. Vertical travel time SRD to GEO: the calculated vertical travel time from datum to downhole geophone (see column 7, Geophysical Airgun Report).
- 6. Integrated raw sonic time: the raw sonic log is integrated from top to bottom and listed at each level. An initial value at the top of the sonic log is set equal to the checkshot time at that level. This may be an imposed shot if a shot was not taken at the top of the sonic.
- 7. Computed drift at level: the checkshot time minus the integrated raw sonic time.
- 8. Computed blk-shft correction: the drift gradient between any two checkshot levels $\left(\frac{\Delta drift}{\Delta depth}\right)$.

7.3 Sonic Adjustment Parameter Report

- 1. Knee number: the knee number starting from the highest knee. (The first knees listed will generally be at SRD and the top of sonic. The drift imposed at these knees will normally be zero.)
- 2. Vertical depth from KB: the depth in metres from kelly bushing.
- 3. Vertical depth from SRD: the depth in metres from seismic reference datum.
- 4. Vertical depth from GL: the depth in metres from ground level.
- 5. Drift at knee: the value of drift imposed at each knee.
- 6. Blockshift used: the change in drift divided by the change in depth between any two levels.
- 7. Delta-T minimum used: see section 4 of report for an explanation of Δt_{min} .
- 8. Reduction factor: see section 4 of report.
- 9. Equivalent blockshift: the gradient of the imposed drift curve.

7.4 Velocity Report

- 1. Level number: the level number starting from the top level (includes any imposed shots).
- 2. Vertical depth from KB: the depth in metres from kelly bushing.
- 3. Vertical depth from SRD: the depth in metres from seismic reference datum
- 4. Vertical depth from GL: the depth in metres from ground level
- 5. Vertical travel time SRD to GEOPH: the vertical travel time from SRD to downhole geophone (see column 7, Geophysical Airgun Report)
- 6. Integrated adjusted sonic time: the adjusted sonic log is integrated from top to bottom. An initial value at the top of the sonic is set equal the checkshot time at that level. (The adjusted sonic log is the drift corrected sonic log.)
- 7. Drift—shot time-raw son: the check shot time minus the raw integrated sonic time.
- 8. Residual—shot time-adj son: the check shot time minus the adjusted integrated sonic time. This is the difference between calculated drift and the imposed drift.
- 9. Adjusted interval velocity: the interval velocity calculated from the integrated adjusted sonic time at each level.

7.5 Time Converted Velocity Report

The data in this listing has been resampled in time.

- 1. Two way travel time from SRD: This is the index for the data in this listing. The first value is at SRD (0 millisecs) and the sampling rate is 2 millisecs.
- 2. Measured depth from KB : the depth from KB at each corresponding value of two way time.
- 3. Vertical depth from SRD: the vertical depth from SRD at each corresponding value of two way time.
- 4. Average velocity SRD to GEO: the vertical depth from SRD divided by half the two way time.
- 5. RMS velocity: the root mean square velocity from datum to the corresponding value of two way time.

$$v_{rms} = \sqrt{\Sigma_1^n v_i^2 t_i / \Sigma_1^n t_i}$$

where v_i is the velocity between each 2 millisecs interval.

6. First normal moveout: the correction time in millisecs to be applied to the two way travel time for a specified moveout distance (default = 3000 feet).

$$\Delta t = \sqrt{t^2 + \left(\frac{X}{v_{rms}}\right)^2} - t$$

where

 $\Delta t = \text{normal moveout (secs)}$

X = moveout distance (metres)

t = two way time (secs)

 $v_{rms} = \text{rms velocity (metres /sec)}$

- 7. Second normal moveout: the correction time in millisecs to be applied to the two way travel time for a specified moveout distance (default = 4500 feet).
- 8. Third normal moveout: the correction time in millisecs to be applied to the two way travel time for a specified moveout distance (default = 6000 feet).
- 9. Interval velocity: the velocity between each sampled depth. Typically, the sampling rate is 2 millisecs two way time, (1 millisec one way time) therefore the interval velocity will be equal to the depth increment divided by 0.001. It is equivalent to column 9 from the the Velocity Report.

7.6 SYNTHETIC SEISMOGRAM TABLE

- 1. Two way travel time from SRD: This is the index for the data in this listing. The first value is at the top of the sonic. The default sampling rate is 2 millisecs.
- 2. Vertical depth from SRD: the vertical depth from SRD at each corresponding value of two way time.
- 3. Interval velocity: the velocity between each sampled depth. Typically, the sampling rate is 2 millisecs two way time, (1 millisec one way time) therefore the interval velocity will be equal to the depth increment divided by 0.001. It is equivalent to column 9 from the the Velocity Report.

- 4. Interval density: the average density between two successive values of two way time.
- 5. Reflect. coeff.: the difference in acoustic impedance divided by the sum of the acoustic impedance between any two levels. The acoustic impedance is the product of the interval density and the interval velocity.
- 6. Two way atten. coeff. : is computed from the series

$$A_n = (1 - R_1^2) \cdot (1 - R_2^2) \cdot (1 - R_3^2) \cdot \cdot \cdot (1 - R_n^2)$$

7. Sythetic seismo. primary: the product of the reflection coefficient at each depth and the two way attenuation coefficient up to that depth.

$$Primary_n = R_n.A_{n-1}$$

- 8. Primary + multiple: a transform technique is used to calculate multiples from the input reflection coefficients.
- 9. Multiples only: (Primary + multiple) (Synthetic seismo. primary)

SCHLUMBERGER (SEG-1976) WAVELET POLARITY CONVENTION

Figure 1

MINIMUM PHASE RICKER REVERSE POLARITY

MINIMUM PHASE RICKER NORMAL POLARITY

ZERO PHASE RICKER REVERSE POLARITY

ZERO PHASE RICKER NORMAL POLARITY

REFLECTION COEFF

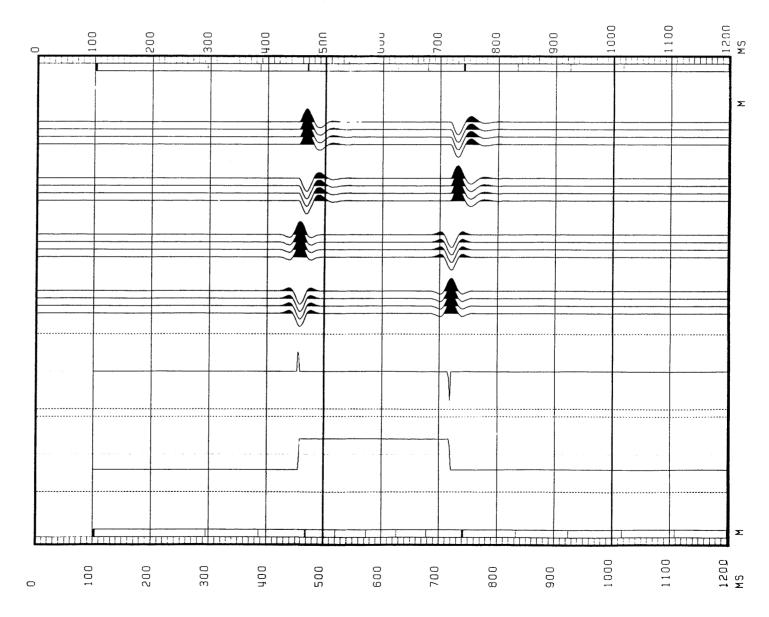
INTERVAL VELOCITY

0.3000

-0.3000 5000.00

M/S

1000.00

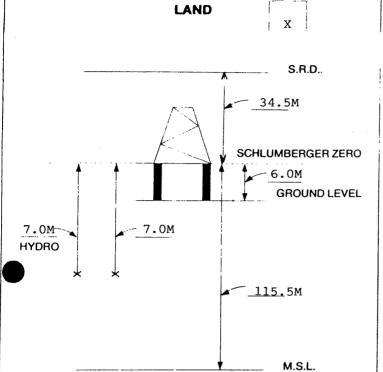


GUN GEOMETRY SKETCH

Schlumberger

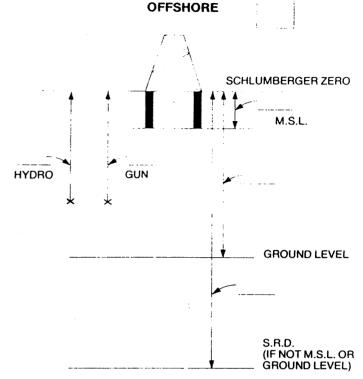
CLIENT: BEACH PETROLEUM N.L. WELL:

PRINCES - 1 DATE: 04/04/1986

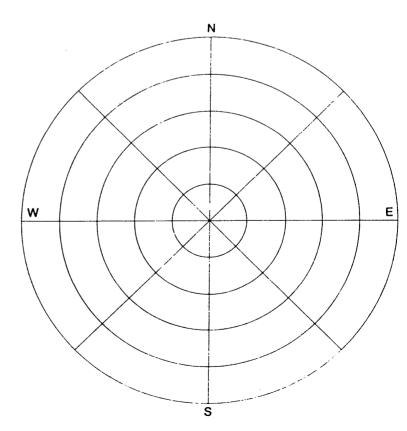


INDICATE ALL DISTANCES RELATIVE TO SCHLUMBERGER ZERO

* DELETE AS APPLICABLE



SHOT POS'N	SOURCE OFFSET	HYDRO OFFSET	SOURCE DEPTH	HYDRO DEPTH
	27M	2.5M FROM SOURCE	1M	lM
2				
3				
4				
5				
6				
7				

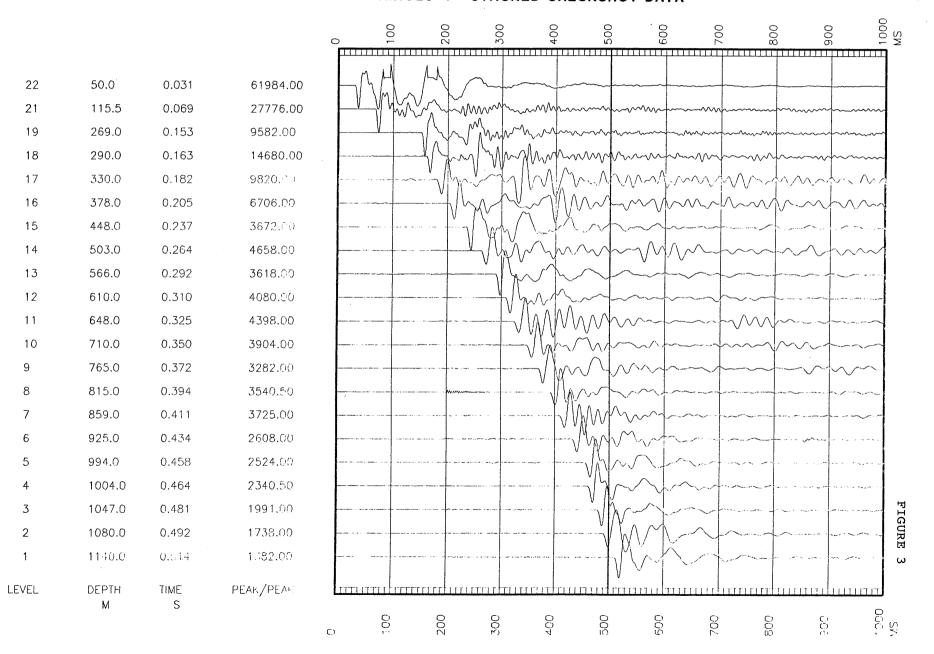


INDICATE ALL DISTANCES RELATIVE

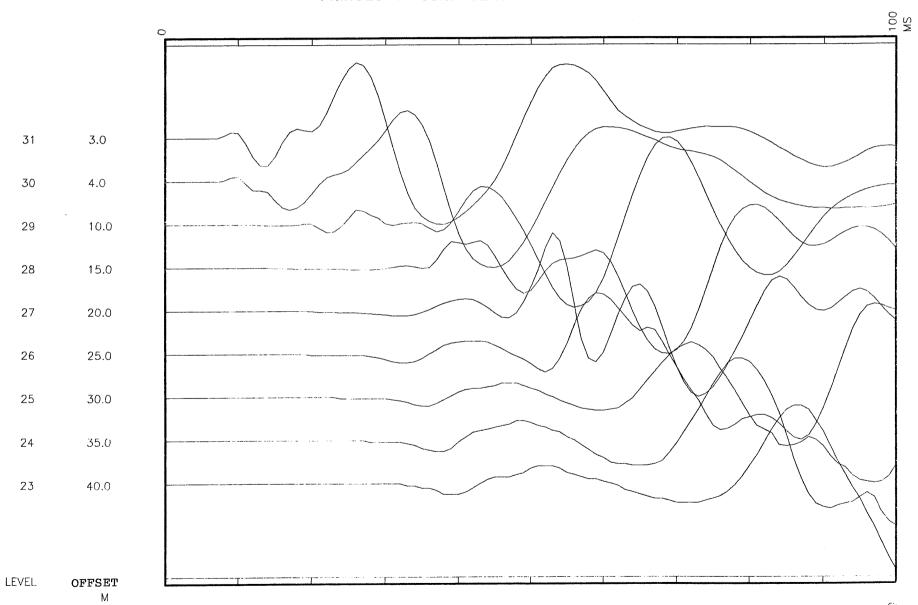
TO SCHLUMBERGER ZERO

INDICATE GUN/VIBRO AND HYDROPHONE OFFSET AND AZIMUTH RELATIVE TO NORTH

PRINCES-1 STACKED CHECKSHOT DATA



PRINCES-1 SURFACE REFRACTION SURVEY



Shots

23-APR-86 12:06:10 PROGRAM: GSHOT 007.E07



GEOPHYSICAL AIRGUN REPORT

COMPANY : PEACH PETROLEUM N.L.

WELL : PRINCES-1

FIELD : WILDCAT

STATE : VICTORIA

COUNTRY : AUSTRALIA

Drift

23-APR-86 12:18:03 PROGRAM: GDRIFT 007.E09



DRIFT COMPUTATION REPORT

COMPANY : BEACH PETROLEUM N.L.

WELL : PRINCES-1

FIELD : WILDCAT

STATE : VICTORIA

COUNTRY : AUSTRALIA

23-APR-86 12:06:10 PROGRAM: GSHOT 007.E07

SCHLUMBERGER

SEOPHYSICAL AIRGUN REPORT

COMPANY : PEACH PETROLEUM N.L.

WELL : PRINCES-1

FIELD : WILDCAT

STATE : VICTORIA

COUNTRY : AUSTRALIA

23-APR-86 12:26:45 PROGRAM: GADJST 008.E07

SCHLUMBERGER *******

SONIC ADJUSTMENT PARAMETER REPORT

COMPANY : BEACH PETROLEUM N.L.

WELL : PRINCES-1

FIELD : WILDCAT

STATE : VICTORIA

COUNTRY : AUSTRALIA

```
LONG DEFINITIONS
           SLOPAL
KURD
       - ELEVATION OF THE KELLY-BUSHING ABOVE MSL OR MWL
       - ELEVATION OF THE SEISMIC REFERENCE DATUM ABOVE MSL OR MUL
       - ELEVATION OF KELLY BUSHING
EKL
       - ELEVATION OF USER'S REFERENCE (GENERALLY GROUND LEVEL) ABOVE SRD
GL
XSTART - TOP OF ZONE PROCESSED BY WST
XITUP - BOTTOM OF ZONE PROCESSED BY WST
GADDOT - RAW SONIC CHANNEL NAME USED FOR WST SONIC ADJUSTMENT
UNFORN - UNIFORM DENSITY VALUE
           ZONE
LUFDEN - LAYER OPTION FLAG FOR DENSITY : -1=NONE; O=UNIFORM; 1=UNIFORM+LAYER
LAYDEN - USER SUPPLIED DENSITY DATA
           SAMPLED
SHOT
       - SHOT NUMBER
       - MFASURED DEPTH FROM KELLY-BUSHING
DKE
DSRU
       - DEPTH FROM SRD
DGL
SHT4
       - VERTICAL DEPTH RELATIVE TO GROUND LEVEL (USER'S REFERENCE)
       - SHOT TIME (WST)
RAWS
SHDR
       - RAW SONIC (WST)
       - DPIFT AT SHOT OR KNEE
BLSH
       - BLOCK SHIFT BETWEEN SHOTS OR KNEE
- (GLORAL PARAMETERS)
                                           (VALUE)
ELEV OF KB AR. MSL (WST)
                           KΒ
                                          115.500
ELSV OF SRD AB. MSL(WST)
ELSVATION OF KELLY BUSHI
                                       : 150.000
: -34.5000
                           SRD
                           EKB
ELEV OF GL AR. SRD(WST)
                           GL
                                       : -40.5000
                                                    М
TUP OF ZONE PROCD (WST)
                           XSTART
                                                n
BUT OF ZONE PROCO (WST)
                           XSTOP
                                                0
RAW SONIC CH NAME (WST)
                                         DT.WST.003.IPA.FLP.*
                           GAD001
UNIFORM DENSITY VALUE
                                       : 2.30000 G/C3
                           UNFDEN
 (ZONED PARAMETER'S)
                                           (VALUE)
                                                                (LIMITS)
LAYER OPTION FLAG DENS
                          LOFDEN
                                       : 1.000000
                                                          3047917 -
USER SUPPLIED DENSITY DA LAYDEN
                                       :-999.2500
                                                   G/C3
                                                          30479.7 -
```

WELL

: PRINCES-1

PAGE

1

COMPANY : BEACH PETROLEUM N.L.

LEVEL NUMBER	MEASURED DEPTH FROM KB	VERTICAL DEPTH FROM SRD	VERTICAL DEPTH FROM GL	VERTICAL TRAVEL TIME SRD/GEO	INTEGRATED RAW SONIC TIME	COMPUTED DRIFT AT LEVEL	COMPUTED GLK-SHFT CORRECTION
	N	M	³ 1)	MS	M S	MS	US/F
1	50.00	84.50	44.00	49.97	49.07	ე	0
2	115.50	150.00	109.50	90.67	90.67	Ú	ə
3	269.00	303.50	263.00	175.91	175.01	0	0
4	290.00	324.50	284.00	185.98	185.03	\mathbf{c}	0
5	330.00	364.50	324.00	205.08	205.42	34	-2.57
6	378.00	412.50	372.00	228.17	227.13	1.05	٩.78
7	448.00	482.50	442.00	260.27	257.77	2.50	6.32
8	503.00	537.50	497.00	287.32	284.00	3.33	4.59
9	566.00	600.50	560.00	315.37	312.13	3.24	42
1 U	610.00	644.50	604.00	333.40	329.90	3.50	1.80
11	648.00	682.50	642.00	348.43	344.43	3.95	3.59
12	710.00	744.50	704.00	373.46	1 3 70. 05	3.41	- 2.65
13	765.00	799.50	759.00	395.48	392.60	ર.≉ુ	-2.93
14	815.00	849.50	809.00	417.49	413.28	4.21	₹.10
15	859.00	893.50	853.00	434.51	430.77	₹ .7 3	-3.29
16	925.00	959.50	919.00	457.53	454.22	3.31	-1.97
17	994.00	1028.50	988.00	481.54	479.00	2.54	-3.39
18	1004.00	1038.50	998.00	487.54	433.15	4.33	56.08
19	1047.00	1081.50	1041.00	504.55	499.63	4.92	3.86
20	1080.00	1114.50	1074.00	515.56	511.37	4.19	-6.76
21	1140.00	1174.50	1134.00	537.57	531.98	5.59	7.11

```
COMPANY : BEACH PETROLEUM N.L.
                                              WELL
                                                       : PRINCES-1
        LONG DEFINITIONS
           GLOBAL
SRCDRF - ORIGIN OF ADJUSTMENT DATA
CONADJ - CONSTANT ADJUSTMENT TO AUTOMATIC DELTA-T MINIMUM = 7.5 US/F
UNERTH - UNIFORM EARTH VELOCITY (GTRFRM)
           ZONE
ZDRIFT - USER DRIFT AT BOTTOM OF THE ZONE
ADJOPZ - TYPE OF ADJUSTMNENT IN THE DRIFT ZONE : DEDELTA-T MIN, 1=BLOCKSHIFT
ADJUSZ - DELTA-T MINIMUM USED FOR ADJUSTMENT IN THE DRIFT ZONE
LOFVEL - LAYER OPTION FLAG FOR VELOCITY: -1=NONE; D=UNIFORM; 1=UNIFORM+LAYER
LAYVEL - USER SUPPLIED VELOCITY DATA
           SAMPLED
SHOT
       - SHOT NUMBER
VDKB
       - VERTICAL DEPTH RELATIVE TO KB
DSRD
         DEPTH FROM SRD
DGL
       - VERTICAL DEPTH RELATIVE TO GROUND LEVEL (USER'S REFERENCE)
KNEE
       - KNEE
ELSH
DT%I
       - BLOCK SHIFT BETWEEN SHOTS OR KNEE
       - VALUE OF DELTA-T MINIMUM USED
COEF
       - DELTA-T MIN COEFFICIENT USED IN THE DRIFT ZONE
       - GRADIENT OF DRIFT CURVE
DRGR
  (GLOPAL PARAMETERS)
                                           (VALUE)
ORIG OF ADJ DATA (WST)
                           SRCDRF
                                         5.00000
                                         7,50000
CURS SONIC ADJST (WST)
                           CUNADJ
                                                   US/F
UNIFORM EARTH VELOCITY
                           UNERTH
                                                   MIS
  (ZONED PARAMETERS)
                                           (VALUE)
                                                               (LIMITS)
                                      : 4.200000
USER DRIFT ZONE (WST)
                          ZDRIFT
                                                         1140.00
                                                                   - 538.000
                                                                     290.000
                                         3.00000n
                                                         538.000
                                                         290.000
```

:-999.2500 :-999.2500

: 1.ວິດື້ວັດວັດ

2034.000

1901 1000 1409 000

ADJOPZ

ADJUSZ

LOFVEL

LAYVEL

ADJUSMNT MODE (WST)

USER VELOC (MST)

USER DELTA-T MIN (WST)

LAYER OPTION FLAG VELOC

30479.7

30479.7

30479.7

269.000 115.500

US/F

1/5

PAGE

0

- 269.000 115.500

50.0000

KNEE

NUMPER

1

COMPANY : BEACH PETROLEUM N.L.

VERTICAL

KB.

DEPTH FROM

WELL

: PRINCES-1

ERUIVALENT	REDUCTION	DELTA-T MINIMUM	PLOCKSHIFT	DRIFT
BLOCKSHIFT	FACTOR G	USED	USED	KNEE
US/F		US/F	US/F	MS
				0
C			Û	0
3.69			3.69	3 . 00
. 61			.61	/ 20

M M

0 34.50

290.00

7

4

572.50

1140.00

538.00

324.50

VERTICAL

DEPTH

FROM

SRD

1174.50

1134.00

VERTICAL DEPTH FROM GL

-6.00

284.00

532.00

4.20

PAGE

. 61

23-APR-86 12:27:25

PROGRAM: GADJST 008.607

VELOCITY REPORT

COMPANY : BEACH PETROLEUM N.L.

WELL : PRINCES-1

FIELD : WILDCAT

STATE : VICTORIA

COUNTRY : AUSTRALIA

```
LONG DEFINITIONS
          GLOP 4L
      - ELEVATION OF THE KELLY-RUSHING ABOVE MSL OR MWL
      - ELEVATION OF THE SEISMIC REFERENCE DATUM ABOVE MSL OR MAL
RD
      - ELEVATION OF KELLY BUSHING
KΩ
      - ELEVATION OF USER'S REFERENCE (GENERALLY GROUND LEVEL) ABOVE SRD
L
JNERTH - UNIFORM EARTH VELOCITY (GTRFRM)
          ZONE
OFVEL - LAYER OPTION FLAG FOR VELOCITY: -1=NONE; O=UNIFORM; 1=UMIFORM+LAYER
AYVEL - USER SUPPLIED VELOCITY DATA
          SAMPLED
HOT
KB
      - SHOT NUMBER
      - MEASURED DEPTH FROM KELLY-BUSHING
SRU
      - DEPTH FROM SRD
      - VERTICAL DEPTH RELATIVE TO GROUND LEVEL (USER'S REFERENCE)
GL
HTH
      - SHOT TIME (WST)
DJS
      - ADJUSTED SONIC TRAVEL TIME
      - DRIFT AT SHOT OR KNEE
ROH
      - RESTOUAL TRAVEL TIME AT KNEE
'EST
      - INTERNAL VELOCITY, AVERAGE
MIV
(GLOPAL PARAMETERS)
                                          (VALUE)
LEV OF KE AR. MSL (WST)
                          ΚB
                                        115.500
LEV OF SRD AB. MSL(WST)
                          SRD
                                         150.000
LEVATION OF KELLY BUSHI
                                      -34.5000
-40.5000
2133.60
                          EKB
LEV OF GL AP. SRD (WST)
                          GL
MIFORM EARTH VELOCITY
                          UNERTH
                                                  M/S
(ZONED PARAMETERS)
                                          (VALUE)
                                                                (LIMITS)
AYER OPTION FLAG VELOC
                        LOFVEL
                                      : 1.0000000
                                                         30479.7 -
'SEL VELOC (WST)
                                                                  - 269.000
115.500
50.0000
                         LAYVEL
                                      : 2086.000
                                                  M/S
                                                         290.000
```

1801.000

WELL

: PRINCES-1

COMPANY : REACH PETROLEUM N.L.

269.000 115.500

COMPANY : BEACH PETROLEUM N.L. WELL : PRINCES-1

LEVEL NUMPER	MEASUPED DEPTH FROM	VERTICAL DEPTH FROM	VERTICAL DEPTH FROM	TIME	JUSTED SONIC	DRIFT = SHOT TIME	RESIDUAL = II SHOT TIME	ADJUSTE NTERVAL VELOCIT
	KB M	SRD M	G L M	SRD/GEOPH MS	TIME MS	- RAW 70M	- ADJ SON MS	M/S
1	50.00	84.50	44.00	49.97	49.97	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	Û	1 6
2	115.50	150.00	109.50	90.67	90.67	0	Ú	1.6
3	269.00	303.50	263.00	175.91	175.90	r.	•01	13
4	270.00	324.50	284.00	185.98	185.97	n	.01	2.0
5	330.00	364.50	324.00	205.08	205.39	-,34	81	50
4,	378.00	412.50	372.00	228.17	228.13	1.05	01	21
7	448.00	482.50	442.00	260.27	259.63	2.50	.59	2.2
8	503.00	537.50	497.00	287.32	236.55	3.33	.77	50
G	566.00	600.50	560.00	315.37	315.1 8	3.24	.10	2.8
10	610.00	644.50	604.00	333.40	333.03	3.50	.37	27
11	648.00	682.50	642.00	348.43	347.69	3.95	.74	2.5
12	710.00	744.50	704.00	373.46	373. 381		-03	24
13	765.00	799.50	759.00	395.48	396.04	2,38	 56	2.4
14	815.00	849.50	809.00	417.49	416.83	4.21	. 67	27
15	959.00	893.50	853.00	434.51	434.40	3.73	.11	25
16	925.00	959.50	919.00	457.53	457.08	3.31	45	2.8
17	≈ 99 4. 00	1028.50	983.0U	481.54	482.90	2.54	-1.36	27
1.8	1904.90	1038.50	998.00	487.54	487.03	4.38	.4 6	23
19	1047.00	1081.50	1041.00	504.55	503.63	4.92	. 92	25
20	1030.00	1114.50	1074.00	515.56	515.43	4.19	.13	27
21	1140.00	1174.50	1134.00	537.57	536.14	5.59	1.42	2.8

.

PAGE

. "

Time / Depth

23-APR-86 12:31:54 PROGRAM: GTRFRM 007.E08

SCHLUMBERGER *******

TIME CONVERTED VELOCITY REPORT

COMPANY : BEACH PETROLEUM N.L.

WFLL : PRINCES-1

FJELD : WILDCAT

STATE : VICTORIA

COUNTRY : AUSTRALIA

```
COMPANY : BEACH RETROLEUM N.L.
                                              WELL
                                                       : PRINCES-1
       LONG DEFINITIONS
           GLOBAL
       - ELEVATION OF THE KELLY-BUSHING ABOVE MSL OR MWL
KB.
SRD
       - ELEVATION OF THE SEISMIC REFERENCE DATUM ABOVE MSL OR MWL
       - ELEVATION OF USER'S REFERENCE (GENERALLY GROUND LEVEL) ABOVE SRD
GL
UNERTH - UNIFORM EARTH VELOCITY (GTRFRM)
UNFOEN - UNIFORM DENSITY VALUE
           MATRIX
MVODIS - MOVE-OUT DISTANCE FROM BOREHOLE
           ZONE
LOFVEL - LAYER OPTION FLAG FOR VELOCITY: -1=NONE; D=UNIFORM; 1=UNIFORM+LAYER
LAYVEL - USER SUPPLIED VELOCITY DATA
LOFDEN - LAYER OPTION FLAG FOR DENSITY : -1=NONE; O=UNIFORM; 1=UNIFORM+LAYER
EAYDEN - USER SUPPLIED DENSITY DATA
           SAMPLED
TWOT
       - TWO WAY TRAVEL TIME (RELATIVE TO THE SEISMIC REFERENCE
       - MEASURED DEPTH FROM KELLY-BUSHING
DKE
DSRD
       - DEPTH FROM SRD
AVGV
       - AVERAGE SEISMIC VELOCITY
RMSV
       - ROOT MEAN SQUARE VELOCITY (SEISMIC)
MVCT
       - NORMAL MOVE-OUT
MVOT
       - NORMAL MOVE-OUT
MVCT
       - NORMAL MOVE-OUT
INTV
       - INTERNAL VELOCITY, AVERAGE
(GLOBAL PARAMETERS)
                                          (VALUE)
ELEV OF KB AB. MSL (WST)
                          KS.
                                        115.500
ELEV OF SRD AB. MSL (WST)
                          SRD
                                       150.000
                                                  M
ELEV OF GL AR. SRD(WST)
                                      -40.5000
2133.60
2.30000
                          GL
UNIFORM EARTH VELOCITY
                          UNERTH
                                                  M/S
UNIFORM DENSITY VALUE
                          UNFDEN
                                                  G/C3
```

(MATRIX PARAMETERS)

M VOUT DIST

1000.0

COMPANY : BEACH PETROLEUM N.L. WELL : PRINCES-1

(ZONED PARAMETERS) (VALUE) (LIMITS)

LAYER OPTION FLAG VELOC LOFVEL : 1.000000 30479.7 - 0

USER VELOC (WST) LAYVEL : 2086.000 M/S 290.000 - 269.000

1801.000 269.000 115.500

1609.000 115.500 50.0000

LAYER OPTION FLAG DENS LOFDEN :-1.000000 30479.7 - 0

USER SUPPLIED DENSITY DA LAYDEN :-999.2500 G/C3 30479.7 - 0

TWO-WAY TRAVEL TIME FROM SRD	MEASURED DEPTH FROM KB	VERTICAL DEPTH FROM	AVERAGE VELOCITY SRD/GEO	RMS VELOCITY	FIRST NORMAL MOVEOUT	SECOND NORMAL MOVEOUT	THIRD NORMAL MOVEOUT	INTERVAL VELOCITY
MS MS		SRD M	M/S	M/S	MS	MS	MS	M/S
0	-34.50	0						
2.00	-32.81	1.69	1691	1691	589.34	885.01	1180.67	1691
4.00	-31.12	3.38	1691	1691	587.35	883.01	1178.68	1691
6.00	-29.43	5.07	1691	1691	585.37	881.02	1176.69	1691
8.00	-27.74	6.76	1691	1691	583.39	879.04	1174.70	1691
10.00	-26.04	8.46	1691	ve. 1691	581.42	877.06	1172.71	1691
12.00	-24.35	10.15	1691	1691	579.46	875.08	1170.73	1691
14.00	-22.66	11.84	1691	1691	577.50	873.11	1168.75	1691
16.00	-20.97	13.53	1691	1691	575.55	871.15	1166.78	1691
18.00	-19.28	15.22	1691	1691	573.61	869.19	1164.81	1691
20.00	-17.59	16.91	1691	1691	571.67	867.23	1162.84	1691
22.08	-15.90	18.60	1691	1691	569.74	865.28	1160.88	1691
24.00	-14.21	20.29	1691	1691	567.82	863.33	1158.91	1691
26.00	-12.52	21.98	1691	1691	565.91	861.38	1156.96	1691
28.00	-10.82	23.68	1691	1691	564.00	859.45	1155.00	1691
30.00	-9.13	25.37	1691	1691	562.10	857.51	1153.05	1691
32.00	-7.44	27.06	1691	1691	560.20	855.58	1151.10	1691
34.00	-5.75	28.75	1691	1691	558.31	853.66	1149.16	1691
36.00	-4.06	30.44	1691	1691	556.43	851.73	1147.22	1691
38.00	-2.37	32.13	1691	1691	554.56	849.82	1145.28	1691
40.00	68	33.82	1691	1691	552.69	847.91	1143.35	1691
42.00	1.01	35.51	1691	1691	550.83	846.00	1141.42	1691
44.00	2.70	37.20	1691	1691	548.97	844.09	1139.49	1691
46.00	4.39	38.89	1591	1691	547.12	842.20	1137.57	1691

COMPANY : BEACH PETROLEUM N.L. WELL ; PRINCES-1 PAGE 4

INTERVAL VELOCITY	THIRD NORMAL MOVEOUT	SECOND NORMAL MOVEOUT	FIRST NORMAL MOVEOUT	RMS VELOCITY	AVERAGE VELOCITY SRD/GEO	VERTICAL DEPTH FROM SRD	MEASURED DEPTH FROM KB	TWO-WAY TRAVEL TIME FROM SRD
M/S	MS	MS	MS	M/S	M/S		M	MS
1691	1135.65	840.30	545. 28	1691	1691	40.59	6.09	48.00
1691	1133.73	838.41	543.45	1691	1691	42.28	7.78	50.00
1691	1131.81	836.53	541.62	1691	1691	43.97	9.47	52.00
1691	1129.90	834.65	539.80	1691	1691	45.66	11.16	54.00
1691	1128.00	832.77	537.98	1691	1691	47.35	12.85	56.00
1691	1126.09	830.90	536.17	1691	1691	49.04	14.54	58.00
1691	1124.19	829.03	534.37	1691	1691	50.73	16.23	6C.00
1691	1122.30	827.17	532.58	1691	1691	52.42	17.92	62.00
1691	1120.40	825.31	530.79	1691	1691	54.11	19.61	54.00
1691	1118.51	823.46	529.01	1691	1691	55.81	21.31	66.00
1691	1116.63	821.61	527.23	1691	1691	57.50	23.00	68.00
1691	1114.74	819.76	525.46	1691	1691	59.19	24.69	70.00
1691	1112.85	817.92	523 .7 0	1691	1691	60.88	26.38	72.00
1691	1110.98	816.09	521.95	1691	1691	62.57	28.07	74.00
1691	1109.11	814.25	520.20	1691	1691	64.26	29.76	76.00
1691	1107.24	812.43	518.46	1691	1691	65.95	31.45	78.00
1691	1105.37	810.60	516.72	1691	1691	67.64	33.14	80.00
1691	1103.51	808.79	514.99	1691	1691	69.33	34.83	32.00
1691	1101.65	806.97	513.27	1691	1691	71.03	36.53	34.00
1691	1099.79	805.16	511.56	1691	1691	72.72	38.22	86.00
1691	1097.94	803.36	509.85	1691	1691	74.41	39.91	88.00
1691	1096.09	801.56	508.15	1691	1691	76.10	41.60	90.00
1691	1094.24	799.76	506.45	1691	1591	77.79	43.29	92.00
1691	1092.40	797.97	504.76	1691	1691	79.48	44.98	94.00
	 100 (100) 							

TWO-WAY TRAVEL TIME FROM SRD	MEASURED DEPTH FROM KS	VERTICAL DEPTH FROM SRD	AVERAGE VELOCITY SRD/GEO	RMS VELOCITY	FIRST NORMAL MOVEOUT	SECOND NORMAL MOVEOUT	THIRD NORMAL MOVEOUT	INTERVAL VELOCITY
* S		M	M/S	M/S	MS	MS	MS	M/S
96.00	46.67	81.17	1691	1691	503.08	796.18	1090.55	1691
98.00	48.36	82.86	1691	1691	501.40	794.40	1088.73	1691
100.00	50.05	84.55	1691	1691	499.77	792.69	1086.98	1685
102.00	51.66	86.16	1689	1689	498.65	791.73	1086.24	1609
104.00	53.27	87.77	1688	1688	497.51	790.75	1085.46	1609
186.00	54.88	89.38	1686	1686	496.36	789.74	1084.66	1609
108.00	56.48	90.98	1685	1 685	495.20	788.71	1083.82	1609
110.00	58.09	92.59		1684	494.03	737.66	1082.95	1609
112.00	59.70	94.20	1682	1682	492.85	786.59	1082.05	1609
114.03	61.31	95.81	1681	1681	491.66	785_51	1081.12	1609
116.00	62,92	97.42	1680	1680	490.46	784.40	1080.17	1609
118.00	64.53	99.03	1678	1679	489.26	783.28	1079_20	1609
120.00	66.14	100.64	1677	1678	488.05	782.15	1078.20	1609
122.00	67.75	102.25	1676	1677	486.83	781.00	1077.18	1609
124.00	69.36	103.86	1675	1675	485.60	779.83	1076.14	1609
126.00	70.97	105.47	1674	1674	484.37	778.65	1075.08	1609
128.00	72.58	107.08	1673	1673	483.14	777.46	1074.00	1609
130.00	74.19	108.69	1672	1672	481.90	776.26	1072.90	1609
132.00	75.79	110.29	1671	1672	480.65	775.05	1071.79	1609
134.00	77.40	111.90	1670	1671	479.41	773.83	1070.66	1609
136.00	79.01	113.51	1669	1670	478.16	772.60	1069.51	1609
138.00	80.62	115.12	1668	1669	476.90	771.36	1068.36	1609
140.00	32.23	116.73	1668	1668	475.65	770.11	1067.18	1609
142.00	83.84	118.34	1667	1667	474.39	768.85	1065.00	1609

MEASURED

DEPTH FROM KB M

85.45

87.06

88.67

90.28

91.89

93.50

95.10

96.71

98.32

99.93

101.54

103.15

104.76

106.37

107.98

109.59

111.20

112.81

114.41

116.09

117.89

119,69

1.21.49

123.29

155.99

157.79

1660

1661

1660

1662

TWO-WAY

TRAVEL TIME FROM SRD

MS

144.00

146.00

148.00

150.00

152.00

154.00

156.00

158.00

100.00

162.00

164.00

106.00

168.00

170,00

172.00

174.00

176.00

178.00

180.00

132.00

184.00

186.00

188.00

190.00

ROLEUM N.L.		, WELL	; PRINCE	5-1		PA
VERTICAL DEPTH FROM	AVERAGE VELOCITY SRD/GEO	VEFOCILA Sw2	FIRST NORMAL MOVEOUT	SECOND NORMAL MOVEOUT	THIRD NORMAL MOVEOUT	INTERVAL VELOCITY
SRO M	M/S	MVS	MS	MS	MS	M/S
119.95	1666	1666	473.13	767.59	1064.80	1609
121.56	1665	1666	471.87	766.32	1063.59	1609
123.17	1684	1665	470.61	765.04	1062.37	1609
124.78	1664	1664	469.35	763.76	1082.37	1609
126.39	1663	1663	468.08	762.47		1609
128.00	1662	1663	466.82		1059.90	1609
129.60				761.18	1058.65	1609
131.21	1662	1662	465.56	759.88	1057.39	1609
	1661	1661	464.29	758.57	1056.12	1609
132.82	1660	1661	463.03	757.26	1054.85	1609
134.43	1660	1660	461.76	755.95	1053.56	1609
136.04	1659	1660	460.50	754.63	1052.27	1609
137.65	1658	1659	459.24	753.31	1050.97	1609
139.26	1658	1658	457.98	751.99	1049.67	1609
140.87	1657	1658	456.72	750.66	1048.36	
142.48	1657	1657	455.46	749.33	1047.04	1609
144.09	1656	1657	454.20	748.00	1045.72	1609
145.70	1656	1656	452.94	746.66	1044.39	1609
147.31	1655	1656	451.69	745.33	1043.05	1609
148.91	1655	1655	450.43	743.99	1041.71	1609
150.59	1655	1655	448.93	742.25	1039.84	1676
152.39	1656	1657	446.93	739.77	1036.95	1801
154.19	1658	1659	444.95	737.30	1034.09	1801
155-99	1660	1660	443 DO	73/ 97	1024.07	1801

443.00

441.07

734.87

1031.27

732.45 1028.47

TWO-WAY TRAVEL TIME FROM SRD	MEASURED DEPTH FROM KB	VERTICAL DEPTH FROM SRD	AVERAGE VELOCITY SRD/GEO	RMS VELOCITY	FIRST NORMAL MOVEOUT	SECOND NORMAL MOVEOUT	THIRD NORMAL MOVEOUT	INTERVAL VELOCITY
MS			M/S	M/S	MS	MS	MS	M/s
* 1 92 . 00	125.10	159.60	1662	1663	439.15	730.07	1025.71	1801
194,00	126.90	161.40	1664	1665	437.25	727.70	1022.97	1801
196.00	128.70	163.20	1665	1666	435.38	725.36	1020.26	1801
198.00	130.50	165.00	1667	1668	433.52	723.04	1017.58	1801
200.00	132.30	166.80	1668	1669	431.67	720.75	1014.93	1801
202.00	134.10	168.60	1669	1670	429.85	718.47	1012.30	1801
204.00	135.90	170.40	1671	1672	428.04	716.22		1801
206.00	137.70	172.20	1672	1673	426.25	713.98	1009.69	1801
208.00	139.50	174.00	1673	1674	교육 이번 주의사 이번 시간다.	나는 그리아 그 중시장이다고 있다.	1007.11	1801
210.00	141.30	175.80	1674	1675	424.47	711.76	1004.56	1801
					422.71	709.57	1002.02	1801
212.00	143.10	177.60		1677	420.97	707.39	999.51	1801
214.00	144.91	179.41	1677	1678	419.24	705.23	997.02	1801
216.00	146.71	181.21	1678	1679	417.52	703.08	994.55	1801
218.00	148.51	183.01	1679	1680	415.82	700.96	992.10	1891
220.00	150.31	184.81	1680	1681	414.13	698.85	989.67	1801
222.00	152.11	186.61	1681	1682	412.46	696.76	987.26	1801
224.00	153.91	188.41	1682	1684	410.80	694.68	984.87	1801
226.00	155.71	190.21	1683	1685	409.16	692.62	982.50	1801
228.00	157.51	192.01	1684	1686	407.53	690.57	980.15	1801
230.00	159.31	193.81	1685	1687	405.91	688.54	977.81	1801
232.00	161.11	195.61	1686	1688	404.30	686.53	975.49	
234.00	162.91	197.41	1687	1689	402.71	684.53	973.19	1801
236.00	164.71	199.21	1688	1699	401.12	682.54	970.91	1801
238.00	166.52	201.02	1689	1691	399.55	680.57	968.64	1801

PAGE

INTERVAL VELOCITY	THIRD NORMAL MOVEDUT	SECOND NORMAL MOVEOUT	FIRST NORMAL MOVEOUT	RMS VELOCITY	AVERAGE VELOCITY SRD/GEO	VERTICAL DEPTH FROM SRD	MEASURED DEPTH FROM KB	TWO-WAY TRAVEL TIME FROM SRD
M/S	MS	MS	MS	M/S	M/S	Ň		MS
1801	916.30	635.09	363.76	1710	1709	246.04	211.54	288.00
1801	914.35	633.41	362.45	1711	1709	247.84	213.34	290.00
1801	912.42	631.73	361.15	1712	1710	249.64	215.14	292.00
1801	910.49	630.06	359.85	1712	1710	251.44	216.94	294.00
1801	908.57	628.40	358.57	1713	1711	253.24	218.74	296.00
1801	906.67	626.75	357.29	1713	1712	255.04	220.54	298.00
1801	904.77	625.11	356.02	1714	1712	256.84	222.34	300.00
1801	902.88	623.47	354.76	1715	1713	258.64	224.14	302.00
1801	901.00	621.85	353.51	1715	1713	260.44	225.94	304.00
1801	899.13	620.23	352.26	1716	1714	262.25	227.75	306.00
1801	897.27	618.62	351.03	1716	1715	264.05	229.55	308.00
1801	895-41	617.02	349.80	1717	1715	265.85	231.35	310.00
1801	893.57	615.43	348.57	1717	1716	267.65	233.15	312.00
1801	891.73	613.84	347.36	1718	1716	269.45	234.95	314.00
1801	889.90	612.26	346.15	1719	1717	271.25	236.75	316.00
1801	888.08	610.69	344.95	1719	1717	273.05	238.55	318.00
1801	886.27	609.13	343.76	1720	1718	274.85	240.35	320.00
1801	834.46	607.58	342.57	1720	1718	276.65	242.15	322.00
1801	882.67	606.03	341.39	1721	1719	278.45	243.95	324.00
1801	880.88	604.49	340.22	1721	1719	2 80 . 25	245.75	326.00
1801	879.10	602.96	339.05	1722	1720	282.06	247.56	328.00
1801	877.32	601.43	337.89	1722	1720	283.86	249.36	330.00
1801	875.56	599.91	336.74	1723	1721	285.66	251.16	332.00
1801	873.80	598.40	335.60	1723	1721	287.46	252.96	334.00

TWO-WAY TRAVEL TIME FROM SRD	MEASURED DEPTH FROM KB	VERTICAL DEPTH FROM SRD	AVERASE VELOCITY SRD/GEO	RMS VELOCITY	FIRST NORMAL MOVEOUT	SECOND NORMAL MOVEOUT	THIRD NORMAL MOVEOUT	INTERVAL VELOCITY
MS		, in the second	M/s	M/S	MS	MS	MS	M/S
336.00	254.76	289.26	1722	1724	334.46	596.89	872.05	1801
338.00	256.56	291.06	1722	1724	333.33	595.40	870.30	1801
340.00	258.36	292.86	1723	1725	332.20	593.91	868.57	1801
342.00	260.16	294.66	1723	1725	331.09	592.42	866.84	1801
344.00	261.96	296.46	1724	1725	329.97	590.94	865.11	1801
346.00	263.76	298.26	1724	1726	328.87	589.47	863.40	1801
348.CO	2.65.56	300.06	1725	1726	327.77	588.01	861.69	1801
350 .0 0	267.37	301.87	1725	1727	326.68	586.55	859.98	1801
352.00	269.20	303.70	1726	1727	325.52	584.99	858.14	1838
354.00	271.29	305.79	1728	1730	323.93	582.71	855.30	2086
356.00	273.37	307.87	1730	1732	322.35	580.45	852.48	2086
358.00	275.46	309.96	1732	1734	320.78	578.20	849.68	2086
360.00	277.55	312.05	1734	1736	319.24	575.98	846.92	2086
362.00	279.63	314.13	1736	1738	317.70	573.78	844.17	2086
364.00	281.72	316.22	1737	1740	316.18	571.60	841.45	2086
366.00	283.80	318.30	1739	1742	314.68	569.43	838.75	2086
358.00	285.89	320.39	1741	1744	313.19	567.29	836.08	2086
370.00	287.97	322.47	1743	1747	311.72	565.16	833.43	2086
372.00	290.05	324.55	1745	1743	310.26	563.07	830.82	2081
374.00	292.04	326.54	1746	1750	308.99	561.26	828.60	1984
376.00	294.02	328.52	1747	1751	307.72	559.47	826.41	1983
378.00	296.01	330.51	1749	1752	306.47	557.69	324.22	1985
380.00	298.05	332.55	1750	1754	305.12	555.75	821.81	2047
382.00	299.99	334.49	1751	1755	303.97	554.12	819.84	1933

TWO-WAY TRAVEL TIME FROM SRD	MEASURED DEPTH FROM KB	VERTICAL DEPTH FROM SRD	AVERAGE VELOCITY SRD/GEO	RMS VELOCITY	FIRST NORMAL MOVEOUT	SECOND NORMAL MOVEOUT	THIRD NORMAL MOVEOUT	INTERVAL VELOCITY
Ms			M/S	M/S	MS	MS	MS	M/s
384.00	301.96	336.46	1752	1756	302.76	552.42	817.75	1969
386.00	303.96	338.46	1754	1758	301.52	550.64	815.55	2002
388.00	306.00	340.50	1755	1759	300.23	548.77	813.25	2037
390.00	307.98	342.48	1756	1760	299.02	547.06	811.13	1988
392.00	310.04	344.54	1758	1762	297.73	545.17	808.79	2055
394.00	311.98	346.48	1759	1763	296.61	543.59	806.86	1943
396.00	313.95	348.45	1760	1764	295.46	541.95	804.85	1968
398.00	315.99	350.49	1761	1766	294.23	540.16	802.62	2036
400.00	318.01	352.51	1763	1767	293.01	538.40		2026
그림 생물이 많아 되었다. 다					마기를 마장 이번 개발되었다.		800.44	2035
402.00	320.05	354.55	1764	1768	291.79	536.63	798.25	2018
404.80	322.06	356.56	1765	1770	290.61	534.92	796.12	1985
406.00	324.05	358.55	1766	1771	289.49	533.30	794.12	1977
408.00	326.03	360.53	1767	1772	288.38	531.70	792.16	2156
410.00	328.18	362.68	1769	1774	287.02	529.68	789.60	
412.00	330.21	364.71	1770	1775	285.86	527.99	787.50	2028
414.00	332.44	366.94	1773	1778	284.41	525.82	734.72	2229
416.00	335.07	369.57	1777	1783	282.30	522.53	780.38	2636
418.00	337.48	371.98	1780	1786	280.61	519.94	777.02	2406
420.00	339.81	374.31	1782	1789	279.06	517.58	773.96	2333
422.00	342.03	376.58	1785	1792	277.63	\$ 515.41	771.19	2263
424.00	344.44	378.94	1787	1795	276.07	513.01	763.08	2364
426.00	346.80	381.30	1790	1798	274.53	510.65	765.02	2361
428.08	349.04	383.54	1792	1801	273.18	508.60	762.39	2241
430.00	351.25	385.75	1794	1803	271.89	506.67	759.92	2202

438.42 1834

478.00

403.92

<i>r</i> *			FALINGES			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
INTERVAL VELOCITY	THIRD NORMAL MOVEDUT	SECOND NORMAL MOVEOUT	FIRST NORMAL MOVEOUT	RMS VELOCITY	AVERAGE VELOCITY SRD/GEO	DEPTH FROM	MEASURED DEPTH FROM	TWO-WAY TRAVEL TIME FROM SRD
M/S	MS	MS	MS	M/S	M/S	SRO	KB	MS MS
2127	757.71	504.92	270.72	1804	1796	387.87	353.37	432.00
2337.			269.27	1807	1798	390.21	, 16명의 회장이 보냈는 그 없다.	434.00
.2284	754.83	502.69			그 방송하다 그렇게 걸려가	392.49		
2197	752.15	500.62	267.92	1810	1800		일 내용에 집에서 뭐야 되는	436.00
2051	749.78	498.76	.26 6. 69	1811	1802	394.6 9		438.00
1852	747.86	497.23	265.66	1813	1803	396.74		440.00
185 1	746.50	496.10	264.86	1813	1804	398.59	이 없는 지역은 어린 이름	442.00
1917	745.15	494.97	264.08	1813	1804	400-44	365.94	444.00
1949	743.63	493.73	263.22	1813	1804	402.36	367.86	446.00
	742.02	492.42	262.33	1814	1805	404.31	369.81	448.00
1856	740.67	491.30	261.55	1814	1805	406.17	371.67	450.00
1855	739.33	490.19	260.77	1814	1805	408.02	373.52	452.00
1948	737.75	488.91	259.90	1815	1806	409.97	375.47	454.00
2082	735.81	487.37	258.88	1816	1807	412.05	377.55	456.00
2563	732.38	484.78	257.24	1820	1811	414.61	380.11	458.00
2355	729.67	482.70	255.91	1823	1813	416.97	382.47	460.00
2269	727.24	480.83	254.70	1825	1815	419.24	384.74	452,00
2399	724.45	478.69	253.34	1823	1817	421.64	387.14	464.00
2527	721.27	476.29	251.82	1832	1820	424.16	389.66	466.CC
2629	717.78	473.67	250.18	1836	1824	426.79		468.00
2224	715.53	471.96	249.08	1837	1826	429.02	394.52	470.00
2448	712.74	469.80	247.71	1841	1828	431.46	396.96	472.00
2212			246.64	1842	1830	433.68		474.00
2549	710.60	468.15						476.00
2195	707.50	465.81	245.18	1846	1833 1834	436.23		
	705-45	454.22	244.15	1847	1054	438.42	403.92	478.00

1847 244.15

705.45

454.22

: PRINCES-1

PAGE

INTERVA VELOCIT	THIRD NORMAL MOVEOUT	SECOND NORMAL MOVEOUT	FIRST NORMAL MOVEOUT	RMS VELOCITY	AVERAGE VELOCITY SRD/GEO	VERTICAL DEPTH FROM SRD	MEASURED DERTH FROM KB	TWO-WAY TRAVEL TIME FROM SRD
M/S	MS	MS	MS	M/S	M/S	Ň	M	MS
226	703.22	462.50	243.05	1849	1836	440.68	406.18	480.00
208	701.49	461.13	242.16	1850	1837	442.77	408.27	482.00
50%	699.78	459.79	241.28	1851	1838	444.84	410.34	484.00
243	697.11	457.77	240.01	1854	1841	447.28	412.78	436.00
220	695.10	456.21	239.01	1856	1842	449.49	414.99	488.00
195	693.70	455.09	238.26	1856	1843	451.44	416.94	490.00
502	692.14	453.85	237.45	1.857	1843	453.47	418.97	492.00
205	690.54	452.59	236.62	1858	1844	455.52	421.02	494.00
211	688.80	451.23	235.74	1859	1845	457.64	423.14	496,00
210	687.09	449.89	234.88	1860	1846	459.74	425.24	498.00
207	685.44	448.60	234.04	1861	1847	461.82	427.32	500.00
214	683.64	447.20	233.14	1862	1848	463.97	429.47	502.00
259	680.69	445.00	231.79	1865	1851	466.56	432.06	504.00
218	678.83	443.56	230.87	1867	1853	468.74	434.24	506.00
229	676.72	441.95	229.86	1869	1854	471.04	436.54	508.00
216	674.92	440.56	228.98	1870	1856	473.20	438.70	510.00
204	673.41	439.38	228.21	1871	1856	475.25	440.75	512.00
203	671.93	438.21	227.45	1871	1857	477.29	442.79	514.00
190	670.54	437.11	226.74	1872	1858	479.23	444.78	516.00
190	669.34	436.14	226.10	1872	1858	481.19	446.69	518.00
196	668.02	435.09	225.42	1872	1858	483.16	448.66	520.00
236	665.80	433.42	224.38	1875	1860	485.53	451.03	522.00
280	662.41	430.93	222.88	1879	1864	488.34	453.84	524.00
198	661.08	429.87	222.19	1879	1864	490.32	455.82	526.00

528.00 457.94 492.44 1865 1880 221.41 428.63 659.47 530.00 459.93 494.43 1866 1881 220.74 427.60 658.16 532.00 461.94 496.44 1866 1881 220.05 426.53 656.80 534.00 463.96 498.46 1867 1882 219.35 425.44 655.41 536.00 466.00 500.50 1868 1882 218.66 424.35 654.02 538.00 467.96 502.46 1868 1883 218.02 423.36 652.77 540.00 469.85 504.35 1868 1883 217.44 422.47 651.65 542.00 471.87 506.37 1869 1883 216.76 421.41 650.30	VAL ITY
528.00 457.94 492.44 1865 1880 221.41 428.63 659.47 530.00 459.93 494.43 1866 1881 220.74 427.60 658.16 532.00 461.94 496.44 1866 1881 220.05 426.53 656.80 534.00 463.96 498.46 1867 1882 219.35 425.44 655.41 536.00 466.00 500.50 1868 1882 218.66 424.35 654.02 538.00 467.96 502.46 1868 1883 218.02 423.36 652.77 540.00 469.85 504.35 1868 1883 217.44 422.47 651.65 542.00 471.87 506.37 1869 1883 216.76 421.41 650.30	\$
530.00 459.93 494.43 1866 1881 220.74 427.60 658.16 532.00 461.94 496.44 1866 1881 220.05 426.53 656.80 534.00 463.96 498.46 1867 1882 219.35 425.44 655.41 536.00 466.00 500.50 1868 1882 218.66 424.35 654.02 538.00 467.96 502.46 1868 1883 218.02 423.36 652.77 540.00 469.85 504.35 1868 1883 217.44 422.47 651.65 542.00 471.87 506.37 1869 1883 216.76 421.41 650.30	119
532.00 461.94 496.44 1866 1881 220.05 426.53 656.80 534.00 463.96 498.46 1867 1882 219.35 425.44 655.41 536.00 466.00 500.50 1868 1882 218.66 424.35 654.02 538.00 467.96 502.46 1868 1883 218.02 423.36 652.77 540.00 469.85 504.35 1868 1883 217.44 422.47 651.65 542.00 471.87 506.37 1869 1883 216.76 421.41 650.30	982
534.00 463.96 498.46 1867 1882 219.35 425.44 655.41 536.00 466.00 500.50 1868 1882 218.66 424.35 654.02 538.00 467.96 502.46 1868 1883 218.02 423.36 652.77 540.00 469.85 504.35 1868 1883 217.44 422.47 651.65 542.00 471.87 506.37 1869 1883 216.76 421.41 650.30	009
536.00 466.00 500.50 1868 1882 218.66 424.35 654.02 538.00 467.96 502.46 1868 1883 218.02 423.36 652.77 546.00 469.85 504.35 1868 1883 217.44 422.47 651.65 542.00 471.87 506.37 1869 1883 216.76 421.41 650.30	0.28
538.00 467.96 502.46 1868 1883 218.02 423.36 652.77 540.00 469.85 504.35 1868 1883 217.44 422.47 651.65 542.00 471.87 506.37 1869 1883 216.76 421.41 650.30	032
540.00 469.85 504.35 1868 1883 217.44 422.47 651.65 542.00 471.87 506.37 1869 1883 216.76 421.41 650.30	964
542.00 471.87 506.37 1869 1883 216.76 421.41 650.30	892
544_00 473_83 508_33 1869 1884 216_13 420_43 649_06	020
그는 이렇게 하면 하는 것이 되는 것이 하는 것이 되는 것이 되었다면 하는 것이 되었다면 하는데 되었다면 되었다면 하는데 되었다면 되었다면 되었다면 되었다면 되었다면 되었다면 되었다면 되었다면	961
546.00 475.76 510.26 31869 1884 215.53 3 419.50 647.89	930
548.00 477.79 512.29 1870 1884 214.86 478.44 646.53	029
550.00 479.80 514.30 514.30 1870 1870 1885 3 214.21 477.42 3 645.22 3 645.22 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	006
552.00 481.81 516.31 1871 1871 1885 213.55 416.39 4643.90	014
554.00 483.84 518.34 1871 871 886 86 212.89 485.34 11 642255	031
556.00 485.88 520.38 1872 1886 212.22 414.29 641.19	042
558.000 - 487.86 - 522.36 cm2 41872 - 52.1887 m 211.61 cm 413.32 cm 4639.96 cm -	974
	895
562.00 % 491.77 % 526.27 % 1873 % 1887 % 210.41% 411.45% % 637.57% % %	020
564.00 493.70 528.20 48 1873 40 1887 209.84 1410.55 1636.43	932
566.00 - 495.71 - 530.21 - 1874 - 1888 - 209.21 - 409.55 - 635.15 - 1 - 1	009
	957
-	894
572.00 × 5501.50 × 536.00 × × 1874 × × × 1888 × × 207.52 × × 406.90 × × 631.77 × × × ×	938
574.00 504.11 538.61 1877 1891 206.43 405.06 629.26	605

— 6		raja (1873) (1886) Grandella						
COMPANY :	BEACH PET	ROLEUM N.L		NELL	: PRINCES	5 -1		PA
TWO-WAY TRAVEL TIME	MEASURED DEPTH FROM	VERTICAL DEPTH FROM	AVERAGE VELOCITY SRD/GEO	RMS VÉLOCITY	FIRST NORMAL MOVEOUT	SECOND NORMAL MOVEOUT	THIRD NORMAL MOVEOUT	INTERVAL VELOCITY
FROM SRD MS	KB M	SRD M	M/S	MVS	MS	MS	MS	M/S
576.00	506.08	540.58	1877	1892	205.84	404.13	628.06	1977
578.0G	508.03	542.53	1877	1892	205.28	403.24	626.93	1945
580.00	509.98	544.48	1878	1892	204.71	402.34	625.78	1954
582.00	511.93	546.43	1878	1892	¥204 . 16	401,47	624.66	1943
584.00	514.16	548.66	1879	1893	203.40	400.22	623.00	2235
586.00	516.23	550.73	1880	1894	202.77	399.20	621.66	2069
588.00	518.29	552.79	1880	1895	202.15	398.20	620.36	2054
590.00	520.34	554.84	1881	1895	201.54	397.21	619.06	2050
592.00	522.42	556.92	1881	1896	200.90	396.17	617.71	2088
594.00	524.43	558.93	1882	1896	200.33	395.25	616.51	2002
596.00	526.43	560.93	1882	1897	199.76	394.32	615.31	2008
598.00	528.54	563.04	1883	1897	199.12	393.29	613.94	2103
600.00	530.70	565.20	1884	1898	198.45	392.18	612.47	2163
602.00	532.95	567.45	1885	1900	197.72	390.96	610.34	2253 2704
604.00	535.25	569.75	1887	1901	196.96	389.69	609.13	2301
606.00	537.76	572.26	1889	1903	196.04	388.15	607.01	2509
608.00	539.97	574.47	1890	1904	195.36	387.01	605.49	2210
610.00	542.23	576.73	1891	1906	194.65	385.82	603.90	2253 2440
612.00	544.67	579.17	1893	1 90 8	193.81	384.40	601.96	
614.00	547.02	581.52	1894	1909	193.04	383.11	600.20	2352
616.00	549.43	583.93	1896	1911	192.24	381.75	598.35	2411
618.00	551.88	586.38	1898	1913	191.41	380.34	596.43	2450
620.00	554.19	588.69	1899	1915	190.69	379.12	594.78	2312
622.00	556.74	591.24	1901	1917	189.80	377.60	592.68	2552

TWO-WAY TRAVEL TIME FROM SRD	MEASURED DEPTH FROM K8	VERTICAL DEPTH FROM SRD	AVERAGE VELOCITY SRD/GEO	RMS VELOCITY	FIRST NORMAL MOVEOUT	SECOND NORMAL MOVEOUT	THIRD NORMAL MOVEOUT	INTERVAL VELOCITY
MS	M	N	M/S	M/S	MS	MS	MS	M/S
624.00	559.02	593.52	1902	1918	189.12	376.44	591.12	2277
626.00	561.22	595.72	1903	1919	188.49	375.39	589.70	2195
628.00	563.38	597.88	1904	1920	187.88	374.38	588.35	2165
630.00	565.59	600.09	1905	1921	187.25	373.32	586.92	2210
632.00	567.97	602.47	1907	1923	186.51	372.06	585.20	2385
634.00	570.42	604.92	1908	1924	185.74	3 70.73	583.38	2443
636.00	572.90	607.40	1910	1926	184.95	369.37	581.51	2479
638.00	575.38	609.88	1912	1928	184.16	368.02	579.64	2480
640.00	577.85	612.35	1914	1930	183.38	366.68	577.80	2476
642.00	580.45	614.95	1916	1933	132.53	365.20	575.74	2599
644.00	582.93	617.43	1917	1935	181.76	363.88	573.92	2477
646.00	585.44	619.94	1919	1937	180.98	362.53	572.06	2508
648.00	587.94	622.44	1921	1939	180.22	361.20	570.22	2499
650.00	590.42	624.92	1923	1941	179.47	359.91	568.43	2480
652.00	592.86	627.36	1924	1942	178.75	358.66	566.71	2447
654.00	595.32	629.82	1926	1944	178.03	357.41	564.98	2460
656.00	597.70	632.20	1927	1946	177.36	356.26	563.40	2382
658.00	600.09	634.59	1929	1947	176.69	355.11	551.82	2382
650.00	602.44	636.94	1930	1949	176.05	354.01	560.30	2351
662.00	605.00	639.50	1932	1.951	175.29	352.67	558.44	2559
664.90	607.46	641.96	1934	1952	174.59	351.45	556.75	2468
656.00	609.90	644.40	1935	1954	173.91	350.28	555.12	2436
658.00	612.67	647.17	1938	1957	173.03	348.71	552.92	2772
670-00	615.13	649.68	1939	1959	172.32	347.48	551.20	2505
						<u> </u>		

TWO-WAY TRAVEL TIME FROM SRD	MEASURED DEPTH FROM KB	VERTICAL DEPTH FROM SRD	AVERAGE VELOCITY SRD/GED	RMS VELOCITY	FIRST NORMAL MOVEOUT	SECOND NORMAL MOVEOUT	THIRD NORMAL MOVEOUT	INTERVAL VELOCITY
NS			M/S	M/S	MS	MS	MS	M/S
672.00	617.52	652.02	1941	1960	171.72	346.43	549.75	2342
674.00	619.85	654.35	1942	1961	171.12	345.40	548.34	2326
676.00	622.30	656.80	1943	1963	170.46	344.25	546.73	2452
678.00	624.77	659.27	1945	1965	169.80	343.08	545.11	2472
680.00	627.35	661.85	1947	1967	169.07	341.81	543.32	2580
682.00	629.98	664.48	1949	1969	168.33	340.48	541.46	2628
684.00	632.69	667.19	1951	1972	167.54	339.08	539.47	2713
686.00	635.39	669.89	1953	1974	166.76	337.70	537.53	2697
688.00	638.01	672.51	1955	1976	166.04	336.42	535.73	2618
690.00	640.85	675.35	1958	1979	165.19	334.90	533.56	2843
692.00	643.55	678.05	1960	1982	164.43	333,55	531.65	2701
694.00	646.24	680.74	1962	1984	163.69	332.22	529.78	2689
696.00	648.78	683.28	1963	1986	163.04	331.06	528.15	2544
698.00	651.16	685.66	1965	1987	162.48	330.08	526.78	2372
700.00	653.48	687.98	1966	1988	161.95	329.15	525.49	2323
702.00	655.84	690.34	1967	1989	161.40	328.18	524.14	2366
704.00	658,39	692.89	1968	1991	160.76	327.05	522.55	2545
706.00	660.84	695.34	1970	1993	160.18	326.02	521.10	2447
708.00	663.26	697.76	1971	1994	159.62	325.02	519.70	2425
710.00	665.66	700.16	1972	1995	159.07	324.05	518.34	2396
712.00	668.15	702.65	1974	1997	158.48	322.99	516.86	2492
714.00	679.61	705.11	1975	1993	157.90	321.97	515.42	2463
716.00	672.91	707.41	1976	1999	157.41	321.11	514.22	2297
718.00	675.26	709.76	1977	2000	156.90	320.20	512.95	2351
and the second of the second								

TWO-WAY TRAVEL TIME FROM SRD	MEASURED DEPTH FROM K9	VERTICAL DEPTH FROM SRD	AVERAGE VELOCITY SRD/GEO	RMS VELOCITY	FIRST NORMAL MOVEOUT	SECOND NORMAL MOVEOUT	THIRD NORMAL MOVEOUT	INTERVAL VELOCITY
МS			M/S	M/S	MS	MS	MS	4/s
720.00	677.63	712.13	1978	2001	156.38	319.28	511.66	2372
722.00	630.09	714.59	1979	2003	155.83	318.29	510-27	2455
724.00	682.43	716.93	1980	2004	155.33	317.41	509.03	2339
726.00	684.81	719.31	1982	2005	154.82	316.50	507.75	2379
728.00	687.16	721.66	1983	2006	154.32	315.62	506.52	2351
730.00	689.59	724.09	1984	2007	153.80	314.67	505.18	2430
732.00	692.05	726.55	1985	2009	153.26	313.70	503.81	2463
734.00	694.49	728.99	1986	2010	152.73	312.76	502.48	2440
736.00	696.99	731.49	1988	2011	152.18	311.76	501.07	2504
738.00	699.46	733.96	1989	2013	151.65	310.81	499.72	2464
740.00	701.92	736.42	1990	2014	151.12	309.87	498.38	2460
742.00	704.35	738.85	1992	2015	150.61	308 .95	497.09	2432
744.00	706.71	741.21	1993	2016	150.14	308.10	495.88	2366
746.00	709.05	743.55	1993	2017	149.68	307.27	494.72	2336
748.00	711.50	746.00	1995	2019	149.17	306.36	493.42	245.2
750.00	714.07	748.57	1996	2020	148.61	305.35	491.98	2565
752.00	716.54	751.04	1997	2022	148.10	304.43	490.67	2472
754.00	719.06	753.56	1999	2023	147.57	303.47	489.30	2520
756.00	721.43	755.93	S 0 0 0	2024	147.11	302.64	488.13	2373
758.00	723.99	758.49	2001	2026	146.57	301.66	486.72	2562
760.00	726.58	761.08	2003	2027	146.03	300.66	485.29	2588
762.00	729.07	763.57	2004	2029	145.53	299.75	483.99	2489
764.00	731.45	765.95	2005	2030	145.08	298.94	482.84	2375
766 <u>.</u> 00	733.67	768.17	2006	2030	144.69	298.24	431.86	2227

TWO-WAY TRAVEL TIME FROM SRD	MEASURED DEPTH FROM KB	VERTICAL DEPTH FROM SRD	AVERAGE VELOCITY SRD/GEO	RMS VELOCITY	FIRST NORMAL MOVEOUT	SECOND NORMAL MOVEOUT	THIRD NGRMAL MOVEOUT	INTERVAL VELOCITY
MS		M. v.	M/S	M/S	MS	MS	MS	M/s
768.00	736.10	770.60	2007	2031	144.22	297.39	480.65	2431
770.00	738.61	773.11	2008	2033	143.73	296.49	479.36	2505
772.00	740.96	775.46	8009	2034	143.30	295.71	478.25	2355
774.00	743.52	778.02	2010	2035	142.79	294.78	476.91	2553
776.00	745.93	780.43	2011	2036	142.34	293.96	475.75	2411
778.00	748.42	782.92	2013	2038	141.86	293 . 09	474.50	2491
730.00	750.86	785.36	2014	2039	141.41	292.27	473.32	2436
782.00	753.27	787.77	2015	2040	140.97	291.46	472.17	2411
784.00	755.54	790.04	2015	0405	140.59	290.77	471.19	2270
736.00	757.85	792.35	2016	2041	140.19	290.05	470.16	2309
788.00	760.17	794.67	2017	2042	139.79	289.32	469.13	23,25
790.00	762.56	797.05	2018	2043	139.37	288.55	468.03	2386
792.00	764.90	799.40	2019	2044	138.97	287.82	456,98	2345
794.00	767.21	801.71	2019	2044	138.58	287.11	465.97	2311
796.00	769.41	803.91	5050	2045	138.24	286.48	465.08	2201
798.00	771.69	806.19	2021	2045	137.86	285.81	464.12	2272
800.00	774.01	808.51	2021	2046	137.48	285.10	463.12	2321
802.00	776.33	810.83	5055	2047	137.09	284.40	462.11	2324
804.00	778.70	813.20	2023	2048	136.70	283.67	461.05	2363 2397
806 . 00	781.10	815.60	2024	2049	136.29	282.92	459.99	
808.00	783.50	818.00	2025	2050	135.88	282.17	458.91	2407 2430
810.00	785.93	820.43	2026	2051	135.47	281.41	457.81	2430 2382
212.00	788.32	822.82	2027	2051	135.08	280.68	456.77	2381
814.00	790.70	825.20	2028	2052	134.68	279.96	455.73	1 oc 2

TWO-WAY	MEASURED	VERTICAL	AUE0466					
TRAVEL TIME FROM SRD	DEPTH FROM KS	DEPTH FROM SRD	AVERAGE VELOCITY SRD/GEO	VELOCITY	FIRST NORMAL MOVEOUT	SECOND NORMAL MOVEOUT	THIRD NORMAL MOVEOUT	INTERVAL VELOCITY
MS	`	Ň	M/s	M/S	MS	MS	MS	M/S
816.00	793.10	827.60	2028	2053	134.29	27 9.23	454.68	2400
818.00	795.62	830.12	2030	2055	133.85			2522
820 . 00	798.15	832.65	2031	2056	133.41	278.42 277.61	453.50	2530
822.00	800.66	835.16	2032	2057	132.99		452.32	251 5
824.00	803.18	837.68	2033	2057 2058		276.81	451.16	2516
826.00	805.62		젊은 그 이 그리지 않다	- 그리 소리를 받아 하는 것이다.	132.56	276.02	450.01	2437
이 되는 사람들은 사람들은 사람들이 없다.		840.12	2034	2059	132.16	275.28	448.94	2439
00.858	808.06	842.56	2035	2060	131.77	274.55	447.88	2417
830.00	810.47	844.97	2036	2061	131.38	273.84	446.84	2431
832.00	812.90	847.40	2037	2062	131.00	273.12	445.30	2526
834.00	815.43	849.93	2038	2063	130.58	272.34	444.66	2500
836.00	817.93	852,43	2039	2065	130.17	271.58	443.56	
838.00	820.40	854.90	2040	2066	129.78	270.84	442.48	2473
840.00	822.90	857.40	2041	2067	129.38	270.09	441.39	2501
842.00	825.44	859.94	2043	2088	128.96	269.32	440.26	2535
844.00	827.93	862.43	2044	2069	128.57	268.59	439.19	2488
846.00	830.50	865.00	2045	2071	128.15	267.80	438.04	2577
848.00	833.14	867.64	2046	2072	127.71	266.97	436.82	2640
250 . 00	235.73	870.23	2048	2073	127.30	266.18	435.66	2588
852.00	838.25	872.75	2049	2075	126.90	265.45	434.59	2516
354.00	840.75	875.25	2050	2076	126.52	264.72	433.53	2503
856.00	843.26	877.76	2051	2077	126.13	264.00	432.47	2507
00.383	845.77	880.27	2052	2078	125.75	263.28	431,41	25 1 2
860.00	848.24	882.74	2053	2079	125.38	262.59	430.40	2470
862 . 00	850.71	385.21	2054	2080	125.02	261.90	429.39	2469
				2 U Q U	123.02	201.70	467.37	

TWO-WAY TRAVEL TIME FROM SRD	MEASURED DEPTH FROM KB	VERTICAL DEPTH FROM SRD	AVERAGE VELOCITY SRD/GEO	RMS VELOCITY	FIRST NORMAL MOVEOUT	SECOND NORMAL MOVEOUT	THIRD NORMAL MOVEOUT	INTERVAL VELOCITY
MS	ì		M/S	M/S	MS	MS	MS	MVS
864.00	853.18	887.68	2055	2081	124.65	261.22	428.38	2473
866.00	855.63	890.13	2056	2082	124.30	260.55	427.41	2446
858.00	858.06	892.56	2057	2083	123.95	259.90	426.45	2429
370.00	860.59	895.09	2058	2084	123.58	259.18	425.40	25,32
872.00	863.36	897.86	2059	2086	123.12	258.32	424.12	2768
874.00	866.22	900.72	2061	8808	122.64	257.41	422.75	2863
876.00	869.06	903.56	2063	2090	122.18	256.51	421.42	2842
878.00	871.86	906.36	2065	2092	121.73	255.65	420.13	2797
880.00	874.77	909.27	2067	2094	121.24	254.71	418.73	2915
882.00	877.51	912.01	2068	2096	120.81	253.90	417.52	2739
384.00	880.35	914.85	2070	2098	120.36	253.03	416.23	2834
836.00	883.29	917.79	2072	2100	119.88	252.10	414.83	2941
888.00	885.92	920.42	2073	2101	119.49	251.37	413.74	2631
890.00	888.65	923.15	2075	2103	119.08	250.58	412.57	2733
892.00	891.46	925.96	2076	2105	118.65	249.76	411.33	2804
894.00	894.19	928.69	2078	2106	118.25	248.98	410.17	2730
896.00	896.80	931.30	2079	2108	117.88	248.28	409.13	2616
898.00	899.65	934.15	2081	2109	117.44	247.44	407.87	2852
900.00	902.48	936.98	2082	2111	117.02	246.62	406.64	2824
902.00	905.55	940.05	2084	2114	116.52	245.64	405.17	3073
904.00	908.51	943.01	2086	2116	116.05	244.75	403.82	2963
906.00	911.19	945.69	2088	2118	115.63	244.03	402.75	2681
908.00	913.77	948.27	2089	2119	115.34	243.38	401.78	2571
910.00	916.44	950.94	2090	2120	114.97	242.68	400.72	2676

TWO-WAY TRAVEL	MEASURED DEPTH	VERTICAL DEPTH	AVERAGE VELOCITY	RMS VELOCITY	FIRST NORMAL	SECOND NORMAL	THIRD NORMAL	INTERVAL VELOCITY
TIME FROM SRD	FROM KB	FROM	ŠŘĎŽĠĖÒ	VLLOCI	MÖVEÖÜT	MOVEOUT	MOVEOUT	VELUCITY
WS	Î M	Ň	M/s	M/S	MS	MS	MS	M/S
912.00	919.19	953.69	2091	2122	114.5 9	241.93	399.60	2751
914.00	922.38	956.88	2094	2125	114.07	240.92	398.07°	3188
916.00	925.07	959.57	2095	2126	113.71	240.22	그림은 바람들이 하다고 있다.	2689
918.00	928.15	962.65	2097	2129	113.23	239.29	397.02 395.61	3082
920 . 00	931.25	965.75	2099	2131			And Marie Marie (Marie	3104
922.00	933.99	968.49	2101	2133	112.75	238.35	394.19	2735
924.00	936.93	971.43			112.38	237.64	393.12	2935
926.00	939.54	기가는 이번 기계 전쟁을 했다.	2103	2135	111.96	236.82	391.88	2611
		974.04	2104	2136	111.63	236.19	390.92	2709
928.00	942.25	976.75	2105	2137	111.28	235.51	389.90	2634
930.00	944.88	979.38	2106	2138		234.87	388.93	2704
932.00	947.58	982.08	2107	2140	110.60	234.19	387.92	2750
934.00	950.33	984.83	2109	2141	110.24	233.50	386.87	2654
936.00	952.99	987.49	2110	2143	109,91	232.86	385.91	2545
938.00	955.53	990.03	2111	2144	109.61	232.28	385.04	
940.00	958.12	992.62	2112	2145	109.30	231.68	384.13	2593
942.00	961.13	995.63	2114	2147	108.88	230.85	382.88	3007
944.00	963.99	998.49	2115	2149	108.51	230.12	381.77	2862
946.00	966.83	1001.33	2117	2150	108.14	229.40	380.68	2839
948.00	969.55	1004.05	2118	2152	107.80	228.75	379.70	2717
950.00	972.22	1006.72	2119	2153	107.48	228.13	378.76	2669
952.00	974.96	1009.46	2121	2154	107.15	227.47	377.76	2742
954.00	977.70	1012.20	2122	2156	106.81	226.82	376.78	2743
956.00	980.48	1014.98	2123	2157	106.47	226.16	375.76	2781
958.00	983.29	1017.79	2125	2159	106.13	225.48	374.74	2802
<u> 1122</u>			17.7					

COMPANY :	BEACH PE	TROLEUM N.L.		WELL	: PRINCE:	S -1		PA
TWO-WAY TRAVEL TIME FROM SRD	MEASURED DEPTH FROM KB	VERTICAL DEPTH FROM SRD	AVERAGE VELOCITY SRD/GEO	RMS VELOCITY	FIRST NORMAL MOVEOUT	SECOND NORPAL MOVEOUT	THIRD NORMAL MOVEOUT	INTERVAL VELOCITY
MS	N	M	M/S	M/Ş	MS	MS	MS	M/S
960.00	986.09	1020.59	2126	2160	105.78	224.81	373.71	2808
962.00	988.94	1023.44	2128	2162	105.43	224.12	372.66	2843
964.00	991.68	1026.18	2129	2163	105.11	223.49	371.70	2742
96 6.0 0	994.23	1028.73	2130	2164	104.83	222.95	370.89	2554
968.00	996.62	1031.12	2130	2165	104.59	222.48	370.19	2392
970.00	999.02	1033.52	2131	2165	104.35	222.01	369.48	240.1
972.00	1001.41	1035.91	2131	2166	104.11	221.55	368.79	2380
974.00	1003.79	1038.29	2132	2166	103.88	221.09	368.11	2384
976.00	1006.37	1040.37	2133	2167	103.60	220.55	367.29	2580
978.00	1008.95	1043.45	2134	2168	103.33	220.02	366.47	2577
980.00	1011.55	1046.05	2135	. 2169	103.05	219.47	365.64	2600
982.00	1014.10	1048.60	2136	2170	102.78	218.95	364.85	2555
984.00	1016.87	1051.37	2137	2171	102.47	218.33	363.91	2770
986.00	1019.57	1054.07	2138	2172	102.17	217.75	363.02	2701
938.00	1022.21	1056.71	2139	2173	101.89	217.19	362.18	2642
990.00	1024.76	1059.26	2140	2174	101.63	216.68	361.41	2548
945.00	1027.38	1061.88	2141	2175	101.35	216.15	360.59	2616
994.00	1029.95	1064.45	2142	2176	101.09	215.64	359.81	2568
996.00	1032.51	1067.01	2143	2177	100.83	215.13	359.04	2562
998.00	1035.07	1009.57	2143	2178	100.58	214.62	358.27	2565 2597
1009.00	1037.67	1072.17	2144	2179	100.31	214.10	357.48	
1002.00	1040.28	1074.78	2145	2180	100.05	213.58	356.68	2611 2616
1004.00	1042.90	1077.40	2145	2181	99.78	213.06	355.89	2576
1006.00	1045.47	1079.97	2147	2181	99.53	212.56	355.12	£210

TWO-WAY TRAVEL TIME FROM SRO	MEASURED DEPTH FROM KB	VERTICAL DEPTH FROM SRD	AVERAGE VELOCITY SRD/GEO	RMS VELOCITY	FIRST NORMAL MOVEOUT	SECOND NORMAL MOVEOUT	THIRD NORMAL MOVEOUT	INTERVÂL VELOCITY
MS	KA M	•	M/S	M/s	MS	MS	MS	M/S
1008.00	1047.97	1082.47	2148	2182	99.29	212.09	354.41	2497
1010.00	1050.97	1085.47	2149	2184	98.94	211.40	353.35	3003
1012.00	1053.83	1088.33	2151	2186	98.63	210.78	352.40	2855
1014.00	1056.66	1091.16	2152	2187	98.33	210.18	351.47	2835
1016.00	1059.42	1093.92	2153	2188	98.04	209.62	350.60	2759
1018.00	1062.25	1096.75	2155	2190	97.74	209.02	349.69	2825
1020.00	1065 .1 9	1099.69	2156	2191	97.42	208.38	348.70	2939
1022.00	1067.79	1102.29	2157	2192	97.17	207.89	347.94	2608
1024.00	1070.61	1105.11	2158	2194	96.88	207.31	347.05	2814
1026.00	1073.43	1107.93	2160	2195	96.59	206.73	346.16	2822
1028.00	1076.04	1110.54	2161	2196	96.35	206.25	345.41	2614
1030.00	1078.79	1113.29	2162	2197	96.07	205.70	344.58	2751
1032.00	1081.88	1116.38	2164	2199	95.73	205.02	343.51	3087
1034.00	1084.67	1119.17	2165	2201	95.45	204.46	342.65	2791
1036.00	1087.57	1122.07	2165	2202	95.15	203.87	341.74	2894
1038.00	1090.47	1124.97	2168	2204	94.86	203.28	340.81	2906
1040.00	1093.34	1127.84	2169	2205	94.57	202.70	339.93	2864
1042.00	1096.22	1130.72	2170	2207	94.28	202.12	339.03	2884
1.044.00	1099.31	1133.81	2172	2209	93.95	201.46	337.99	3092
1046.00	1102.33	1136.83	2174	2211	93.63	200.83	337.01	3019
1048.00	1105.33	1139.83	2175	2212	93.33	200.21	336.05	2995
1050.00	1108.24	1142.74	2177	2214	93.04	199.63	335.15	2914
1052.00	1111.12	1145.62	2178	2215	92 .7 6	199.08	334.29	2877
1054.00	1113.89	1148.39	2179	2216	92.50	198.50	333.49	2776
				W. W. 1	- 5	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	and the second s	

COMPANY : BEACH PETROLEUM N.L.

WELL

: PRINCES-1

TWO-WAY TRAVEL TIME FROM SRD	MEASURED DEPTH FROM KB	VERTICAL DEPTH FROM SRD	AVERAGE VELOCITY SRD/GEO	RMS VELOCITY	FIRST NORMAL MOVEOUT	SECOND NORMAL MOVEOUT	THIRD NOR MAL MOVEOUT	INTERVAL VELOCITY
MS	. M	Ň	M/S	M/S	MS	MS	MS	M/S
1056.00	1116.66	1151.16	2180	2218	92.25	198.05	332.70	2766
1058.00	1119.44	1153.94	2181	2219	91.99	197.54	331.91	2778
1060.00	1122.30	1156.80	2183	2220	91.72	197.00	331.07	2860,
1062.00	1125.11	1159.61	2184	2221	91.46	196.48	330.26	2812
1064.00	1127.94	1162.44	2185	2223	91.20	195.96	329.45	2828
1066.00	1130.83	1165.33	2186	2224	90.93	195.41	328.60	2890
1068.00	1133.65	1168.15	2188	2225	90.68	194.90	327.80	. 2822
1070.00	1136.59	1171.09	2189	2227	90.40	194.34	326.92	2946
1072.00	1139.47	1173.97	2190	2228	90.13	193.81	326.10	2873
					and the second of the second o	化三氯化氯化氢钠矿物 化心燃料 医水红虫		[3] [1] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4

Synthetic

ANALYST: M. SANDERS 24-APR-86 15:29:42 PROGRAM: GTRFRM/D07.EO8

SYNTHETIC SEISMOGRAM TABLE

COMPANY : BEACH PETROLEUM N.L.

WELL : PRINCES-1

FIELD : WILDCAT

STATE : VICTORIA

COUNTRY : AUSTRALIA

REFERENCE: 560406

ANALYST: M. SANDERS



SYNTHETIC SEISMOGRAM TABLE

COMPANY : BEACH PETROLEUM N.L.

WELL : PRINCES-1

FIELD : WILDCAT

STATE : VICTORIA

COUNTRY : AUSTRALIA

REFERENCE: 560406

THE HEADINGS AND FLAGS SHOWN IN THE DATA LIST ARE DEFINED AS FOLLOWS:

IGEOFL- FLAG INDICATING MODE OF PROCESSING
IGEOFL = 0 WST DATA AVAILABLE AND PROCESSED
IGEOFL = 1 WST DATA NOT AVAILABLE

LOG INPUT DATA:
GREODI- CHANNEL NAME FOR INPUT DENSITY LOG DATA
GTROCI- CHANNEL NAME FOR INPUT SONIC LOG DATA
GCURVE- CORRELATION LOG NAMES

USER DEFINED MODELING

LOFVEL- LAYER OPTION FLAG FOR VELOCITY LOFDEN- LAYER OPTION FLAG FOR DENSITY LAYVEL- LAYERED VELOCITY VALUES FOR USER SUPPLIED ZONE LIMIT WITH RESPECT TO SONIC LOG DATA LAYDEN- LAYERED DENSITY VALUES FOR USER SUPPLIED ZONE LIMITS WITH RESPECT TO SONIC LOG DATA UNERTH- UNIFORM EARTH VELOCITY UNFDEN- UNIFORM EARTH DENSITY SRATE SAMPLING RATE IN MS INIDEP START DEPTH FOR COMPUTING SYNTHETIC SEISMOGRAM WITH RESPECT TO SONIC LOG DATA IGESTP STOP DEPTH FOR COMPUTING SYNTHETIC SEISMOGRAM WITH RESPECT TO SONIC LUG DATA INITAU TWO WAY TRAVEL TIME FROM TOP SONIC TO SRD EKB ELVIION OF KELLY BUSHING WITH RESPECT TO MEAN SEA LEVEL SEISMIC REFERENCE DEPTH WITH RESPECT TO SRDGEO MEAN SEA LEVEL ICDP FLAG FOR COMPUTING RESIDUAL MULTIPLES COPTIM TWO WAY TIME INTERVAL FOR COMPUTATION OF RESIDUAL MULTIPLES SURFACE REFLECTOR TWO WAY TIME ABOVE INITAU SCRTIM SCREFL SURFACE REFLECTION COEFFICIENT 9CMAX REFLECTION COEFFICIENTS THAT ARE EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN THIS VALUE SHALL BE FLAGGED IN CASE OF MODELING A SYNTHETIC SEISMOGRAM WITHOUT *NOTE* SONIC LOG DATA '.THE DEPTH REFERENCES SHALL BE USER

ATAG TUSTUO

RNSVWE ROOT MEAN SQUARE VELOCITY FOUND FOR THE WELL SRDTIM TWO WAY TRANSIT TIME BETWEEN INIDEP AND SRDGEO

CHANNNEL NAMES

DEFINED

```
WELL: PRINCES+1 PAGE 2
```

```
TWOT- TWO WAY TRAVEL TIME

DSRD- DERTH OF COMPUTED DATA WITH RESPECT TO SRD

INTV- INTERVAL VELOCITY ON A TIME SCALE

RHOT- INTERVAL DENSITY ON A TIME SCALE

REFL- REFLECTION COEFFICIENT AT GIVEN TWO WAY TRAVEL TIMES

ATTE- ATTENUATION COEFFICIENT AT GIVEN TWO WAY TRAVEL TIMES

PRIM- SYNTHETIC SEISMOGRAM - PRIMARIES

MULT- SYNTHETIC SEISMOGRAM - PRIMARIES + MULTIPLES

MUON- MULTIPLES ONLY
```

CHANNEL NAMES

COMPANY : BEACH PETROLEUM N.L.

```
CHAN 1 - TWOT.GMU.002.*

CHAN 2 - DSRD.GRF.0006.*

CHAN 3 - INTV.GRF.0001.*

CHAN 5 - REFL.GRF.0001.*

CHAN 6 - ATTE.GRF.0001.*

CHAN 7 - PRIM.GRF.0001.*

CHAN 8 - MULT.GMU.0001.*

CHAN 9 - MUON.GMU.0001.*
```

(SLOPAL PARAMETERS)

(VALUE)

MODE OF PROC (GEOGRAM)	IGEOFL	,	
INITIALIZE COP LOGIC	ICDP	: · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
CDP TIME	COPTIM		S
그는 국가 그릇이 가장 가장 하는데 그 중요한 그림을 가지 않는데 없었다. 나는 것 같은데 없다.			MS
TOP DEPTH OF PROCESSING		324.500	M
BOTTOM DEPTH OF PROCESSI INITIAL TWO WAY TRAVEL T		1174.00 .371960	M S
SRD FOR GEOGRAM		-30479.7	M
ELEVATION OF KELLY BUSHI			M
SRD TIME	SROTIM	9	M M S
SURFACE COEFFICIENT OF R	SCRIIM	: U	MS
SURFACE COEFFICIENT OF R		: -1.00000	
REFLECTION_COEFF MAXIMUM	RCMAX	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	64 4 A
RMS VELOCITY IN WELL		2449.39 2133.60	M/S
UNIFORM EARTH VELOCITY :	UNERTH		G/C
AMTLOKE SCHOLL AWFOR .	UNTUEN	• c • 3 0 0 0 0	U7.4

COMPANY : PEACH PETROLEUM N.L. WELL : PRINCES-1 PAGE 3

(MATRIX PARAMETERS)

1 GR* 2 CALI*

(ZONED PARAMETERS)

LAYER OPTION FLAG DENS LOFDEN LAYER OPTION FLAG VELOC LOFVEL USER SUPPLIED DENSITY DA LAYDEN USER VELOC (WST) LAYVEL

(VALUE) (LIMITS)

:-1.000000 30479.7 30479.7 000 1.000000 -999.2500 2086.000 1801.000 1609.000 G/C3 30479.7 290.000 269.000 115.500 M/S - 269.000 115.500 50.0000 WELL : PRINCES-1

TWO WAY TRAVEL TIME MS	DEPTH FROM SRD (OR TOP)	INTERVAL VELOCITY M/S	INTERVAL DENSITY G/C3	REFLECT. COEFF.	TWO WAY ATTEN. COEFF.	SYNTHETIC SEISMO. PRIMARY	PRIMARY MULTIPLES	MULTIPLES ONLY
374.0	326.49	1986 1983	2.100 2.100	001	1.00000	00069	00069	0
376.0	328.47	1983	2.100	0	1.00000	00001	00001	0
378.0	330.45	2049	2.100	.016	.99974	.01624	.01624	0
380.0	332.50			028	.99896	02791	02789	.00002
382.0	334.44	1937	2.100	•006	.99892	.00621	-00616	00005
384.0	336.40	1962	2.100	.011	.9880	• 01 U 83	.01058	00025
386.0	338.40	2005	2.100	.008	.99874	.00779	.00872	.00093
388.0	340.44	2036	2.100	+.012	. 99859	01242	01338	00096
390.0	342.43	1986	2.100	. 018	.99827	.01770	.01767	00003
392.0	344.48	2058	2.100	027	.99754	02695	02662	.00033
394.0	346.43	1950	2.100	.004	.99753	.00385	.00451	.00066
396.0	348.40	1965	2.100	.017	.99726	.01653	.01504	00149
398.0	350.43	2031	2.100	002	.99725	00193	00005	.00188
400.0	352.45	2023	2.100	.003	.99724	.00312	.00151	00161
402.0	354.49	2036	2.100	005	.99722	00469	00485	00015
404.0	356.51	2017	2.100	005	.99719	00532	00433	.00099
406.0	358.50	1995	2.100	009	.99711	00882	00835	.00047
408.0	360.46	1960	2.100	.050	.99462	.04988	.04869	00119
410.0	362.63	2167	2.100	033	.99351	03319	03227	.00092
412.0	364.65	2027	2.100	.042	.99173	.04203	.04142	00061
414.0	366.86	2206	2.100	.090	.98363	.08962	.08769	00193
416.0	369.50	2644	2.100	051	.98103	05063	04505	.00559
418.0	371.89	2385	2.100	009	.98094	00927	01357	00429
420.0	374.23	2341	2.100	010	.98085	00962	01166	00205
4∠∪. U		2295	2.100					

TWO WAY TRAVEL TIME MS	DEPTH FROM SRD (OR TOP) M	INTERVAL VELOCITY M/S	INTERVAL DENSITY G/C3	REFLECT. COEFF.	TWO WAY ATTEN. COEFF.	SYNTHETIC SEISMO. PRIMARY	PRIMARY MULTIPLES	MULTIPLES ONLY
422.0	376.53		하였는 무려 하는 보호 수 당시되는 보기 보고 있다.	.010	.98075	.00978	.01598	.00620
424.0	378.87	2341	2.100	.008	. 980	.00744	509	00235
426.0	381.24	2377	2.100	030	.97-82	02921	03481	00560
428.0	3.83.48	22.0	2.100	007	.97977	00715	00330	.00385
430.0	385.69	2207	2.100	020	.97938	01943	01914	.00029
432.0	387.81	2121	2.100	.047	.97726	.04558	.04334	
434.0	390 . 14	2328	2.100	009	.97719	그리 강생들은 이 그들이 있었다.		00224
436.0	392.43	2288	2.100		되고 하는 사용하다 때	00848	00240	.00608
438.0	394.63	2200	2.100	020	.97681	01923	02355	+.00432
44C.0		2069	2.100	031	.97588	03010	03468	00457
	396.70	1851	2.100	7.056	.97287	05425	04992	.00433
442.0	398.55	1852	2.100	0	.97287	•00055	.00003	00020
444.0	400.40	1911	2.100	.016	.97263	.01531	.01427	00104
446.0	402.31	1953	2.100	.011	.97251	.01076	.01272	-00197
448.0	404.26	1859	2.100	025	.97191	02417	02829	00412
450.0	406.12	1852	2.100	002	.97190	00178	00998	00820
452.0	407.97	1935	2.100	-022	.97143	.02140	-03414	.01274
454.0	409.91	2064		•032	.97043	.03125	.02456	00669
456.0	411.97	그리는 네트 그렇게?	2.100	4.104	.95989	.10114	.09290	00824
458.0	414.52	2544	2.100	032	.95 890	03080	02302	.00778
460.0	416.90	2386	2.100	025	.95826	02467	02435	.00032
462.0	419.17	2266	2.100	.013	. 95811	.01223	.01473	.00250
464.0	421.49	2325	2.100	.053	.95545	.05041	.05177	.00236
4,66 . 0	424.08	258 3	2.100	.011	.95534	.01046		
468.0	426.72	2640	2.100	084	•94852		.01265	.00218
470.0		5229	2.100	• U ∪ 1	• 74 0 J C	08069	03408	00339

TWO WAY TRAVEL TIME MS	DEPTH FROM SRD (OR TOP) M	INTERVAL VELOCITY M/S	INTERVAL DENSITY G/C3	REFLECT. COEFF.	TWO WAY ATTEN. COEFF.	SYNTHETIC SEISMO PRIMARY	PRIMARY MULTIPLES	MULTIPLES ONLY
472.0	431.40	2448	2.100	050	.94406	04756	+%04025	.00731
474.0	433.61	2214 2557	2.100 2.100	.072	.93918	.06789	.05570	01219
476.0	436.17	2188	2.100	078	.93352	07289	06541	.00748
478.0	438.35	2276	\$ 2.100	.020	.93316	.01832	.02578	.00746
480.0	440.63	2082	2.100	045	.93131	04153	04106	.00046
482.0	442.71	2064	2.100	004	.93129	+.00414	100646	. 01060
484.0	444.78	2353	2.100	.065	.92730	.06095	.04758	01337
486.0	447.13	2305	2.100	011	.92719	01010	.00034	.01043
488.0	449.43	1966	2,100	079	.92145	07301	08829	+.01528
490.0	451.40	2018	2.100	.013	.92129	.0119\$.00800	.03065 01174	.01870
492.0	453.41 455.47	2053	2.100	.009 .011	.92122	.01038	.00975	01973 00064
494.0 496.0	457.57	2100	2.100	.003	.92109	.00309	01490	01799
498.0	459.68	2114	2.100	009	.92102	00802	01764	00962
500.0	461.76	2077	2.100	.013	.92087	.01190	.03743	.02553
502.0	463.89	2132	2.100	.087	.91390	.08013	.07549	00464
504.0	466.43	2538	2.100	058	.91088	05255	05451	00196
506.0	468.69	2262	2.100	012	.91074	01101	03802	02701
508.0	470.90	2208	2.100 2.100	.009	.91066	.00856	.02195	.01339
510.0	473.15	2250 2040	2.100	049	.90848	04458	-,02046	.02412
512.0	475.19	2044	2.100	•001	.90848	.00099	01005	01104
514.0	477.23	1997	2.100	012	. 90835	01062	01872	00810
516.0	479.23	1912	2.100	022	.90793	01970	03267	01297
518.0	481.14	1958	2.100	. 012	.90780	.01078	.04912	.02933

OMPANY :	BEACH PETR	OLEUM N.L.		WELL :	: PRINCES-1			PAGE
TWO WAY TRAVEL TIME MS	DEPTH FROM SRD (OR TOP)	INTERVAL VELOCITY M/S	INTERVAL DENSITY G/C3	REFLECT. COEFF.	TWO WAY ATTEN. COEFF.	SYNTHETIC SEISMO. PRIMARY	PRIMARY MULTIPLES	MULTIPLES ONLY
520.0	483.10			.089	.90062	.08071	.07657	D0414
522.0	485.44	2341	2.100	.096	.89230	.08656	.11075	.02419
524.0	488.28	2838	2.100	175	.86509	15584	15175	.00409
526.0	490.27	1994	2.100	.029	.86434	.02550	01463	04013
528.0	492.39	2115	, 2.100	033	.86342	02822	.00606	.03428
530.0	494.37	1982	2.100	.007	.86338	.00587	-01111	.00524
532 . 0	496.38	2009	2.100	.004	.86336	.00383	00282	» - 00666
534.0	498_41	2027	2.100	.003	.86335	.00262	00359	00622
536.0	500.44	2039	2.100	018	.86306	 01593	02777	01184
538.0	502.41	1965	2.100	019	.86273	01670	01294	.00376
54C.0	504.30	1891	2.100	.032	.86184	.02781	.01568	01213
542.0	506 . 32	2016	2.100	012	.86171	01055	00082	.00973
544.0	508.28	1968	2.100	011	.86160	00943	04865	03922
546.0	510.21	1925	2.100	.025	.86105	.02188	.03888	.01700
548.0	512.24	2025	2.100	004	.86103	00383	.00613	.00996
		2007	2.100	.001	.86103	.00096	00809	00906
550.0	514.24	2012	2.100	.005	.86101	.00414	.03506	.03093
552.0	516.25	2031	2.100				남편이 하게 하는 놀로 그렇게 보여	셔츠로 가는 것이 하는 모네
554.0	518.29	2043	2.100	.003	.86100	.00243	01590	01834
\$56.0	520.33	1979	2.100	016	.86079	+.01366	00700	.00667
558.0	522.31	1899	2.100	023	.86033	01993	04831	02838
560.0	524.20	2029	2.100	.036	.85924	.03057	.06370	.03314
562.0	526.23	1929	2.100	025	85869	02173	05499	03326
564.0	528.15	1984	2.100	.014	.85852	.01223	.00155	01068
566.0	530.14	1984	2.100		.85852	00011	.05246	.05257
568.0	532.12			022	.85811	01865	03877	02012

TWO WAY TRAVEL TIME MS	DEPTH FROM SRD (OR TOP)	INTERVAL VELOCITY M/S	INTERVAL DENSITY G/C3	REFLECT. COEFF.	TWO WAY ATTEN. COEFF.	SYNTHETIC SEISMO PRIMARY	PRIMARY MULTIPLES	MULTIPLES ONLY
570.0	534.02	1900	2.100	.006	. 85808	.00535	.01971	.01436
572.0	535.95	1923 2608	2.100 2.100	.151	.83849	.12964	.12124	00840
574.0	538.55	1977	2.100	138	.82260	11543	09581	.01961
576.0	540.53	1945	2.100	008	.82255	00662	01532	00870
578.0 580.0	542.48 544.43	1957	2.100	.003	.82254	.00251	00826	01078
582.0	546.38	1943	2.100	004	.82253	00296	•01569	.01865
584.0	548.60	22.23	2.100	.067 035	.81882 .81780	.05523 02891	.01788 02734	03736
586.0	550.67	2075	2.096	005	.81779	00371	.01516	.00157 .01887
588.0	552.73	205 4 2050	2.099 2.157	.013	.81765	.01057	.02772	.01714
590.0	554.78	2086	2.174	•012	.81752	.01014	.01291	.00277
592.0 594.0	556.86	2009	2.148	025	.81702	02037	06230	04193
596 . 0	558.87 560.88	8008	2.105	010	.81693	00857	.00818	.01675
598.0	562.97	2095	2.116	.024 .005	.81645 .81643	.01968 .00418	.01236	00731
600.0	565.13	2157	2.076	.023	.81601	.01859	.05327 00717	.04909 02575
602.0	567.38	2249 2299	2.084	.021	.81563	.01752	00505	02257
604.0	569.68	2483	2.128 2.217	•059	.81280	.04809	.05238	.00429
506.0	572.16	2258	2.200	051	.81065	04176	03646	.00530
608.0 510.0	574.42 576.64	2217	2.139	023	.81021	01884	00744	.01139
612.0	579.09	2452	2.162	.055	.80772	.D4496	.04871	.00374
614.0	581.44	2349	2.089	038 .027	.80652 .80595	03107 .02147	05762 01231	02655 03379
616.0	583.35	2408	2.150	.020	.80 564	.01584	.08118	.06534
		2453	2.194					

WELL

COMPANY : BEACH PETROLEUM N.L.

WELL

TWO WAY TRAVEL TIME MS	DEPTH FROM SRD (OR TOP)	INTERVAL VELOCITY M/S	INTERVAL DENSITY G/C3	REFLECT. COEFF.	TWO WAY ATTEN. COEFF.	SYNTHETIC SEISMO. PRIMARY	PRIMARY MULTIPLES	MULTIPLES ONLY
618.0	586.30	2339	2.144	+.035	.80463	02844	.00950	.03794
620.0	588.64	2519	2.306	.073	.80032	.05890	.00974	04916
622.0	591.16	2296	2.262	056	.79783	04469	03931	.00538
624.0	593.45	2193		032	.79701	-,02561	04733	02172
626.0	595.65	2167	2.221	089	.79694	00698	.04452	.05151
628.0	597.81		\$2.208	.006	.79691	.00490	02457	02948
630.0	800.02	2209	2.193	2039	.79569	.03117	.03069	00048
632.0	602.40	2373	2.208	.010	.79561	.00827	03195	04023
634.0	604.84	2440	2.193	j J	.79561	.00019	.02393	.02374
636.0	607.31	2479	2.159	.003	.79560	.00252	.04706	.04454
638.0	609.79	2474	2.177	.003	.79559	.00267	00068	00335
640.0	612.27	2484	2.183	.060	.79270	.04793	.01885	02908
042.0	514.87	2602	2.351	049	.79077	+.03917	02575	.01342
644.9	617.34	2471	2_243	.006	.79074	.00445	-400826	01271
646.0	619.85	2504	2.238	.002	.79074	.00165	.00613	
648.0	622.35	2505	2.247	004	.79073	00312		.00448
650.0	624.83	2480	2.251	009	.79066	이 사고 내내 없이 살을 하였다.	.00155	.00467
652.0	627.28	2447	2.241	.004	.79065	00705	02738	02033
654.0	629.74	2456	2.251	017		.00311	01715	02026
656.0	632.13	2394	2.233		.79043	01337	.02279	.03616
658.0	634.51	2375	2.206	010	.79035	00794	01402	00608
66C.O	636.86	2350	2.225	001	.79035	00071	01758	01688
662.0	639.40	2541	2.253	.045	.73874	.03567	.05179	.01612
664.0		2487	2.225	017	.78851	01328	01922	00594
	641.88	2424	2.180	023	.78809	01821	.00239	.02059
566.0	544.31			.098	.78046	.07753	.06766	00987

PAGE

2302

705.04

714.0

2.211

2.176

COMPANY REFLECT. TWO WAY SYNTHETIC PRIMARY MULTIPLES INTERVAL INTERVAL TWO WAY DEPTH ATTEN. SEISMO. TRAVEL FROM SRD VELOCITY DENSITY COEFF. ONLY (OR TOP) MULTIPLES TIME COEFF. PRIMARY G/C3 MS M/S 2.334 2758 -.059 .77772 -- 04632 -.02139 -02493 668.0 647.07 2533 2.256 .77474 -.09439 670.0 549.60 -.062 -.04812 -.04627 2346 2.152 -.008 .77469 -.00601 -.00355 .00246 672.0 651.95 2322 2.141 .03681 .77367 .02808 .06489 674.0 654.27 .036 2.186 2446 .77366 -00382 .00255 -.00127 676.0 656.71 .005 2.181 2475 659.19 .018 .77339 .01429 -.02095 -.03524 678.0 2565 2.184 .77329 -00891 .00720 --00171 0.030 661.75 .012 2620 2.188 .77254 .02412 .03701 .01289 664.37 .031 682.0 2721 2.242 684.0 667.09 .002 .77253 L00165 .00262 .00097 2693 2.276 .77247 .01997 669.79 -.009 -.00668 .01329 686.0 2620 2.299 .030 .77180 .02290 .02905 .00614 688.0 672.41 2795 2.287 -.001 .77179 -.00114 - . 03561 -.03447 690.0 675.20 2754 2.314 -.019 .77152 -.01448 .01342 .02790 692.0 677.96 2692 2.280 .77100 680.65 -.026 -.02009 -.01668 .00341 694.0 2550 2.285 -.082 .76585 -.06300 -.10139 -.03839 696.0 683.20 2.076 2382 698.0 685.58 -.017 .76564 -.01264 .01259 .02522 2324 2.059 -.03965 .76551 .01010 -.02955 700.0 687.90 .013 2360 2.082 .067 .76212 702.0 .05096 .02033 -.03063 690.26 2533 2.216 -.025 .76165 -.01888 •04960 -06848 704.0 692.80 2450 2.131 .02104 706.0 695.25 .004 .76164 .00310 .02414 2432 2.215 708.0 697.68 -.011 .76154 -.00847 -.03475 -.02628 2.195 2400 .027 .76097 .02094 .00379 -.01715710.0 700.03 2.238 2487 -.010 .76090 -.00727 .02829 .03555 712.0 702.57

-.043

.75948

-.03284

-.02653

.00630

COMPANY ;	BEACH PETR	OLEUM N.L.		WELL	: PRINCES-1			PAGE 1	1
TWO WAY TRAVEL TIME MS	DEPTH FROM SRD (OR TOP)	INTERVAL VELOCITY M/S	INTERVAL DENSITY G/C3	REFLECT. COEFF.	TWO WAY ATTEN. COEFF.	SYNTHETIC SEISMO. PRIMARY	PRIMARY MULTIPLES	MULTIPLES ONLY	
716.6	707.34			.005	.75946	.00372	02419	-,02792	
718.0	709.68	2347	2.155	.006	.75944	.00423	01630	02053	
720.0	712.06	2379	2.150	.015	.75926	.01173	.01421	.00248	
722.0	714.52	2454	2.150	025	.75880	01862	04022	02159	
724.0	716.85	2336	2.150	.008	.75876	.00581	.05272	.04691	
726.0	719.22	2372	2.150	003	.75875	00245	01280	01035	
728.0	721.58		2.150	.013	.75.863	.00954	02454	03407	
730.0	724.00	2417	2,1 50	.013	.75851	.00961	.00192	00769	
732.0	726.48	2479	2.150	013	.75839	00951	.02248	.03199	
734.0	728.89	2417	2.150	.020	.75808	.01514	.01912	.00398	
736.0	731.41	2516	2.150	013	.75796	00961	.02874	.03835	
738.0	733.86	2453	2.150	•003	.75795	.08257	02260	02517	
740.0	736.33	2470	2.150	006	.75792	00476	00312	.00164	
742.0	738.77	2439	2.150	015	.75774	01175	.02345	.03519	
744.0	741.14	2364	2.150	005	.75772	00388	02785	02398	
746.0	743.48	2340 2441	2.150	.021	. 75739	.01593	01062	02655	
748.0	745.92		2.150	.026	.75688	.01954	.01256	00698	
750.0	748.49	2570 2463	2.150	021	.75654	01604	•00092	.01695	
752.0	750.95	2523	2.150	.012	.75644	.00399	.00230	00619	
754.0	753.47	2380	2.150	029	.75580	02196	00430	.01766	
756.0	755.85	2536	2.150	.032	.75504	.02394	.06490	.04096	
758.0	758.39	2514	,2 ,1 50	.015	.75487	.01143	01710	02854	
760.0	761.00	2485	2.150	025	.75439	01905	03759	01855	
762.0	763.49	2393	2.150	019	.75411	01434	.01736	.03170	
764.0	765.88	4373	2.150	038	.75302	02876	05879	03003	

				(1) 1 시간을 하고 하는 가능을 보려 한다. 하나 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1				
COMPANY :	PEACH PETR	OLEUM N.L.		WELL	: PRINCES-1			PAGE 1
THO WAY	DEPTH FROM SRD	INTERVAL VELOCITY	INTERVAL DENSITY	REFLECT. COEFF.	TWO WAY	SYNTHETIC SEISMO.	PRIMARY	MULTIPLES ONLY
TIME	(OR TOP)	M/S	G/C3		COEFF.	PRIMARY	MULTIPLES	
766.0	768.10	2217	2.150	.045	.75146	.03424	02229	05653
768.0	770.53	2428	2.150	.014	.75132	.01032	.04433	.03401
770.0	773.02	2496	2.150	 027	.75077	02035	01009	.01026
772.0	775.39	2364	2.150	.036	.74981	.02677	.02397	00280
774.0	777.93	2539	2.150	023	.74941	01744	.00954	네 그 경험하다 나를 하는 것.
	가는 하는 경기들이 가득하는	2423	2.150	그는 가는 생각하게 고객들을 다.			하는 그 그래까지 않는 네	.02697
776.0	780.35	2479	2.150	.011	.74931	.00854	02523	03378
778.0	782.83	2452	2.150	006	.74929	00420	.01170	-01590
780.0	785.28	2415	2.150	008	.74924	00563	-,00607	00043
782.0	787.70	2271	2.150	031	.74854	+.02300	.01579	.03879
784.0	789.97	2309	2.150	-008	.74849	.00618	02018	02637
786.0	792.28	2314	2.150	.001	.74849	.00086	02761	02846
788.0	794.59	2390	2.150	.016	.74829	.01198	.03284	•02086
790.0	796,98		있게 이번의 사랑의 독급했다.	009	.74824	00647	02270	01624
792.0	799.33	2349	2.150	008	.74819	00583	.03294	.03878
794.8	801.64	2312	2.150	023	.74781	01703	04965	03262
796.0	803.85	2209	2.150	.012	.74770	.00898	01835	02734
798.0	806.11	2263	2.150	.014	.74755	.01066	.02621	.01555
800 . 0	808.44	2329	2.150	003	.74754	00200	.03091	.03291
802.0	810.76	2316	2.150	.009	.74748	.00695	.02439	.01744
304.0	813.12	2360	2.150	.009	.74742	.00656	03969	04625
		2401	2.150				.06114	
806.0	815.52	2401	2.150	0.07	.74742	00010	동네 모델링의 함께 생각하고 있다.	.06124
308.0	817.92	2433	2.150	.007	.74738	.00502	02891	03393
810.0	820.35	2385	2.150	010	.74731	00753	02062	01309
312.0	322.74	2381	2.150	001	.74731	00061	.01668	.01729

13

TWO MAY TRY FORM SRD VELOCITY SENSITY SCORE TWO MAY STATISTICS PRIMARY MULTIPLES PRIMARY PRIMARY PRIMARY PRIMARY PRIMARY PRIMARY PRIMARY PRIM	OMPANY :	PEACH PETR	OLEUM N.L.		WELL	: PRINCES-1			PAGE 1
\$14.0	TRAVEL TIME	FROM SRD	VELOCITY	DENSITY		ATTEN.	SEISMO.	•	가게 하는데 하는 물 전에 가득하는 사람들이 가득하는 것이 없었다. 사람들이 없는데
\$16.0 \$27.51		825.12			.003	.74730	.00188	03634	03822
\$13.0	s16.0	827,51	하고 시스 생생하고, 시스템		.0?6	.74681	.01912	-01566	00346
\$20.0 \$32.55	813.0	830.03			001	.74681	00058	.02496	.02554
\$22.0 \$35.07	320.0	832.55			002	•74681	00174	.01849	.02022
324.0 \$37.00 2438 2.167 .0030 .74581 -,02237 -,02117 .00121 626.0 \$40.04 2438 2.203 .008 .74576 .00615 .01672 .01057 628.0 \$42.47 2420 2.134 020 .74548 01466 02851 01385 630.0 \$44.89 2429 2.106 .044 .74400 .03292 .03626 .00334 834.0 \$49.55 2498 2.213 005 .74398 00383 00706 00322 838.0 \$52.34 2475 2.184 .009 .74389 00849 01669 00819 840.0 \$57.32 2500 2.201 .009 .74383 .00671 .01838 .01166 840.0 \$57.32 2535 2.155 014 .74368 01096 01413 842.0 \$59.85 2483 2.141 .038 .74258 .02855 .07077 .04222	\$22.0	835.07			-021	.74648	.01556	.00910	00646
\$26.0 \$40.04	324.0	837.60			030	.74581	02237	02117	.00121
830.0 344.89 2429 2.106 005 .74546 00364 02572 002208 332.0 847.32 2429 2.106 .044 .74400 .03292 .03626 .00334 834.0 849.85 2522 2.215 005 .74398 00383 00706 00322 836.0 852.34 2475 2.184 011 .74389 00849 01669 00819 840.0 857.32 2500 2.201 .009 .74383 .00671 .01838 .01166 842.0 859.85 2535 2.155 004 .74382 00284 01696 01413 842.0 859.85 2483 2.141 .038 .74258 .02855 .07077 .04222 46.0 864.91 2576 2.228 .014 .74244 .01040 .02705 .01665 843.0 867.55 2598 2.217 012 .74233 00912 05614 04702 850.0 872.66 2507 2.266 0.74229						화고를 하는데, 뭐들다 만난	하시 않는 사람들은 모든 경치		
372.0 847.32 2522 2.215005 .74398003830070600322			2420	2.134				나가 하는데 제대를 보고 하다.	4.7450 LAMBAR AND SAFE
834.0 849.85 2522 2.215 005 .74398 00383 00706 00322 836.0 852.34 2475 2.184 0011 .74389 00849 01669 00819 838.0 854.82 2500 2.201 009 .74383 .00671 .01838 .01166 840.0 857.32 2535 2.155 004 .74382 00284 01696 01413 842.0 859.85 2483 2.141 014 .74368 01006 00892 .00114 844.0 862.34 2576 2.228 .014 .74258 .02855 .07077 .04222 46.0 864.91 2634 2.242 .014 .74244 .01040 .02705 .01665 843.0 867.55 2598 2.217 012 .74233 00912 05614 04702 850.0 870.14 2515 2.258 0 .74229 .00526 .00805 .01331 852.0 872.66 2507 2.266 007		그녀는 시계 경기 없이 있었다.	2429	2.106					
836.0 852.34 2475 2.184 011 .74389 00849 01669 00819 838.0 854.32 2500 2.201 .009 .74383 .00671 .01838 .01166 840.0 857.32 2535 2.155 004 .74382 00284 01696 01413 842.0 859.85 2483 2.141 038 .74258 .02855 .07077 .04222 446.0 862.34 2576 2.228 .014 .74244 .01040 .02705 .01665 843.0 867.55 2598 2.217 012 .74233 00912 05614 04702 850.0 870.14 2515 2.258 0 .74229 .00526 .00805 .01331 852.0 872.66 2507 2.266 007 .74229 .00525 02700 02174 456.0 877.67 2514 2.209 018 .74199 01347 02596 01249 400.0 882.66 2470 2.146 005			2522	2.215	함께당이 대한 사람들이 맛있다.	그 그림이 들어내었다. 그렇게 다	그 그 마다 학생들을 잃어 있다.		
838.0 854.82 2475 2.184 .009 .74383 .00671 .01838 .01166 340.0 857.32 2500 2.201 004 .74382 00284 01696 01413 842.0 859.85 2433 2.141 .038 .74368 01006 00892 .00114 844.0 862.34 2576 2.228 .014 .74258 .02855 .07077 .04222 46.0 364.91 2634 2.242 .014 .74244 .01040 .02705 .01665 348.0 367.55 2598 2.217 012 .74233 +.00912 05614 04702 850.0 370.14 2515 2.258 0.74229 .00020 .00805 .01331 852.0 372.66 2507 2.266 0.74229 .00020 .00969 .00849 354.0 375.17 2504 2.237 007 .74225 00525 02700 02174 356.0 370.67 2514 2.209 018 .74199 01347	시아 아이를 받다.	가 그는데 이 왕이 없다.	2498	2.213		선생님 이 이 아이들을 잃다.		님이 들었는 사람이 나타를 다	
340.0 857.32 2500 2.201 004 .74382 00284 01696 01413 842.0 859.85 2483 2.141 .038 .74258 .02855 .07077 .04222 646.0 862.34 2576 2.228 .014 .74244 .01040 .02705 .0165 843.0 867.55 2598 2.217 012 .74233 00912 05614 04702 850.0 870.14 2515 2.258 .074229 .00020 .00869 .00849 854.0 875.17 2504 2.237 007 .74229 .00020 .00869 .00849 858.0 877.67 2514 2.209 004 .74224 00325 .01460 .01786 858.0 880.19 2469 2.169 018 .74197 00383 02138 01755 860.0 882.66 2470 2.146 005 .74197 00383 02138 01755				불확하렴. 이 불러 활기 분	그림은 너는 그래마다 보다 그를 꾸	하시 등 회사에 제상하게 됐다.	()		그리자 가는 사용하다
842.0 859.85 014 .74368 +.01006 00892 .00114 844.0 862.34 2.483 2.141 .038 .74258 .02855 .07077 .04222 646.0 364.91 2634 2.242 .014 .74244 .01040 .02705 .01665 843.0 867.55 2598 2.217 012 .74233 +.00912 05614 04702 850.0 870.14 2515 2.258 0.74229 00526 .00805 .01331 252.0 872.66 2507 2.266 0.74229 .00020 .00869 .00849 354.0 875.17 2504 2.237 007 .74225 00525 02700 02174 258.0 877.67 2514 2.209 018 .74199 01347 02596 01249 360.0 882.66 2470 2.146 005 .74197 00383 02138 01755	340.0	857.32			004	.74382	00284	01696	
844.0 862.34 .038 .74258 .02855 .07077 .04222 646.0 864.91 2576 2.228 .014 .74244 .01040 .02705 .01665 843.0 867.55 2598 2.217 012 .74233 00912 05614 04702 850.0 870.14 2515 2.258 007 .74229 00526 .00805 .01331 852.0 875.17 2.266 0 .74229 .00020 .00869 .00849 854.0 875.17 2504 2.237 007 .74225 +.00525 02700 02174 856.0 877.67 2514 2.209 018 .74199 01347 02596 01249 860.0 882.66 2470 2.169 005 .74197 00383 02138 01755	842.0	859.85			014	.74368	01006	00892	200114
246.0 364.91 2634 2.242 .014 .74244 .01040 .02705 .01665 348.0 367.55 2598 2.217 .012 .74233 +.00912 05614 04702 850.0 370.14 2515 2.258 0.007 .74229 00526 .00805 .01331 252.0 372.66 2507 2.266 0.74229 .00020 .00869 .00849 254.0 375.17 2504 2.237 007 .74225 +.00525 02700 02174 256.0 377.67 2514 2.209 004 .74224 00325 .01460 .01786 258.0 380.19 2469 2.169 018 .74197 00383 02138 01755 360.0 382.66 2470 2.146 005 .74197 00383 02138 01755	844.0	862.34	성기 얼마를 하게 하셨다면		.038	.74258	.02855	.07077	.04222
348.0 867.55 2598 2.217 012 .74233 +.00912 05614 04702 850.0 370.14 2515 2.258 007 .74229 00526 .00805 .01331 552.0 372.66 2507 2.266 0 .74229 .00020 .00869 .00849 554.0 875.17 2504 2.237 007 .74225 00525 02700 02174 558.0 880.19 2514 2.209 018 .74199 01347 02596 01249 360.0 882.66 2470 2.146 005 .74197 00383 02138 01755	846.0	864.91			-014	.74244	.01040	.02705	.01665
2515 2.258 372.66 2507 2.266 354.0 875.17007 .74225005250270002174 356.0 877.67 2.514 2.209 360.0 882.66 2470 2.169 2469 2.169 2470 2.146									
2507 2.266 007 .74225005250270002174 2504 2.237004 .7422400325 .01460 .01786 2514 2.209018 .74199013470259601249 360.0 882.66 2470 2.169005 .74197003830213801755			2515	2.258					
2504 2.237004 .7422400325 .01460 .01786 2514 2.209018 .74199013470259601249 360.0 882.66 2470 2.169005 .74197003830213801755			2507	2.266			기자 그렇게 그렇게 되었다. 게다		
2514 2.209 258.0 880.19018 .74199013470259601249 360.0 882.6601755 2470 2.146			2504	2.237					보다다 되었다" 현대, 다양
2469 2.169 360.0 882.66005 .741970038302138 +.01755			2514	2.209		그 그 그 이 하는데 전화			
			2469	2.169		공기 등이 되는 이 문의 중이 말했	[[[경기 : 10 : 10 : 10 : 10 : 10 : 10 : 10 : 1		
			2470	2.146		교계 교기를 가고 있다. 그렇게 40	보는 이 교육이 되어 모든 생각이다.		. 그 그의 시 얼마() 하는 생

		강의 마음에 되는 사람이 살아왔다.		그 원하는 사이는 경우 그는 문양 (松) 회사					Ģ.
TWO WAY TRAVEL TIME MS	DEPTH FROM SRD (OR TOP)	INTERVAL VELOCITY	INTERVAL DENSITY G/C3	REFLECT. COEFF.	TWO WAY ATTEN. COEFF.	SYNTHETIC SEISMO. PRIMARY	PRIMARY + MULTIPLES	MULTIPLES ONLY	Mary Control
		2472	2.157						
864.0	887.60			021	.74164	.01545	00874	.00672	1
366.0	390.05	2450	2.087	.007	.74161	.00516	00997	01513	
868.0	892.48	2433	2.131	.023	.74123	.01686	•02755	.01070	
87C.0	894.98	2497	2.173	.071	.73747	•05275	.08165	.02890	
372.0	897.75	2777	2.253	.011	.73738	.00809	-02550	.01741	1
874.0	900.59	2831	2.260	.007	.73735	.00506	02856	03363	1 1 1 1 1 1
876.0	903.45	2865	2.264	013	.73721	00991	400823	.01815	1
878.0	906.25	2803	2.253	2 024	.73677	.01802	-03824	.02021	ii N
880.0	909.18	2924	2.268	046	.73519	03413	04212	00799	
882.0	911.92	2738	2.207	\$028	.73464	.02022	01588	03610	10 P 7
884.0	914.73	2814	2.269	.026	.73412	.01942	.02852	.00910	
886.0	917.68	2948	2.284	065	.73102	04771	05636	00865	
888.0	920.32	. 2642	2.237	.031	.73033	.02250	.04603	.02353	70.00
890.0	923.05	2728	2.304	.004	.73032	.00316	00127	00443	1000
892 . 0	925.36	2808	2.258	028	.72975	02033	02849	00815	V. 100
394 . 0	923.59	2753	2.194	029	.72914	02105	01755	.00350	1000
	931.20	2609	2.170	.064	.72617	.04655	.06377	.01722	
896.0		2840	2.265	004	.72616	00319	02650	어느 얼마를 했다. 이번째 사람은	3.00
898.0	934.04	2809	2.270				얼마 마른 젖을 내려왔다.	02332	
900.0	936.85	3076	2.368	.066	.72295	.043.23	.07910	.03087	
902.0	939.92	2977	2.318	027	.72243	01950	02558	00608	
904.0	942.90	2708	2.263	059	.71989	04281	06507	02226	
906.0	945.61	2567		032	.71915	02308	03445	01137	
908.0	948.17	2677	2.252	.024	.71874	.01711	.03990	.02279	
910.0	950.85	2739	2.224	.005	.71872	.00377	00950	01327	
		- (3)	40 J					지근 경기를 가꾸다니다 그 네트	

WELL

: PRINCES#1

TWO WAY TRAVEL TIME MS	DEPTH FROM SRD (OR TOP)	INTERVAL VELOCITY M/S	INTERVAL DENSITY G/C3	REFLECT. COEFF.	TWO WAY ATTEN. COEFF.	SYNTHETIC SEISMO. PRIMARY	PRIMARY MULTIPLES	MULTIPLES ONLY
912.0	953 .5 9							
914.0		3 1 92	2.306	.094	.71233	.06777	496514	00263
	956.78	2674	2.176	+.117	.70261	08322	06841	.01481
916.0	959.46	3078	2.331	.104	.69497	•07326	-07008	00319
918.0	962.53	3126	2.318	. J005	.69495	•00343	00341	00685
92040	965.66	2731	2.194	095	.68872	06584	07826	+:01243
922.0	968.39	2927	2.248	.047	-68721	.03223	.04632	.01409
924.0	971.32	2630		069	.68394	04743	04318	.00425
926.0	973.95		2.179	.015	.68378	.01048	-01427	.00380
928.0	976.65	2704	2.186	017	.68357	01194	02950	01756
93C.0	979.28	2631	2,169	.010	.68350	.00693	010.73	01767
932.0	981.97	2692	2.163	.016	.68333	.01075	.02196	.01120
934.0	984.73	2757	2.180	021	.68303	01437	00303	그 그 그는 아이를 되었다.
936.0	987.40	2669	2.159	038	.68206	하다 얼마 하는 얼마 가장하다		.01134
938.0	989.94	2540	2.104	이 보고 없다. 함께 중요한 이번 이다.		02568	05306	02738
940.0	992.52	2577	2.115	.010	.68199	.00677	.03029	.02352
942.0	995.52	3004	2.242	.105	.67442	.07186	.07397	.00211
		2870	2.206	031	.67377	02093	00096	.01998
944.0	998.39	2844	2.191	 008	.67373	00528	.02714	.03243
946.0	1001.23	2723	2.190	022	.67341	01478	03632	02154
948.0	1003,96	2663	2.168	016	.67323	01098	02252	01154
950.0	1006.62	2739	2.205	.023	.67288	.01520	00947	02467
952.0	1009.36	2739	2.236	.007	.67285	.00478	.00230	00248
954.9	1012.10	2 7 86		.004	.67284	.00302	.01048	.00746
956.0	1014.88		2.219	•008	.67280	.00514	00154	00668
958.0	1017.57	2789	2.251	.002	.67279	.00168	.01470	.01302
966.0	1020.47	2795	2.257	.024	.67240	.01636	.02001	.00365

TWO WAY TRAVEL TIME MS	DEPTH FROM SRD (OR TOP) M	INTERVAL VELOCITY M/S	INTERVAL DENSITY G/C3	REFLECT. COEFF.	TWO WAY ATTEN. COEFF.	SYNTHETIC SEISMO. PRIMARY	PRIMARY MULTIPLES	MULTIPLES ONLY
962.0	1023.34	2875 2736	2.304 2.262	034	.67162	02278	03427	01149
964.0	1026.08	2575	2.230	037	.67068	- . 025 1 4	.01186	.03701
966.0	1028.65	2394	2.120	+.062	.66813	04142	04316	00174
968.0	1031.05	2396	2.132	.003	.66812	.00255	06644	06866
970.0	1033.44	2384	2.166	.005	.66810	.00367	.03950	.03583
972 . 0	1035.83	2377	2.241	.015	-66794	.01029 .03129	01642	02671
974.0	1038.20	2564	2.281	.047 025	.66647	01665	-05003 -00954	.01373
978.0	1043.36	2589	2.149	003	.66605	0D206	.00743	.00949
980.0	1045.95	2597	2.129	012	.66595	00314	03906	03092
982.0	1048.50	2546	2.120	.078	.66195	.05164	00385	05549
984.0	1051.27	2769	2.276	009	.66189	00618	.04908	.05526
986.0	1053.97	2703	2.289	018	.66168	01182	.01941	.03123
988.0	1056.62	26 51 2542	2.252 2.252	021	.66139	01389	00433	.00955
990.0	1059.17	2622	2.250	.015	.66124	.00994	00508	01502
992.0	1061.79	2566	2.250	011	.66116	00704	03289	02585
994.0	1064.35	2566	2.250		-66116	00004	00056	00052
996.0	1966.92	2554	2.250	0	.66116	00032	00235	00203
998.0 1000.0	1069.48	2591	2.250	.005	.66114	.00351 .00275	.01974	.01622
1002.0	1074.69	2613	2.250	.004 .001	.66113	.00273	04528 01480	04803 01517
1004.0	1077.30	2616	2.250	005	.66111	00355	.06989	.07344
1006.0	1079.89	2588	2.250	023	.66078	01489	03719	02230
1008.0	1082.36	2474 3003	2.250 2.250	.097	.65462	.06381	.14332	.07951
		J., O.,						

WELL

: PRINCES-1

TWO WAY TRAVEL TIME MS	DEPTH FROM SRD (OR TOP) M	INTERVAL VELOCITY M/S	INTERVAL DENSITY G/C3	REFLECT. COEFF.	TWO WAY ATTEN. COEFF.	SYNTHETIC SEISMO. PRIMARY	PRIMARY MULTIPLES	MULTIPLES ONLY
1010.0	1085.37			025	.65420	01652	04931	03279
1012.0	1088.22	2855	2.250	004	.65419	00240	.03356	.03596
1014.0	1091.05	2834	2.250	012	.65409	00802	05387	04584
1016.0	1093.32	2765	2.250	.007	-65406	.00488	.03343	.02856
1018.0	1096.63	2807	2.250	.026	.65361	.01700	01304	03004
1020.0	1099.58	2957	2.250	061	.65115	04012	07966	03954
1022.0	1102.20	2615	2.250	.034	.65041	.02197	. D5658	.03461
1024.0	1105.00	2797	2.250	.005	. 65 0 40	.00312	01509	01821
1026.0	1107.82	2824	2.250	036	.64954	02356	02830	00474
1028.0	1110.45	2627	2.250	.022	.64922	.01455	.03238	.01783
1030.0	1113.19	2747	2.250	.058	.64704	.03760	.02270	01489
1032.0	1116.28	3085	2.250	050	.64540	03254	00932	.D2322
1034.0	1119.07	27.89	2.250	.017	.64522	.01095	.01101	.00005
1036.0	1121.95	2886	2.250	. 005	.64520	.00332	00116	00448
1038.0	1124.87	2916	2.250	011	.64512	00732	00423	₄0 0309
1040.0	1127.72	2850	2.250	.007	.64509	.00425	00423	00848
1042.0	1130.61	2888	2.250	.034	.64435	.02176	.03296	.01120
1044.0	1133.70	3090	2.250	011	.64427	00732	02179	01447
1046.0	1136.72	3020	2.250	013	.64416	00849	04707	03859
1048.0	1139.66	2942	2.250	.005	.64414	.00315	.04442	.04127
1050.0	1142.63	2971	2.250	015	.64400	00955	03290	02335
1052.0	1145.51	2884	2.250	019	.64378	01197	.02665	.03863
1054.0	1148.20	2779	2.250	002	.64378	00148	.01111	.01259
105640	1151.06	2766	2.250	.003	.64377	.00173	.01743	.01570
1058.0	1153.84	2781	2.250	.011	.64369	.00737	04522	05258

COMPANY :	BEACH PETR	OLEUM N.L.		WELL :	PRINCES-1			PAGE	1 8
TWO WAY TRAVEL TIME MS	DEPTH FROM SRD (OR TOP)	INTERVAL VELOCITY M/S	INTERVAL DENSITY G/C3	REFLECT. COEFF.	TWO WAY ATTEN. COEFF.	SYNTHETIC SEISMO. PRIMARY	PRIMARY MULTIPLES	MULTIPLE ONLY	S
1060.0 1062.0 1064.0 1066.0 1068.0 1070.0 1072.0 1074.0 1076.0 1078.0 1086.0 1086.0 1086.0 1086.0 1096.0 1096.0 1096.0 1098.0	1156.68 1159.50 1162.33 1165.21 1168.04 1170.98 1173.86 1176.73	2845 2815 2829 2884 2828 2940 2875 2875	2.250 2.250 2.250 2.250 2.250 2.250	005 .002 .010 .019011 0	.64367 .64361 .64355 .64330 .64322 .64322	00339 .00161 .0061600630 .0125100720 0	.00515 .00378 .0130302159 .005030201301057 .0591801558	.0085 .0021 .00680152007401290105 .059101550066 .01040112 .0138 .00810696 .02150030 .03050018 .0168 .0168	7 7 9 9 9 3 8 8 8 4 4 7 0 0 16 9 13 4 13 17
1104.0							.02604	.0260	

1106.0

-.04562

-.04562

OMPANY :	BEACH PETRO	LEUM N.L.		WELL	: PRINCES-1			PAGE 1
TWO WAY TRAVEL TIME MS	DEPTH FROM SRD (OR TOP) M	INTERVAL VELOCITY M/S	INTERVAL DENSITY G/C3	REFLECT. COEFF.	TWO WAY ATTEN. COEFF.	SYNTHETIC SEISMO. PRIMARY	PRIMARY MULTIPLES	MULTIPLES ONLY
1108.0							.02178	.02178
1110.0							03616	03616
1112.0							.04233	.04233
1114.0							00594	00594
1116.0							01990	01990
1118.0							.02964	.02964
1120.0							02357	02357
1122.0							00598	00598
1124.0							.03378	.03378
1126.0							02774	02774
1128.0							.00009	.00009
1130.0							•03643	.03643
1132.0							03454	03454
1134.0							01234	01234
1136.0	이번에 병기 (12일) - 25 1 1 일, 고, 고객이스			스트로 함께 되었다. 프로그램 기술 및 기술 등			.01055	.01055
1138.0							01077	01077
1140.0							00639	00639
1142.0							.03119	.03119
1144.0							02154	02154
1146.0							-02510	.02510
1148.0							- 01226	01226
1150.0							.02561	.02561
1152.0							-02496	.02496
1154.0							-,06062	06062
1156.0							.00339	.00389

COMPANY :	BEACH PETR	OLEUM N.L.		WELL	: PRINCES-1			PAGE 20
TWO WAY TRAVEL TIME MS	DEPTH FROM SRD (OR TOP) M	INTERVAL VELOCITY M/S	INTERVAL DENSITY G/C3	REFLECT. COEFF.	TWO WAY ATTEN. COEFF.	SYNTHETIC SEISMO. PRIMARY	PRIMARY + MULTIPLES	MULTIPLES ONLY
1158.0							02372	02372
116C.0							.05126	.05126
1162.0							00917	00917
1164.0							01021	01021
1,166.0							01569	01569
1168.0						1900 - 1900 - 1900 - 1900 - 1900 - 1900 - 1900 - 1900 - 1900 - 1900 - 1900 - 1900 - 1900 - 1900 - 1900 - 1900 Talanta in talanta in	.05604	.05604
1170.0							00476	00476
1172.0							02932	02932
1174.0							.01134	.01134
1176.0							00395	00395
1178.0	하다 그 말로 1를 다고 있다. 사건 기급 등을 다녔다. 1일						01660	01660
1180.0							.02715	.02715
1182.0			일이 기계하고 있는데 1945년 - 기계에 기계를				01303	01303
1134.0			일시시 전환 전 5분 2명 시 원 2월 1일 28일 2일				03322	03322
1186.0				다리는 보이 보이 돼요? 함께 			00115	00115
1188.9				50 등 기교에 발표하는 일하는 기교 기계			.00743	.00743
1190.0			하면에 보다 하는 다 1000년 - 1000년				.01412	.01412
1192.0							01317	01317
1194.0							.06054	.06054
1196.0	ngan nganggan ng Kabupatèn ng Ka Ngangganggan ng Kabupatèn ng Kab						00262	00262
1198.0							.00388	.00388
1200.0							.01032	.01032
1202.0							03622	03622
1204.0							03028	03028
		•				1 GP 1 1		The state of the s

COMPANY : PEACH PETROLEUM N						
THE DESIGNATION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERT						

OMPANY :	PEACH PETR	OLEUM N.L.		WELL	: PRINCES-1			PAGE 2'1	
TWO WAY TRAVEL TIME MS	DEPTH FROM SRD (OR TOP)	INTERVAL VELOCITY M/S	INTERVAL DENSITY G/C3	REFLECT. COEFF.	TWO WAY ATTEN. COEFF.	SYNTHETIC SEISMO. PRIMARY	PRIMARY MULTIPLES	MULTIPLES ONLY	
1206.0							-00366	.00366	
1208.0							.01078	.01078	
1210.0							00052	00052	
1212.0							00726	00726	
1214.0							.02980	.02980	
1216.0							01426	01426	
1218.0							01188	01188	
1220.0							.04011	.04011	
1222.0				마시아 (1) 등 사용할 수 있었다. 19 (2) 하는 사용하는 19 (2) 하는			04248	04248	61 61 31 N
1224.0							.02381	.02381	
1226.0							.01399	.01399	
1228.0							01578	01578	
1230.0							00717	00717	
1232.0							02098	02098	
1234.0							.00233	.00233	100
1236.0							.02438	.02438	
1238.0							.02184	.02184	
1240.0							01285	01285	
1242.0							01945	01945	
1244.0							00741	00741	
1246.0							.01806	.01806	
1248.0							02559	02559	
1250.0							.02175	.02115	
1252.0							05105	05105	
1254.0							.01481	.01481	

	그리 생활되고 있는 아무리 사람이 그 것은 마루가 됐다.			
COMPANY : BEACH PETR	OLEUM N.L.	VELL : PRINCES-1		PAGE 22
	열었더라 수는 마리막이 나는 생생들도 있다면까?	생기 없이 하는 것이 없는 것이 없는데 그리고 있다.	성 보다님은 사람들은 경찰에 가는 바다는 사내가	그리 얼마나 있다. 그렇게 얼마하다 내가 있다. 그 사다
[발생하다] 이 사람이 들었습니다. 그렇게 모르겠습니다.	경기를 위한 경기를 하다고 하는 것으로 가지 않는데 있다.	생물에게 잃었다. 나와 그 얼마가 되었다면?	으로 가는 사람이 있는데 이번 가는 사람이 되었다.	
THE LEV NEDTH	THITEDUAL THIEDUAL			그렇게 그리면 얼룩했다. [2] 선생님, 그들은 이번 말했다.

TWO WAY TRAVEL TIME MS	DEPTH FROM SRD (OR TOP) M	INTERVAL VELOCITY M/S	INTERVAL DENSITY G/C3	REFLECT. COEFF.	TWO WAY ATTEN. COEFF.	SYNTHETIC SEISMO. PRIMARY	PRIMARY MULTIPLES	ONLY	
1256.0							.02064	,02064	
1258.0							.01286	.01286	
1260.0							00851	D0851	,
1262.0							01026	01026	
1264.0							.02522	.02522	
1266.0							-,01103	01103	
1268.0							-01867	≥01867	
1270.0							01342	01342	
1272.0				- ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^			02914	02914	
1274.0							00005	-,00005	
1276.0							•01459	.01459	
1278.0							00840	00840	
1280.0							01853	01853	
1282.0							.03995	.03995	
1284.0							.01245	.01245	
1286.0							+.02820	02820	
1288.0							.02921	.02921	
1290.0			usta til som til still som til som til Til som til so				01784	01784	
1292.0							02281	02281	
1294.0							•03031	.03031	
1296.0							02892	02892	
1298.0							-01777	.01777	
1300.0							01962	01962	
1302.0							.00275	.00275	

COMPANY : BEACH PETROLEUM N.L. WELL : PRINCES+1 PAGE 23

TWO WAY TRAVEL TIME	DEPTH FROM SRD (OR TOP)	INTERVAL VELOCITY	INTERVAL DENSITY	REFLECT. COEFF.	TWO WAY	SYNTHETIC SEISMO.	PRIMARY	MULTIPLES ONLY
MS	M	M/S	G/C3		COEFF.	PRIMARY	MULTIPLES	
1304.0							.02255	.02255
1306.0							00783	00783
1308.0							.01436	.01436
1310.0							01732	01732
1312.0							00764	00764
1314.0							.03259	.03259
1316.0			현실 경기 기업 설립 14 기업 기업 설립				02093	-,02093
1318.0							04897	04897
1326.0							.04561	.04561
1322.0							01237	01237
1324.0							01210	01210
1326.0					일본 시간 경험 기업 및 보고 보다. 참고 공항 경우 보고 있는 보고 보다.	일(11) 교기왕은 경우 3 12일(22) - 12 (11) 12 (12)	.01561	.01561
1328.0							00536	00536
1330.0							.00872	-00872
1,332.0							.03745	.03745
1334.0							00384	00384
1336.0							.00478	.00478
1338.0							03136	03136
134C.0							.00910	.00910
1342.0							01998	01998
1344.0							02410	02410
1346.0		왕왕 : 사고를 보고 하는 것이다. 1908년 - 1985년 2018년 - 1985년					.01774	.01774
1348.0							.00549	.00549
1350.0							01506	01506
1352.0							.02988	.02988

COMPANY :	PEACH PETR	OLEUM N.L.		WELL	: PRINCES-1			PAGE 24
TWO WAY TRAVEL TIME MS	DEPTH FROM SRD (OR TOP) M	INTERVAL VELOCITY M/S	INTERVAL DENSITY G/C3	REFLECT. COEFF.	TWO WAY ATTENE COEFF.	SYNTHETIC SEISMO. PRIMARY	PRIMARY MULTIPLES	MULTIPLES ONLY
1354.0							.04457	.04457
1356.0							05512	05512
1358.0							.02043	.02043
1360.0							02137	02137
1362.0							.00691	4 00691
1364.0							•03091	.03091
1366.0							00088	-,00088
1368.0							03486	03486
1370.0							01485	01485
1372.0							.01352	.01352
1374.0							00406	00406
1376.0							.00516	.00516
1378.9							00629	00629
1380.0							.02768	.02768
1382.0							00432	00432
1384.0							01156	01156
1386.0							00748	00748
1388.0							00447	00447
1390.0							.00054	.00054
1392.0							.01378	.01378
1394.0							00931	00931
1396.0							00682	00682
1398.0							.01643	.01643
		the first of the f						 A control of the contro

1400.0

-.00674

-.00674

WELL

: PRINCES-1

TWO WAY TRAVEL TIME MS	DEPTH FROM SRD (OR TOP) M	INTERVAL VELOCITY M/S	INTERVAL DENSITY G/C3	REFLECT. COEFF.	TWO WAY ATTEN. COEFF.	SYNTHETIC SEISMO. PRIMARY	PRIMARY MULTIPLES	MULTIPLES ONLY
1402.0							.03748	.03748
1404.0							02231	02231
1406.0							02156	+.02156
1408.0							.00600	.00600
1410.0							.02512	.02512
1412.8							03294	03294
1414.0		A. C. Mariana Garage Mariana Mariana					-101724	01724
1415.0							.02658	.02658
1418.0							01748	01748
1420.0				400 100 400 70 100 100 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			•02338	.02838
1422.0							.01930	. Ď1930
1424.0							04923	04923

APPENDIX 6

PALYNOLOGICAL STUDIES

PALYNOLOGY REPORT

BIOSTRATIGRAPHY, PALAEOENVIRONMENTS, AND
HYDROCARBON SOURCE POTENTIAL OF
PRINCES NO.1, 603m - 1046m
(LATE CRETACEOUS - TERTIARY) OTWAY BASIN

by

MARY E. DETTMANN

Prepared for

May 1986

BEACH PETROLEUM N.L.

SUMMARY

Palynomorphs extracted from Princes No.1 between 603m and 1046m indicate that the section ranges in age from Cenomanian to Paleocene.

Sediments examined were deposited in close-to-land, marginal marine to paralic situations. The organic component of the sediments is predominantly of land plant derivation and chiefly comprises hydrogen-lean macerals that are gas prone when mature. High yields of organic matter from samples at 603m, 1002m, and 1023m indicates good potential for hydrocarbon generation. The yellow colouration of the spores suggests that the section is immature and lies within the immature dry gas zone.

type	SAMPLE depth lithol.	SOURCE POTENTIAL low mod. high v.high	OIL SOURCE POTENTIAL poor ltd. fair good	MATURATION IM EM M LM OM	BIOSTRAT.		DEPOSITIONAL ENVIRONMENT terr. par. m.mar. mar.
swc swc swc swc	603 sst. 643 cly/sst. 1002 clyst. 1023 cly/sst. 1046 cly/sst.	0.8 1.2 2.4	*	*	L. balmei T. longus C. triplex C. triplex A. distocar	Paleoc. Camp√Maast. Tur. Tur.	*
		(ml OM/10gm) KEROGEN YIELD	20 60 80 % H-RICH KEROGEN	GYY A Br Bl 18 22 25 30 SPORE COLOUR/ TAI VALUE			

TABLE 1. Summary of palynological results showing inferred hydrocarbon source potential, oil source potential, maturation age, and palaeoenvironments of sediments between 603m and 1046m in Princes No.1.

INTRODUCTION

Five sidewall cores from between 603m and 1046m in Princes No.1, Otway
Basin have been palynologically analysed to ascertain the age and
biostratigraphic relationships of the sediments, the palaeoenvironments
at and around the depositional site, and the hydrocarbon source potential
and maturation levels of the enclosed organic matter. Table 1 summarises
these results. Species distributions are shown on Table 2 and source
rock/maturation data, as determined palynologically, are incorporated
in Table 3.

Sample processing and analyses follows procedures denoted in a previous report (Dettmann 1986).

BIOSTRATIGRAPHY AND AGE

All samples proved to be palynologically productive and the contained assemblages indicate an age range of Late Cretaceous to Early Tertiary. Biostratigraphic synthesis is in terms of the spore-pollen zones of Dettmann & Playford (1969), Stover & Evans (1973) and Stover & Partridge (1973) and the dinoflagellate zones of Helby et al. (in prep.) and Partridge (1976).

1. 603m; L. balmei Zone, Paleocene

The presence of <u>Lygistepollenites</u> <u>balmei</u>, <u>Gambierina</u> <u>edwardsii</u> and <u>Malvacipollis</u> <u>diversus</u> in an assemblage containing abundant proteaceous pollen and infrequent <u>Nothofagidites</u> indicate attribution to the <u>L. balmei</u>

Zone of Stover & Evans (1973) and equivalent <u>G. edwardsii</u> Zone of Harris (1965).

A Paleocene age is indicated. The sampled horizon is thus equivalent in age to the basal part of the Pebble Point Formation studied by Harris (1965). Algal microfossils, although common, are taxonomically restricted and species observed lack resolution in terms of the latest Cretaceous and Early Tertiary zonal schemes of Helby et al. (in prep.) and Partridge (1976).

2. 643m; T. longus Zone/ I. korojonense Zone, late Campanian-Maastrichtian

The spore-pollen assemblage includes common <u>Gambierina</u> together with diverse proteaceous pollen and <u>Tricolpites longus</u> and is indicative of the <u>T. longus</u> Zone as delineated in the <u>Gippsland Basin</u>. The presence of common <u>Isabelidinium pellucida</u> and <u>Manumiella conoratum</u> in the restricted dinocyst assemblage supports reference to the <u>I. korojonense</u>

Zone and illustrates that, in the Otway Basin, the latter zone correlates in part with the <u>T. longus</u> Zone (cf. Frakes <u>et al</u>. in press, Table 2).

Sediments at 643m in Princes No.1 are thus of late Campanian or Maastrichtian age.

3. 1002m - 1023m; C. triplex Zone, Turonian

Samples examined from 1002m and 1023m contain Phyllocladidites mawsonii and Clavifera triplex and are referred to the C. triplex Zone of Turonian age. Dinoflagellates occur in both samples. Neither assemblage is sufficiently diagnostic for precise zonal attribution; they are, however, comparable to those reported from the mid Cretaceous of the Otway Basin.

The palynological evidence thus indicates that the section 1002m to 1023m in Princes No.1 is equivalent in age to sediments at 1832.5m in Westgate No.1A (Dettmann 1986).

4. 1046m; A. distocarinatus Zone, Cenomanian/Turonian

The diverse spore-pollen assemblage contains <u>Appendicisporites disto-carinatus</u> in association with <u>Phimopollenites pannosus</u> and <u>Liliacidites intermedius</u> and lacks indices of the <u>C. triplex</u> Zone. Accordingly, the sample is referred to the <u>A. distocarinatus</u> Zone of Cenomanian/Turonian age. The dinoflagellate evidence provides general support for a mid Cretaceous age, but species encountered are not definitive with respect to the mid Cretaceous dinoflagellate zones delineated by Helby <u>et al.</u> (in prep.).

Similar palynomorph assemblages were reported from Westgate No.1A at 1848.5m indicating correlation of those sediments with Princes No.1, 1046m (Dettmann 1986).

PALAEOENVIRONMENTS

Organic matter extracted from the samples is dominantly of land plant derivation, with minor contributions of algal and fungal material. Additionally, recycled palynomorphs occur in all samples. The sediments are interpreted to have accumulated in close-to-land strandline situations subjected to marine influence. Further discussion of the palaeoenvironments is given below.

1. 603m; Paleocene

The sample provided a high volume of organic matter mostly derived from terrestrial sources. Algal microfossils include chlorophycean and dinophycean forms suggestive of fresh to brackish environments. Deposition occurred in a terrestrial situation subjected to minor marine influence and source sediments include the erosion products of Permian and possibly

Early Cretaceous sequences.

2. 643m; late Campanian-Maastrichtian

The low yield of organic matter recovered from the sample is mostly of land plant origin. Algal input is largely from <u>Peridinium</u>-type cysts suggestive of restricted marine influence. Sediment source included Permian and Early Cretaceous sequences.

3. 1002m - 1046m; Cenomanian-Turonian

Moderate to high volumes of organic matter extracted from the samples investigated is largely of terrestrial origin and derived from dryzone and rainforest vegetation. This was deposited in close-to-land situations subjected to marine influence. Source sediments included erosion products of Permian, Triassic and Early Cretaceous strata.

SOURCE ROCK POTENTIAL AND MATURATION

Source rock and maturation assessments are based on methods outlined in a previous report (Dettmann 1986).

Samples from 603m, 1002m, and 1023m provided high yields of organic matter and have potential to support significant hydrocarbon generation when mature. Samples from 645m and 1046m provided lesser volumes of OM and have limited source potential (Table 3).

OM of the samples is chiefly of opaque land plant detritus that is predominantly gas prone. Colouration of the spores indicates that the sequence is immature and lies within the immature dry gas zone (Table 3).

REFERENCES

DETTMANN, M.E. 1986. Biostratigraphy, palaeoenvironments, and hydrocarbon source potential of Westgate No.1A, 1754m - 1909m (Cretaceous) Otway Basin. Palynology Rept. for Beach Petroleum N.L. (Unpubl.), April 1986.

- DETTMANN, M.E. & PLAYFORD, G. 1969. Palynology of the Australian Cretaceous: a review. In: Stratigraphy and Palaeontology; essays in honour of Dorothy Hill (ed. K.S.W. Campbell), A.N.U. Press, Canberra, 174-210.
- FRAKES, L.A. et al. in press. Australian Cretaceous shorelines, Stage by Stage. Palaeogeogr. Palaeoclimatol., Palaeoecol.
- HARRIS, W.K. 1965. Basal Tertiary microfloras from the Princetown area, Victoria, Australia. Palaeontographica 115B, 75-106.
- HELBY, R.J., MORGAN, R., & PARTRIDGE; A.D. in prep. A palynological zonation for the Australian Mesozoic. Mem. Assoc. Australs. Palaeontols.
- PARTRIDGE, A.D. 1976. The geological expression of eustacy in the Early Tertiary of the Gippsland Basin. APEA J. 16, 73-79.
- STOVER, L.E. & EVANS, P.R. 1973. Upper Cretaceous Eocene spore-pollen zonation, offshore Gippsland Basin, Australia. Geol. Soc. Aust. Spec. Publ. 4, 55-72.
- STOVER, L.E. & PARTRIDGE, A.D. 1973. Tertiary and Late Cretaceous spores and pollen from the Gippsland Basin, southeastern Australia.

 Proc. Roy. Soc. Vict., 85, 237-286.

Mary E. Dettmann
c/- Department of Geology & Mineralogy
University of Queensland
St. Lucia, Qld. 4067

19 May, 1986.

COMPANY: BEACH PETROLEUM N.L.

Sheet 1 of 5

WELL: PRINCES No. 1

BASIN: OTWAY

WELL: PRINCES NO. 1								BA	SIN	1:	OT	WAY	•					
Sample type		s	s	T	s :	s	s			Τ	Τ		T	T	T	T	\top	\top
Depth (m)		1046	1023	1002	5001	C#0	603											
CRYPTOGAM SPORES:						T								\vdash	\dagger	\dagger	+	+
Triporoletes reticulatus	-	+	+	+		T									\top	\top	+	+
Dictyophyllidites crenatus	1-	F				T									T	+	+	+-
Stoverisporites microverrucatus	1	-	+	+	\top	Ť	\top								\vdash	+	+	+
Biretisporites cf. potoniae	-1	-			+	T	\top							_	\vdash	+-	+	-
Cicatricosisporites australiensis	+	-		+	\vdash		\top	\top	\dashv		-				\vdash	+	+	+-
Gleicheniidites circinidites	+	+	+	+		-	+	十		\dashv	\dashv	\dashv			-	+	+-	-
Cyathidites australis/minor	+	+	+	+	+	1	+	\dagger	\dashv		\dashv	\dashv		\dashv	_	-	┼─	+
Cyathidites punctatus	+	+-	+	+		\vdash	\dagger	+	\dagger	\dashv	\dashv	+	\dashv	-		-	\vdash	
Retitriletes austroclavatidites	+	-	+	+	+	\vdash	$^+$	+	+	+	\dashv	\dashv	\dashv	-		 	-	
Ceratosporites equalis	+	1	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	\dashv	\dashv	\dashv	-		<u> </u>	 	
Ornamentifera sp.	+	+	+	-			+	+	+	+	\dashv	+	\dashv	-	_			\vdash
Foraminisporis asymmetricus	+	+	-				+	+	+	\dashv	+	+	\dashv	\dashv	\dashv			
Klukisporites scaberis	+	\dagger	\dagger				+	+	+	\dashv	+	+	\dashv	\dashv	\dashv			\vdash
Coptospora paradoxa	+	+	+	\dashv	_		+	+	十	+	+	+	\dashv		-		.	
Foraminisporis dailyi	+	+	+	\dashv	-		+	+	+	+	+	+	\dashv	\dashv	\dashv		\dashv	
Appendicisporites distocarinatus	+	+		+	\dashv		+	+	+	+	╁	+	+	+	\dashv	\dashv	\dashv	
Matonisporites cooksoniae	+	\vdash	+	+	\dashv		╁╌	+-	+	+	+	+	+	\dashv	\dashv	\dashv		\dashv
Arcellites sp.	+		+	十	\dashv		+	+	╁	+	+	+	+	\dashv	\dashv	\dashv	\dashv	\dashv
Crybelosporites sp.	+	\vdash	+	+	\dashv		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		\dashv	\dashv
Baculatisporites comaumensis	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	╁	+	+	╁	+	+	+	+	-+		
Laevigatosporites ovatus	+	+	+	+	+		\vdash	╁	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		+	\dashv
Stereisporites antiquasporites	+	+	+	-	+	+	\vdash	-	+-	+-	+	+	+	+	+	\dashv	\dashv	-
Leptolepidites verrucatus	+		+	+	+		-	+	╁	+	+	+	+	+	+		\dashv	\dashv
Punctatosporites sp.	+	+	\vdash	+	+		\vdash	\vdash	+	╁	+	+	+	+	+	\dashv	\dashv	\dashv
Trilites cf. tuberculiformis		+	\vdash	+	+		-	 	+	+	+-	+	+	+	+	+	\dashv	-
Camarazonosporites sp.		+	 	+	+			-	╁	+-	+	+	+	+	+	+	\dashv	\dashv
Camarazonosporites ambigens		+	-	+	+	_		-	-	+	╀	+	+	+	+	+	\dashv	-
'Foraminisporis' intraverrucatus		+	+	+	+			-	-	+	+	+-	+	+	+	+	+	\dashv
Microfoveolatosporis canaliculatus	-	+	+	+	+	-			-	+	\vdash	+	+	+	+	+	\dashv	
Ischyosporites punctatus	-	+		+	+	-			-	+-	+-	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
Sestrosporites pseudoalveolatus	\dashv	+		+	+	+				+	-	\vdash	+	+	+	+	+	\dashv
Foveogleicheniidites confossus	+	+	+	\vdash	+	+				\vdash	+-	-	+-	+	+	+	+	┥.
Densoisporites velatus		+	+	\vdash	+	+					-	-	+	+	+	+	+	\dashv
Balmeisporites holodictyus	\dashv	+		-	+	+				-	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	\dashv
		\dashv		_	\perp	\perp				L	<u> </u>	<u></u>		1				ı

TABLE 2 PALYNGMORPH DISTRIBUTION

COMPANY: BEACH PETROLEUM N.L. Sheet 2 of 5 WELL: PRINCES No.1 BASIN: OTWAY Sample type ss s s Depth 1046 1023 1002 (m) Palynomorph Cyatheacidites annulatus Trilobosporites trioreticulosus Cicatricosisporites cuneiformis + + Cicatricosisporites hughesii + Stereisporites pocockii Clavifera triplex + Camarozonosporites australis Perotriletes laceratus Cicatricosisporites pseudotripartitus Dictyophyllidites pectinataeformis Reticulosporis punctatus Camarozonosporites ohaiensis Foveosporites moretonensis + Camarazonosporites amplus + Grapnelispora sp. Camarazonosporites bullatus Stereisporites sp. Reticulosporis albertensis Verrucatosporites speciosus Peromonolites densus Kraeuselisporites pappilatus GYMNOSPERMOUS POLLEN: Alisporites similis Alisporites grandis + Cycadopites nitidus + Classopollis chateaunovii + + Classopollis sp. + + Balmeisporites limbatus + Hoegisporis sp. + + + | Microcachryidites antarcticus + | + | + | + Podocarpidites ellipticus + + + + 4 Araucariacites australis + + + Vitreisporites pallidus Trisaccites microsaccatus +

Sample type: S = Sidewall core; C = Conventional core; D = Cuttings.

Phyllocladidites mawsonii

TABLE 2

PALYNGMORPH

DISTRIBUTION

COMPANY: BEACH PETROLEUM N.L.

Sheet 3 of 5

WELL: PRINCES No. 1

BASIN: OTWAY

WELL: PRINCES NO. 1							BA	SIN	1:	OTV	ΙΑΥ							
Sample type	5	5 :	s	s	s	s			Γ	Τ	Τ	T	T	T		\top	\top	
Depth (m)	1046	1023	1000	7007	643	603												
Phyllocladidites verrucosus				+	\dagger								+	+	+	+	+	
Lygistepollenites balmei			1	+	1	+						\vdash	╁╴	+	+	+	+	
Lygistepollenites florinii			T	+	1.	+							\dagger	\dagger	+	+	+	•
Dilwynites granulatus				T	-	+					-		\vdash	\dagger	+	+	+	
Lygistepollenites ellipticus					1-	+							\vdash	+	+	+	+	
ANGIOSPERMOUS POLLEN:					\dagger	\dagger	\dashv	\dashv					\vdash	+	+	+	+	
Phimopollenites pannosus	+	+	+		T	\top	Ť	\dashv						\dagger	+	+	+	
Liliacidites intermedius	+	+	+		\dagger	\top	\top	\dashv	\dashv					+	+-	+	+	\dashv
Tricolpites sp.		+				\top	\dagger	\dagger	\dashv					+	+	+	╁	\dashv
Nyssapollenites sp.			+			\dagger	\top		\dashv	7				-	\dagger	+	+	\dashv
Triorites minor			+				\top	\top	十	+				<u> </u>	\vdash	+	+	+
Cranwellispollis sp.			+			\top			\top		7			-	+	+	+	Ť
Propylipollis sp.			+					\top	\top	\dashv				\vdash	+-	+	\vdash	1
'Proteacidites' amolosexinus				+		\top		1	\top	1	1				<u> </u>	\vdash	\vdash	†
Nothofagidites sp. fusca-type	Ť			+		T	╁	十	\dagger		+	+			-			1
Tricolpites gillii		T		+	+		\dagger	\dagger	1	\dagger	\dashv	\dashv						†
Gambierina edwardsii				+	+		\top				\top	\dashv					-	†
Nothofagidites senectus			\exists	+	+	\top	1	\top	\top	\top			i					1
Proteacidites subscabratus				+	+	T	T	1		\top	\top	Ť	\neg					j
Proteacidites adenanthoides	T			+			T						7					†
Propylipollis scaboratus		\top		+	+		\top	T		\top	\top		1					1
Tricolporites leuros	\top		\neg	+			1	1	\top	\top	\top	\top	7					1
Australopollis obscurus			\top	+	+		1			\top	\top	\dagger	7					1
Tricolpites sabulosus	\top			+			T	\top		\top		\top				\neg		
Tricolpites longus .		\top	\top	+			T	T		\top	\top	\top				\neg		Ì
Tricolpites confessus				+				\top	T	\top		\top	\dashv			1		
Liliacidites lanceolatus		1		+	+			T	+		\top	\top	\top			\neg		
Cranwellipollis palisadus				+					T	\top	\top	\top	1			\neg		
Tricolpites phillipsii		T		+	+				T	T	十			\neg		十		
Triporopollenites sectilis	T	T			+	·····			T		\top	T	\top	\dashv		\dashv		
Myrtaceadites eugenioides					+						T	\top	\top	7	\dashv	十		
Nothofagidites endurus					+				T	T	1	\top	\top	\top	7	十		
Malvacipollis diversus	\prod				+					T	T	\top	Ť	\top	\dashv	\top	\neg	•
Proteacidites crassus					+					T	T	T	\top	\top	\top	十	\neg	
Haloragicidites harrisii					+							T	T	T		\top	\neg	

TABLE 2

PALYNOMORPH DISTRIBUTION

COMPANY: BEACH PETROLEUM N.L.

Sheet 4 of 5

WELL: PRINCES No. 1

BASIN: OTT

WELL: PRINCES No. 1							BA	SIN	1:	OT	WAY						
Sample type		s	s	s	s	s									\neg	\neg	
Depth (m)		1046	1023	1002	643	603											
Proteacidites rectomarginus		十			-	+							-	_	\dashv	\dashv	
Caryophyllidites polyoratus		十	\neg			+					\dashv	\dashv	+	\dashv	-	\dashv	
Diporites sp.		\top	\top	\dashv		+						\dashv	\dashv	+	\dashv	\dashv	-
Nothofagidites brachyspinulosus		\top				+				\dashv	\dashv	-	\dashv	十	十	\dashv	
Propylipollis reticuloscabratus		\top	T	1		+				7	\dashv	\dashv	十	+	\dashv	十	
Bankseidites elongatus		\top		\top	1	+		\dashv		7	_	\dashv	\dashv	\dashv	+	+	_
Proteacidites ornatus		T				+	\dashv	\neg		\dashv	十	十	+	十	十	\top	
Anacolosidites acutulus		T	\top	\top	\dashv	+	\dashv		\dashv	十	\dashv	十	+	\top	+	+	
Ilexipollenites sp.		\top	\top	\top	\top	+		\dashv		\dashv	\dashv	十	+	\dashv	+	+	
Nothofagidites flemingii	\top	\dagger		+	+	+	\dashv	\dashv	\top	\dagger		+	+	+	+	+	
ALGAL MICROFOSSILS:	\top	+	\dagger	\dagger	\dashv		\top	\top	$\neg \uparrow$	+	\dashv	\forall	+	+	+	+	
Callialasphaeridium asymmetricum	+	T	Ť	\dagger		+		\top	\dashv	\top	\dashv	十	+	+	+	+	
Cyclonephelium compactum	+	1	+	+		\top	+	\top		\dagger	\vdash	+	+	+	十	+	
Coronifera oceanica	+	-	+	\dagger	\top	\top	\top	+	_	+	\top	十	+	+	+	+	-
Oligosphaeridium pulcherinum	+	+	F	\dagger	十	\top	十	\dashv	十	\dashv	+	+	\dashv		}		\dashv
Oligosphaeridium complex	+	\vdash	+	\top	\top	\top	+	+	\dashv	十	+	+	+	+	+	+	\dashv
Cyclonephelium distinctum	+	+	+	\dagger	+	\top	\dashv	十	_	\dagger	+	+	+	+	+	十	ᅥ
Palaeoperidinium sp.	+		+	T	\dagger		\top	+	\dashv	\dagger	\top	+	+	+	+	+	7
Spiniferites ramosus	+	+	+	\dagger	\dagger		\top	\top	\top	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	┪
Odontochitina operculata	+	+	+	\dagger		\top	+	\top	\top	+	+	\dagger	+	+	+	+	+
Sigmopollis cf. carbonis	+		\dagger	T	\top	\top	\dagger	+	+	\dagger	╁	\dagger	+	+	+-	+	\dashv
Microdinium ornatum		+		T	\dagger	Ť	\top	+	+	+	+	\dagger	+	+	+	\dagger	1
Odonotchitina striatoperforata		+			\top	\dagger	\dagger	\top	\top	\top	\top	十	十	\top	+	${\dagger}$	1
Cribroperidinium edwardsii	TT	+	Π							1	\top	T	1	1	1	\vdash	1
Ascodinium cf. acrophorum ·		+			T				1		1	T	\top	T	T	\top	†
Amosopollis cruciformis		+	+				1				\top	T	\top	\dagger			1
Lecaniella ap.		+	+			T					1	\top	\top	T		T	1
Heterosphaeridium heteracanthum			+						1	T	T	T	T	T			1
Florentina sp.			+					T	1				T				Ť
Hexagonifera glabrum			+					1	T		1	T					1
Ascodinium ?parvum			+			T	T	T					\top				1
Isabelidinium pellucidum				+								Г					t
Manumiella conoratum:		\Box		+			Π				T				П		İ
Paralecaniella indentata					+												
lterbia sp.				+]
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			7					,				,					

IADLE 2 DISTRIBUTION PALYNUMURPH COMPANY: BEACH PETROLEUM N.L. Sheet 5 of 5 WELL: PRINCES No.1 BASIN: OTWAY Sample type s s s Depth 1023 1002 643 603 (m) Palynomorph Ceratiopsis obliquipes Renidinium vitilare FUNGAL PALYNOMORPHS: Spores and/or hyphae RECYCLED PALYNOMORPHS: Plicatipollenites gondwanensis Pseudoreticulatospora pseudoretic. Rogalskaisporites cicatricosus + Camarazonosporites ramosus Cyclosporites hughesii Contignisporites multimuratus Aratrisporites parvispinosus Dulhuntyispora parvithola Granulatisporites trisinus Didecitriletes ericianus Striatoabeites sp.

				ORGANIC MATTER															
			AMOUNT			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		YPE			siti	on)						MATUR	ITY
			(m1/	A 1	gini	te		rin.	/Cut	in.		Hur	nic	۷i	tr.				
SAMPLE	DEPTH (m)	LITHOLOGY	10gm)	Dispersed	Dense	Algal cysts	Fine (<10µm)	Spores	Leaf tissue	Other	Woody tissue	<20µm	> 20µm	<20µm	> 20 µm	Inertinite	Spore Colour	T.A.I. (after Staplin 1982)	Interpreted Maturity Level
swc 26	603	sandstone, dk. grey, f. gr.	1.5	5	5	+	_	+	_	-	-	40	+	5	25	20	greenish yellow	1.5	immature
swc 23	643	claystone, dk. grey, & sand	0.5	5	-	+	-	+	_	_	-	20	+	10	40	20	greenish yellow	1.5	immature
swc 9	1002	claystone, dk. grey	1.3	10	-	+	-	5	+	5	-	25	+	10	30	15	greenish yellow	1.7	immature
swc 6		interlam. claystone, dk. grey & f. gr. med. grey sandst	1.2	5	-	+	5	10	+	10	+	10	+	20	40	+	greenish yellow	1.7	immature
swc 4		interlam. dk. grey claystone s sandstone, f. gr., l. grey	0.8	+	-	+	10	10	+	10	+	-	+	20	50	+	greenish yellow	1.7	immature

TABLE 3. Organic matter, Princes No.1, sidewall cores, 603m - 1046m.

APPENDIX 7

SOURCE ROCK STUDIES

PRINCES NO. 1

K.K.	Depth	5			Description Including
No.	(m)	Ryma	x Range	N	Exinite Fluorescence
				DI	Iwyn Formation 377.5 m
				P	ember Mudstone 548.0 m
			Pebbl	le Po	int Formation 602.0 m/625.0 m?
				Paa	ratte Formation 647.5 m
×5123	772.5 SWC 17	0.49	0.34-0.59	28	Sparse sporinite and liptodetrinite, yellow to orange
	R _I	0.91	0.60-1.82	19	yellow, rare resinite, greenish yellow and orange yellow, rare cutinite, yellow orange. (Sandy siltstone. Dom common, I>V>E. Inertinite common, vitrinite and exinite sparse. Pyrite sparse.)
				Sku	II Creek Member 807.5 m
×5124	857	0.43	0.35-0.53	25	Sparse liptodetrinite and sporinite, yellow to yellow
	SWC 14 R	1.05	0.82-1.38	14	orange, rare cutinite, yellow orange, rare phytoplankton, greenish yellow, rare resinite, yellow. (Silty sandstone. Dom common, I>V>E. Inertinite common, vitrinite and exinite sparse. Some vitrinite shows weak brown fluorescence. Glauconite abundant. Pyrite sparse.)
•			Nul	lawar	re Greensand Member 858.5 m
				Bei	fast Mudstone 994.0 m
×5125	995 SWC 10 R	1.06	0.70-1.66	- 10	Rare to sparse sporinite, bright yellow to orange, rare liptodetrinite, bright yellow to dull orange, rare phytoplankton, greenish yellow to yellow. (Siltstone>sandstone. Dom common, I>E. Inertinite and exinite sparse, vitrinite
					absent. Sand sized glauconite major. Pyrite common.)
			Fia	xmans	:/Waarre Formation 1000.5 m
×5126	1023 SWC 6	0.44	0.28-0.54	29	Sparse sporinite, yellow to orange, rare cutinite, yellow orange, rare resinite, yellow, rare ?phytoplankton, greenish yellow to yellow, rare bituminite, brown. (Siltstones sandstone. Dom common, I>V>E. Inertinite common, vitrinite and exinite sparse. Pyrite common.)
			1	Eumer	alla Formation 1045.0 m
×5127	1046 SWC 4	0.46	0.45-0.46	2	Rare to sparse liptodetrinite, yellow to orange, rare cutinite, yellow to orange, rare resinite, yellow,
	Ř,	1.18	0.86-1.62	15	
×5128	1132 SWC 1	-	-	-	Rare resinite, yellow, rare sporinite and liptodetrinite,
	R	1.01	0.84-1.26	5	yellow to orange. (Sandstone>claystone>carbonate. Dom rare to sparse, E>I. Exinite rare to sparse, inertinite rare, vitrinite absent. Green fluorescing ?oil droplets rare. Pyrite sparse.)

PRINCES NO. 1

KK No.	Depth (m)	TOC
×5123	772.5	2.02
×5124	857	1.30
×5125	995	1.05
×5126	1023	2.26
x5127	1046	1.38
×5128	1132	0.22

APPENDIX 8

PETROGRAPHY & X-RAY DIFFRACTION ANALYSIS



The Australian leral Development Laboratories

Flemington Street, Frewville, South Australia 5063 Phone Adelaide (08) 79 1662 Telex AA82520

> Please address all correspondence to P.O. Box 114 Eastwood SA 5063 In reply quote:

amdel

26 May 1986

GS 3/944/0

Beach Petroleum, P.O. Box 360,

CAMBERWELL, VIC. 3124

ATT: I. BUCKINGHAM - CHIEF GEOLOGIST

REPORT G 6679/86

YOUR REFERENCE:

Letter dated 16/4/86

IDENTIFICATION:

See report

MATERIAL:

Sidewall core samples

LOCALITY:

Princes No. 1 Well, 45 km east of

Warrnambool, Vic.

DATE RECEIVED:

28 April 1986

WORK REQUIRED:

Petrography (5 Codes R5.1 and R5.2), X-ray Diffraction (5 Code R5.3) and

SEM examination (5 Code R5.4).

Investigation and Report by: Frank Radke, Michael Till & C.M. Fanning

Manager - Geological Services Section: Dr Keith J Henley

Head Office: Flemington Street, Frewville South Australia 5063 Telephone (08) 79 1662 Telex: Amdel AA82520 Pilot Plant:

Osman Place Thebarton, S.A. Telephone (08) 43 5733

Telex: Amdel AA82725 Branch Laboratories: Melbourne, Vic.

Telephone (03) 645 3093 Perth, W.A. Telephone (09) 325 7311

Telex: Amdel AA94893 Sydney, N.S.W. Telephone (02) 439 7735 Telex: Amdel AA20053

Townsville Queensland 4814 Telephone (077) 75 1377 for Dr William G Spencer

General Manager

Applied Sciences Group

bp

1. SUMMARY

Five sidewall core samples from the Princes No. 1 Well submitted by Beach Petroleum for petrologic examination were given the following rock names:

Sa	mple	Thin Section No.	Sample Name					
Core No.	Depth (m)							
5	1041.5	TSC47275	Sandstone					
8	1006.5	TSC47276	Sandstone					
21	650.5	TSC47277	Fine Grained Sandstone					
25	629.0	TSC47278	Sandstone					
29	542.0	TSC47279	Sandstone					

All of the above samples are quartz-rich sandstones with a relatively immature character containing at least moderate amounts of detrital feldspar and lithic clasts. In general the detrital feldspar grains and lithic clasts are quite fresh showing very little if any alteration. All of these samples have a high porosity ranging from approximately 10% to 25% pores and although the original rocks are thought to be highly porous at least some of this porosity has been produced during sampling.

The rocks contain minor interstitial clay which is generally comprised of kaolinite but in general have a relatively clean character which is indicated both in thin section and by the low proportions (between 1 and 6%) of minus 2 micron material. Although kaolinite is the major clay mineral in most samples, Core 25 (629.0m) has chlorite as the major clay mineral. Smectite and a mica/illite are also present in most samples. Minor siderite occurs as fine intergrowths with the interstitial clay in some samples and is thought to represent an authigenic product.

These samples are immature and well sorted, clay poor sands thought to represent a deposit from a high energy environment such as a channel sand or similar deposit.

2. X-RAY DIFFRACTION

Weighed subsamples were taken and dispersed in water with the aid of deflocculants and an electric blender, and allowed to sediment to produce $-2~\mu m$ e.s.d. size fractions by the pipette method. The resulting dispersions were examined by plummet balance to determine their solids contents, and were than used to produce oriented clay preparations on ceramic plates. Two plates were prepared per sample, both being saturated with Mg⁺⁺ ions, and one in addition being treated with glycerol. When air-dry, these were examined in the X-ray diffractometer. Various additional diagnostic examinations were carried out as required, including examination of the glycerol-free plate hot (~130°C) and after heating for one hour at 550° C.

The results are given in Table 1, which lists the following:

- (a) The proportion of the sample found to separate into the -2 μm size fraction, as determined by the plummet balance. The figure obtained applies only to the pre-treatment and dispersion conditions used.
- (b) The mineralogy of the $-2~\mu m$ fraction with the minerals listed in approximate order of decreasing abundance, using the semiquantitative abbreviations given.

Table 1 shows that these samples contain a small proportion of $-2~\mu m$ fraction indicating a relatively small clay component. This is further supported by petrographic examination which shows only small proportions of interstitial clay. The clay in most samples consists of kaolinite although chlorite is the major clay in Core 25 (629.0m). Chlorite is present at trace to accessory levels in all the other samples as is a mica/illite component. Smectite is present in all samples except for Core 21 (650.5m).

3. SCANNING ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

Small fractured pieces were mounted on aluminium stubs and coated with evaporated carbon and gold-palladium layers. The coated fragments were examined using a Philipps 505 SEM. Where appropriate mineral compositions were identified using a Tracor Northern TN5500 energy dispersive analytical system.

Polaroid positive/negative film was used to photograph lower-magnification overall views, and higher magnification photographs were taken to show details of interest. A selection of photographs is given as Plate 6-15. The length of the scale bar is in either millimetres (mm) or microns (μ m) as indicated on each photograph.

4. PETROGRAPHY

All of the thin sections described in this report have been impregnated with a blue dyed resin to indicate porosity.

Photomicrographs showing typical fields in both plane light and crossed nicols are given in Plate 1-5. In these photomicrographs porosity is indicated by the blue dyed resin. The number in parentheses under each photomicrograph refers to the negative number. The 35 mm colour negatives and polaroid black and white negatives are enclosed with this report.

SAMPLE: Core 5, 1041.5m: TSC47275

Rock Name:

Sandstone

Thin Section:

An optical estimate of the constituents gives the following:

	%
Quartz	40
Lithic clasts	15
Feldspar	10
Clay	10
Mica	${ t Tr}$
Opaques and semi-opaques	1
Pores	25

This sample consists mainly of quartz grains along with smaller amounts of lithic clasts and feldspar grains with an interstitial, argillaceous matrix. The quartz grains are generally between 0.15 and 2 mm in size and exhibit angular to subrounded shapes. The feldspar grains consist both of polysynthetically twinned plagioclase and grid-iron twinned microcline and tend to form angular grains up to about 1 mm in size. Some of the microcline exhibits perthitic intergrowths.

The lithic clasts typically have subrounded to subangular shapes and range up to about 1.5 mm in size. Most of the lithic clasts consist of fine grained argillaceous material comprised largely of muscovite/sericite and small biotite flakes and most likely represent shales or possibly low grade metamorphic rocks. Some volcanic rock clasts including finely granular, felsic rocks and fine grained feldspar-rich rocks (possible andesites) are also present.

The interstitial matrix consists mainly of weakly birefringent clay intergrown with smaller amounts of birefringent The weakly birefringent clay forms moderately well phyllosilicates. developed flakes with a fibrous texture or very finely divided flaky aggregates. This interstitial clay is concentrated in localised areas up to several millimetres in size which have a much less porous character. Other portions of the thin section contain very little interstitial clay and have a highly porous character containing interstitial voids typically between 0.3 and 0.5 mm wide. The high porosity of this rock is thought to be largely due to disturbance during sampling rather than original porosity.

The rock contains a small number of mica flakes up to 0.4 mm wide which are thought to be of detrital origin. These flakes typically have highly degraded appearing textures containing intergrowths of finely divided translucent iron and titanium minerals. Opaque to translucent iron and titanium oxides also form small disseminated grains and aggregates up to 0.3 mm wide which are typically intergrown with the argillaceous matrix or form irregular, interstitial patches.

This is an immature detrital sediment containing abundant quartz grains and relatively fresh lithic clasts and feldspar grains weakly cemented by an interstitial argillaceous matrix.

SAMPLE: Core 8, 1006.5m: TSC47276

Rock Name:
Sandstone

Thin Section:

An optical estimate of the constituents gives the following:

	<u>*</u>
Quartz	55
Clay	15
Feldspar	5
Lithic clasts	4
Mica	1
Tourmaline	${ t Tr}$
Opaques and semi-opaques	5
Pores	15

This sample consists mainly of quartz grains and a much smaller proportion of feldspar grains and lithic clasts cemented by an interstitial, argillaceous matrix. Most of the quartz grains are between 0.1 and 0.5 mm in size although a very small number of larger quartz grains up to 2 mm wide are present. The feldspar grains are generally between 0.2 and 0.5 mm in size and consist of untwinned potash feldspar and small amounts of polysynthetically twinned plagioclase. A small proportion of the potash feldspar exhibits grid-iron twinning typical of microcline. All of the detrital quartz and feldspar grains typically exhibit angular shapes and a small proportion have slightly broken and fractured characters.

The lithic clasts consist mainly of very fine grained sedimentary rock clasts comprised of argillaceous material intergrown with minor amounts of silt-sized quartz grains. A small number of acid volcanic lithic clasts with felsic, granular textures are also disseminated through the rock. Some finely granular chert clasts were also noted.

The rock contains some well developed mica flakes up to 0.4 mm long which are thought to be of detrital origin. These mica flakes generally have fibrous, degraded appearing textures and consist both of pleochroic brown biotite and fibrous textured muscovite. Minor muscovite was also noted locally as small inclusions within some detrital quartz grains. Traces of tourmaline were noted as angular detrital grains up to 0.4 mm wide.

The detrital grains are cemented by an interstitial argillaceous matrix comprised mainly of weakly birefringent clay which locally has a pale green colour. More birefringent sericite is locally intergrown with the argillaceous matrix. In addition to the clay matrix clay also forms small pellets or lithic clasts up to 0.4 mm wide.

The rock exhibits a variable porosity with some areas having a highly porous character ranging up to about 25% pores whereas in other areas it has a much lower porosity. Most of the pores occur as irregular, interstitial voids of approximately 0.2 mm in size but some very large pores up to 1 mm in size are present. Where the porosity is lower the interstices between detrital grains are generally filled with a larger proportion of argillaceous matrix.

Within one area a band approximately 1 to 2 mm wide with a concentration of interstitial opaque material is also present. This opaque material also tends to decrease the porosity in these areas filling interstitial regions between detrital mineral grains.

In addition to the opaque bands, minor opaque to translucent iron oxides also form small disseminated grains and aggregates which are generally intergrown with the argillaceous matrix or lithic clasts.

This is an immature detrital sediment with a varying porosity produced by variations in proportions of interstitial clay and opaque material. At least some of the porosity could be due to disturbance produced during sampling. SAMPLE: Core 21, 650.5m: TSC47277

Rock Name:

Fine Grained Sandstone

Thin Section:

An optical estimate of the constituents gives the following:

	<u>*</u>
Quartz	60
Clay	20
Feldspar	5
Mica	3
Tourmaline	${\tt Tr}$
Zircon	${\tt Tr}$
Opaques and semi-opaques	2
Pores	10

This sample consists mainly of angular to subangular detrital quartz grains with a typical grain size between 0.1 and 0.2 mm cemented by an interstitial argillaceous matrix. In addition to the detrital quartz grains minor detrital feldspar also forms angular to subangular grains up to 0.2 mm wide and includes both polysynthetically twinned plagioclase and potash feldspar. Mica flakes ranging up to 0.3 mm long are also present and are thought to be of detrital origin. These mica flakes include well developed muscovite flakes and a smaller proportion of pleochroic brown to reddish-brown biotite. The biotite flakes in particular tend to have a degraded character with a fibrous texture.

The rock contains a significant porosity comprised of interstitial pores which typically range up to 0.15 mm in size. The porosity is not evenly distributed through the rock but tends to be concentrated within localised areas. Elsewhere the interstitial regions are filled or partially filled with clay. In some areas clay forms irregular patches up to 1 mm in size which have a translucent, reddish-brown iron stained colour. Minor clay also forms vague bands up to 0.5 mm wide which also have a translucent, reddish-brown iron stained colour. In addition to the iron stained clay some weakly birefringent interstitial clay which locally forms well developed flakes is also present as is a small amount of birefringent sericite.

Traces of tourmaline and zircon form small, disseminated grains up to 0.15 mm wide. Opaques are disseminated through the rock as anhedral grains and aggregates up to 0.3 mm wide.

This is a detrital sediment comprised mainly of detrital quartz grains and minor detrital feldspar cemented by an interstitial argillaceous matrix. This sample has a much better sorted and finer grain size than the previously described sandstones.

SAMPLE: Core 25, 629.0m: TSC47278

Rock Name:

Sandstone

Thin Section:

An optical estimate of the constituents gives the following:

Quartz	55
Clay	17
Siderite	3
Mica	3 2
Feldspar	2
Tourmaline	Tr
Zircon	${\tt Tr}$
Opaques and semi-opaques	1
Pores	20

This sample consists mainly of angular to subrounded, detrital quartz grains between 0.15 and 0.8 mm wide cemented by an argillaceous matrix. The matrix is comprised mainly of reddish-brown iron stained clay which has a low birefringence. Small, birefringent grains up to 0.05 mm wide believed to be siderite are disseminated through the argillaceous matrix.

Although quartz is the major detrital component, minor detrital feldspar also forms grains up to 0.6 mm wide and consists mainly of untwinned potash feldspar. The rock also contains some well developed mica flakes up to 1.2 mm long which consist mainly of long muscovite flakes. Minor biotite also forms detrital appearing flakes up to 1 mm long. The biotite flakes in particular tend to have highly degraded textures locally exhibiting turbid characters as well as fibrous textures. Within some areas the matrix contains well developed weakly birefringent flakes up to about 1 mm in size which have a dark reddish-brown iron stained colour and could represent either degraded mica flakes or possibly well developed kaolinite flakes which have been subjected to pervasive iron staining.

The porosity is unevenly distributed through this rock and tends to be concentrated as very large pores up to 3 mm wide within localised areas. Finer porosity is also distributed through the rock as interstitial pores generally between 0.1 and 0.2 mm in size which in some cases are partially filled with clay minerals.

Traces of tourmaline and zircon form small detrital grains up to 0.5 and 0.1 mm in size respectively. The detrital tourmaline grains tend to have a pleochroic orange to brown colour. Opaque to translucent iron oxides are disseminated through the rock as small grains and patches up to 0.3 mm wide which are generally intergrown with the argillaceous matrix.

This is a quartz-rich detrital sediment cemented by an argillaceous matrix which also contains some finely disseminated siderite.

SAMPLE: Core 29, 542.0m: TSC47279

Rock Name:

Sandstone

Thin Section:

An optical estimate of the constituents gives the following:

	%
Quartz	60
Clay	10
Feldspar	2
Siderite	1
Mica	Tr-1
Opaques and semi-opaques	1
Pores	25

This sample consists mainly of angular to subrounded detrital quartz grains ranging between 0.15 and 2 mm in size with a very weakly cemented character. Minor feldspar is also present as detrital grains with angular to subangular shapes and consists mainly of untwinned potash feldspar. Although most of the detrital grains are below 0.8 mm in size a few larger grains up to 2 mm in size are present.

The interstitial regions between the detrital grains consists mainly of pore space forming pores ranging up to 0.5 mm wide. The proportion of this porosity which is primary and the proportion which is caused by disturbance during sampling is difficult to determine although a significant proportion is thought to be primary porosity.

Clay is disseminated through the rock as localised interstitial fillings and large patches up to 3 mm wide. Some clay also forms rounded appearing pellets up to 0.8 mm wide which could be of detrital origin. Most of the clay has a translucent, reddish-brown iron stained colour although some clay patches have a greenish colour or a clear, almost colourless, character. The clear clay typically has very weak birefringence. Some iron stained clay patches contain fine. disseminated birefringent grains believed to be finely divided siderite.

Minor mica is disseminated through the rock as small flakes up to 0.2 mm long which have fibrous textures. Most of the mica consists of muscovite and a small proportion of the muscovite occurs as inclusions within detrital quartz grains. Opaque to translucent iron oxides form small disseminated grains and aggregates up to 0.3 mm wide which are generally intergrown with the clay or occur interstitially between the detrital grains.

This is a very weakly cemented quartz-rich detrital sediment.

TABLE 1 : CLAY MINERALOGY OF FIVE SIDEWALL CORES FROM PRINCES NO. 1 WELL

Core No. Depth	5 1041.5m		8 1006.5m		21 650.5m		25 629.0m		29 542.0m 	
-2 μ m, % Mineralogy										
	K	D	K	D	K	D	С	D	K	D
	С	Α	Sm	SD	M	SD	M	A	Sm	A
	Sm	Α	M	A	Q	Α	Sm	Tr-A	Q	Α
	Q	Α	Q	Α	C	Tr-A	Q	Tr	M	Tr-A
	M	Α	С	Tr-A					С	${\tt Tr}$
	F	\mathtt{Tr}	Рy	${ t Tr}$					Sid	Tr
			F	${f Tr}$					Gi	${\tt Tr}$

Mineral Key

- C Chlorite
- F Feldspar (plagioclase)
- Gi Gibbsite
- K Kaolinite
- M Mica/illite
- Py Pyrite
- Q Quartz
- Sid Siderite
- Sm Smectite

SEMIQUANTITATIVE ABBREVIATIONS:

- D = Dominant. Used for the component apparently most abundant, regardless of its probable percentage level.
- SD = Sub-dominant. The next most abundant component(s) providing its percentage level is judged above about 20.
- A = Accessory. Components judged to be present between the levels of roughly 5 and 20%.
- Tr = Trace. Components judged to be below about 5%.

This is an enclosure indicator page. The enclosure PE907085 is enclosed within the container PE902234 at this location in this document.

The enclosure PE907085 has the following characteristics:

ITEM_BARCODE = PE907085
CONTAINER_BARCODE = PE902234

NAME = Core Photomicrographs

BASIN = OTWAY
PERMIT = PEP/108
TYPE = WELL

SUBTYPE = PHOTOMICROGRAPHS

DESCRIPTION = Core Photomicrographs, Detrital Quartz

and Feldspar Grains with Clay Porosity,
Plate 1 a&b (enclosure from WCR vol.1)

for Princes-1

REMARKS =

DATE_CREATED =

DATE_RECEIVED = W_NO = W932

WELL_NAME = Princes-1

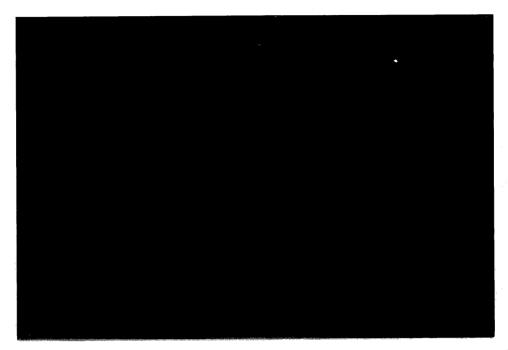
CONTRACTOR =

CLIENT_OP_CO = BEACH PETROLEUM NL

DEPT. NAT. RES & ENV

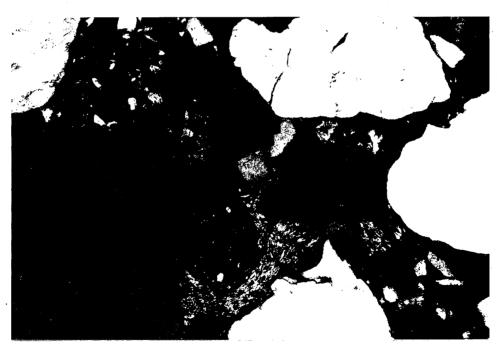
PLATE 1

SAMPLE: Core 5, 1041.5m: TSC47275



a. Plane Light

(10)



b. Crossed Nicols

(11, 12)

Detrital quartz grains and feldspar grains (large grain in upper part of field) with interstitial clay and porosity. In this and all other photomicrographs the porosity will be represented by a blue impregnation medium.

0.5 mm

This is an enclosure indicator page. The enclosure PE907086 is enclosed within the container PE902234 at this location in this document.

The enclosure PE907086 has the following characteristics:

ITEM_BARCODE = PE907086
CONTAINER_BARCODE = PE902234

NAME = Core Photomicrographs

BASIN = OTWAY
PERMIT = PEP/108

TYPE = WELL

SUBTYPE = PHOTOMICROGRAPHS

from WCR vol.1) for Princes-1

REMARKS = DATE_CREATED =

DATE_RECEIVED =

 $W_NO = W932$

WELL_NAME = Princes-1

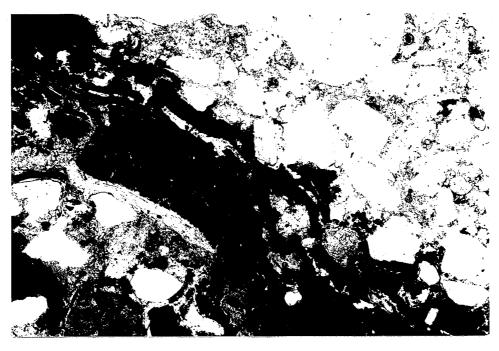
CONTRACTOR =

CLIENT_OP_CO = BEACH PETROLEUM NL



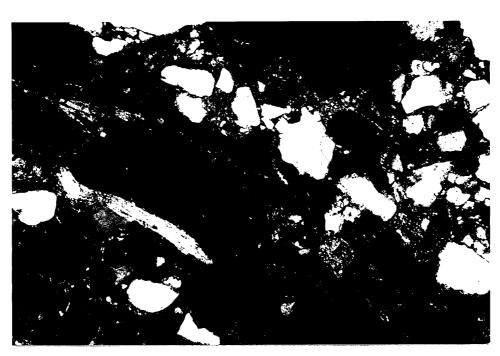
PLATE 2

SAMPLE: Core 8, 1006.5m: TSC47276



a. Plane Light

(13)



b. Crossed Nicols

(14)

Detrital quartz grains with interstitial clay and porosity. Note opaque band which contains detrital appearing muscovite and biotite flakes.

0.5 mm

This is an enclosure indicator page. The enclosure PE907087 is enclosed within the container PE902234 at this location in this document.

The enclosure PE907087 has the following characteristics:

ITEM_BARCODE = PE907087
CONTAINER_BARCODE = PE902234

NAME = Core Photomicrographs

BASIN = OTWAY
PERMIT = PEP/108

TYPE = WELL

SUBTYPE = PHOTOMICROGRAPHS

Princes-1

REMARKS =

DATE_CREATED = DATE_RECEIVED =

 $W_NO = W932$

WELL_NAME = Princes-1

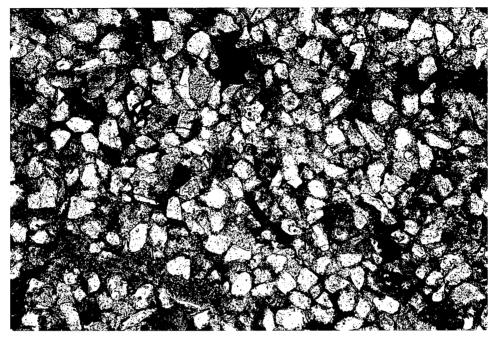
CONTRACTOR =

CLIENT_OP_CO = BEACH PETROLEUM NL



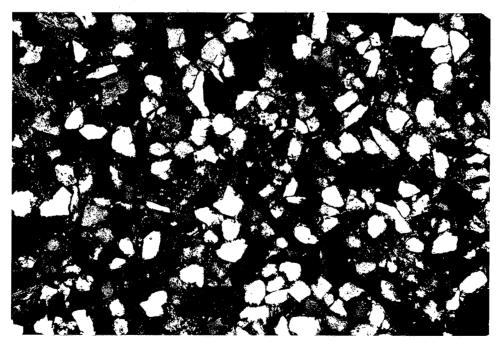
PLATE 3

SAMPLE: Core 21, 650.5m: TSC47277



a. Plane Light

(15)



b. Crossed Nicols

(16)

0.5 mm

This is an enclosure indicator page. The enclosure PE907088 is enclosed within the container PE902234 at this location in this document.

The enclosure PE907088 has the following characteristics:

ITEM_BARCODE = PE907088
CONTAINER_BARCODE = PE902234

NAME = Core Photomicrographs

BASIN = OTWAY PERMIT = PEP/108

TYPE = WELL

SUBTYPE = PHOTOMICROGRAPHS

DESCRIPTION = Core Photomicrographs, Detrital Quartz

and Feldspar with Iron stained Clay,
Plate 4 a&b (enclosure from WCR vol.1)

for Princes-1

REMARKS =

DATE_CREATED = DATE RECEIVED =

 $W_NO = W932$

WELL_NAME = Princes-1

CONTRACTOR =

CLIENT_OP_CO = BEACH PETROLEUM NL



PLATE 4

SAMPLE: Core 25, 629.0m: TSC47278



a. Plane Light

(17)



b. Crossed Nicols

(18)

Detrital quartz and feldspar (e.g. centre of field) grains with interstitial iron stained clay and porosity. Note small birefringent siderite crystals disseminated through clay matrix.

0.5 mm

This is an enclosure indicator page. The enclosure PE907089 is enclosed within the container PE902234 at this location in this document.

The enclosure PE907089 has the following characteristics:

ITEM_BARCODE = PE907089
CONTAINER_BARCODE = PE902234

NAME = Core Photomicrographs

BASIN = OTWAY
PERMIT = PEP/108

 $\mathtt{TYPE} = \mathtt{WELL}$

SUBTYPE = PHOTOMICROGRAPHS

for Princes-1

REMARKS =

DATE_CREATED = DATE_RECEIVED =

 $W_NO = W932$

WELL_NAME = Princes-1

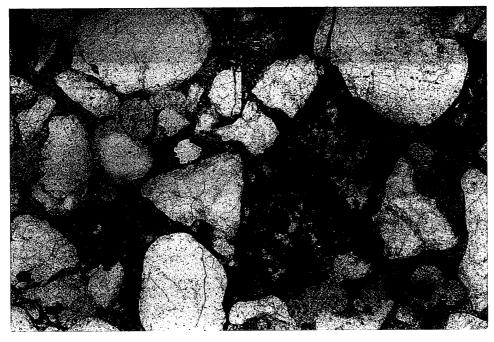
CONTRACTOR =

CLIENT_OP_CO = BEACH PETROLEUM NL



PLATE 5

SAMPLE: Core 29, 542.0m: TSC47279



a. Plane Light

(19)



b. Crossed Nicols

(20)

Detrital quartz grains with a high interstitial porosity. Field includes significant clay which forms greenish-brown patches with finely disseminated siderite crystals best seen as small birefringent grains under crossed nicols.

0.5 mm

This is an enclosure indicator page. The enclosure PE907090 is enclosed within the container PE902234 at this location in this document.

The enclosure PE907090 has the following characteristics:

ITEM_BARCODE = PE907090
CONTAINER_BARCODE = PE902234

NAME = SEM Photograph

BASIN = OTWAY PERMIT = PEP/108

TYPE = WELL

SUBTYPE = PHOTOMICROGRAPHS

DESCRIPTION = SEM Photograph, Framework Grains, Plate

6, (enclosure from WCR vol.1) for

Princes-1

REMARKS =

DATE_CREATED =

DATE_RECEIVED =

 $W_NO = W932$

WELL_NAME = Princes-1

CONTRACTOR =

CLIENT_OP_CO = BEACH PETROLEUM NL

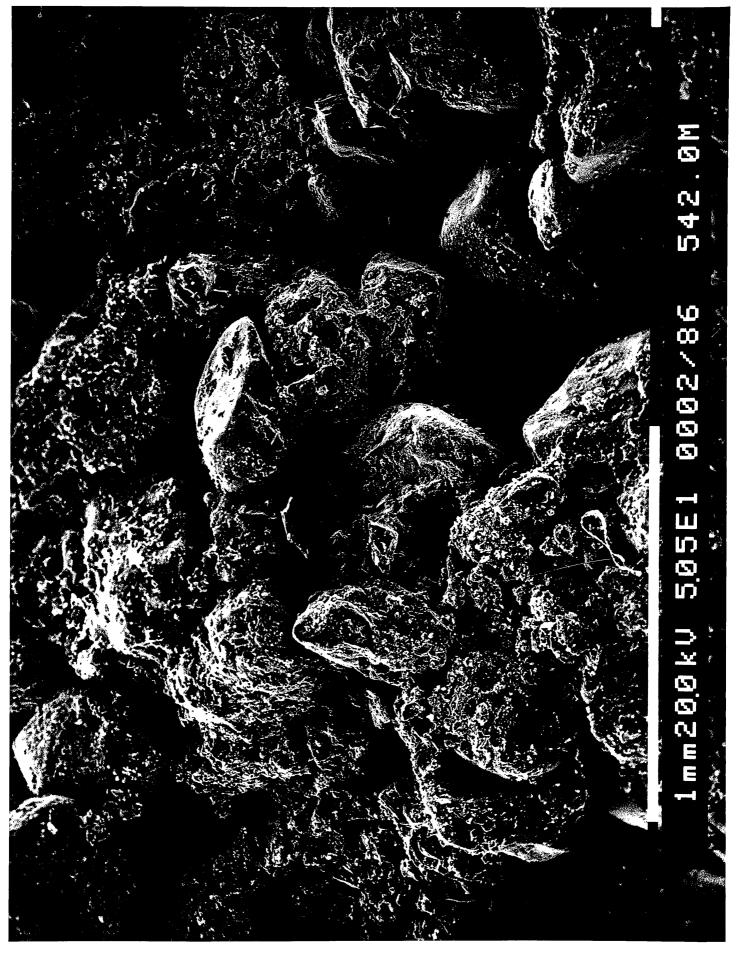


PLATE 6. SAMPLE: PRINCES #1 542.0m

General view of framework grains showing abundant pore spaces and variable clay coatings.



This is an enclosure indicator page. The enclosure PE907091 is enclosed within the container PE902234 at this location in this document.

The enclosure PE907091 has the following characteristics:

ITEM_BARCODE = PE907091
CONTAINER_BARCODE = PE902234

NAME = SEM Photograph

BASIN = OTWAY PERMIT = PEP/108

TYPE = WELL

SUBTYPE = PHOTOMICROGRAPHS

DESCRIPTION = SEM Photograph, Framework Quartz Grain,

Plate 7, (enclosure from WCR vol.1) for

Princes-1

REMARKS =

DATE_CREATED =

DATE_RECEIVED =

 $W_NO = W932$

WELL_NAME = Princes-1

CONTRACTOR =

CLIENT_OP_CO = BEACH PETROLEUM NL



PLATE 7. SAMPLE: PRINCES #1 542.0m

Enlarged view of framework quartz grain adjacent to a pore space seen at top right. Irregular quartz and ?mica fragments are common whereas the very fine kaolinite is poorly developed.



This is an enclosure indicator page. The enclosure PE907092 is enclosed within the container PE902234 at this location in this document.

The enclosure PE907092 has the following characteristics:

ITEM_BARCODE = PE907092
CONTAINER_BARCODE = PE902234

NAME = SEM Photograph

BASIN = OTWAY PERMIT = PEP/108

 $\mathtt{TYPE} = \mathtt{WELL}$

SUBTYPE = PHOTOMICROGRAPHS

DESCRIPTION = SEM Photograph, Framework Grains with surficial coating, Plate 8, (enclosure

from WCR vol.1) for Princes-1

REMARKS =

DATE_CREATED =

DATE_RECEIVED =

 $W_NO = W932$

WELL_NAME = Princes-1

CONTRACTOR =

CLIENT_OP_CO = BEACH PETROLEUM NL

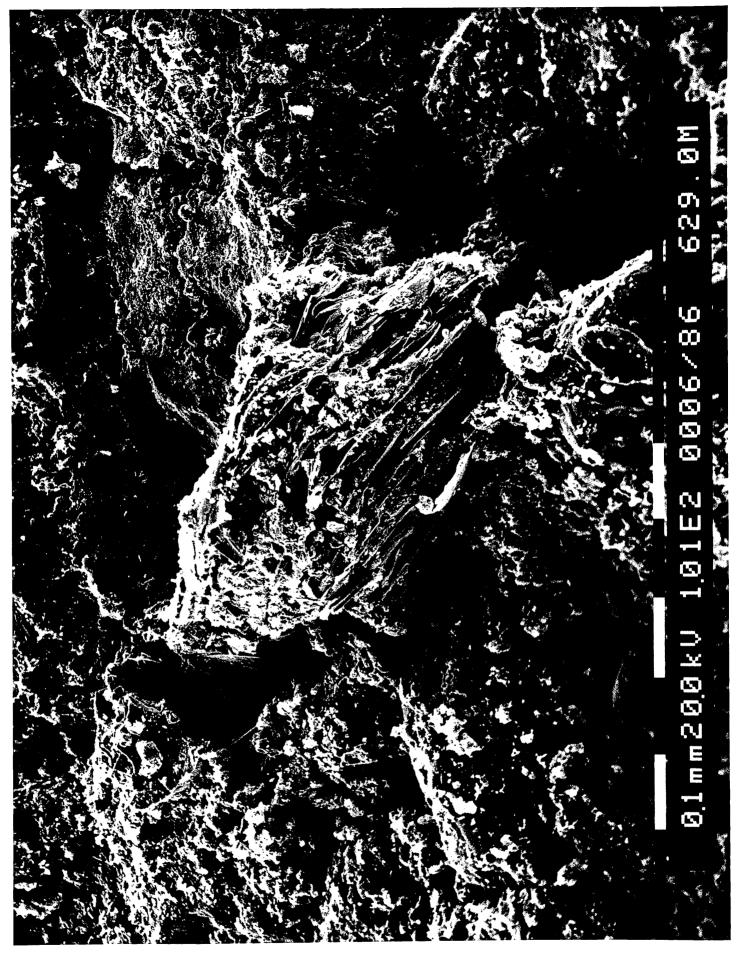


PLATE 8. SAMPLE: PRINCES #1 629.0m

General view showing more compacted nature of framework grains and higher abundance of finer surficial coatings. Prominent grain of ?biotite is seen at centre.



This is an enclosure indicator page. The enclosure PE907093 is enclosed within the container PE902234 at this location in this document.

The enclosure PE907093 has the following characteristics:

ITEM_BARCODE = PE907093
CONTAINER_BARCODE = PE902234

NAME = SEM Photograph

BASIN = OTWAY
PERMIT = PEP/108

TYPE = WELL

SUBTYPE = PHOTOMICROGRAPHS

WCR vol.1) for Princes-1

REMARKS =

DATE_CREATED =

DATE_RECEIVED =

W NO = W932

WELL_NAME = Princes-1

CONTRACTOR =

CLIENT_OP_CO = BEACH PETROLEUM NL

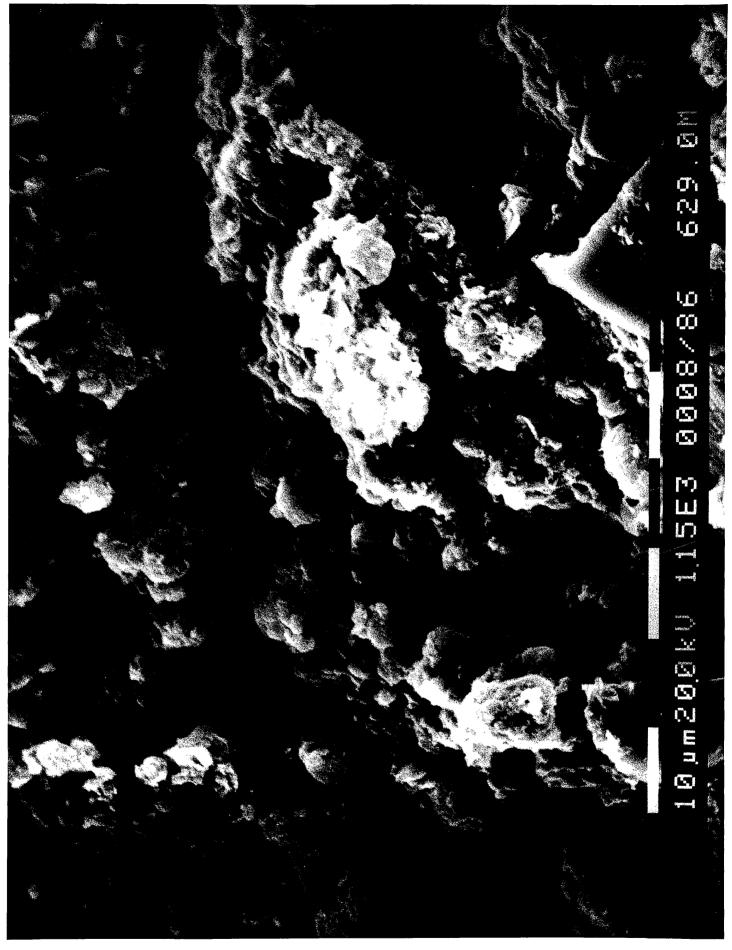


PLATE 9. SAMPLE: PRINCES #1 629.0m

Enlarged view of "clay" coatings. X-ray spectra indicate an iron-rich chlorite is the dominant component.



This is an enclosure indicator page. The enclosure PE907094 is enclosed within the container PE902234 at this location in this document.

The enclosure PE907094 has the following characteristics:

ITEM_BARCODE = PE907094
CONTAINER_BARCODE = PE902234

NAME = SEM Photograph

BASIN = OTWAY PERMIT = PEP/108

TYPE = WELL

SUBTYPE = PHOTOMICROGRAPHS

DESCRIPTION = SEM Photograph,Little Framework Grains

of Quartz and fine Micas and Clays, Plate 10, (enclosure from WCR vol.1)

for Princes-1

REMARKS =

DATE_CREATED =

DATE_RECEIVED = W_NO = W932

WELL_NAME = Princes-1

CONTRACTOR =

CLIENT_OP_CO = BEACH PETROLEUM NL

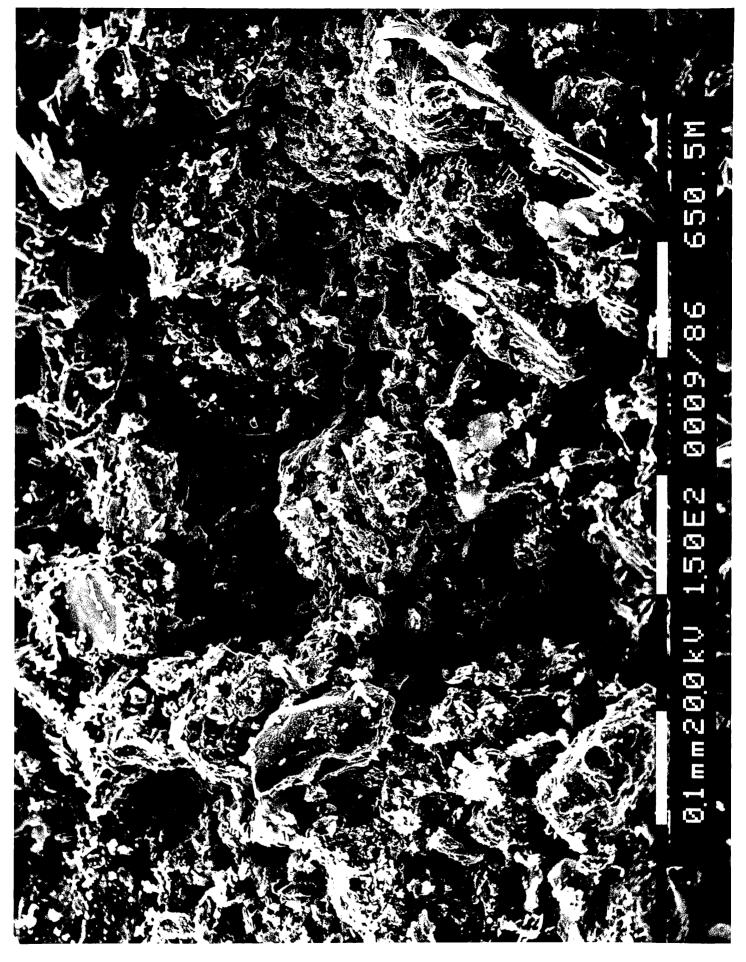


PLATE 10. SAMPLE: PRINCES #1 650.5m

General view of little compacted framework quartz grains and relatively common fine micas and clays.



This is an enclosure indicator page. The enclosure PE907095 is enclosed within the container PE902234 at this location in this document.

The enclosure PE907095 has the following characteristics:

ITEM_BARCODE = PE907095 CONTAINER_BARCODE = PE902234

NAME = SEM Photograph

BASIN = OTWAY PERMIT = PEP/108

TYPE = WELL

SUBTYPE = PHOTOMICROGRAPHS

DESCRIPTION = SEM Photograph, Coarse Mica and finer

Kaolinite, Plate 11, (enclosure from WCR vol.1) for Princes-1

REMARKS =

DATE_CREATED =

DATE_RECEIVED =

 $W_NO = W932$

WELL_NAME = Princes-1

CONTRACTOR =

CLIENT_OP_CO = BEACH PETROLEUM NL

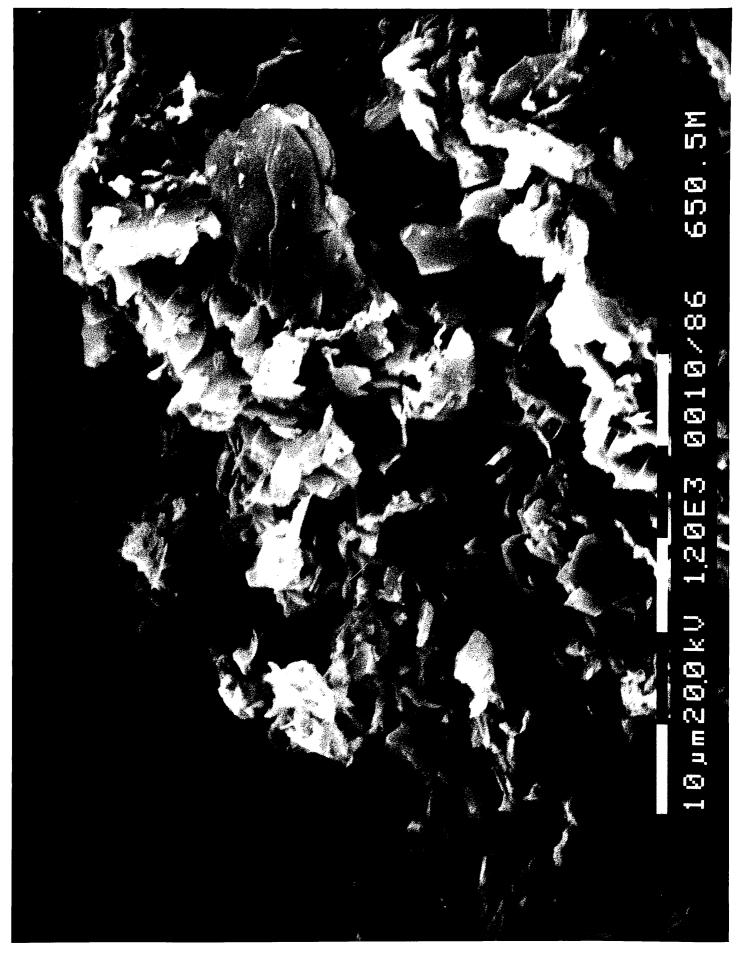


PLATE 11. SAMPLE: PRINCES #1 650.5m

Enlarged view adjacent to pore space. The coarser platy material is mostly mica (?muscovite) and there is finer not well formed kaolinite.



This is an enclosure indicator page. The enclosure PE907096 is enclosed within the container PE902234 at this location in this document.

The enclosure PE907096 has the following characteristics:

ITEM_BARCODE = PE907096
CONTAINER_BARCODE = PE902234

NAME = SEM Photograph

BASIN = OTWAY PERMIT = PEP/108

TYPE = WELL

SUBTYPE = PHOTOMICROGRAPHS

DESCRIPTION = SEM Photograph, Framework Grains which

are poorly compacted, Plate 12, (enclosure from WCR vol.1) for

Princes-1

REMARKS = DATE_CREATED =

DATE_RECEIVED =

 $W_NO = W932$

WELL_NAME = Princes-1

CONTRACTOR =

CLIENT_OP_CO = BEACH PETROLEUM NL

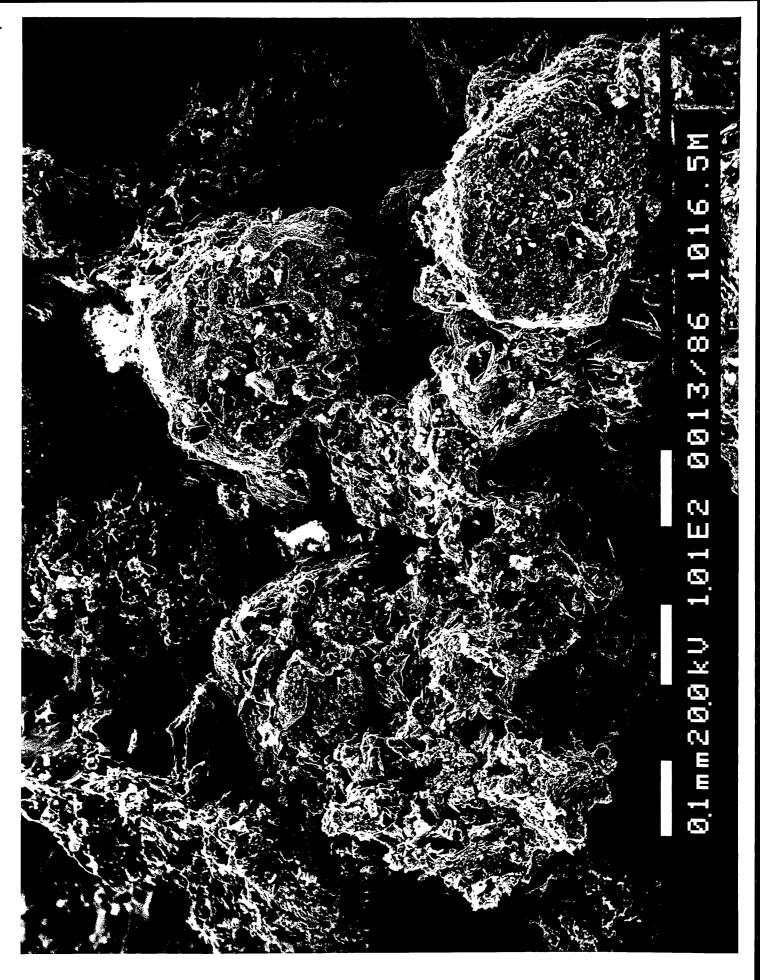


PLATE 12. SAMPLE: PRINCES #1 1006.5m

General view of poorly compacted nature of framework grains with moderate coating of fine micas and clays.



This is an enclosure indicator page. The enclosure PE907097 is enclosed within the container PE902234 at this location in this document.

The enclosure PE907097 has the following characteristics:

ITEM_BARCODE = PE907097
CONTAINER_BARCODE = PE902234

NAME = SEM Photograph

BASIN = OTWAY
PERMIT = PEP/108
TYPE = WELL

SUBTYPE = PHOTOMICROGRAPHS

DESCRIPTION = SEM Photograph, Mica-rich Clay size

coating, Plate 13, (enclosure from WCR

vol.1) for Princes-1

REMARKS =

DATE_CREATED =

DATE_RECEIVED =

 $W_NO = W932$

WELL_NAME = Princes-1

CONTRACTOR =

CLIENT_OP_CO = BEACH PETROLEUM NL



PLATE 13. SAMPLE: PRINCES #1 1006.5m Enlarged view of a dominantly mica-rich clay size coating.



This is an enclosure indicator page. The enclosure PE907098 is enclosed within the container PE902234 at this location in this document.

The enclosure PE907098 has the following characteristics:

ITEM_BARCODE = PE907098
CONTAINER_BARCODE = PE902234

NAME = SEM Photograph

BASIN = OTWAY
PERMIT = PEP/108

TYPE = WELL

SUBTYPE = PHOTOMICROGRAPHS

DESCRIPTION = SEM Photograph, Framework Grains with

abundant pore spaces, Plate 14, (enclosure from WCR vol.1) for

Princes-1

REMARKS =

DATE_CREATED =

DATE_RECEIVED =

 $W_NO = W932$

WELL_NAME = Princes-1

CONTRACTOR =

CLIENT_OP_CO = BEACH PETROLEUM NL

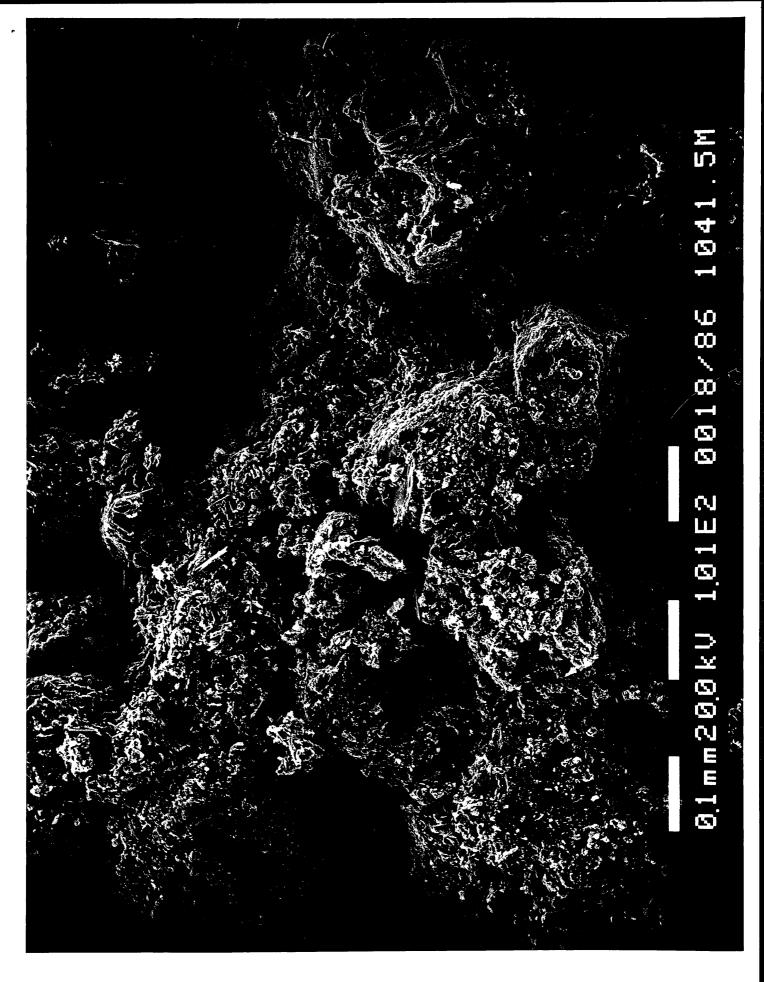


PLATE 14. SAMPLE: PRINCES #1 1041.5m

Typical view of framework grains (quartz) with abundant pore spaces and "clay" size surface coatings.



This is an enclosure indicator page. The enclosure PE907099 is enclosed within the container PE902234 at this location in this document.

The enclosure PE907099 has the following characteristics:

ITEM_BARCODE = PE907099
CONTAINER_BARCODE = PE902234

NAME = SEM Photograph

BASIN = OTWAY
PERMIT = PEP/108
TYPE = WELL

SUBTYPE = PHOTOMICROGRAPHS

DESCRIPTION = SEM Photograph, Irregular Siliceous developments, Mica and Kaolinite, Plate 15, (enclosure from WCR vol.1) for

Princes-1

REMARKS =

DATE_CREATED = DATE_RECEIVED =

 $W_NO = W932$

WELL_NAME = Princes-1

CONTRACTOR =

CLIENT_OP_CO = BEACH PETROLEUM NL



PLATE 15. SAMPLE: PRINCES #1 1041.5m

Enlarged view showing irregular siliceous (s) developments, mica (m) and kaolinite (k).

