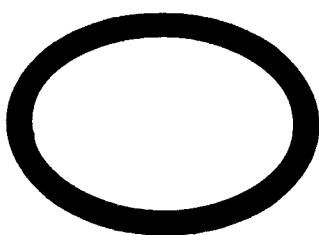




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WCR VOL 2

SNAPPER -4 (W827)

ESSO EXPLORATION AND PRODUCTION  
AUSTRALIA INC.

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W827

OIL and GAS DIVISION  
WELL COMPLETION REPORT  
SNAPPER-4  
VOLUME 2 12 OCT 1984  
INTERPRETATIVE DATA

GIPPSLAND BASIN  
VICTORIA

ESSO AUSTRALIA LIMITED

Compiled by: M. FITTALL

JUNE, 1984

SNAPPER-4

WELL COMPLETION REPORT

VOLUME 2

(Interpretative Data)

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## GEOLOGICAL AND GEOPHYSICAL ANALYSIS

### Prognosis (KB=21m A.S.L.)

<u>Formation/Horizon</u>	<u>Pre-drill Depth (mSS)</u>	<u>Post-drill Depth (mSS)</u>
Gippsland Limestone	55	57
Lakes Entrance Formation	942	1025.5
Top of Latrobe Group (Top of N-1.0 unit)	1242	1238.5
Top of "coarse clastics" (Top of N-1.1 unit)	1264	1267.2
<u>P. asperopolus</u> seismic marker (Top of N-1.4 unit)	1378	1373.5
Upper <u>M. diversus</u> seismic marker	1526	1524.0
Top of L-1 coal (below Upper <u>L. balmei</u> seismic marker)	1767	1781.0
<u>T. longus</u> horizon	2615	2346.0?
Total Depth	2800	2800

### Introduction

Snapper-4 was drilled to explore for deeper pool oil accumulations below the top of Latrobe Group oil and gas field. The secondary objective of the well was to confirm the interpretation of the western flank of the Snapper field.

### Previous Drilling History

The Snapper Field was discovered in June, 1968 by Snapper-1 (T.D. -3746m) and confirmed by the drilling of Snapper-2 (T.D. -3042m) and Snapper-3 (T.D. -3202m) in 1969. All three wells encountered the major N-1 gas and oil reservoir at the top of the Latrobe Group. Snapper-1 intersected a 200.5m gross hydrocarbon column, consisting of 192 metres gross gas (138.5 metres net) and an 8.5 metre gross oil column. Snapper-1 and 2 also encountered some thin gas bearing and oil bearing sands dispersed throughout the Paleocene and Upper Cretaceous section.

Development drilling commenced in March, 1981 and 21 development wells have been drilled from the 27 slot Snapper A platform. The vertical Snapper A-21 well was drilled to a depth of -3247m as an exploration well to evaluate the sands below the N-1 reservoir. It encountered several oil and gas bearing sands within Paleocene and Upper Cretaceous sediments. In particular, it resulted in the discovery of the L-1 oil accumulation in the Upper L. balmei zone. Other significant intra-Latrobe Group oil discoveries were made during the drilling of the exploration portion of the A-6 and A-8 development wells. (See Enclosure 1.)

#### GEOLOGICAL SUMMARY

##### Structure

The Snapper Field is a faulted southwest-northeast trending anticline (Enclosure 2). The east-west trending high angle reverse fault (the "Snapper Fault") which occurs along the northern side of the field, changes character and throw along its length. It is thought to have formed by reactivation of original normal basin-forming faults in response to basinwide compression following deposition of the Latrobe Group sediments.

Northwesterly trending normal faults are the dominant fault type cutting across the Snapper closure. These are interpreted to have been formed in response to the opening of the Tasman Sea during the Late Cretaceous.

Snapper-4 was located on the mapped crest of a fault bounded anticlinal block forming part of the Snapper structure (Enclosure 2). The well was drilled updip of Snapper-3 at the level of the Upper L. balmei seismic marker, and is interpreted to have been a valid structural test. Most of the intra-Latrobe Group horizons were drilled close to prediction (see Prognosis). However, the L-1 coal (below the Upper L. balmei seismic marker) was drilled 14.0m low to prediction, and so closure is less at this level than had been predicted.

The T. longus horizon, which was predicted at -2615m, is interpreted to have been intersected at -2346m. The position of this horizon was originally based on palynological data from Snapper-3. A substantial gap exists in the Snapper-3 age zonations between the base of Lower L. balmei and top of T. longus intervals. Age dating of Snapper-4 has greatly narrowed this gap, and consequently the T. longus horizon has been placed 269m above the original prediction.

### Stratigraphy

The Snapper-4 well penetrated the limestones and calcareous sediments of the Gippsland Limestone and Lakes Entrance Formation as predicted.

The Top of Latrobe Group (top of N-1.0 unit) was intersected at -1238.5m, 3.5m high to prediction. The N-1 reservoir of the Snapper Field is divided into 10 mappable units: N-1.0 to N-1.9. This subdivision is based on the correlation of field-wide coals and/or shale sequences within a dominantly sandstone section, and is readily recognised in Snapper-4. The uppermost N-1.0 unit in Snapper-4 consists of glauconitic siltstones and fine grained sandstones of Lower to Mid N. asperus age. The underlying "coarse clastics" units of Mid M. diversus to Lower N. asperus age, consist of good quality sands underlain by shale or coal.

A reasonable correlation can be made between Snapper-3 and Snapper-4 below the thick coal underlying the N-1.9 unit, down to the L-1 coal. (The Upper L. balmei seismic marker is mapped approximately 35m above the L-1 coal.) The Latrobe Group in this interval is of uppermost Upper L. balmei to Mid M. diversus age and consists of interbedded sands, silts, shales and coals. The sequence in Snapper-4 is significantly shalier than Snapper-3, and consequently has a lower net to gross. Some growth on the fault bounding the Snapper-3,4 block is evident at this level. Approximately 15m of thickening of this interval is seen in Snapper-4 by comparison to Snapper-1 across the fault.

No reasonable correlation can be made between Snapper-3 and Snapper-4 below the L-1 coal. The Latrobe Group in Snapper-4, below the L-1 coal to T.D., consists of interbedded sands, silts, shales and coals of an interpreted fluvial environment of deposition. The sequence seen in Snapper-4 is considerably shalier than in Snapper-3. This section ranges in age from uppermost Upper L. balmei to T. longus.

However, several thick sands are penetrated in Snapper-4 within the Lower L. balmei section from -2090m to -2250m. These sands are interbedded with shale, and no coals are present in this interval. This sequence is interpreted to have been deposited in a nearshore marine environment.

Some stratigraphic thickening has occurred throughout the Upper L. balmei to T. longus interval due to movement on the fault bounding the SW Snapper block. Approximately 65m of thickening in the interval between the L-1 coal and the T. longus horizon is seen in Snapper-4 by comparison to Snapper-1 across the fault.

#### Hydrocarbons

Snapper-4 intersected the Snapper oil and gas field in the N-1 units close to prediction. Gas shows were encountered within the Latrobe Group below -1640m and the presence of gas was confirmed by RFT sampling. No significant oil zones are interpreted to have been penetrated below the N-1 reservoir units in Snapper-4.

Snapper-4 intersected a 148.0m gross (76.8m net) gas column and 4.0m gross (4.0m net) oil column in the N-1.0 to N-1.4 units. Log analysis interprets the GOC at 1407.5 mKB (-1386.5m), which is 4.5m low to prediction, and the OWC at 1411.5 mKB, which is 0.5m low to prediction. RFT pressure data indicates an OWC at 1412.0 mKB. An RFT sample taken at 1410.1 mKB (-1389.1m) recovered 47<sup>o</sup> API oil with a GOR of 516 SCF/STB. Geochemical analysis of the oil suggests it has undergone some biodegradation and water washing. Average porosities of the hydrocarbon sands range from 13% in shaly sands to 27% in clean sands. Average water saturations in the gas sands range from 7% in clean sands, to 45% in shaly sands. The average water saturation of the oil sand is 16%.

Log analysis interprets three thin (less than 1m net porous thickness) hydrocarbon bearing sands between 1666 mKB (-1645m) and 1687 mKB (-1666m). The hydrocarbons are interpreted to be gas. Average water saturations range from 60% to 95% and average porosities range from 13% to 24%.

Log analysis interprets numerous hydrocarbon bearing sands between 1827 mKB (-1806m) and 2118 mKB (-2097m). 9.25m of net gas, plus 21.0m of hydrocarbon bearing sands are interpreted. These sands are commonly shaly and are of 2-3m net porous thickness. Average water saturations range from 41% to 82% and average porosities range from 13% to 24%. RFT pressure data indicates these sands form at least two separate hydrocarbon systems. Possible GWC's are interpreted at 1906 mKB (-1887m) and 1950 mKB (-1929m). An RFT sample taken at 1942.6 mKB (-1921.6m) recovered small amounts of gas.

Log analysis interprets numerous hydrocarbon bearing sands between 2266 mKB (-2241m) and 2791 mKB (-2770m). 7.0m of net gas, plus 37.25m of hydrocarbon bearing sands are interpreted. These sands are commonly shaly, with net porous thicknesses of 1-2m, occasionally up to 5m. Average water saturations range from 40% to 80%, and average porosities range from 7% to 22% but are commonly 15%. RFT samples taken at 2529.5 mKB (-2508.5m) and 2668.5 mKB (-2647.5m) recovered some gas, and a trace of condensate from the 2529.5 mKB sample. RFT pressure data suggests a possible GWC below 2530 mKB (-2509m), but this could not be determined due to discontinuities in the water gradients plotted at these depths.

#### Geophysical Summary

Seismic markers at the top of Latrobe Group, top of N-1.4 unit and top of N-1.9 unit came in 3.5 metres high, 4.5 metres high and 2 metres high respectively. The well confirmed the N-1 reservoir structural interpretation on the western flank of the Snapper Field and provided additional information about reservoir characteristics in this flank.

The exploration target zones below the N-1 reservoir were 14 metres low to prediction at the L-1 coal marker (Enclosure 5). The error has been attributed to difficulties in mapping the L. balmei seismic marker on which the interpretation to the L-1 coal unit was based. The L. balmei seismic marker cannot be correlated to a distinctive lithological unit on the well logs but appears to correlate to a positive reflection coefficient generated by a sand/shale section at the top of the Upper L. balmei zone. The low frequency and variable nature of the reflector makes it a difficult marker to map accurately.

0883L

# FIGURES

# SNAPPER-4 STRATIGRAPHIC TABLE

# APPENDIX 1

FORAMINIFERAL ANALYSIS, SNAPPER-4

GIPPSLAND BASIN

by

J.P. Rexilius.

Esso Australia Ltd.

November 16, 1983.

Palaeontological Report 1983/35.

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INTERPRETATIVE DATA

INTRODUCTION

SUMMARY TABLE

GEOLOGICAL COMMENTS

DISCUSSION OF ZONES

REFERENCES

FORAMINIFERAL DATA SHEET

TABLE 1 : INTERPRETATIVE DATA, SNAPPER-4

## INTRODUCTION

Twenty one sidewall core samples were examined for their foraminiferal content from 988.0m to 1273.0m in Snapper-4. Diverse to moderately diverse planktonic foraminiferal assemblages were recovered from all samples of the marine carbonate section. Four sidewall core samples examined from the Gurnard Formation (sidewall cores at 1260.0, 1266.5, 1270.0 and 1273.0m) were all barren of foraminifera.

Tables 1 and 2 provide a summary (Basic and Interpretative) of the palaeontological analysis in Snapper-4. A summary of the biostratigraphic breakdown of the stratigraphic units in Snapper-4 is given below.

## SUMMARY

AGE	UNIT	ZONE	DEPTH (m)
<hr/>			
Mid Miocene	Gippsland Limestone	D-2/D-1	988.0-1048.0
<hr/> log break at 1046.5m			
Mid Miocene	Lakes	D-2/D-1	1068.0-1129.0
Mid Miocene	Entrance	E-2	1149.8-1168.5
Early Miocene	Formation	F	1189.0-1240.0
Early Miocene		G	1250.0-1258.5
<hr/> log break at 1259.5m			
-	Gurnard Formation	Indeterminate	1260.0-1273.0
<hr/> log break at 1288.0m			
-	Latrobe Group	(not studied) (coarse clastics)	
<hr/>			

T.D. 2821m

## GEOLOGICAL COMMENTS

Log character indicates that the base and top of the Gurnard Formation is at 1259.5 and 1288.0m respectively. The Gurnard Formation in Snapper-4 cannot be age dated using foraminifera. The formation is barren of foraminifera.

Palynological evidence indicates that the formation ranges in age from Middle Eocene to early Late Eocene (Macphail, 1983).

In Snapper-4 the Gurnard Formation is disconformably overlain by the Lakes Entrance Formation. The hiatus between the two formations spans approximately 16 my. The disconformity at 1259.5m represents a well defined seismic horizon in Snapper-4 and probably equates with the 21.4 type-1 unconformity of Haq et al. (1983).

The boundary between the Lakes Entrance Formation and the Gippsland Limestone is selected at 1046.5m on the basis of a subtle log change. A sidewall core shot on the boundary (SWC 40 at 1048.0m) consists of partly recrystallised fine grained calcarenite with sponge spicules. This is the lowest sample of Gippsland Limestone in the well. This level marks the proximal edge of the prograding Gippsland Limestone at the Snapper-4 location.

## DISCUSSION OF ZONES

The Tertiary biostratigraphy in Snapper-4 is based on the Gippsland Basin planktonic foraminiferal zonal scheme of Taylor (in prep).

### Indeterminate Interval : 1260.0 - 1273.0m.

The upper part of the Gurnard Formation (1260.0-1273.0m) is barren of foraminifera. Palynological evidence (Macphail, 1983) indicates that the entire Gurnard Formation (1259.5-1288.0m) spans the interval Middle Eocene - earliest Late Eocene (Lower and Middle N. asperus Zones).

### Zone G : 1250.0 - 1240.0m.

The uphole appearance of Globigerinoides trilobus at 1258.5m defines the base of Zone G.

### Zone F : 1189.0 - 1240.0m.

The uphole entry of Globigerinoides sicanus at 1240.0m defines the base of Zone F.

### Zone E-2 : 1149.8 - 1168.5m.

The base of Zone E-2 is marked by the uphole appearance of Praeorbulina glomerosa at 1168.5m.

Zones D-2/D-1 : 988.0 - 1129.0m.

The base of Zone D-2 is defined by the first appearance uphole of Orbulina universa at 1129.0m. Zones D-2 and D-1 have been grouped because the lower boundary defining species of Zone D-1, Globorotalia peripheroacuta, has not been recorded. Taylor (in prep.) also differentiates the two zones on the basis of a diversity decline of Globigerinoides spp. at the top of Zone D-2. This biostratigraphic event however can be obscured by, and possibly confused with, the transition from the pelagic Lakes Entrance Formation to the prograding shelfal Gippsland Limestone (note: the Gippsland Limestone contains more impoverished and more poorly preserved planktonic foraminiferal assemblages than the Lakes Entrance Formation).

REFERENCES

HAQ, B.U., HARDENBOL, J., WRIGHT, R., & BLECHSCHMIDT, J., 1983. Cenozoic Cycle Chart. Exxon Production Research Company (Preliminary).

MACPHAIL, M.K. 1983. Palynological analysis, Snapper-4, Gippsland Basin. Esso Australia Ltd., Palaeontology Report 1983/44.

TAYLOR, D.J. (in prep.) Observed Gippsland biostratigraphic sequences of planktonic foraminiferal assemblages.

MICROPALEONTOLOGICAL DATA SHEET

BASIN: GIPPSLAND  
WELL NAME: SNAPPER-4

ELEVATION: KB: 21.0m GL: -57.0m  
TOTAL DEPTH: 2821mKB

AGE	FORAM. ZONULES	HIGHEST DATA					LOWEST DATA				
		Preferred Depth	Rtg	Alternate Depth	Rtg	Two Way Time	Preferred Depth	Rtg	Alternate Depth	Rtg	Two Way Time
PLEIS- TOCENE	A <sub>1</sub>										
	A <sub>2</sub>										
PLIO- CENE	A <sub>3</sub>										
	A <sub>4</sub>										
MIOCENE	B <sub>1</sub>										
	B <sub>2</sub>										
MIOCENE	C										
	D <sub>1</sub>	988.0	0								
MIOCENE	D <sub>2</sub>						1129.0	0			
	E <sub>1</sub>										
MIOCENE	E <sub>2</sub>	1149.8	0				1168.5	0			
	F	1189.0	0				1240.0	0			
OLIGOCENE	G	1250.0	0				1258.5	0			
	H <sub>1</sub>										
OLIGOCENE	H <sub>2</sub>										
	I <sub>1</sub>										
EOC- ENE	I <sub>2</sub>										
	J <sub>1</sub>										
EOC- ENE	J <sub>2</sub>										
	K										
	Pre-K										

COMMENTS: The absence of Zone E-1 may be the result of a gap in sampling or may be the result of hiatus.

CONFIDENCE RATING: O: SWC or Core - Complete assemblage (very high confidence).  
1: SWC or Core - Almost complete assemblage (high confidence).  
2: SWC or Core - Close to zonule change but able to interpret (low confidence).  
3: Cuttings - Complete assemblage (low confidence).  
4: Cuttings - Incomplete assemblage, next to uninterpretable or SWC with depth suspicion (very low confidence).

NOTE: If an entry is given a 3 or 4 confidence rating, an alternative depth with a better confidence rating should be entered, if possible. If a sample cannot be assigned to one particular zone, then no entry should be made, unless a range of zones is given where the highest possible limit will appear in one zone and the lowest possible limit in another.

DATA RECORDED BY: M.J. Hannah  
DATA REVISED BY: J.P. Rexilius

DATE: 26/7/83  
DATE: 15/8/93

TABLE 1  
 SUMMARY OF PALAEOENTOLOGICAL ANALYSIS, SNAPPER-4, GIPPSLAND BASIN.  
 INTERPRETATIVE DATA

NATURE OF SAMPLE		DEPTH (M)	MICROFOSSIL YIELD	PRESERVATION	DIVERSITY	ZONE	AGE	COMMENTS
SWC 30	1273.0	Barren	-	-	-	-	-	
SWC 31	1270.0	Barren	-	-	-	-	-	
SWC 32	1266.5	Barren	-	-	-	-	-	
SWC 34	1260.0	Barren	-	-	-	-	-	
SWC 35	1259.5	High	Good	Moderate/High	G	Early Miocene		
SWC 36	1254.9	High	Good	Moderate/High	G	Early Miocene		
SWC 37	1250.0	High	Good	Moderate	G	Early Miocene		
SWC 38	1240.0	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate/High	G	Early Miocene		
SWC 39	1228.5	Moderate	Moderate/Poor	Moderate/High	F	Early Miocene		
SWC 40	1213.9	Moderate	Moderate/Poor	Moderate	F	Early Miocene		
SWC 41	1189.0	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate/High	F	Early Miocene		
SWC 42	1168.5	High	Moderate	Moderate/High	E-2	Mid Miocene	Rare bryozoan fragments	
SWC 43	1149.8	High	Good	Moderate/High	E-2	Mid Miocene		
SWC 44	1129.0	High	Good	High	D-2/D-1	Mid Miocene		
SWC 45	1108.0	Moderate	Good	Moderate/High	D-2/D-1	Mid Miocene		

TABLE 1  
 SUMMARY OF PALAEOENTOLOGICAL ANALYSIS, SNAPPER-4, GIPPSLAND BASIN.  
 INTERPRETATIVE DATA

NATURE OF SAMPLE	DEPTH (M)	MICROFOSSIL YIELD	PRESERVATION	DIVERSITY	ZONE	AGE	COMMENTS
SWC 46	1088.0	Moderate/High	Good	Moderate/High	D-2/D-1	Mid Miocene	Rare bivalves and bryozoan fragments
SWC 47	1068.0	High	Good	Moderate/High	D-2/D-1	Mid Miocene	
SWC 48	1048.0	Moderate	Moderate/Poor	Moderate	D-2/D-1	Mid Miocene	Sponge spicules
SWC 49	1028.0	Low	Poor	Moderate/Low	D-2/D-1	Mid Miocene	Echinoid spines, sponge spicules, bryozoan fragments, shell fragments
SWC 50	1008.0	Moderate/Low	Moderate/Poor	Moderate	D-2/D-1	Mid Miocene	Sponge spicules
SWC 51	988.0	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	D-2/D-1	Mid Miocene	Sponge spicules

BASIC DATA

TABLE 2 : FORAMINIFERAL DATA, SNAPPER-4

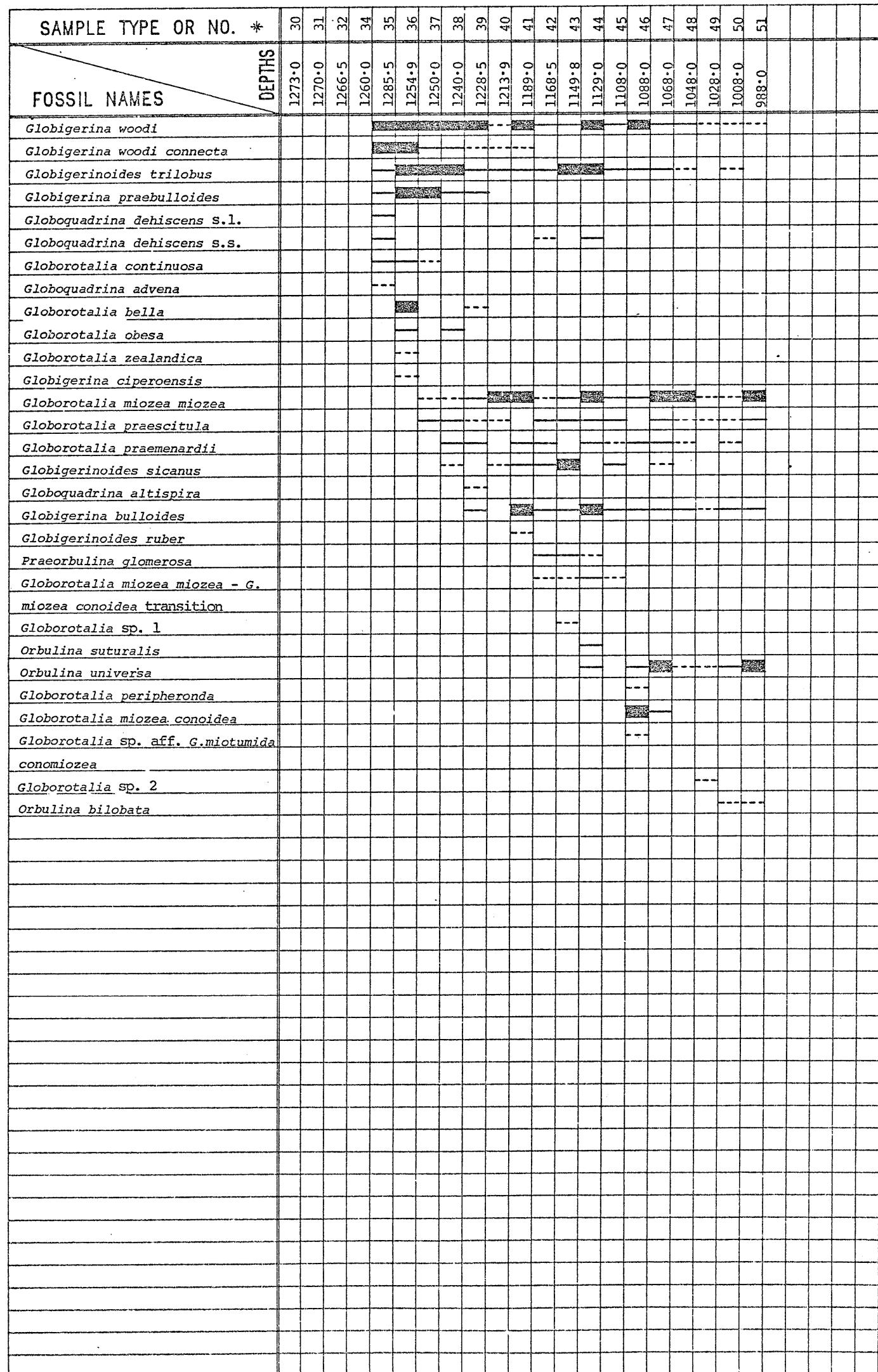
RANGE CHART : TERTIARY PLANKTONIC FORAMINIFERA

TABLE 1  
 SUMMARY OF PALAEOENTOLOGICAL ANALYSIS, SNAPPER-4, GIPPSLAND BASIN.  
 BASIC DATA

NATURE OF SAMPLE ZONE	DEPTH (M)	MICROFOSSIL YIELD	PRESERVATION	DIVERSITY
SWC 30	1273.0	Barren	-	-
SWC 31	1270.0	Barren	-	-
SWC 32	1266.5	Barren	-	-
SWC 34	1260.0	Barren	-	-
SWC 35	1259.5	High	Good	Moderate/High
SWC 36	1254.9	High	Good	Moderate/High
SWC 37	1250.0	High	Good	Moderate
SWC 38	1240.0	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate/High
SWC 39	1228.5	Moderate	Moderate/Poor	Moderate/High
SWC 40	1213.9	Moderate	Moderate/Poor	Moderate
SWC 41	1189.0	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate/High
SWC 42	1168.5	High	Moderate	Moderate/High
SWC 43	1149.8	High	Good	Moderate/High
SWC 44	1129.0	High	Good	High
SWC 45	1108.0	Moderate	Good	Moderate/High
SWC 46	1088.0	Moderate/High	Good	Moderate/High
SWC 47	1068.0	High	Good	Moderate/High
SWC 48	1048.0	Moderate	Moderate/Poor	Moderate
SWC 49	1028.0	Low	Poor	Moderate/Low
SWC 50	1008.0	Moderate/Low	Moderate/Poor	Moderate
SWC 51	988.0	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate

## FOSSIL TYPE: PLANKTONIC FORAMINIFERA

Well Name SNAPPER - 4 Basin GIPPSLAND Sheet No. 1 of 1

\* C=CORE S=SIDEWALL CORE  
T=CUTTINGS J=JUNK BASKET--- Rare  
---- Few  
===== CommonPALAEO.CHART-2  
DWG.II07/OP/287

## APPENDIX 2

PALYNOLOGICAL ANALYSIS  
SNAPPER-4, GIPPSLAND BASIN

by

M.K. Macphail

Esso Australia Ltd  
Palaeontology Report 1984/8  
0878L

June 1984

INTERPRETATIVE DATA

INTRODUCTION

SUMMARY TABLE

GEOLOGICAL COMMENTS

DISCUSSION OF AGE ZONES

TABLE-1 INTERPRETATIVE DATA

TABLE-2 ANOMALOUS AND UNUSUAL OCCURRENCES OF SPORE POLLEN

PALYNOLOGY DATA SHEET

## INTRODUCTION

One hundred and twelve (112) sidewall core samples were processed and examined for spore-pollen and dinoflagellates. Recovery, preservation and diversity were mostly good and, given the good sampling density, it is likely that the well will improve correlations within the Snapper field. Palynological zones and lithological facies division from the base of the Lakes Entrance Formation to the total depth of the well are given below. The occurrences of spore-pollen and dinoflagellate species are tabulated in the accompanying range chart. Anomalous and unusual occurrences of spore-pollen and dinoflagellates are listed in Table 2.

## SUMMARY

AGE	UNIT/FACIES	ZONE	DEPTH(m)
Early Miocene	Lakes Entrance Formation	<u>P. tuberculatus</u>	1258.5
Log break at 1259.5m			
Late Eocene	Gurnard	Middle <u>N. asperus</u>	1260.0-1265.0
Mid./Late Eocene	Formation	Lower <u>N. asperus</u>	1266.5-1287.0
Log break at 1288.0m			
Mid./Early Eocene		Lower <u>N. asperus</u>	1306.0-1346.5
Mid./Early Eocene		<u>P. asperopolus</u>	1350.5-1414.9
Early Eocene		Upper <u>M. diversus</u>	1441.9-1530.4
Early Eocene	Latrobe Group	Middle <u>M. diversus</u>	1574.5-1746.5
Early Eocene	Coarse Clastics	Lower <u>M. diversus</u>	1765.5-1780.3
Paleocene		Upper <u>L. balmei</u>	1800.6-2078.9
Paleocene		Lower <u>L. balmei</u>	2084.0-2352.2
Maastrichtian		Upper <u>T. longus</u>	2368.0-2740.0
Late Cretaceous		Lower <u>T. longus</u>	2768.2-2804.0
T.D. 2821m			

GEOLOGICAL COMMENTS

1. The Snapper-4 well contains a continuous sequence of sediments from the Late Cretaceous Lower T. longus Zone to the Middle/Late Eocene Middle N. asperus Zone. An approximately 172m thick section of Middle M. diversus Zone sediments is recognized. It is highly unlikely that comparable thicknesses of Middle M. diversus Zone sediments do not occur in other Snapper wells (cf. data sheets Partridge, 1975).
2. The palynological data support the foraminiferal evidence (Rexilius, 1984) for a hiatus in deposition from the Late Eocene to the Early Miocene at the Snapper-4 wellsite. The surface represented by the log-break at 1288.0m is likely to represent either or both the 21.4 and 30 million year unconformities.
3. Spore-pollen and dinoflagellates recovered from the Gurnard Formation, picked on lithological and log characteristics as occurring from 1259.5 to 1288.0m (Rexilius ibid) demonstrate this unit is Middle N. asperus to Lower N. asperus Zone in age. Abundance of dinoflagellates over this section varies from virtually absent, e.g. at 1279.0m and 1265.0, to common e.g. at 1266.5m. This probably reflects facies-related variation in preservation. Relative yield and types of spore-pollen encountered across this section however suggest the Lower N. asperus interval of the Gurnard Formation was deposited in a shallow marine environment, relatively close to the palaeoshore line. The sample at 1266.5m represents the time equivalent of the Lower N. asperus Zone WetzelIELLA echinosuturata Zone recognized by Partridge (1976). The highest coal, representing a fully terrestrial environment, is at 1313m.
4. A number of marine transgressions or marginal marine environments are recorded within the Latrobe Group coarse clastics below 1313m. These are (in order of increasing age): 1414.9m (P. asperopolus Zone), 1441.9m (Upper M. diversus Zone), 1628.9m, 1638.5m, and 1675.5m (Middle M. diversus Zone), 1765.5m (Lower M. diversus Zone), and 2029.0m and 2063.0-2078.9m (Upper L. balmei Zone). None can be correlated with the dinoflagellate zones established by Partridge (1976). The sample at 1780.3m may be the time equivalent of marine Riverook Beds in the onshore Princetown Section, Otway Basin (cf. Cookson & Eisenack 1967).
5. The M. diversus and T. longus Seismic Markers fall within sediments of these ages in the Snapper-4 well. However the Upper L. balmei Seismic Marker lies within sediments of Middle M. diversus Zone age.

6. Sediment deposited in T. longus and L. balmei Zone times are markedly thicker in Snapper-3 and Snapper-4 than in Snapper-A21 or Snapper-1 (average 405m, 485m vs 515m, 535m). This supports the conclusion (A. Young, pers. comm.) that a growth fault exists between Snapper-1 and Snapper-4. Since thicknesses of M. diversus and P. asperopolus/Lower N. asperus Zone sediments are approximately the same in all four wells, growth of this fault was largely pre-Eocene.
7. The well bottomed in T. longus Zone sediments as predicted by seismic stratigraphy and biostratigraphic data from the Snapper-3 well.

#### BIOSTRATIGRAPHY

The zone boundaries have been established using the criteria of Stover & Evans (1973), Stover & Partridge (1973), Partridge (1975) and subsequent proprietary revisions including Macphail (1983).

##### Lower Tricolpites longus Zone, 2768.2 to 2804.0m

Two samples are recognized as belonging to this zone, based on the prevalence of Gambierina over Nothofagidites. Dilwynites granulatus, which first appears within the T. longus Zone occurs at 2804.0m and Tricolporites longus at 2768.2m.

##### Upper Tricolpites longus Zone 2390.1 to 2740.0m

Samples within this section contain the general T. longus Zone indicators such as, frequent to abundant Gambierina, Tricolpites longus, Proteacidites amolosexinus, P. otwayensis, P. cleinii and P. wahooensis in addition to Late Cretaceous species such as Tricolporites lilliei and Triporopollenites sectilis. The base of the zone is defined by the first appearances of Tetracolporites verrucosus and Proteacidites gemmatus at 2740.0m.

Stereisporites punctatus first occurs at 2710.0m. The upper boundary is provisionally picked at 2368.0m, the highest sample to contain frequent Gambierina. Occurrences of Stereisporites punctatus, Tetracolporites verrucosus, Proteacidites gemmatus, P. otwayensis, and Triporopollenites sectilis in a Gambierina rudata-dominated palynoflora at 2390.1m confirm this sample as Upper T. longus Zone in age.

##### Lower Lygistepollenites balmei Zone, 2084.0 to 2352.2m

Palynofloras within this interval are dominated by small-diameter Proteacidites species and gymnosperm pollen (including rare to frequent Lygistepollenites balmei). The lower boundary is picked at 2352.2m, the first sample to lack species ranging no higher than the Late Cretaceous. Tetracolporites verrucosus in this sample shows it likely to be no younger

than Lower L. balmei Zone in age. The upper boundary is placed at 2084.0m, the highest sample containing Proteacidites gemmatus. The first occurrences of taxa which first appear in the Lower L. balmei Zone are: Integricorpus antipodus at 2309.4m, and Polycolpites langstonii at 2265.3m. The first occurrence of Haloragacidites harrisii is in the Upper L. balmei Zone, at 2029.0m.

Upper Lygistepollenites balmei Zone, 1800.6 to 2078.9m

The first occurrence of Verrucosporites kopukuensis at 2078.9m defines the base of this zone. Apectodinium homomorpha, a dinoflagellate which first appears at or slightly below the Lower/Upper L. balmei Zone boundary is abundant in this sample, as is Lygistepollenites balmei. Tetracolporites verrucosus and Jaxtacolpus pieratus extend their range into the Upper L. balmei section in this well, occurring at 2029.0m, 1986.0m, and 1902.0m and 2029.0m and 1918.1m respectively. With the exception of Verrucosporites kopukuensis, taxa which first appear in the Upper L. balmei Zone are not recorded until close to the upper boundary, e.g. Proteacidites annularis at 1918.1m, P. incurvatus at 1902.0m and Cyathidites gigantis at 1822.0m. Conversely, a number of typically Eocene species occur in this section: Beupreadites elegansiformis at 2011.5m, Periporopollenites vesicus at 1945.7m, Cupanieidites orthoteichus and Triporopollenites ambiguus at 1867.0m, and Malvacipollis diversus at 1822.0. The upper boundary is defined by the last appearance of Lygistepollenites balmei at 1800.6m (3 specimens in an otherwise virtually barren siltstone). Australopolis obscurus, Cyathidites gigantis and (common) Lygistepollenites balmei confirm an Upper L. balmei Zone age for the sample at 1822.0m.

Lower Malvacipollis diversus Zone, 1765.5 to 1780.3m

Two samples are assigned to this zone. The lowermost, at 1780.3m, contains abundant Malvacipollis diversus and rare occurrences of species which first occur in this zone: Intratriporopollenites notabilis, Spinizonocolpites prominatus, Crassiretitriletes vanraadshoovenii and Polypodiaceoisporites varus. The sample at 1765.5m contains Cyathidites gigantis, a species not known to range above the Lower M. diversus Zone. This extends the range of Banksiaeidites elongatus down into this zone.

Middle Malvacipollis diversus Zone, 1574.5 to 1746.5m

The first occurrence of Proteacidites tuberculiformis at 1746.5m defines the base of this zone. Other species which first appear in the Middle M. diversus Zone occur higher within the zone: Anacolosidites acutullus at 1719.7m, Proteacidites leightonii at 1675.5m, Tricolporites paenestriatus at 1648.5m, Anacolosidites rotundus at 1647.3m (common in a coal palynoflora), Beupreadites verrucosus at 1638.5m and Proteacidites alveotatus and P. ornatus at 1574.5m. The upper boundary is picked at 1574.5m, the highest sample to lack indicator species of the Upper M. diversus Zone.

The section assigned to the Middle M. diversus Zone contains a number of significant anomalous occurrences (see Table 2). The more important of these include: the typically Lower M. diversus Zone dinoflagellate indicator species Deflandrea dartmooria at 1675.5m and 1628.9m; Lygistepollenites balmei (5 specimens) and Cyathidites gigantis (2 specimens) in a non-marine siltstone at 1634.0m; Tricolpites incisus and Proteacidites recavus, species which first appear in the P. asperopolus Zone, at 1628.9m; and an assemblage virtually comprised of thick-walled spore species only, Crassiretitriletes vanraadshoovenii, Polypodiaceoisporites varus, Verrucosporites kopukuensis, Cyathidites splendens and Stereisporites punctatus at 1609.0m. This spore assemblage is rarely recorded outside the Lower M. diversus Zone (where it usually includes Cyathidites gigantis).

Upper Malvacipollis diversus Zone, 1441.9 to 1530.4m

This section comprises samples containing frequent to common Malvacipollis diversus with Proteacidites pachypolus and, at 1441.9m, Myrtaceidites tenuis. Spinizonocolpites prominatus occurs at 1495.5m.

Proteacidites asperopolus Zone, 1350.5 to 1414.9m

The concurrence of Myrtaceidites tenuis and Proteacidites asperopolus at 1414.9m define the lower boundary of this zone. This sample contains Spinizonocolpites prominatus, a species which is last recorded in this zone, and Tricolpites leuros and Tricolporites retequetrus, species which have not been previously recorded below the N. asperus Zone. Intratriporopollenites notabilis occurs at 1411.9m - in a coal palynoflora dominated by Proteacidites, Haloragacidites and Periporopollenites demarcatus. The upper boundary, at 1350.5m, is defined by the highest sample containing Proteacidites asperopolus in a Proteacidites-dominated palynoflora.

Lower Nothofagidites asperus Zone 1266.5 to 1346.5m

The lower boundary of this zone is picked at 1265.5m, the first sample to be dominated by Nothofagidites. The occurrence of Anacolosidites rotundus indicates the sample is no younger than Lower N. asperus Zone in age. Proteacidites asperopolus, which ranges no higher than this zone, occurs in a Nothofagidites-dominated assemblage at 1330.0m. Species which first appear in the Lower N. asperus Zone occur at 1313.4m (Nothofagidites falcatus, Tricolporites delicatus), 1306.0m (Proteacidites rugulatus), 1287.0m (Rugulatisporites trophus and the dinoflagellate Areosphaeridium diktyopllokus), and 1275.4m (Tricolpites simatus). Verrucatosporites attinatus, which first appears in the upper part of the Lower N. asperus Zone, occurs at 1270.0m. The upper boundary, picked at 1266.5m, is defined by the last appearance of Proteacidites asperopolus. This sample contains the very rare dinoflagellate species Wetzelia echinosuturata.

Middle Nothofagidites asperus Zone, 1260.0 to 1265.0m

Two samples are assigned to this zone. The lowermost contains the very rare species Tricolpites arcilineatus as well as Proteacidites rugulatus, a species which ranges no higher than the Middle N. asperus Zone. The higher sample contains the dinoflagellate indicator species Vozzhenikovia extensa together with Milfordia homeopunctata, a species rarely recorded below this zone.

Proteacidites tuberculatus Zone, 1258.5

Occurrences of Cyatheacidites annulatus (8 specimens), Foveotriletes crater and the dinoflagellate Pyxidinopsis pontus confirm a P. tuberculatus Zone age for this sample.

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P A L Y N O L O G Y   D A T A   S H E E T

BASIN: GIPPSLAND ELEVATION: KB: + 21m GL: - 57m  
 WELL NAME: SNAPPER-4 TOTAL DEPTH:

AGE	PALYNOLOGICAL ZONES	HIGHEST DATA					LOWEST DATA				
		Preferred Depth	Rtg	Alternate Depth	Rtg	Two Way Time	Preferred Depth	Rtg	Alternate Depth	Rtg	Two Way Time
PALEOGENE	<i>T. pleistocenicus</i>										
	<i>M. lipsis</i>										
	<i>C. bifurcatus</i>										
	<i>T. bellus</i>										
	<i>P. tuberculatus</i>	1258.5	0				1258.5	0			
	Upper <i>N. asperus</i>										
	Mid <i>N. asperus</i>	1260.0	1				1265.0	1			
	Lower <i>N. asperus</i>	1266.6	1				1346.5	2	1330.0	1	
	<i>P. asperopolus</i>	1350.5	2				1414.9	0			
	Upper <i>M. diversus</i>	1441.9	1				1530.4	1			
LATE CRETACEOUS	Mid <i>M. diversus</i>	1574.5	1				1746.5	1			
	Lower <i>M. diversus</i>	1765.5	0				1780.3	0			
	Upper <i>L. balmei</i>	1800.6	2	1822.0	1		2078.9	1			
	Lower <i>L. balmei</i>	2084.0	2	2169.2	1		2352.2	2	2328.4	1	
	<i>T. longus</i>	2368.0	2	2390.1	0		2804.0	2	2768.2	1	
	<i>T. lilliei</i>										
	<i>N. senectus</i>										
	<i>U. T. pachyexinus</i>										
	<i>L. T. pachyexinus</i>										
	<i>C. triplex</i>										
EARLY CRET.	<i>A. distocarinatus</i>										
	<i>C. paradoxus</i>										
	<i>C. striatus</i>										
	<i>F. asymmetricus</i>										
	<i>F. wonthaggiensis</i>										
	<i>C. australiensis</i>										
	PRE-CRETACEOUS										

COMMENTS: Subdivision of the *T. longus* Zone is as follows (confidence ratings in

Upper *T. longus* 2368.0 (2) - 2740.0 (1) parenthesis)

Upper *T. longus* 2768.2 (1) - 2804.0 (2)

Please note the Upper *T. longus* Zone approximates to the *T. longus* Zone as recognised in pre-1982 wells.

CONFIDENCE RATING: 0: SWC or Core, Excellent Confidence, assemblage with zone species of spores, pollen and microplankton.

1: SWC or Core, Good Confidence, assemblage with zone species of spores and pollen or microplankton.

2: SWC or Core, Poor Confidence, assemblage with non-diagnostic spores, pollen and/or microplankton.

3: Cuttings, Fair Confidence, assemblage with zone species of either spores and pollen or microplankton, or both.

4: Cuttings, No Confidence, assemblage with non-diagnostic spores, pollen and/or microplankton.

NOTE: If an entry is given a 3 or 4 confidence rating, an alternative depth with a better confidence rating should be entered, if possible. If a sample cannot be assigned to one particular zone, then no entry should be made, unless a range of zones is given where the highest possible limit will appear in one zone and the lowest possible limit in another.

DATA RECORDED BY: M.K. Macphail

DATE: 1 June 1984

DATA REVISED BY: \_\_\_\_\_

DATE: \_\_\_\_\_

TABLE I : SUMMARY OF PALYNOLOGICAL ANALYSIS - SNAPPER-4

## INTERPRETATIVE DATA

SAMPLE NO.	DEPTH (m)	DIVERSITY				CONFIDENCE	COMMENTS	
		YIELD	SPORE POLLEN	LITHOLOGY	ZONE	AGE	RATING	
SWC 35	1258.5	Good	Fair	Lmst.	<u>P. tuberculatus</u>	Early Miocene	0	Frequent <u>C. annulatus</u> ; <u>F. crater</u>
SWC 34	1260.0	Fair	Low	Slst.	Middle <u>N. asperus</u>	Late Eocene	1	<u>V. extensa</u>
SWC 33	1265.0	Good	Good	Ss., carb.	Middle <u>N. asperus</u>	Late Eocene	1	<u>T. arcuineatus</u> , <u>P. rugulatus</u>
				glau.				
SWC 32	1266.5	Good	Good	Ss., glau.	Lower <u>N. asperus</u>	Middle Eocene	2	<u>P. asperopolus</u> (? contam.), <u>N. falcatus</u> , <u>T. simatus</u>
SWC 31	1270.0	Low	Low	Slst.	Lower <u>N. asperus</u>	Middle Eocene	2	<u>V. attinatus</u> , <u>P. pachypolus</u>
SWC 30	1273.0	Good	Low	Ss.	Lower <u>N. asperus</u>	Middle Eocene	2	<u>N. falcatus</u> , <u>P. pachypolus</u>
SWC 29	1274.0	V. good	V. good	SS., carb.	Lower <u>N. asperus</u>	Middle Eocene	0	<u>P. asperopolus</u> , <u>T. simatus</u> , <u>N. falcatus</u> <u>D. heterophylcta</u>
SWC 28	1275.4	Good	Fair	Slst.	Lower <u>N. asperus</u>	Middle Eocene	0	<u>T. simatus</u> , <u>P. asperopolus</u>
SWC 27	1279.0	V. low	Good	Slst.	Lower <u>N. asperus</u>	Middle Eocene	1	<u>P. asperopolus</u> , abund. <u>Nothofagidites</u>
SWC 26	1281.5	Good	Good	Slst.	Lower <u>N. asperus</u>	Middle Eocene	1	<u>N. falcatus</u> , <u>A. diktyoplopus</u>
SWC 25	1287.0	Good	V. good	Slst.	Lower <u>N. asperus</u>	Middle Eocene	0	<u>A. rotundus</u> , <u>P. asperopolus</u> , <u>R. trophus</u> , <u>T. delicatus</u> , <u>A. diktyoplopus</u>
SWC 23	1306.0	Good	Fair	Slst.	Lower <u>N. asperus</u>	Middle Eocene	1	<u>P. asperopolus</u> , <u>P. rugulatus</u> , abund. <u>Nothofagidites</u>
SWC 22	1307.4	Negligible	-	Coal	Indeterminate	-	<u>H. harrisii</u>	
SWC 21	1313.4	Good	Fair	Slst.	Lower <u>N. asperus</u>	Middle Eocene	0	<u>T. delicatus</u> , <u>P. asperopolus</u>
SWC 20	1330.0	Good	Fair	Slst.	Lower <u>N. asperus</u>	Middle Eocene	1	<u>P. asperopolus</u> , abund. <u>Nothofagidites</u>
SWC 18	1346.5	Good	Fair	Cly.	Lower <u>N. asperus</u>	Middle Eocene	1	<u>A. rotundus</u> , abund. <u>Nothofagidites</u>
SWC 17	1350.5	Good	Low	Slst.	<u>P. asperopolus</u>	Mid./Early Eocene	1	<u>P. asperopolus</u> , abund. <u>Proteacidites</u>
SWC 16	1362.0	V. good	Fair	Coal	Indeterminate	-	<u>Nothofagidites</u> abundant	
SWC 15	1372.0	Low	Low	Slst.	Indeterminate	-	contaminated	

TABLE I : SUMMARY OF PALYNOLOGICAL ANALYSIS - SNAPPER-4

## INTERPRETATIVE DATA

SAMPLE NO.	DEPTH (m)	YIELD	DIVERSITY SPORE POLLEN	LITHOLOGY	ZONE	AGE	CONFIDENCE	COMMENTS
							RATING	
SWC 14	1387.5	Fair	Low	Coal	Indeterminate	-	-	Abund. <u>H. harrisii</u> & <u>Nothofagidites</u>
SWC 10	1411.9	Good	Fair	Coal	<u>P. asperopolus</u>	Mid./E. Eocene	1	<u>M. tenuis</u> , <u>I. notabilis</u>
SWC 9	1414.9	V. good	V. good	Sist.	<u>P. asperopolus</u>	Mid./Early Eocene	0	<u>M. tenuis</u> , <u>P. asperopolus</u> , <u>S. prominatus</u> , frequent <u>M. diversus</u> & <u>P. pachypolus</u>
SWC 8	1441.9	Fair	Good	Sist.	Upper <u>M. diversus</u>	Early Eocene	1	<u>M. diversus</u> , <u>P. pachypolus</u>
SWC 3	1495.5	V. low	Low	Ss.	Upper <u>M. diversus</u>	Early Eocene	1	<u>P. pachypolus</u> , <u>S. prominatus</u>
SWC 153	1514.0	Good	Good	Ss.	Upper <u>M. diversus</u>	Early Eocene	1	<u>P. pachypolus</u> , abund. <u>M. diversus</u>
SWC 152	1530.4	Low	Good	Sist.	Upper <u>M. diversus</u>	Early Eocene	1	as above
SWC 150	1574.5	Good	Good	Sist.	Middle <u>M. diversus</u>	Early Eocene	1	<u>B. elegansiformis</u> , <u>P. tuberculiformis</u> <u>P. ornatus</u> , <u>P. alveolatus</u>
SWC 149	1609.0	V. low	Fair	Sist.	Middle <u>M. diversus</u>	Early Eocene	2	<u>C. vanraadshoovenii</u> , <u>P. varus</u>
SWC 175	1611.5	Fair	Low	Coal	Middle <u>M. diversus</u>	Early Eocene	2	<u>T. paenestriatus</u> ; common <u>M. subtilis</u> , <u>H. harrisii</u> and <u>Nothofagidites</u>
SWC 147	1614.5	V. low	Fair	Sist.	Middle <u>M. diversus</u>	Early Eocene	1	<u>P. tuberculiformis</u>
SWC 146	1621.0	Good	Fair	Coal	Middle <u>M. diversus</u>	Early Eocene	1	<u>A. acutullus</u>
SWC 174	1628.9	Good	Good	Sist.	Middle <u>M. diversus</u>	Early Eocene	2	<u>B. verrucosus</u> , <u>D. dartmooria</u>
SWC 144	1634.0	Low	Fair	Sist.	No older than Lower <u>M. diversus</u>	-	-	<u>C. orthotrichus</u> , <u>I. notabilis</u>
SWC 143	1638.5	V. good	Good	Sist. carb.	Middle <u>M. diversus</u>	Early Eocene	1	<u>P. tuberculiformis</u> , <u>B. verrucosus</u> , <u>P. leightonii</u>
SWC 173	1647.3	Good	Good	Coal	Middle <u>M. diversus</u>	Early Eocene	1	<u>P. tuberculiformis</u>
SWC 141	1648.5	Good	Good	Sist.	Middle <u>M. diversus</u>	Early Eocene	2	<u>T. paenestriatus</u>
SWC 172	1675.5	V. good	Good	Sh.	<u>M. diversus</u>	Early Eocene	-	<u>D. dartmooria</u> , frequent <u>M. diversus</u>
SWC 137	1688.7	Low	Fair	Sist.	No older than Lower <u>M. diversus</u>	-	-	<u>I. notabilis</u>

TABLE I : SUMMARY OF PALYNOLOGICAL ANALYSIS SNAPPER-4

## INTERPRETATIVE DATA

SAMPLE NO.	DEPTH (m)	DIVERSITY			ZONE	AGE	CONFIDENCE	COMMENTS
		YIELD	SPORE	POLLEN				
SWC 171	1702.0	Good	Good	Sist.	<u>M. diversus</u>	Early Eocene	-	<u>P. kopiensis</u>
SWC 135	1719.7m	Fair	Low	Clyst.	Middle <u>M. diversus</u>	Early Eocene	1	<u>A. acutullus</u>
SWC 134	1728.0	Low	Fair	Sist.	Middle <u>M. diversus</u>	Early Eocene	2	<u>T. heleosus</u> , <u>P. lapis</u>
SWC 170	1746.5	Good	Good	Sh.	Middle <u>M. diversus</u>	Early Eocene	1	<u>P. tuberculiformis</u>
SWC 132	1765.5	Good	Fair	Sist.	Lower <u>M. diversus</u>	Early Eocene	0	<u>M. diversus</u> , <u>C. gigantis</u> , <u>D. dartmooria</u> • <u>P. incurvatus</u>
SWC 131	1780.3	Good	Fair	Ss.	Lower <u>M. diversus</u>	Early Eocene	0	<u>I. notabilis</u> , <u>S. prominatus</u> (abund.), <u>M. diversus</u> , <u>C. vanradshoovenii</u> , <u>P. varus</u>
SWC 130	1800.6	Negligible	V. low	Sist.	Upper <u>L. balmei</u>	Paleocene	2	<u>L. balmei</u>
SWC 129	1822.0	Good	Fair	Sist.	Upper <u>L. balmei</u>	Paleocene	0	<u>L. balmei</u> common, <u>C. gigantis</u> <u>V. kopukuensis</u>
SWC 128	1849.0	Good	Good	Sist.	Upper <u>L. balmei</u>	Paleocene	1	<u>L. balmei</u> , <u>V. kopukuensis</u> and <u>Gleicheniidites</u> frequent-common
SWC 127	1856.0	Good	Low	Sist.	Upper <u>L. balmei</u>	Paleocene	1	<u>L. balmei</u> abund., <u>V. kopukuensis</u>
SWC 126	1867.0	Fair	Low	Clyst.	Upper <u>L. balmei</u>	Paleocene	1	<u>L. balmei</u> freq., <u>V. kopukuensis</u>
SWC 125	1877.0	V. Low	V. Low	Sist.	<u>L. balmei</u>	Paleocene	1	<u>L. balmei</u>
SWC 169	1889.4	Negligible	V. low	Ss.	<u>L. balmei</u>	Paleocene	-	<u>L. balmei</u>
SWC 124	1889.5	Negligible	V. low	Ss.	<u>L. balmei</u>	Paleocene	-	<u>L. balmei</u>
SWC 123	1894.3	Negligible	Low	Ss.	Indeterminate	-	-	
SWC 167	1902.0	Good	Fair	Sh.	Upper <u>L. balmei</u>	Paleocene	0	<u>L. balmei</u> common, <u>P. incurvatus</u>
SWC 168	1902.0	Good	Good	Sh.	<u>L. balmei</u>	Paleocene	1	<u>L. balmei</u> frequent, <u>H. harrisii</u>

TABLE I : SUMMARY OF PALYNOLOGICAL ANALYSIS SNAPPER-4

## INTERPRETATIVE DATA

SAMPLE NO.	DEPTH (m)	YIELD	DIVERSITY SPORE POLLEN	LITHOLOGY	ZONE	AGE	CONFIDENCE	COMMENTS
							RATING	
SWC 121	1905.0	Barren	-	Ss	-	-	-	
SWC 120	1910.0	Negligible	-	Ss	-	-	-	<u>L. balmei</u>
SWC 119	1918.1	Good	Good	Sh.	Upper <u>L. balmei</u>	Paleocene	2	<u>L. balmei</u> abund., <u>V. kopukuensis</u> , <u>J. pieratus</u> , <u>I. antipodus</u>
SWC 166	1925.0	V. low	Fair	Ss.	<u>L. balmei</u>	Paleocene	-	<u>L. balmei</u> , <u>H. harrisii</u> , <u>A. obscurus</u>
SWC 165	1933.0	Low	Fair	Ss.	Upper <u>L. balmei</u>	Paleocene	2	<u>N. endurus</u> and <u>Gleicheniidites</u> frequent
SWC 115	1935.5	Negligible	V. low	Ss.	Indeterminate	-	-	
SWC 164	1942.3	Negligible	V. low	Ss.	Indeterminate	-	-	
SWC 163	1945.7	Low	V. Low	Ss.	<u>L. balmei</u>	Paleocene	-	<u>L. balmei</u>
SWC 112	1953.0	V. good	Good	Sist.	Upper <u>L. balmei</u>	Paleocene	1	<u>L. balmei</u> abund., <u>V. kopukuensis</u> , freq. <u>Gleicheniidites</u>
SWC 111	1970.4	Low	Fair	Sist.	Upper <u>L. balmei</u>	Paleocene	2	<u>L. balmei</u> , <u>P. annularis</u>
SWC 108	1986.0	Good	Good	Sist.	Upper <u>L. balmei</u>	Paleocene	2	<u>L. balmei</u> abund., <u>P. langstonii</u> , <u>V. kopukuensis</u> , <u>T. verrucosus</u> ,
SWC 107	2011.5	Low	Fair	Sist., coaly,	Upper <u>L. balmei</u>	Paleocene	2	<u>Gleicheniidites</u> frequent
SWC 106	2029.0	V. good	Fair	Sist.	<u>L. balmei</u>	Paleocene	-	<u>L. balmei</u> abund., <u>H. harrisii</u> , <u>J. pieratus</u> , <u>G. reticulata</u> , <u>A. homomorpha</u>
SWC 105	2046.9	V. good	Low	Sist.	<u>L. balmei</u>	Paleocene	-	Abundant <u>A. obscurus</u>
SWC 161	2063.0	V. low	V. low	Sh.	<u>L. balmei</u>	Paleocene	-	frequent <u>L. balmei</u>
SWC 102	2078.9	V. good	Fair	Sh.	Upper <u>L. balmei</u>	Paleocene	1	<u>L. balmei</u> abund., <u>V. kopukuensis</u> , <u>A. homomorpha</u>

TABLE I : SUMMARY OF PALYNOLOGICAL ANALYSIS SNAPPER-4

## INTERPRETATIVE DATA

SAMPLE NO.	DEPTH (m)	YIELD	DIVERSITY SPORE POLLEN	LITHOLOGY	ZONE	AGE	CONFIDENCE	COMMENTS
							RATING	
SWC 101	2084.0	Low	V. Low	Ss., carb.	Lower <u>L. balmei</u>	Paleocene	2	<u>L. balmei</u> frequent, <u>P. gemmatus</u>
SWC 100	2104.0	Fair	Fair	Sh.	Lower <u>L. balmei</u>	Paleocene	2	<u>H. elliotii</u> and <u>L. balmei</u> frequent
SWC 97	2169.2	Good	Low	Sist.	Lower <u>L. balmei</u>	Paleocene	1	<u>L. balmei</u> and <u>T. verrucosus</u> frequent; <u>P. angulatus</u> abundant
SWC 96	2188.0	V. low	Low	Sist.	Indeterminate	-	-	<u>H. elliotii</u> ; <u>P. angulatus</u> common
SWC 95	2211.1	Low	Low	Ss.	Eocene spore pollen only	-	-	
SWC 94	2226.3	Low	V. Low	Ss.	<u>L. balmei</u>	Paleocene	-	<u>L. balmei</u> , common <u>P. angulatus</u>
SWC 93	2246.0	Good	Low	Sh.	Lower <u>L. balmei</u>	Paleocene	1	<u>L. balmei</u> , frequent <u>T. verrucosus</u> <u>I. antipodus</u> , <u>P. langstonii</u>
SWC 91	2288.1	V. low	V. low	Sist.	Indeterminate	-	-	<u>L. balmei</u>
SWC 90	2309.4	Low	Low	Sh.	Lower <u>L. balmei</u>	Paleocene	0	<u>T. verrucosus</u> , <u>I. antipodus</u>
SWC 89	2328.4	Good	Fair	Sh.	Lower <u>L. balmei</u>	Paleocene	1	<u>L. balmei</u> , <u>T. verrucosus</u> and <u>S. punctatus</u> frequent
SWC 88	2352.2	Low	Fair	Sh.	Lower <u>L. balmei</u>	Paleocene	1	<u>L. balmei</u> , <u>T. verrucosus</u>
SWC 87	2368.0	Low	Low	Sist.	Upper <u>T. longus</u>	Maastrichtian	2	<u>Gambierina</u> > <u>L. balmei</u>
SWC 86	2390.0	Low	Fair	Sh.	Upper <u>T. longus</u>	Maastrichtian	0	<u>T. verrucosus</u> , <u>S. punctatus</u> <u>P. gemmatus</u> , <u>P. otwayensis</u> , <u>T. sectilis</u>
SWC 85	2407.4	Fair	Fair	Sh.	Upper <u>T. longus</u>	Maastrichtian	0	<u>G. rudata</u> frequent, <u>S. punctatus</u> , <u>P. gemmatus</u> , <u>P. wahooensis</u>
SWC 84	2425.0	V. Low	V. Low	Sist.	No younger than Upper <u>T. longus</u>			<u>P. otwayensis</u>

TABLE I : SUMMARY OF PALYNOLOGICAL ANALYSIS SNAPPER-4

## INTERPRETATIVE DATA

SAMPLE NO.	DEPTH (m)	YIELD	DIVERSITY	SPORE POLLEN	LITHOLOGY	ZONE	AGE	CONFIDENCE	COMMENTS
SWC 83	2448.1	Good	Good	Sist.	Upper <u>T. longus</u>	Maastrichtian	0		<u>G. rudata</u> common, <u>S. punctatus</u> , <u>T. longus</u> , <u>P. otwayensis</u> , <u>T. verrucosus</u>
SWC 82	2465.0	V. low	V. low	Sist.	Upper <u>T. longus</u>	Maastrichtian	0		<u>T. longus</u> , <u>S. punctatus</u>
SWC 160	2477.0	V. low	V. low	Ss.	<u>T. longus</u>	Late Cretaceous	-		<u>T. longus</u>
SWC 80	2504.9	Good	Fair	Sh., coaly	Indeterminate	-	-		<u>L. balmei</u> palynoflora (caved)
SWC 79	2516.0	Low	Good	Sh.	Upper <u>T. longus</u>	Maastrichtian	0		<u>T. longus</u> , <u>T. verrucosus</u> , <u>S. punctatus</u> , <u>P. gemmatus</u> , <u>P. otwayensis</u> , <u>G. wahooensis</u> , <u>T. illitei</u>
SWC 78	2524.4	Low	Low	Ss.	Eocene palynoflora only				
SWC 77	2532.9	V. low	Low	Ss.	Upper <u>T. longus</u>	Maastrichtian	1		<u>S. punctatus</u> , <u>P. wahooensis</u>
SWC 76	2550.0	V. low	Fair	Sist.	Upper <u>T. longus</u>	Maastrichtian	0		<u>T. longus</u> , <u>S. punctatus</u> , <u>T. verrucosus</u> , <u>P. gemmatus</u> , freq. <u>G. rudata</u>
SWC 75	2572.0	Barren	-	Ss.	Indeterminate		-		Eocene contaminants only
SWC 103	2640.0	V. low	Low	Sist.	Upper <u>T. longus</u>	Maastrichtian	1		<u>S. punctatus</u> , <u>P. otwayensis</u>
SWC 70	2650.5	Low	Low	Sh.	Upper <u>T. longus</u>	Maastrichtian	0		<u>P. otwayensis</u> , frequent <u>G. Rudata</u> and <u>T. verrucosus</u>
SWC 68	2670.0	Low	V. Low	Sh.	<u>T. longus</u>	Late Cretaceous	-		<u>G. rudata</u> relatively frequent
SWC 66	2683.5	Barren	-	Sh./Ss.	Indeterminate	-	-		
SWC 65	2688.0	Negligible	V. Low	Ss.	Indeterminate	-	-		<u>G. rudata</u>
SWC 63	2693.0	Low	V. Low	Sh.	Upper <u>T. longus</u>	Maastrichtian	1		<u>G. rudata</u> freq., <u>T. verrucosus</u> <u>P. gemmatus</u>

TABLE I : SUMMARY OF PALYNOLOGICAL ANALYSIS SNAPPER-4

## INTERPRETATIVE DATA

SAMPLE NO.	DEPTH (m)	YIELD	DIVERSITY SPORE POLLEN	LITHOLOGY	ZONE	AGE	CONFIDENCE	COMMENTS
							RATING	
SWC 61	2710.0	Fair	Fair	Slst.	Upper <u>T. longus</u>	Maastrichtian	0	<u>G. rudata</u> common, <u>S. punctatus</u> , <u>T. lilliei</u>
SWC 60	2713.3	V. good	Low	Coal	<u>T. longus</u>	Late Cretaceous	-	<u>R. mallatus</u> , <u>P. cleinii</u> , <u>G. rudata</u> in <u>P. mawsonii</u> -dominated palynoflora
SWC 59	2725.5	Low	Fair	Sh.	Upper <u>T. longus</u>	Maastrichtian	1	<u>G. rudata</u> common, <u>P. gemmatus</u> , <u>P. otwayensis</u> , <u>T. verrucosus</u>
SWC 58	2740.0	Low	Fair	Sh.	Upper <u>T. longus</u>	Maastrichtian	1	<u>T. longus</u> , <u>T. verrucosus</u> , <u>P. gemmatus</u> , frequent <u>G. rudata</u>
SWC 57	2743.6	Negligible	-	Ss.	No older than <u>T. lilliei</u>	Late Cretaceous		<u>G. rudata</u>
SWC 56	2750.7	Barren	-	Ss.	-	-	-	
SWC 55	2760.0	Negligible	-	Ss.	Indeterminate	-	-	<u>G. rudata</u>
SWC 54	2768.2	V. low	V. low	Ss.	Lower <u>T. longus</u>	Late Cretaceous	1	<u>G. rudata</u> , <u>G. edwardsii</u> , <u>T. longus</u>
SWC 53	2784.0	Fair	Low	Sh., carb.	<u>T. longus</u>	Late Cretaceous	-	<u>G. rudata</u> frequent, <u>T. sectilis</u>
SWC 52	2804.0	Low	Fair	Sh.	Lower <u>T. longus</u>	Late Cretaceous	2	<u>T. lilliei</u> , nos. <u>G. rudata</u> = <u>N. endurus</u> , <u>D. granulatus</u> , <u>T. sectilis</u>

TABLE 2

## ANOMALOUS AND UNUSUAL OCCURRENCES OF SPORE-POLLEN TAXA IN SNAPPER-4

SAMPLE NO.	DEPTH(m)	ZONE	TAXON	COMMENTS
SWC 35	1258.5	<u>P. tuberculatus</u> (0)	<u>Myrtacidites eucalyptoides</u>	
SWC 35	1258.5	<u>P. tuberculatus</u> (0)	<u>Foveotriletes crater</u>	Rare sp.
SWC 34	1260.0	Middle <u>N. asperus</u> (1)	<u>Millfordia homeopunctata</u>	Rare sp.
SWC 33	1265.0	Middle <u>N. asperus</u> (1)	<u>Beupreadites trigonalis</u>	Uncommon sp.
SWC 33	1265.0	Middle <u>N. asperus</u> (1)	<u>Tricolpites arcuineatus</u>	Very rare ms. sp. (A. Partridge)
SWC 32	1266.5	Lower <u>N. asperus</u> (2)	Rhamnaceae	Modern taxon
SWC 32	1266.5	Lower <u>N. asperus</u> (2)	<u>Wetzelia glabra</u>	Rare dinoflagellate
SWC 32	1266.5	Lower <u>N. asperus</u> (2)	<u>Verrucatosporites affinatus</u>	Rare sp.
SWC 30	1273.0	Lower <u>N. asperus</u> (2)	<u>Parvisaccites catastus</u>	
SWC 29	1274.0	Lower <u>N. asperus</u> (0)	cf. <u>Amperea</u>	Modern Euphorbiaceae
SWC 29	1274.0	Lower <u>N. asperus</u> (0)	Cunoniaceae	Di-and tricolpate spp.
SWC 29	1274.0	Lower <u>N. asperus</u> (0)	<u>Dodonaea</u>	Modern taxon
SWC 29	1274.0	Lower <u>N. asperus</u> (0)	<u>Phyllocladidites palaeogenicus</u>	Rare sp.
SWC 29	1274.0	Lower <u>N. asperus</u> (0)	<u>Lystepollenites balmei</u>	(Rare reworked) Paleocene sp.
SWC 28	1275.4	Lower <u>N. asperus</u> (0)	<u>Camarozonosporites australiensis</u>	V. rare in Eocene
SWC 27	1279.0	Lower <u>N. asperus</u> (1)	<u>Proteacidites reticulatus</u>	Rare below Middle <u>N. asperus</u> Zone
SWC 25	1287.0	Lower <u>N. asperus</u> (0)	<u>Anacolosidites rotundus</u>	Rare sp.
SWC 25	1287.0	Lower <u>N. asperus</u> (0)	<u>Rugulatisporites trophus</u>	Rare sp.
SWC 25	1287.0	Lower <u>N. asperus</u> (0)	<u>Clavatipollenites glarius</u>	Very rare sp.
SWC 25	1287.0	Lower <u>N. asperus</u> (0)	<u>Phyllocladidites palaeogenicus</u>	Rare sp.
SWC 18	1346.5	Lower <u>N. asperus</u> (1)	<u>Anacolosidites rotundus</u>	As for SWC 25
SWC 16	1362.0	( <u>P. asperopolus</u> )	<u>Proteacidites callosus</u>	In <u>Nothofagidites</u> , <u>H. harrisii</u> -dominated coal palynoflora
SWC 15	1372.0	( <u>P. asperopolus</u> )	<u>Tetracolpites psillatus</u>	Ms. sp. (Macphail)
SWC 14	1387.5	( <u>P. asperopolus</u> )	<u>Beupreadites verrucosus</u>	In <u>H. harrisii</u> -dominated coal palynoflora

TABLE 2

## ANOMALOUS AND UNUSUAL OCCURRENCES OF SPORE-POLLEN TAXA IN SNAPPER-4

SAMPLE NO.	DEPTH(m)	ZONE	TAXON	COMMENTS
SWC 14	1387.5	( <u>P. asperopolus</u> )	<u>Proteacidites echinatus</u>	V. rare ms. sp. (Macphail). As above.
SWC 14	1387.5	( <u>P. asperopolus</u> )	<u>Tricolpites reticulatus</u>	Ms. sp (Stover)
SWC 10	1411.9	<u>P. asperopolus</u> (1)	<u>Intratriporopollenites notabilis</u>	In <u>H. harrisii</u> , <u>P. demarcatus</u> -dominated coal palynoflora
SWC 9	1414.9	<u>P. asperopolus</u> (0)	<u>Spinizonecolpites prominatus</u>	Top of range of rare sp. (marine siltstone).
SWC 9	1414.9	<u>P. asperopolus</u> (0)	<u>Tricolpites reticulatus</u> Cookson	Rare sp.
SWC 9	1414.9	<u>P. asperopolus</u> (0)	<u>Tricolpites retequestrus</u>	Not prev. recorded below Middle <u>N. asperus</u> Zone
SWC 3	1495.5	Upper <u>M. diversus</u> (1)	<u>Spinizonocolpites prominatus</u>	Rare sp. (non marine sandstone)
SWC 153	1514.0	Upper <u>M. diversus</u> (1)	<u>Gemmatricolporites cf. gestus</u>	
SWC 153	1514.0	Upper <u>M. diversus</u> (1)	<u>Proteacidites echinatus</u>	As for SWC 14
SWC 153	1514.0	Upper <u>M. diversus</u> (1)	<u>Proteacidites callosus</u>	Uncommon sp.
SWC 149	1609.0	(Middle <u>M. diversus</u> )	Palynoflora of thick walled spore spp. including <u>C. vanraadshoovenii</u> , <u>P. varus</u> & <u>V. kopukuensis</u>	
SWC 152	1530.4	Upper <u>M. diversus</u> (1)	<u>Proteacidites xestoformis</u>	Uncommon sp.
SWC 149	1609.0	(Middle <u>M. diversus</u> )	<u>Aequitriradites verrucosus</u>	Cretaceous sp.
SWC 146	1621.0	(Middle <u>M. diversus</u> )	<u>Proteacidites lapis</u>	In <u>Gleicheniidites</u> coal palynoflora
SWC 174	1628.9	Middle <u>M. diversus</u> (2)	<u>Proteacidites recavus</u>	Very rare below upper <u>P. asperopolus</u> Zone; in marginal marine siltstone
SWC 174	1628.9	Middle <u>M. diversus</u> (2)	<u>Tricolpites incisus</u>	Not prev. recorded below <u>P. asperopolus</u> Zone
SWC 174	1628.9	Middle <u>M. diversus</u> (2)	<u>Deflandrea mooria</u>	Lower <u>M. diversus</u> Zone dinoflagellate
SWC 144	1634.0	(Middle <u>M. diversus</u> )	<u>Cyathidites gigantis</u>	Reworked ? Sample contains 5 spores of <u>L. balmei</u>
SWC 143	1638.5	Middle <u>M. diversus</u> (1)	<u>Tricolpites circumlumenus</u>	Ms. sp. (Macphail)
SWC 143	1638.5	Middle <u>M. diversus</u> (1)	<u>Myrtaceopollenites australis</u>	Uncommon sp.
SWC 173	1647.3	Middle <u>M. diversus</u> (1)	<u>Proteacidites tuberculiformis</u>	Common in coal palynoflora
SWC 173	1647.3	Middle <u>M. diversus</u> (1)	<u>Anacolosidites rotundus</u>	Common in coal palynoflora

TABLE 2

## ANOMALOUS AND UNUSUAL OCCURRENCES OF SPORE-POLLEN TAXA IN SNAPPER-4

SAMPLE NO.	DEPTH(m)	ZONE	TAXON	COMMENTS
SWC 173	1647.3	Middle <u>M. diversus</u> (1)	<u>Podosporites microsaccatus</u>	Common in coal palynoflora
SWC 141	1648.5	Middle <u>M. diversus</u> (2)	<u>Umbelliferae</u>	Modern taxon
SWC 172	1675.5	(Middle <u>M. diversus</u> )	<u>Proteacidites rugulatus</u>	35 um, as for SWC 174 ( <u>P. recavus</u> )
SWC 172	1675.5	(Middle <u>M. diversus</u> )	<u>Clavifera cf. vultuosus</u>	V. rare ms. sp. (A. Partridge)
SWC 172	1675.5	(Middle <u>M. diversus</u> )	<u>Foveogleicheniidites</u>	Ms. genus
SWC 172	1675.5	(Middle <u>M. diversus</u> )	<u>Deflandrea dartmooria</u>	As for SWC 174
SWC 171	1702.0	(Middle <u>M. diversus</u> )	<u>Foveotrilletes balteus</u>	
SWC 132	1765.5	Lower <u>M. diversus</u> (2)	<u>Banksieaidites elongatus</u>	Not prev. recorded below Middle <u>M. diversus</u> Zone
SWC 132	1765.5	Lower <u>M. diversus</u> (2)	<u>Tricolporites adelaidensis</u>	Rare below Middle <u>M. diversus</u> Zone
SWC 132	1765.5	Lower <u>M. diversus</u> (2)	<u>Tricolporites moultonii</u>	As above
SWC 132	1765.5	Lower <u>M. diversus</u> (2)	<u>Proteacidites rugulatus</u>	V. rare below <u>P. asperopolus</u> Zone
SWC 129	1822.0	Upper <u>L. balmei</u> (0)	<u>Tricolporites scabratus</u>	
SWC 129	1822.0	Upper <u>L. balmei</u> (0)	<u>Foveotrilletes balteus</u>	
SWC 128	1849.0	Upper <u>L. balmei</u> (1)	<u>Matonisporites ornamentals</u>	Frequent
SWC 126	1867.0	Upper <u>L. balmei</u> (1)	<u>Tricolpites circumlumenus</u>	Rare ms. sp. (Macphail)
SWC 167	1902.0	(Upper <u>L. balmei</u> )	<u>Tetracolporites verrucosus</u>	Rare above Lower <u>L. balmei</u> Zone
SWC 119	1918.1	Upper <u>L. balmei</u> (1)	<u>Jaxtacolpus pieratus</u>	V. rare above Lower <u>L. balmei</u> Zone
SWC 166	1925.0	(Upper <u>L. balmei</u> )	<u>Tricolpites vergilius</u>	Late Cretaceous ms. sp. (Partridge)
SWC 165	1933.0	Upper <u>L. balmei</u> (2)	<u>Triporopollenites ambigiuus</u>	Not prev. (?) recorded below <u>M. diversus</u> Zone
SWC 163	1945.7	(Upper <u>L. balmei</u> )	<u>Periporopollenites vesicus</u>	Eocene sp.
SWC 112	1953.0	Upper <u>L. balmei</u> (1)	<u>Pantocolpate</u> sp.	
SWC 108	1986.0	Upper <u>L. balmei</u> (2)	<u>Tetracolporites verrucosus</u>	As for SWC 167
SWC 108	1986.0	Upper <u>L. balmei</u> (2)	<u>Proteacidites cf. reflexus</u>	

TABLE 2

## ANOMALOUS AND UNUSUAL OCCURRENCES OF SPORE-POLLEN TAXA IN SNAPPER-4

SAMPLE NO.	DEPTH(m)	ZONE	TAXON	COMMENTS
SWC 107	2011.5	Upper <u>L. balmei</u> (2)	<u>Gleicheniidites</u> sp. nov.	Apiculate
SWC 107	2011.5	Upper <u>L. balmei</u> (2)	<u>Beupreadites elegansiformis</u>	V. rare below Middle <u>M. diversus</u> Zone
SWC 106	2029.0	(Upper <u>L. balmei</u> )	<u>Jaxtacolpus pieratus</u>	As for SWC 119 (marine siltstone)
SWC 106	2019.0	(Upper <u>L. balmei</u> )	<u>Parvisaccites catastus</u>	
SWC 103	2078.9	Upper <u>L. balmei</u> (1)	<u>Tricolporites gigantis</u>	Rare ms. sp. (Macphail)
SWC 96	2188.0	(Lower <u>L. balmei</u> )	<u>Dacrycarpites australiensis</u>	V. rare in Paleocene
SWC 93	2246.0	Lower <u>L. balmei</u> (1)	<u>Elphredripites notensis</u>	Rare sp.
SWC 92	2265.3	Lower <u>L. balmei</u> (0)	<u>Polycolpites langstonii</u>	Rare in this zone
SWC 89	2328.4	Lower <u>L. balmei</u> (1)	<u>Schizaea digitatoides</u>	Rare sp.
SWC 89	2328.4	Lower <u>L. balmei</u> (1)	<u>Aquitriradites spinulosus</u>	Typically Late Cretaceous
SWC 89	2328.4	Lower <u>L. balmei</u> (1)	<u>Foveosporites canalis</u>	Typically Late Cretaceous
SWC 88	2352.2	Lower <u>L. balmei</u> (1)	<u>Schizaea digitatoides</u>	As for SWC 89
SWC 86	2390.1	Upper <u>T. longus</u> (1)	<u>Peromonolites cf. baculatus</u>	
SWC 80	2504.9	(Upper <u>T. longus</u> )	<u>Cupaniidites orthoteichus</u>	Not prev. recorded below <u>M. diversus</u> Zone, not apparently caved.
SWC 79	2516.0	Upper <u>T. longus</u> (0)	<u>Dacrycarpites australiensis</u>	Rare in Maastrichtian
SWC 79	2516.0	Upper <u>T. longus</u> (0)	<u>Periporopollenites demarcatus</u>	
SWC 79	2516.0	Upper <u>T. longus</u> (0)	<u>Gephyrapollenites wahooensis</u>	Rare sp.
SWC 76	2550.0	Upper <u>T. longus</u> (0)	<u>Phyllocladidites palaeogenicus</u>	Rare sp.
SWC 103	2640.0	Upper <u>T. longus</u> (1)	<u>Proteacidites cf. protograndis</u>	Ms. sp. (Macphail)

# APPENDIX 3

SNAPPER-4  
QUANTITATIVE LOG ANALYSIS

Interval: 1260 - 2800m KB

Analyst : D.J. Henderson

Date : December, 1983

## QUANTITATIVE LOG ANALYSIS SNAPPER-4

### INTERVAL EVALUATED

1260m - 2800m KB.

### LOGS AVAILABLE

DLL-MSFL-GR	1509m - 779m; 2820m - 1500m
LDT-GR	1513m - 779m
BHC-CNL-GR	1513m - 779m; 2821m - 1500m
LDT-CNL-GR	2821m - 1500m

### ANALYSIS METHOD

1. The EALOG program ENV 1.1 was used to correct LLD, MSFL, GR and CNL logs for borehole environmental effects. The CNL logs were converted to sandstone porosity units by adding 0.04 to environmentally corrected log readings.
2. Porosity, water saturation and shale fraction were determined using a Dual Water Model as described by Coates et al. (1982).
  - (a) The gamma ray log was used to estimate shale fraction for the interval 1260m - 1500m using the relationships:

$$VSH = .33(2(VCLGR) - 1)$$

where  $VCLGR = \frac{GR - GR_{clean}}{GR_{shale} - GR_{clean}}$

- (b) For the interval 1500m - 2800m the shale fraction was estimated using the relationship:

$$SwB = \frac{mx - mclean}{mshale - mclean}$$

where  $mx$ ,  $mclean$  and  $mshale$  are the slopes of the log-matrix line, water-matrix line and wet clay line respectively.

- (c) Bulk density and neutron porosity values in the N-1 reservoir hydrocarbon zone were corrected for hydrocarbon effects.
  - (i) Expected grain density was calculated using the relationships:

$$ERHOMAA = \rho_{ma} + VSH (\rho_{mashale} - \rho_{ma})$$

where  $\rho_{ma\ shale} = \frac{\rho_b\ shale - \rho_N\ shale}{1 - \rho_N\ shale}$

- (ii) Apparent grain density was calculated using the relationship:

$$RHOMAA = \frac{\rho_b - \rho_N}{1 - \rho_N}$$

- (iii) Where  $RHOMAA \neq ERHOMAA$ , the density and neutron log values were corrected for hydrocarbon effect by moving log points along the vectors:

$$\Delta b / \Delta \rho_N = 1.125 \text{ for gas}$$

$$\Delta b / \Delta \rho_N = 1.960 \text{ for oil}$$

until  $RHOMAA = ERHOMAA$

- (d) Total porosity was determined using the relationship:

$$\phi_t = \frac{\phi_D \times \phi_{dcN} - \phi_N \times \phi_{dcD}}{\phi_{dcN} - \phi_{dcD}}$$

where  $\phi_{dcN}$  and  $\phi_{dcD}$  are apparent neutron and density porosity values for a dry clay point. Density and neutron values are corrected for hydrocarbon effect.

- (e) Where  $\phi_b$  from the LDT log indicated bad hole conditions, total porosity was estimated from the sonic log using the Hunt-Raymer relationship adjusted to match total porosity in good hole conditions:

$$\phi_{ts} = .63 \phi_s (H-R) + .055$$

- (f) Apparent bound (clay) and free water resistivities were determined using the relationships:

$$\begin{aligned} R_{wa} &= \phi_t^m \times R_t \\ R_{wF} &= R_{wa} \text{ in clean water sand} \\ R_{wB} &= R_{wa} \text{ in shale zones} \end{aligned}$$

- (g) Theoretical deep resistivity ( $R_o$ ) assuming 100% water saturation was calculated using the relationship:

$$R_o = \frac{R_{wF} \times R_{wB}}{\phi_t^m [R_{wB} + S_w B (R_{wF} - R_{wB})]}$$

Saline water was assumed to occupy free pore space in the N-1 reservoir hydrocarbon zone. This is supported by drainage capillary pressure data.

- (h) Total water saturation was calculated from relationship:

$$S_{wt} = \left( \frac{R_o}{R_t} \right)^{1/n}$$

- (i) The Dual Water Model assumes that hydrocarbons exist only in free pore space. Effective water saturation ( $S_{we}$ ) was determined using the relationship:

$$S_{we} = 1 - \frac{\phi_t}{\phi_e} (1 - S_{wt})$$

Zones with high shale content where  $\phi_t/\phi_e$  becomes large were modelled to ensure that  $S_{we} = 1$  where shale content exceeds 0.65.

- (j) Effective porosity was calculated using the relationship:

$$\phi_e = \phi_t [1 - V_{SH} (2-3.08 V_{SH})]$$

This relationship is an adaptation of the SARABAND porosity model discussed by Clavier et al. (1977). The relationship recognises that shale occurs as structural grains, disseminations and laminations. Effective porosity is assumed to be 0 where the shale fraction exceeds 0.65.

- (k) For the N-1 reservoir, hydrocarbon pore volume was determined using the relationship:

$$PHISH = (1 - S_{wt}) \phi_t$$

- (l) Cumulative hydrocarbon pore volume.

$$HPORT = \sum \left[ \frac{PHISH}{NPER} \right]$$

where NPER is the analysis sample density.

### Variable Analysis Parameters

Rm = 0.135, 1510m-1260m; .081, 2920m-1510m  
Rmf = 0.086, 1510m-1260m; .066, 2820m-1510m  
Rmc = 0.241, 1510m-1260m; .110, 2820m-1510m  
a = 1.000  
m = 2.000  
n = 2.000  
 $\rho_{ma}$  = 2.650 g/cc  
 $\rho_{shale}$  = 2.420, 1510m-1260m; increasing to 2.680 at 2800m  
 $\phi_N$  shale = 0.430, 1510m-1260m; decreasing to 0.325 at 2800m  
 $\phi_{dcD}$  = 0.195, 1510m-1260m; depth function 1510m-2800m  
 $\phi_{dcN}$  = 0.212, 1510m-1260m; depth function 1510m-2800m  
RwF = 0.140, 1260m-1414.5m; .76, 1414.5m-1510m; variable to 2800m  
RwB = 0.980, 1260m-1510m; variable to 2800m  
GRclean = 15  
GRshale = 115

### Summary Data

#### N-1 Reservoir:

Net gas sand	76.75m MD = 76.75m TVD
Net oil sand	4.00m MD = 4.00m TVD
Possible net oil sand	1.25m MD = 1.25m TVD

#### Intra Latrobe Section:

Net gas sand	16.25m MD = 16.25m TVD
Possible net hydrocarbon	58.25m MD = 58.25m TVD

Net gas sand occurs in 3 zones. Possible net hydrocarbon sand occurs in 44 zones, 30 which are less than 1 metre thick. In the intra Latrobe section much of the apparent net hydrocarbon bearing sand occurs in shaly sections, some of which overly apparent water productive clean sands.

D.J. HENDERSON

13481/84

SNAPPER-4

SUMMARY OF RESULTS

Interval Evaluated: 1260 - 2800m

Depth Interval (m)	Net* Thickness (m)	Porosity	Water Saturation	Remarks
1264.5-1268.5	4.0	.120-.230(.175)	.17-.32 (.22)	Gas, shaly
1271.0-1273.0	2.0	.105-.145(.130)	.22-.45(.32)	Gas, shaly
1273.25-1274.25	1.0	.110-.200(.170)	.18-.28(.22)	Gas, shaly
1278.25-1280.0	1.75	.115-.180(.160)	.25-.41(.32)	Gas, shaly
1285.5-1288.5	3.0	.150-.190(.170)	.38-.55(45)	Gas, shaly
1288.5-1305.25	16.75	.165-.340(.275)	.03-.35(.08)	Gas, clean, possible mud invasion
1308.5-1310.5	2.0	.170-.300(.220)	.14-.28(.23)	Gas, shaly
1312.0-1312.75	0.75	.145-.225(.180)	.16	Gas, shaly
1314.5-1318.25	3.75	.195-.300(.244)	.11-.26(.21)	Gas, shaly to top
1319.75-1328.25	8.5	.190-.330(.245)	.05-.17(09)	Gas, most clean
1332.5-1343.25	10.75	.110-.300(.260)	.04-.33(.07)	Gas, clean
1353.5-1361.5	8.0	.235-.315(.265)	.06-.44(.09)	Gas, clean
1364.25-1365.5	1.25	.190-.260(.235)	.13-.29(.21)	Gas, clean
1368.0-1370.0	2.0	.150-.290(.210)	.11-.42(.29)	Gas, carbonaceous at base
1374.0-1374.75	0.75	.250-.270(.260)	.10-.12(.11)	Gas, carbonaceous, shaly
1377.0-1378.0	1.0	.175-.295(.245)	.10-.45(.25)	Gas, clean
1379.5-1381.25	1.75	.170-.305(.265)	.06-.34(.12)	Gas, clean
1384.25-1384.75	0.5	.115	.21	Gas, dolomitic
1391.5-1394.25	2.75	.150-.320(.270)	.07-.13(.09)	Gas, clean
1403.0-1407.5	4.5	.185-.305(.270)	.12-.15(.14)	Gas, clean
1407.5-1411.5	4.0	.185-.305(.270)	.12-.30(.16)	Oil, clean
1413.0-1414.25	1.25	.160-.255(.220)	.25-.46(.33)	Possible oil, thin shaly
1417.75-1441.0	0	.155-.345(.270)	1.0	Water, clean, some dolomitic
1443.5-1445.0	0	.110-.260(.205)	1.0	Water, shaly carbonaceous
1447.75-1450.25	0	.185-.340(.300)	1.0	Water, shaly, carbonaceous
1451.75-1452.5	0	.115-.150(.130)	1.0	Water, shaly
1454.25-1459.25	0	.115-.285(.205)	1.0	Water, clean, dolomitic at base
1462.75-1471.75	0	.105-.335(.244)	1.0	Water, clean, dolomitic at base
1471.75-1477.5	0	.105-.235(.180)	1.0	Water, clean, dolomitic
1477.5-1485.0	0	.135-.290(.220)	1.0	Water, some dolomitic
1486.0-1495.0	0	.110-.320(.235)	1.0	Water, clean
1497.25-1500.0	0	.105-.235(.175)	1.0	Water, shaly

## SNAPPER-4

SUMMARY OF RESULTS

Interval Evaluated: 1260 - 2800m

Depth Interval (m)	Net* Thickness (m)	Porosity	Water Saturation	Remarks
1502.25-1505.5	0	.145-.215(.180)	1.0	Water, clean
1505.5-1512.5	0	.195-.325(.260)	1.0	Water, clean
1513.0-1520.0	0	.145-.30(.225)	1.0	Water, clean, dolomitic at base
1522.75-1527.25	0	.150-.280(.240)	1.0	Water, clean
1531.0-1545.0	0	.205-.30(.265)	1.0	Water, clean
1560.5-1573.25	0	.130-.305(.240)	1.0	Water, shaly at top, some dolomitic
1574.25-1607.5	0	.205-.30(.27)	1.0	Water, clean
1623.0-1625.5	0	.210-.265(.244)	1.0	Water, clean
1631.25-1632.0	0	.180-.225(.205)	1.0	Water, shaly
1633.5-1634.25	0	.145-.170(.155)	1.0	Water, shaly
1641.5-1644.5	0	.170-.285(.240)	1.0	Water, most clean
1649.75-1650.25	0	.170	1.0	Water, shaly
1651.25-1652.5	0	.145-.260(.20)	1.0	Water, carbonaceous
1654.0-1656.0	0	.250-.285(.260)	1.0	Water, clean
1657.75-1658.5	0	.235-.265(.250)	1.0	Water, shaly
1660.5-1662.0	0	.145-.250(.230)	1.0	Water, clean
1666.25-1670.5	0	.120-.305(.235)	.65-1.0	Possible hydrocarbons in shaly section
1674.0-1674.75	0	.190-.225(.210)	1.0	Shaly, carbonaceous
1678.25-1684.25	0	.130-.270(.195)	.75-.95	Shaly in part
1686.75-1687.25	0.5	.125	.60	Hydrocarbons, shaly
1688.5-1692.0	0	.120-.265(.220)	1.0	Clean
1696.25-1696.75	0	.115	1.0	Shaly
1702.0-1702.5	0	.155	1.0	
1720.5-1722.5	0	.160-.245(.220)	1.0	Water, most clean
1723.25-1724.0	0	.120-.235(.195)	1.0	Water, carbonaceous
1724.75-1726.0	0	.125-.170(.150)	1.0	Water, shaly
1729.0-1730.25	0	.165-.200(.190)	1.0	Water, shaly
1750.75-1759.25	0	.120-.320(.255)	1.0	Water, shaly at top
1759.25-1761.0	0	.120-.160(.140)	1.0	Water, shaly
1762.75-1763.25	0	.180	1.0	Water, shaly, carbonaceous
1764.0-1764.5	0	.140	1.0	Water, very shaly, carbonaceous
1775.25-1778.75	0	.155-.220(.195)	1.0	Water
1779.5-1780.0	0	.160	1.0	Water, very shaly
1780.5-1787.75	0	.110-.285(.240)	1.0	Water, shaly at base
1807.5-1808.5	0	.120-.160(.140)	1.0	Water, shaly
1827.25-1829.0	0	.120-.215(.170)	.65-.88(.74)	Possible hydrocarbons, shaly
1830.0-1837.0	0	.160-.260(.235)	.46-.86(.71)	Possible hydrocarbons, most clean
1837.5-1843.5	0	.110-.259(.215)	.54-1.0(.76)	Possible hydrocarbons, shaly at base
1852.0-1852.75	0	.145-.155(.150)	.70	Possible hydrocarbons, shaly

SNAPPER-4

SUMMARY OF RESULTS

Interval Evaluated: 1260 - 2800m

Depth Interval (m)	Net* Thickness (m)	Porosity	Water Saturation	Remarks
1862.75-1863.75	0	.165-.260(.215)	.90	Shaly
1868.75-1869.75	0	.12	.71	Possible hydrocarbons
1877.0-1882.75	0	.120-.245(.195)	.59-1.0(.82)	Possible hydrocarbons at top, some shaly
1884.5-1885.25	0.5	.140-.190(.170)	.65	Possible hydrocarbons
1888.75-1890.0	1.25	.140-.240(.205)	.42-.63(.52)	Gas, clean
1890.75-1892.75	1.5	.110-.160(.130)	.49-.76(.60)	Gas, shaly
1892.75-1895.50	2.25	.170-.255(.220)	.37-.61(.44)	Gas, shaly at top
1904.5-1906.5	2.0	.120-.210(.155)	.44-1.0(.55)	Hydrocarbons, shaly at base
1909.0-1913.25	4.25	.110-.255(.215)	.35-.56(.41)	Gas, most clean
1916.25-1917.0	0	.120-.175(.160)	.70-1.0(.79)	Water Productive, shaly
1918.75-1920.0	0	.100	1.0	Shaly
1923.0-1927.0	3.0	.135-.215(.180)	.52-1.0(.60)	Hydrocarbons, most shaly
1931.75-1933.75	1.0	.150-.220(.195)	.47-.96(.65)	Hydrocarbons
1934.25-1937.0	0	.130-.190(.170)	.63-.86(.76)	Water productive, shaly
1942.0-1943.25	1.25	.185-.245(.215)	.52-1.0(.59)	Hydrocarbons, carbonaceous
1945.0-1947.25	0	.135-.235(.190)	.48-.80(.67)	Water productive, most clean
1949.0-1949.75	0.75	.155-.270(.220)	.60	Hydrocarbons
1953.75-1954.75	0	.06	.70	Water productive, very shaly
1963.25-1966.0	2.75	.135-.205(.170)	.37-.56(.42)	Hydrocarbons, most shaly
1971.0-1971.5	0	.10	.56	Hydrocarbons, very shaly
1973.0-1974.25	1.25	.185-.265(.230)	.50	Hydrocarbons, clean, carbonaceous
1975.5-1976.25	0	.10	.50	Hydrocarbons, very shaly
1977.0-1979.25	2.25	.155-.270(.200)	.42-.57(.49)	Hydrocarbons, shaly
1983.75-1985.0	0	.20-.225(.215)	.80	Water productive
1986.75-1988.75	0	.135-.175(.155)	.57-.90(.72)	Possible hydrocarbons, shaly
1988.75-1991.0	0	.180-.245(.225)	.77	Possible hydrocarbons, shaly at top
1992.0-1995.0	0	.165-.215(.180)	.65-.95	Hydrocarbons at top, most shaly
1998.5-2000.0	0.75	.175-.235(.210)	.63	Hydrocarbons, thin
2001.5-2002.75	0.5	.150-.210(.180)	.63	Hydrocarbons, shaly, thin
2006.25-2007.0	0	.145-.190(.175)	1.0	Water, shaly
2016.5-2019.5	0	.165-.260(.210)	.80	Water productive, some shaly

SNAPPER-4

SUMMARY OF RESULTS

Interval Evaluated: 1260' - 2800m

Depth Interval (m)	Net* Thickness (m)	Porosity	Water Saturation	Remarks
2023.0-2025.0	0	.13	.81	Water productive, very shaly
2031.0-2033.0	0	.08	.64-.82(.68)	Water productive, tight
2034.75-2035.25	0	.09	.90	Thin
2039.0-2040.5	0	.095-.165(.145)	.73-.81(.77)	Water productive
2047.75-2049.0	0	.08-.125(.105)	.70-.80(.75)	Water productive, shaly
2063.5-2066.25	0	.05-.175(.115)	.60-.78(.67)	Water productive, shaly
2067.0-2069.75	0	.170-.255(.230)	.58-1.0	Possible hydrocarbons at top
2071.25-2072.75	0	.125-.225(.180)	.78-.90(.82)	Water productive, most shaly
2075.5-2077.75	0	.080-.105(.085)	.87-.99(.93)	Water, very shaly
2083.25-2084.75	1.5	.155-.190(.175)	.49-.65(.55)	Hydrocarbons
2088.5-2091.5	3.0	.130-.180(.145)	.43-.80(.50)	Hydrocarbons, shaly
2094.25-2095	0.5	.140	.51-.82(.62)	Hydrocarbons, thin, shaly
2109.5-2118.0	0	.125-.255(.210)	.66-1.0(.79)	Possible hydrocarbons, most clean
2125.25-2136.0	0	.165-.265(.240)	1.0	most clean
2151.0-2159.5	0	.155-.255(.225)	1.0	Clean
2160.0-2162.0	0	.135-.155(.145)	1.0	Shaly
2171.0-2172.25	0	.065-.110(.085)	.86	Water productive, very shaly
2174.25-2177.25	0	.195-.285(.240)	1.0	Clean
2190.25-2197.25	0	.120-.245(.185)	1.0	Shaly to top
2200.0-2201.25	0	.125-.195(.160)	.69-.87(.76)	Water productive, clean
2202.25-2205.75	0	.120-.245(.200)	1.0	Clean
2209.5-2210.25	0	.120-.270(.210)	1.0	Clean
2211.5-2218.5	0	.165-.255(.220)	1.0	Most clean
2218.5-2222.5	0	.160-.220(.180)	1.0	Clean
2227.75-2229.5	0	.135-.160(.150)	.90	Shaly, water productive
2248.75-2249.25	0	.140	.85	Shaly, water productive
2251.75-2252.25	0	.140	.85	Shaly, water productive
2260.25-2260.75	0	.15	1.0	Clean
2266.5-2271.0	0	.175-.210(.195)	.55-1.0(.80)	Hydrocarbons at top, shaly at top
2312.5-2313.5	0	.140-.145(.145)	.85	Water productive, shaly
2316.25-2317.25	0.5	.130-.170(.150)	.52-.75(.63)	Hydrocarbons, shaly
2353.5-2355.5	0	.080-.110(.095)	.48-.80(.61)	Hydrocarbons, shaly, tight
2355.5-2358.75	0	.130-.225(.185)	.73-.90(.79)	Possible hydrocarbons, clean
2361.75-2362.5	0	.135	.61	Hydrocarbons, very shaly
2364.0-2365.25	0	.190-.210(.200)	.51-.86(.66)	Possible hydrocarbons, clean
2370.0-2373.0	0	.135-.200(.165)	.73-.91(.81)	Water productive, shaly at base

SNAPPER-4

SUMMARY OF RESULTS

Interval Evaluated: 126C - 2800m

Depth Interval (m)	Net* Thickness (m)	Porosity	Water Saturation	Remarks
2376.5-2379.5	0	.175-.235(.215)	.40-.94(.75)	Possible hydrocarbons at top, clean
2380.25-2382.5	0	.145-.200(.175)	.61-1.0(.80)	Water productive, clean
2397.75-2399.0	0	.045-.110(.075)	.44-.70(.54)	Hydrocarbons, very shaly
2401.25-2402.25	0	.080-.110(.100)	.49-.58(.53)	Hydrocarbons, very shaly
2405.0-2406.25	.75	.125-.180(.155)	.41-.87(.64)	Hydrocarbons, most shaly
2417.5-2418.0	0	.085	.48-.77(.58)	Hydrocarbons, shaly
2421.75-2422.25	0	.085	.59	Hydrocarbons, shaly
2426.75-2428.5	0	.070-.110(.090)	.47-.55(.51)	Hydrocarbons, shaly
2434.5-2435.25	0.5	.125	.49-1.0(.71)	Hydrocarbons, shaly
2441.0-2442.0	0.5	.155-.215	.49-1.0(.77)	Hydrocarbons, clean
2442.5-2443.5	1.0	.140-.190(.160)	.58-.80(.65)	Hydrocarbons
2444.75-2445.25	0.5	.135	.59	Hydrocarbons, shaly
2449.25-2450.0	0.75	.160	.50	Hydrocarbons, some shaly
2457.0-2458.25	0	.060-.110(.075)	.50-.73(.62)	Hydrocarbons, shaly
2471.75-2472.5	0	.080	.50-.88(.65)	Hydrocarbons, very shaly
2475.5-2477.75	0	.125-.195(.170)	.69-.98(.83)	Water productive, shaly at top
2479.75-2480.5	0	.055-.160(.110)	.52-.70(.60)	Hydrocarbons, shaly at top
2481.5-2484.25	0.5	.140-.180(.165)	.55-.92(.75)	Possible hydrocarbons, most clean
2489.5-2495.5	1.5	.130-.220(.185)	.38-.88(.62)	Hydrocarbons at top, shaly at top
2498.25-2499.0	0.75	.120-.125(.125)	.46-.67(.53)	Hydrocarbons, shaly
2509.25-2509.75	0.5	.130	.51	Hydrocarbons, thin, shaly
2511.25-2512.5	0	.050-.090(.070)	.55-.79(.66)	Hydrocarbons, very shaly
2523.25-2530.25	7.0	.120-.205(.155)	.34-.62(.47)	Gas, clean
2533.5-2534.25	0.5	.060-.145(.085)	.58-.75(.63)	Hydrocarbons, most shaly
2546.5-2547.25	0	.075-.090(.080)	.50-.63(.55)	Hydrocarbons, shaly
2558.75-2560.75	0	.050-.10(.075)	.48-.68(.61)	Hydrocarbons, most shaly
2560.75-2562.25	0	.125-.150(.135)	.56-.82(.70)	Possible hydrocarbons
2564.25-2566.25	0.75	.160-.185(.170)	.41-.83(.65)	Hydrocarbons, shaly at top
2566.25-2568.25	0	.145-.165(.155)	.85-.90(.87)	Water, clean
2569.25-2570.75	0	.060-.170(.120)	.94	Water
2574.25-2575.25	0.5	.155-.185(.170)	.49-.98(.73)	Hydrocarbons at top
2589.25-2590.0	0.5	.130-.170(.150)	.55	Hydrocarbons, clean
2592.5-2593.0	0.5	.135-.165(.150)	.58	Hydrocarbons, thin, shaly

SNAPPER-4

SUMMARY OF RESULTS

Interval Evaluated: 1260 - 2800m

Depth Interval (m)	Net* Thickness (m)	Porosity	Water Saturation	Remarks
2605.5-2606.0	0.5	.140	.58	Hydrocarbons, thin, shaly
2608.0-2609.25	0	.120	.44-.89(.60)	Hydrocarbons, shaly
2612.75-2613.25	0	.08	.64	Hydrocarbons, shaly, thin
2623.5-2624.25	0.5	.135-.160(.145)	.40-.60(.48)	Hydrocarbons, shaly
2628.25-2633.25	5.0	.150-.190(.165)	.39-.70(.62)	Hydrocarbons, clean
2635.0-2635.5	0.5	.125	.51	Hydrocarbons, shaly
2640.0-2640.5	0	.08	.60	Hydrocarbons, shaly
2652.5-2655.0	0	.05-.145(.115)	.47-.83(.66)	Hydrocarbons at top, shaly at top
2658.75-2663.25	0.5	.060-.21(.14)	.64-.87	Possible hydrocarbons, most clean
2666.0-2668.75	2.25	.11.5-.185(.145)	.63	Hydrocarbons, shaly at top
2676.0-2678.25	1.0	.125-.145(.135)	.39-.76(.65)	Possible hydrocarbons, shaly at top
2683.75-2688.25	4.5	.125-.180(.150)	.36-.61(.44)	Hydrocarbons, clean
2690.75-2691.5	0.75	.150	.39	Hydrocarbons, clean
2698.75-2702.5	1.75	.130-.155(.140)	.37-.73(.55)	Hydrocarbons
2742.25-2752.25	5.5	.120-.165(.145)	.40-.80(.64)	Possible hydrocarbons, most clean
2767.25-2770.25	3.0	.125-.170(.140)	.36-.58(.45)	Hydrocarbons, clean
2777.5-2778.25	0.5	.135	.61	Hydrocarbons, clean
2789.5-2791	?	.065-.245(.200)	.34-.60(.40)	Hydrocarbons; porosity suspect due to bad hole.

PE601251

This is an enclosure indicator page.  
The enclosure PE601251 is enclosed within the  
container PE902529 at this location in this  
document.

The enclosure PE601251 has the following characteristics:

ITEM\_BARCODE = PE601251  
CONTAINER\_BARCODE = PE902529  
NAME = Log Analysis  
BASIN = GIPPSLAND  
PERMIT =  
TYPE = WELL  
SUBTYPE = WELL\_LOG  
DESCRIPTION = Log Analysis  
REMARKS =  
DATE\_CREATED = 29/09/83  
DATE RECEIVED = 12/10/84  
W\_NO = W827  
WELL\_NAME = Snapper-4  
CONTRACTOR = ESSO  
CLIENT\_OP\_CO = ESSO

(Inserted by DNRE - Vic Govt Mines Dept)

PE601253

This is an enclosure indicator page.  
The enclosure PE601253 is enclosed within the  
container PE902529 at this location in this  
document.

The enclosure PE601253 has the following characteristics:

ITEM\_BARCODE = PE601253  
CONTAINER\_BARCODE = PE902529  
NAME = Log Analysis  
BASIN = GIPPSLAND  
PERMIT =  
TYPE = WELL  
SUBTYPE = WELL\_LOG  
DESCRIPTION = Log Analysis  
REMARKS =  
DATE\_CREATED = 13/10/83  
DATE RECEIVED = 12/10/84  
W\_NO = W827  
WELL\_NAME = Snapper-4  
CONTRACTOR = ESSO  
CLIENT\_OP\_CO = ESSO

(Inserted by DNRE - Vic Govt Mines Dept)

PE601254

This is an enclosure indicator page.  
The enclosure PE601254 is enclosed within the  
container PE902529 at this location in this  
document.

The enclosure PE601254 has the following characteristics:

ITEM\_BARCODE = PE601254  
CONTAINER\_BARCODE = PE902529  
NAME = Log Analysis  
BASIN = GIPPSLAND  
PERMIT =  
TYPE = WELL  
SUBTYPE = WELL\_LOG  
DESCRIPTION = Log Analysis  
REMARKS =  
DATE\_CREATED = 29/09/83  
DATE RECEIVED = 12/10/84  
W\_NO = W827  
WELL\_NAME = Snapper-4  
CONTRACTOR = ESSO  
CLIENT\_OP\_CO = ESSO

(Inserted by DNRE - Vic Govt Mines Dept)

PE601255

This is an enclosure indicator page.  
The enclosure PE601255 is enclosed within the  
container PE902529 at this location in this  
document.

The enclosure PE601255 has the following characteristics:

ITEM\_BARCODE = PE601255  
CONTAINER\_BARCODE = PE902529  
NAME = Log Analysis  
BASIN = GIPPSLAND  
PERMIT =  
TYPE = WELL  
SUBTYPE = WELL\_LOG  
DESCRIPTION = Log Analysis  
REMARKS =  
DATE\_CREATED = 29/09/83  
DATE\_RECEIVED = 12/10/84  
W\_NO = W827  
WELL\_NAME = Snapper-4  
CONTRACTOR = ESSO  
CLIENT\_OP\_CO = ESSO

(Inserted by DNRE - Vic Govt Mines Dept)

# APPENDIX 4

SNAPPER-4 RFT REPORT

S.T. Koh  
September, 1983

## SNAPPER -4 RFT TESTS

### Summary

A series of RFT tests were conducted in the Snapper-4 exploration well over the periods July 9, 1983 (Runs 1-2) and September 13-14, 1983 (Runs 3-6). Runs 1-2 were made after drilling the 12 1/4 inch hole to 1516m MDKB (1495m SS) and runs 3-6 were made after drilling the 8 1/2 inch hole to 2821m MDKB (2800m SS). The main objectives of these tests were to obtain pressures in the N-1 reservoir between the interval 1493-1266.5m MDKB (1472-1245.5m SS) and investigate hydrocarbon shows indicated on mudlogs or by log interpretation below the N-1 reservoir within the Intra-Latrobe between the interval 2668.5-1601m MDKB (2647.5-1580m SS). Results from this RFT program confirmed the presence of a 148.0m gross gas column in the N-1 reservoir from the Top of Latrobe at 1259.5m MDKB (1238.5m SS) to the GOC at 1407.5m MDKB (1386.5m SS) overlying a 4.5m gross vertical oil column with an OWC at 1412m MDKB (1391m SS). Three small gas bearing intervals were established by this program within the Intra-Latrobe at Snapper-4.

### Results and Discussions

A total of six RFT runs were conducted over the interval 1266.5-2668.5m MDKB as follows:

<u>Run Number</u>	<u>Pretests</u>	<u>Interval</u> <u>(m MDKB)</u>	<u>(m SS)</u>
1	18	1266.5-1493	1245.5-1472
2	1	1410.1	1389.1
3	25	1601.0-2668.5	1580.0-2647.5
4	2	2529.5-2530.0	2508.5-2509.0
5	1	2668.5	2647.5
6	3	1942.4-1942.6	1921.4-1921.6

Of the 50 pretests attempted, 42 were successful in providing formation pressures, four were interpreted to be supercharged, three were seal failures and one pretest resulted in a tight test. The pressures from the Hewlett-Packard (HP) gauge are considered accurate and were used for all subsequent analysis. Results of this RFT program are given in Tables 1 and 2 and illustrated in Figures 1-3. A total of four RFT sampling runs with seven separate seats were taken and their results are summarised as follows.

<u>Run/Seat Number</u>	<u>Sampling Depth</u>		<u>Recoveries</u>
	<u>m MDKB</u>	<u>m SS</u>	
2/19	1410.1	1389.1	15.6 litres oil, GOR 516 SCF/STB. 2 3/4 gallon segregated sample lost during transfer.
4/45	2530.0	2509.0	No samples taken due to seal failure during pretest.
4/46	2529.5	2508.5	30.2 Ft <sup>3</sup> gas, 17.3 litres water and trace condensate. Segregated chamber opened at surface recovered: 20.6 Ft <sup>3</sup> gas, 6.5 litres water and trace condensate.

Run/Seat Number	Sampling Depth		Recoveries
	m MDKB	m SS	
5/47	2668.5	2647.5	1.6 Ft <sup>3</sup> gas and 21.0 litres water. Segregated chamber opened at surface recovered: 1.5 Ft <sup>3</sup> gas and 9.0 litres water.
6/48	1942.5	1921.5	No samples. Seal failure occurred 3 minutes after the 6 gallon chamber was opened.
6/49	1942.4	1921.4	6 gallon chamber sample recovery reported with seat 6/50. No segregated sample due to seal failure 1 minute after 2 3/4 gallon chamber was opened.
6/50	1942.6	1921.6	7.1 Ft <sup>3</sup> gas, 20.95 litres mud and filtrate. Segregated chamber opened at surface recovered: 11.2 Ft <sup>3</sup> gas, 7.2 litres mud and filtrate.

Sample run number 2 consisted of a 22.8 litre lower chamber (main) with a 3.7 litre upper chamber (segregated) while run numbers 4 to 6 consisted of a 22.8 litre lower chamber with a 10.4 litre upper chamber. Full details of the sample data are given in Table 2.

The main results which are illustrated in Figures 1-3 are as follows:

1. The presence of a 148.0m gross vertical gas column in the N-1 reservoir from the Top of Latrobe at 1259.5m MDKB (1238.5m SS) to the GOC at 1407.5m MDKB (1386.5m SS) with a measured gas gradient of 0.16 psi/m overlying a 4.5m gross vertical oil column from the GOC to the OWC at 1412m MDKB (1391m SS) with a measured oil gradient of 0.85 psi/m was confirmed. Sample run number 2/19 located within the oil zone at 1410.1m MDKB (1389.1m SS) recovered 15.6 litres of oil with a GOR of 516 SCF/STB.
2. The Snapper-4 pressures in the south western fault block within the N-1 reservoir between 1266.5-1493m MDKB (1245.5-1472m SS) were consistently drawdown by 15-19 psi when compared to the Snapper A-21 RFT pressures in the central fault block (measured 24 months previously in July 1981). The pressure drawdown was mainly due to production from nearby fields.
3. As expected, the N-1 reservoir in Snapper-4 within the south western fault block, is believed to be in good hydraulic communication with the Gippsland Aquifer since measured pressure data was drawdown by 65 psi relative to the original Gippsland Aquifer pressure.
4. Below 1691m MDKB (1670m SS) water gradient discontinuities can be observed at several depths in both Snapper-4 and Snapper A-21 wells. In the interval 1621-1691m MDKB (1600-1670m SS) level the pressures taken in Snapper-4 were generally lower than the A-21 well pressures by about 30 psi whereas below this level the pressures taken in Snapper-4 were lower than Snapper A-21 pressures by varying amounts.
5. As shown in Figure 3, the RFT program conducted in the Intra-Latrobe confirmed indications of hydrocarbon accumulations provided by mudlogs and wireline logs in the following three intervals. In all cases, a common water gradient line above and below the intervals was not present so there is considerable uncertainty in the estimated GWC positions.

- a) Two pretest pressures located within the sand interval 1889-1895m MDKB (1868-1874m SS) gave a gas gradient of 0.16 psi/m. Based on an assumed water gradient of 1.42 psi/m through the water seat 3/33 at 1990m MDKB (1969m SS) a GWC at 1906m MDKB (1885m SS) is interpreted.
  - b) RFT sampling run number 6/50 at 1942.6m MDKB (1921.6m SS) recovered a total of 18.3 Ft<sup>3</sup> gas and 28.15 litres mud and filtrate. The large amount of mud recovered during this run was as a result of seal failures while sampling the 6 gallon and 2 3/4 gallon chambers. Based on an assumed gas gradient of 0.16 psi/m through pressure seat 3/35 at 1942.5m MDKB (1921.5m SS) and a water gradient of 1.42 psi/m through the water seat 3/33 at 1990m MDKB (1969m SS) a GWC at 1950m MDKB (1929m SS) is interpreted.
  - c) Two pretest seats (3/23 and 4/46) located within the sand interval 2523.4-2531.0m MDKB (2502.5-2510.0m SS) gave a gas gradient of 0.18 psi/m. Two other pretest seats (3/24 and 3/25) located above 2530m MDKB (2510m SS) and within this sand interval were interpreted to be supercharged. Sample run number 4/46 taken at 2529.5m MDKB (2508.5m SS) recovered a total of 50.8 Ft<sup>3</sup> gas and 23.8 litres of water. Because of water gradient discontinuities and lack of good water seats around this level location of the GWC for this gas column cannot be determined.
6. Sample run number 5/47 at 2668.5m MDKB (2647.5m SS) recovered a total of 3.1 Ft<sup>3</sup> gas and 30 litres of filtrate from the two chambers. Because of the large amount of filtrate recovered, indications of hydrocarbon accumulation by wireline logs could not be confirmed.
7. The Schlumberger RFT strain gauge pretest pressures (Runs 1 and 3) were within - 5.3 psi and 6.7 psi of the HP pressures. Full details of the pressure data are given in Table 1.

4799f:4

TABLE 1  
RFT PRETEST PRESSURES

SERVICE COMPANY:				RFT RUN NO.:				WELL:				
				1 (SUITE 2)				Snapper 4				
								DATE: 9 July, 1983				
								OBSERVERS: BC/PP/KST				
SEAT NO.	DEPTH m MDKB	DEPTH m SS	REASON 1 FOR TEST	GAUGE 2	TEMP 3 CORR.	UNITS 4	IHP psi	FORMATION PRESS. psi ppg	FHP psi ppg	TEST RESULT	TEMP (°F)	
1/1	1493	1472	PT	SCH	Y	G	2679	10.5	2092	8.3	2679	10.5
				HP	Y	A	2694.8	10.5	2104.4	8.3	2694.5	10.5
1/2	1463.5	1442.5	PT	SCH	Y	G	2624	10.5	2049	8.3	2624	10.5
				HP	Y	A	2640.8	10.5	2063.6	8.3	2641.4	10.5
1/3	1438.5	1417.5	PT	SCH	Y	G	2580	10.5	2016	8.3	2581	10.5
				HP	Y	A	2595.5	10.5	2028.4	8.3	2596.7	10.5
1/4	1426	1405	PT	SCH	Y	G	2559	10.5	1999	8.3	2559	10.5
				HP	Y	A	2573.9	10.5	2011.3	8.3	2574.9	10.5
1/5	1418.5	1397.5	PT	SCH	Y	G	2545	10.5	1989	8.3	2546	10.5
				HP	Y	A	2560.5	10.5	2001.4	8.3	2562.0	10.5
1/6	1411.3	1390.3	PT	SCH	Y	G	2532	10.5	1979	8.3	2532	10.5
				HP	Y	A	2548.4	10.5	1990.6	8.3	2548.7	10.5
1/7	1410	1389	PT	SCH	Y	G	2530	10.5	1978	8.3	2531	10.5
				HP	Y	A	2546.2	10.5	1989.5	8.3	2546.7	10.5

1. Pressure Test = PT  
     Sample & Pressure Test = SPT  
 2. Gauges = SCH = Schlumberger Strain Gauge  
     = HP = Hewlett Packard

3. Yes = Y  
     No = N  
 4. PSIA = A  
     PSIG = G

KB (Southern Cross) = 21 m

TABLE 1  
RFT PRETEST PRESSURES

<u>SERVICE COMPANY:</u>	Schlumberger	<u>RFT RUN NO.:</u>	1 (SUITE 2)	<u>WELL:</u>	Snapper 4
				<u>DATE:</u>	9 July, 1983
				<u>OBSERVERS:</u>	BC/PP/KST

SEAT NO.	DEPTH m MDKB	DEPTH m SS	REASON 1 FOR TEST	GAUGE 2	TEMP 3 CORR.	UNITS 4	IHP		FORMATION PRESS.		FHP		TEST RESULT	TEMP (°F)
							psi	ppg	psi	ppg	psi	ppg		
1/8	1408.5	1387.5	PT	SCH	Y	G	2529	10.5	1977	8.4	2529	10.5	V	159
				HP	Y	A	2543.5	10.5	1988.2	8.4	2544.7	10.5		
1/9	1406.5	1385.5	PT	SCH	Y	G	2525	10.5	1975	8.4	2526	10.5	V	159
				HP	Y	A	2541.1	10.5	1986.5	8.4	2541.4	10.5		
1/10	1404	1383	PT	SCH	Y	G	2521	10.5	1977	8.4	2522	10.5	V	158
				HP	Y	A	2536.8	10.5	1986.1	8.4	2537.2	10.5		
1/11	1357.5	1336.5	PT	SCH	Y	G	2437	10.5	1965	8.6	2437	10.5	V	153
				HP	Y	A	2454.3	10.5	1978.9	8.6	2454.3	10.5		
1/12	1342	1321	PT	SCH	Y	G	2411	10.5	1964	8.7	2411	10.5	V	153
				HP	Y	A	2426.4	10.5	1976.5	8.7	2426.7	10.5		
1/13	1339	1318	PT	SCH	Y	G	2404	10.5	1963	8.7	2404	10.5	V	152
				HP	Y	A	2421.3	10.5	1976.0	8.8	2421.8	10.5		

1. Pressure Test = PT  
     Sample & Pressure Test = SPT  
   2. Gauges = SCH = Schlumberger Strain Gauge  
       = HP = Hewlett Packard

3. Yes = Y  
    No = N  
   4. PSIA = A  
      PSIG = G

KB (Southern Cross) = 21 m

TABLE 1  
RFT PRETEST PRESSURES

SERVICE COMPANY:				RFT RUN NO.:				WELL:		DATE:				
Schlumberger				1 (SUITE 2)				Snapper 4		9 July, 1983				
								OBSERVERS:		BC/PP/KST				
SEAT NO.	DEPTH m MDKB	DEPTH m SS	REASON 1 FOR TEST	GAUGE 2	TEMP 3 CORR.	UNITS 4	IHP psi	FORMATION PRESS. psi	FHP psi	TEST RESULT	TEMP (°F)			
							ppg	ppg	ppg					
1/14	1333	1312	PT	SCH	Y	G	2395	10.5	1962	8.8	2395	10.5	V	152
				HP	Y	A	2411.2	10.5	1974.8	8.8	2411.4	10.5		
1/15	1325	1304	PT	SCH	Y	G	2380	10.5	1962	8.8	2380	10.5	V	152
				HP	Y	A	2396.5	10.5	1973.6	8.8	2397.1	10.5		
1/16	1304	1282	PT	SCH	Y	G	2344	10.5	1960	8.9	2344	10.5	V	150
				HP	Y	A	2359.0	10.5	1971.0	8.9	2359.4	10.5		
1/17	1293	1272	PT	SCH	Y	G	2325	10.5	1958	9.0	2325	10.5	V	150
				HP	Y	A	2339.7	10.5	1969.1	9.0	2339.3	10.5		
1/18	1266.5	1245.5	PT	SCH	Y	G	2276	10.5	1954	9.2	2276	10.5	V	149
				HP	Y	A	2292.6	10.5	1965.5	9.2	2292.2	10.5		
2/19	1410.1	1389.1	SPT	SCH	Y	G	2527	10.5	1979	8.4	2531	10.5	V	159
				HP	Y	A	2543.5	10.5	1990.4	8.3	2543.4	10.5		

1. Pressure Test = PT  
     Sample & Pressure Test = SPT  
 2. Gauges = SCH = Schlumberger Strain Gauge  
     = HP = Hewlett Packard

3. Yes = Y  
     No = N  
 4. PSIA = A  
     PSIG = G

KB (Southern Cross) = 21 m

TABLE 1  
RFT PRETEST PRESSURES

SERVICE COMPANY: Schlumberger      RFT RUN NO.: 3 (SUITE 3)      WELL: Snapper 4  
DATE: 13 September, 1983      OBSERVERS: BC/PP/KST

SEAT NO.	DEPTH m MDKB	DEPTH m SS	REASON 1 FOR TEST	GAUGE 2	TEMP 3 CORR.	UNITS 4	IHP		FORMATION PRESS.		FHP		TEST RESULT	TEMP (°F)
							psi	ppg	psi	ppg	psi	ppg		
3/20	2668.5	2647.5	PT	SCH	Y	G	4405	9.7	3935	8.7	4405	9.7	V	221
				HP	Y	A	4411.5	9.7	3939.1	8.7	4412.0	9.7		
3/21	2630.5	2609.5	PT	SCH	Y	G	4338	9.7	3867	8.7	4337	9.7	V	223
				HP	Y	A	4348.3	9.7	3877.7	8.7	4349.5	9.7		
3/22	2566	2545	PT	SCH	Y	G	4228	9.7	3810	8.8	4227	9.7	Supercharged tight	223
				HP	Y	A	4243.3	9.7	3828.7	8.8	4245.9	9.7		
3/23	2530	2509	PT	SCH	Y	G	4170	9.7	3740	8.7	4170	9.7	V	221
				HP	Y	A	4183.3	9.7	3753.6	8.7	4185.7	9.7		
3/24	2527	2506	PT	SCH	Y	G	4164	9.7	3775	8.8	4163	9.7	Supercharged tight	219
				HP	Y	A	4184.1	9.7	3795	8.8	4184.8	9.7		
3/25	2524.5	2503.5	PT	SCH	Y	G	4160	9.7	3754	8.8	4160	9.7	Supercharged tight	220
				HP	Y	A	4180.8	9.7	3774	8.8	4180.7	9.7		
3/26	2494	2473	PT	SCH	Y	G	4116	9.7	3626	8.6	4116	9.7	V	221
				HP	Y	A	4129.1	9.7	3640.3	8.6	4131	9.7		

1. Pressure Test = PT  
Sample & Pressure Test = SPT

3. Yes = Y  
No = N

Southern Cross KB = 21m

2. Gauges = SCH = Schlumberger Strain Gauge  
= HP = Hewlett Packard

4. PSIA = A  
PSIG = G

TABLE 1  
RFT PRETEST PRESSURES

<u>SERVICE COMPANY:</u>	Schlumberger		<u>RFT RUN NO.:</u>	3 SUITE 3		<u>WELL:</u>	Snapper 4	
						<u>DATE:</u>	14 September, 1983	
						<u>OBSERVERS:</u>	PP/RK/KST	

SEAT NO.	DEPTH m MDKB	DEPTH m SS	REASON 1 FOR TEST	GAUGE 2	TEMP 3 CORR.	UNITS 4	IHP		FORMATION PRESS.		FHP		TEST RESULT	TEMP (°F)
							psi	ppg	psi	ppg	psi	ppg		
3/27	2269	2248	PT	SCH	Y	G	3752	9.7	3234	8.4	3753	9.7	V	213
				HP	Y	A	3769.3	9.7	3247.8	8.4	3771.6	9.7		
3/28	2220	2199	PT	SCH	Y	G	3672	9.7	3155	8.4	3675	9.7	V	211
				HP	Y	A	3692.3	9.7	3169.8	8.4	3694.5	9.7		
3/29	2204.5	2183.5	PT	SCH	Y	G	3654	9.7	3135	8.4	3654	9.7	V	210
				HP	Y	A	3669.7	9.7	3147.9	8.4	3671.9	9.7		
3/30	2113.5	2092.5	PT	SCH	Y	G	3506	9.7	2994	8.4	3510	9.7	V	207
				HP	Y	A	3527.8	9.7	3010.8	8.4	3528.5	9.7		
3/31	2084	2063	PT	SCH	Y	G	3465	9.7	3005	8.5	3473	9.8	Super- charged tight	204
				HP	Y	A	3481.3	9.7	3013.0	8.5	3482.8	9.7		
3/32	2069	2048	SPT	SCH	Y	G	3444	9.8	2942	8.4	3443	9.8	V	203
				HP	Y	A	3460.3	9.8	2954.8	8.4	3460.9	9.8		
3/33	1990	1969	PT	SCH	Y	G	3318	9.8	2841	8.5	3319	9.8	V	119
				HP	Y	A	3333.0	9.8	2854.9	8.5	3334.9	9.8		

1. Pressure Test = PT  
Sample & Pressure Test = SPT
2. Gauges = SCH = Schlumberger Strain Gauge  
= HP = Hewlett Packard
3. Yes = Y  
No = N
4. PSIA = A  
PSIG = G
- KB (Southern Cross) = 21 m
- SCH gauge drift from zero evident in all seats.. Had to re-zero SCH gauge every seat.

TABLE 1  
RFT PRETEST PRESSURES

SERVICE COMPANY: Schlumberger      RFT RUN NO.: 3 (SUITE 3)      WELL: Snapper 4  
DATE: 14 September, 1983      OBSERVERS: PP/RK/KST

SEAT NO.	DEPTH m MDKB	DEPTH m SS	REASON 1 FOR TEST	GAUGE 2	TEMP 3 CORR.	UNITS 4	IHP		FORMATION PRESS.		FHP		TEST RESULT	TEMP (°F)
							psi	ppg	psi	ppg	psi	ppg		
3/34	1964.2	1943.2	PT	SCH	Y	G	3279	9.8	2819	8.5	3279	9.8	V	197
				HP	Y	A	3293.9	9.8	2832.5	8.5	3295.2	9.8		
3/35	1942.5	1921.5	PT	SCH	Y	G	3242	9.8	2781	8.5	3241	9.8	V	196
				HP	Y	A	3259.9	9.8	2796.7	8.5	3261.5	9.8		
3/36	1925.2	1904.2	PT	SCH	Y	G	3219	9.8	-	-	3221	9.8	T	195
				HP	Y	A	3234.4	9.8	-	-	3235	9.8		
3/37	1912.5	1891.5	PT	SCH	Y	G	3196	9.8	2736	8.5	3196	9.8	V	194
				HP	Y	A	3214.1	9.8	2751.0	8.5	3215.8	9.8		
3/38	1894.5	1873.5	PT	SCH	Y	G	3168	9.8	2724	8.5	3168	9.8	V	193
				HP	Y	A	3184.6	9.8	2738.2	8.5	3187.0	9.8		
3/39	1889.6	1868.6	PT	SCH	Y	G	3161	9.8	2722	8.5	3161	9.8	V	192
				HP	Y	A	3179.1	9.8	2737.4	8.5	3180.0	9.8		
3/40	1880	1859	PT	SCH	Y	G	3146	9.8	2649	8.4	3146	9.8	V	192
				HP	Y	A	3164.2	9.8	2663.5	8.4	3165.7	9.8		

1. Pressure Test = PT  
Sample & Pressure Test = SPT

3. Yes = Y  
No = N

Southern Cross KB = 21 m

2. Gauges = SCH = Schlumberger Strain Gauge  
= HP = Hewlett Packard

4. PSIA = A  
PSIG = G

TABLE 1  
RFT PRETEST PRESSURES

<u>SERVICE COMPANY:</u>	Schlumberger		<u>RFT RUN NO.:</u>	3/4/5 (SUITE 3)		<u>WELL:</u>	Snapper 4	
						<u>DATE:</u>	14 September, 1983	
						<u>OBSERVERS:</u>	PP/RK/KST	

SEAT NO.	DEPTH m MDKB	DEPTH m SS	REASON 1 FOR TEST	GAUGE 2	TEMP 3 CORR.	UNITS 4	IHP		FORMATION PRESS.		FHP		TEST RESULT	TEMP (°F)
							psi	ppg	psi	ppg	psi	ppg		
3/41	1691	1670	PT	SCH	Y	G	2837	9.8	2370	8.3	2837	9.8	V	183
				HP	Y	A	2854.8	9.8	2383.7	8.3	2855.1	9.8		
3/42	1682.2	1661.2	PT	SCH	Y	G	2822	9.8	2360	8.3	2821	9.8	V	181
				HP	Y	A	2839.5	9.8	2376.2	8.3	2841.6	9.8		
3/43	1668.2	1647.2	PT	SCH	Y	G	2804	9.8	2341	8.3	2803	9.8	V	179
				HP	Y	A	2818.3	9.8	2353.6	8.3	2819.0	9.8		
3/44	1601	1580	PT	SCH	Y	G	2691	9.8	2241	8.3	2690	9.8	V	173
				HP	Y	A	2707.4	9.8	2256.3	8.3	2708.1	9.8		
4/45	2530	2509	SPT	SCH	Y	G	4162	9.6	-	-	-	-	SF	231
				HP	Y	A	4178.4	9.6	-	-	-	-		
4/46	2529.5	2508.5	SPT	SCH	Y	G	4162	9.6	3740	8.7	4163	9.6	V	231
				HP	Y	A	4178.1	9.6	3753.5	8.7	4178.4	9.6		
5/47	2668.5	2647.5	SPT	SCH	Y	G	4373	9.6	3926	8.7	4373	9.6	V	242
				HP	Y	A	4388.0	9.6	3938.2	8.7	4385.4	9.6		

1. Pressure Test = PT

Sample & Pressure Test = SPT

3. Yes = Y

No = N

Southern Cross KB = 21m

2. Gauges = SCH = Schlumberger Strain Gauge  
= HP = Hewlett Packard

4. PSIA = A

PSIG = G

TABLE 1  
RFT PRETEST PRESSURES

<u>SERVICE COMPANY:</u>	Schlumberger	<u>RFT RUN NO.:</u>	6 (SUITE 3)	<u>WELL:</u>	Snapper 4
				<u>DATE:</u>	14 September, 1983
				<u>OBSERVERS:</u>	BC/PP/KST

SEAT NO.	DEPTH m MDKB	DEPTH m SS	REASON 1 FOR TEST	GAUGE 2	TEMP 3 CORR.	UNITS 4	IHP		FORMATION PRESS.		FHP psi	TEST RESULT	TEMP (°F)
							psi	ppg	psi	ppg			
6/48	1942.5	1921.5	SPT	SCH	Y	G	3217	9.7	2795	8.5	-	-	Seal Failure During 6 gal. Sampling
				HP	Y	A	3224.3	9.7	2796.0	8.5	-	-	
6/49	1942.4	1921.4	SPT	SCH	Y	G	3220	9.7	2794	8.5	-	-	Seal Failure During 2 3/4 Gal. Sampling
				HP	Y	A	3223	9.7	2797.4	8.5	-	-	
6/50	1942.6	1921.6	SPT	SCH	Y	G	3222	9.7	2797	8.5	3223	9.7	V 201
				HP	Y	A	3225	9.7	2797.7	8.5	3225.4	9.7	

1. Pressure Test = PT  
Sample & Pressure Test = SPT
2. Gauges = SCH = Schlumberger Strain Gauge  
= HP = Hewlett Packard

3. Yes = Y  
No = N
4. PSIA = A  
PSIG = G

3485f:16

TABLE 2  
RFT SAMPLE TEST REPORT

(3846f/8)

WELL: SNAPPER-4  
OBSERVER: BC/PP/KST

DATE: July 9, 1983

RUN: 2 (Suite 2)

	CHAMBER 1 (22 lit.)	CHAMBER 2 (3.7 lit.)
SEAT NO.	2/19	2/19
DEPTH m MDKB	1401.1 m KB	1401.1 m KB
A. RECORDING TIMES	(Hours:Minutes:Seconds)	(Hours:Minutes:Seconds)
Tool Set	224400	-
Pretest Open	224425	-
Time Open	224827	230105
Chamber Open	224830	230105
Chamber Full	225600	230350
Fill Time	7 mins. 30 secs.	2 mins. 45 secs.
Start Build-up	225600	230350
Finish Build-up	225915	230530
Build-Up Time	3 mins. 15 secs.	1 min. 40 secs.
Seal Chamber	225930	230556
Tool Retract	-	230750
Total Time	15 mins. 30 secs.	8 mins. 20 secs.
B. SAMPLE PRESSURES		
IHP	2543.5 psia	- psia
ISIP	1990.4 psia	1989.7 psia
Initial Flowing Press.	1945 psia	1979 psia
Final Flowing Press.	1974 psia	1978 psia
Sampling Press. Range	1945-1974 psia	1978-1979 psia
FSIP	1989.6 psia	1989.6 psia
FHP	- psia	2543.4 psia
Form.Press.(Horner)		
C. TEMPERATURE		
Depth Tool Reached	1428 m KB	1428 m KB
Max. Rec. Temp.	72.1 °C	72.1 °C
Time Circ. Stopped	2015 hrs. July 8, 1973	2015 hrs. July 8, 1983
Time Since Circ.	26.25 hrs.	26.5 hrs.
D. SAMPLE RECOVERY		
Surface Pressure	1100 psig	- psig
Amt Gas	50.6 CF	- CF
Amt Oil	15600 cc	- cc
Amt Water	Nil	- cc
Amt. Others (mud)	1000 cc	-
E. SAMPLE PROPERTIES		
<u>Gas Composition</u>		
C1	590,460 ppm	- ppm
C2	132,480 ppm	- ppm
C3	18,170 ppm	- ppm
1C4/nC4	7,570 ppm	- ppm
C5	5,300 ppm	- ppm
C6+	3,030 ppm	- ppm
CO2/H2S	0.8%/Trace	- ppm
Oil Properties Waxy	47 °API	- °API @ °C
Colour	Greyish Red	
Fluorescence	Bright White Blue	
GOR SCF/STB	516	-
<u>Water Properties/Filtrate</u>		
Resistivity	- - °C	- - °C
NaCl Equivalent	- ppm	- ppm
Cl-titrated	- ppm	- ppm
NO3	- ppm	- ppm
Est. Water Type	-	-
<u>Mud Properties</u>		
Resistivity	0.203 @ °C 14	0.203 @ °F 14
Cal Equivalent	42000 ppm	42000 ppm
Cl- titrated	16000 ppm	16000 ppm
<u>Calibration</u>		
Calibration Press.	- psig	- psig
Calibration Temp.	- °C	- °C
Hewlett Packard No.	974	974
Mud Weight	10.5	10.5
Calc. Hydrostatic	10.5	10.5
RFT Chokesize	0.030	0.020
Remarks	Lower ~ 6 Gal. at surface.	Upper segregated ~ 1 gal. Lost sample during transfer.

**TABLE 2**  
**RFT SAMPLE TEST REPORT**

(3846f/9)

WELL: SNAPPER-4  
OBSERVER: PP/RK/KST

DATE: 14 September, 1983

RUN: 4

	CHAMBER 1 (22.8 lit.)	CHAMBER 2 (10.4 lit.)
SEAT NO.	4/46	4/46
DEPTH m KB	2529.5	2529.5
A. RECORDING TIMES	(Hours:Minutes:Seconds)	(Hours:Minutes:Seconds)
Tool Set	104410	-
Pretest Open	104435	-
Time Open	104736	110320
Chamber Open	104749	110330
Chamber Full	105649	110645
Fill Time	9 mins.	3 mins. 15 secs.
Start Build-up	105649	110645
Finish Build-up	110300	111220
Build-Up Time	6 mins. 11 secs.	5 mins. 35 secs.
Seal Chamber	110159	111130
Tool Retract	-	111300
Total Time	17 mins. 49 secs.	11 mins. 01 sec.
B. SAMPLE PRESSURES		
IHP	4178.1 psia	- psia
ISIP	3753.5 psia	3754.3 psia
Initial Flowing Press.	1332.4 psia	1698.7 psia
Final Flowing Press.	1783 psia	1589.0 psia
Sampling Press. Range	1332-1783 psia	1698.7-1589.0 psia
FSIP	3754.3 psia	3754.2 psia
FHP	- psia	4178.4 psia
Form.Press.(Horner)		
C. TEMPERATURE		
Depth Tool Reached	2577 m KB	2577 m KB
Max. Rec. Temp.	230 °F	230 °F
Time Circ. Stopped	1200(hrs) Sept 13/83	1200 hrs Sept 13/83
Time since Circ.	23 hrs.	23 hrs.
D. SAMPLE RECOVERY		
Surface Pressure	1500 psig	1380 psig
Amt Gas	30.2 CF	20.6 CF
Amt Oil (waxy)	NIL cc	NIL cc
Amt Water + Trace Condens.	17300 cc	6500 cc
E. SAMPLE PROPERTIES		
<u>Gas Composition</u>		
C1	469968 ppm	143283 ppm
C2	57876 ppm	34725 ppm
C3	36495 ppm	31518 ppm
1C4/nC4	11673 ppm	17510 ppm
C5	2230 ppm	6025 ppm
C6+	379 ppm	975 ppm
CO2/H2S	9.2 %/Nil	9.0 %/Nil
<u>Oil Properties</u>	-	-
Colour	-	-
Fluorescence (Condensate)	Bright Blue White	Bright Blue White
GOR		
<u>Water Properties/Filtrate</u>		
Resistivity	0.26 @ 58 °F	0.248 @ 67 °F
NaCl Equivalent	30 000 ppm	29 000 ppm
Cl-titrated	15 000 ppm	15 000 ppm
NO3	140 ppm	130 ppm
Est. Water Type	Filtrate pH = 6.6	Filtrate pH = 6.3
<u>Mud Properties</u>		
Resistivity	0.30 @ 13.3°C	0.30 @ 13.3°C
Na Cl Equivalent	25000 ppm	25000 ppm
Cl - titrated	16000 ppm	16000 ppm
<u>Calibration</u>		
Calibration Press.	- psig	- psig
Calibration Temp.	- °C	- °C
Hewlett Packard No.	947	947
Mud Weight	9.5+	9.5+
Calc. Hydrostatic	9.7	9.7
RFT Chokesize	1 x 0.03	1 x 0.03
Remarks	Lower Chamber	Upper Chamber

TABLE 2  
RFT SAMPLE TEST REPORT

(3846f/10)

WELL: SNAPPER 4  
OBSERVER: PP/RK/KST

DATE: 14 September, 1983

RUN: 5

	CHAMBER 1 (22.8 lit.)	CHAMBER 2 (10.4 lit.)
SEAT NO.	5/47	5/47
DEPTH m KB	2668.5	2668.5
A. RECORDING TIMES	(Hours:Minutes:Seconds)	(Hours:Minutes:Seconds)
Tool Set	145210	-
Pretest Open	145237	-
Time Open	145450	152800
Chamber Open	145500	152825
Chamber Full	152300	154000
Fill Time	28 min.	11 mins. 35 secs.
Start Build-up	152300	154000
Finish Build-up	152730	154740
Build-Up Time	4.5 min.	7 mins. 40 secs.
Seal Chamber	152625	154320
Tool Retract	-	154800
Total Time	34 mins. 15 secs.	21 mins. 35 secs.
B. SAMPLE PRESSURES		
IHP	4388.0	psia
ISIP	3938.2	psia
Initial Flowing Press.	115	psia
Final Flowing Press.	2300	psia
Sampling Press. Range	115-2300	psia
FSIP	3939.5	psia
FHP	-	psia
Form.Press.(Horner)		
C. TEMPERATURE		
Depth Tool Reached	2701	m KB
Max. Rec. Temp.	245	°F
Time Circ. Stopped	1200 hrs	Sept 13/83
Time since Circ.	27	hrs.
D. SAMPLE RECOVERY		
Surface Pressure	380	psig
Amt Gas	1.6	CF
Amt Oil	NIL	cc
Amt Water	21000	cc
E. SAMPLE PROPERTIES		
Gas Composition		
C1	114,626	ppm
C2	17,362	ppm
C3	13,271	ppm
1C4/nC4	5,836	ppm
C5	1,506	ppm
C6+	216	ppm
CO2/H2S	5.4	%/Nil
Oil Properties	-	°API @ °C
Colour	-	-
Fluorescence (Water)	Trace (White)	-
GOR	-	-
Water Properties/Filtrate		
Resistivity	0.248 @ 61	°F
NaCl Equivalent	30,000	ppm
Cl-titrated	16,000	ppm
NO3	180	ppm
Est. Water Type	Filtrate pH = 7.0	Filtrate pH = 6.8
Mud Properties		
Resistivity	0.30	@ 13.3°C
NaCl Equivalent	25,000	ppm
Cl - titrated	16,000	ppm
Calibration		
Calibration Press.	-	psig
Calibration Temp.	-	°C
Hewlett Packard No.	947	947
Mud Weight	9.5+	9.5+
Calc. Hydrostatic	9.6	9.6
RFT Chokesize	1 x 0.030	1 x 0.030
Remarks	Lower Chamber	Upper Chamber

## RFT SAMPLE TEST REPORT

WELL: SNAPPER-4

(3846f:12)

OBSERVER: PP/RK/KST

DATE: 14 September, 1983

RUN: 6

	CHAMBER 1 (22.8 lit.)	CHAMBER 2 (10.4 lit.)
SEAT NO.	6/48	6/48
DEPTH	1942.5	1942.5
A. RECORDING TIMES	(Hours:Minutes:Seconds)	(Hours:Minutes:Seconds)
Tool Set	193415	-
Pretest Open	193435	-
Time Open	193848	-
Chamber Open	193910	-
Chamber Full	(Observed seal failure)	
Fill Time	after lower chamber	
Start Build-up	opened).	-
Finish Build-up	-	-
Build-Up Time	-	-
Seal Chamber	-	-
Tool Retract	-	-
Total Time	-	-
B. SAMPLE PRESSURES		
IHP	3224.3	psia
ISIP	2796	psia
Initial Flowing Press.	2207	psia
Final Flowing Press.	-	psia
Sampling Press. Range	-	-
FSIP	-	psia
FHP	-	psia
Form.Press.(Horner)	-	-
C. TEMPERATURE		
Depth Tool Reached	2067	m KB
Max. Rec. Temp.	200	°F
Time Circ. Stopped	1200 hrs	Sept 13/83
Time since Circ.	-	hrs.
D. SAMPLE RECOVERY		
Surface Pressure	-	psig
Amt Gas	-	CF
Amt Oil (waxy)	-	cc
Amt Water	-	cc
E. SAMPLE PROPERTIES		
Gas Composition		
C1	-	ppm
C2	-	ppm
C3	-	ppm
1C4/nC4	-	ppm
C5+	-	ppm
CO2/H2S	-	%/Nil
Oil Properties	-	°API @ °C
Colour		
Fluorescence (Condensate)		
GOR	-	
Water Properties/Filtrate		
Resistivity	-	@ 69 °F
NaCl Equivalent	-	ppm
Cl-titrated	-	ppm
NO3/Ca <sup>2+</sup>	-	ppm
Est. Water Type	-	
Mud Properties		
Resistivity	-	@ 75°C
Na Cl Equivalent	-	ppm
Cl - titrated	-	ppm
Calibration		
Calibration Press.	-	psig
Calibration Temp.	-	°C
Hewlett Packard No.	947	947
Mud Weight	9.5+	9.5+
Calc. Hydrostatic	9.0	9.6
RFT Chokesize	1 x 0.030	1 x 0.030
Remarks	Lower Chamber Seal Failure	Upper Chamber Not Opened

## RFT SAMPLE TEST REPORT

WELL: SNAPPER-4OBSERVER: PP/RK/KSTDATE: 14 September, 1983RUN: 6

	CHAMBER 1 (22.8 lit.)	CHAMBER 2 (10.4 lit.)
SEAT NO.	6/49	6/49
DEPTH m KB	1942.4	1942.4
A. RECORDING TIMES	(Hours:Minutes:Seconds)	(Hours:Minutes:Seconds)
Tool Set	194749	
Pretest Open	194759	
Chamber Open	195030	
Chamber Full	200100	
Fill Time	10 mins. 30 secs.	
Start Build-up	200100	
Finish Build-up	201410	
Build-Up Time	13 mins. 10 secs.	-
Seal Chamber	201220	
Tool Retract	-	
Total Time	24 mins. 31 secs.	-
B. SAMPLE PRESSURES		
IHP	3223	psia
ISIP	2797.4	psia
Initial Flowing Press.	635	psia
Final Flowing Press.	2316	psia
Sampling Press. Range	635-2316	
FSIP	2669	psia
FHP	-	psia
Form.Press.(Horner)		
C. TEMPERATURE		
Depth Tool Reached	-	m MDKB
Max. Rec. Temp.	-	°F
Time Circ. Stopped	-	(hrs)
Time since Circ.	-	hrs.
D. SAMPLE RECOVERY		
Surface Pressure	-	psig
Amt Gas	-	CF
Amt Oil (waxy)	-	cc
Amt Water	-	cc
E. SAMPLE PROPERTIES		
Gas Composition		
C1	-	ppm
C2	-	ppm
C3	-	ppm
1C4/nC4	-	ppm
C5+	-	ppm
CO2/H2S	-	%/Nil
Oil Properties		
Colour		
Fluorescence (Condensate)		
GOR		
Water Properties/Filtrate		
Resistivity	-	@ 69 °F
NaCl Equivalent	-	ppm
Cl-titrated	-	ppm
NO3/Ca2+	-	ppm
Est. Water Type		
Mud Properties		
Resistivity	-	@ 75°C
Na Cl Equivalent	-	ppm
Cl - titrated	-	ppm
Calibration		
Calibration Press.	-	psig
Calibration Temp.	-	°C
Hewlett Packard No.		
Mud Weight		
Calc. Hydrostatic		
RFT Chokesize		
Remarks	Re-open lower chamber after after pretest. Seal chamber when FSIP = 2669	Seal Failutre after opening upper chamber Seal chamber immedi.

TABLE 2  
RFT SAMPLE TEST REPORT

(3846f/11)

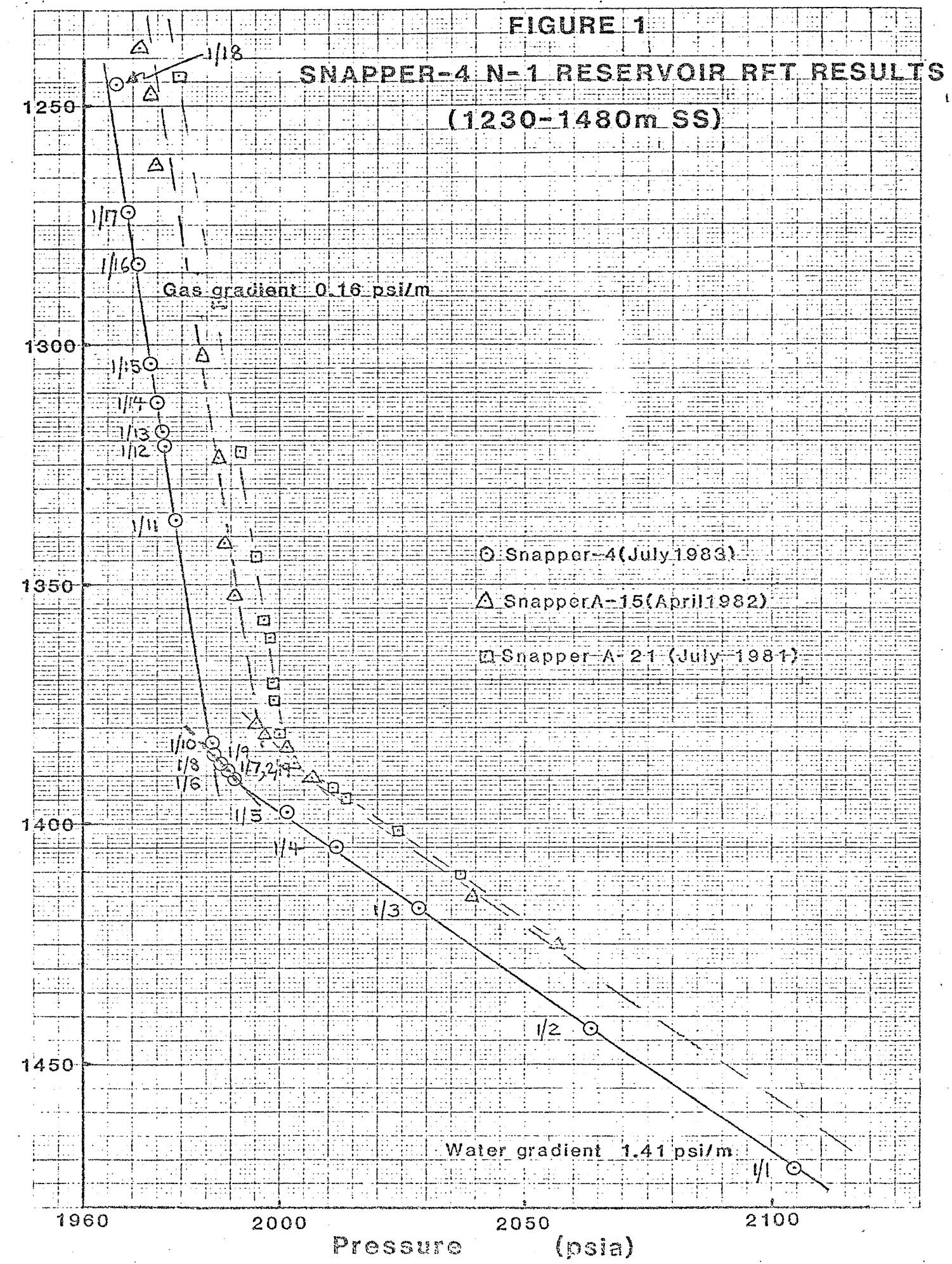
WELL: SNAPPER 4  
OBSERVER: PP/RK/KST

DATE: 14 September, 1983

RUN: 6

	CHAMBER 1 (22.8 lit.)	CHAMBER 2 (10.4 lit.)		
SEAT NO.	6/50	6/50		
DEPTH m KB	1942.6	1942.6		
A. RECORDING TIMES	(Hours:Minutes:Seconds)	(Hours:Minutes:Seconds)		
Tool Set	202110	-		
Pretest Open	202140	-		
Time Open	202430	202810		
Chamber Open	202435	202830		
Chamber Full	202730	205845		
Fill Time	-	-		
Start Build-up	-	-		
Finish Build-up	-	-		
Build-Up Time	-	-		
Seal Chamber	202730	205845		
Tool Retract	-	205845		
Total Time	6 mins. 20 secs.	31 mins. 15 secs.		
B. SAMPLE PRESSURES				
IHP	3225	psia	-	psia
ISIP	2797.7	psia	2710	psia
Initial Flowing Press.	2626	psia	284	psia
Final Flowing Press.	-	psia	-	psia
Sampling Press. Range	-	psia	-	psia
FSIP	2710	psia	2409.6	psia
FHP	-	psia	3225.4	psia
Form.Press.(Horner)				
C. TEMPERATURE				
Depth Tool Reached	2067	m KB	2067	m KB
Max. Rec. Temp.	212	°F	212	°F
Time Circ. Stopped	1200 Hrs	Sept 13/83	1200 Hrs	Sept 13/83
Time since Circ.	32	hrs.	32	hrs.
D. SAMPLE RECOVERY				
Surface Pressure	1000	psig	1150	psig
Amt Gas	7.1	CF	11.2	CF
Amt Oil	-	cc	-	cc
Amt Water	-	cc	-	cc
Mud and Filtrate	20,950	cc	7200	cc
E. SAMPLE PROPERTIES				
Gas Composition				
C1	74,510	ppm	320,950	ppm
C2	9,650	ppm	34,730	ppm
C3	6,220	ppm	11,610	ppm
1C4/nC4	2,670	ppm	4,260	ppm
C5	850	ppm	1,410	ppm
C6+	108	ppm	540	ppm
CO2/H2S	2.4	%/Nil	8.5	%/Nil
Oil Properties	-	°API @ °C	-	°API @ °C
Colour	-		-	
Fluorescence	-		-	
GOR	-		-	
Water Properties/Filtrate				
Resistivity	0.267 @ 64	°F	0.267 @ 58	°F
NaCl Equivalent	30,000	ppm	27,500	ppm
Cl-titrated	15,000	ppm	16,000	ppm
NO3/Ca <sup>2+</sup>	160	ppm	180	ppm
Est. Water Type	Mud & Filtrate	pH = 6.8	Mud & Filtrate	pH = 6.4
Mud Properties				
Resistivity	0.30	@ 13.3°C	0.30	@ 13.3°C
Ca <sup>2+</sup> /NO3 <sup>-</sup>	25,000	ppm	25,000	ppm
Cl - titrated	16,000	ppm	16,000	ppm
Calibration				
Calibration Press.	-	psig	-	psig
Calibration Temp.	-	°C	-	°C
Hewlett Packard No.	947		947	
Mud Weight	9.5+		9.5+	
Calc. Hydrostatic	9.7		9.7	
RFT Chokesize	1 x 0.030		1 x 0.030	
Remarks	Reopen lower chamber after pre-test		Opened upper chamber after sealing lower chamber	

FIGURE 1



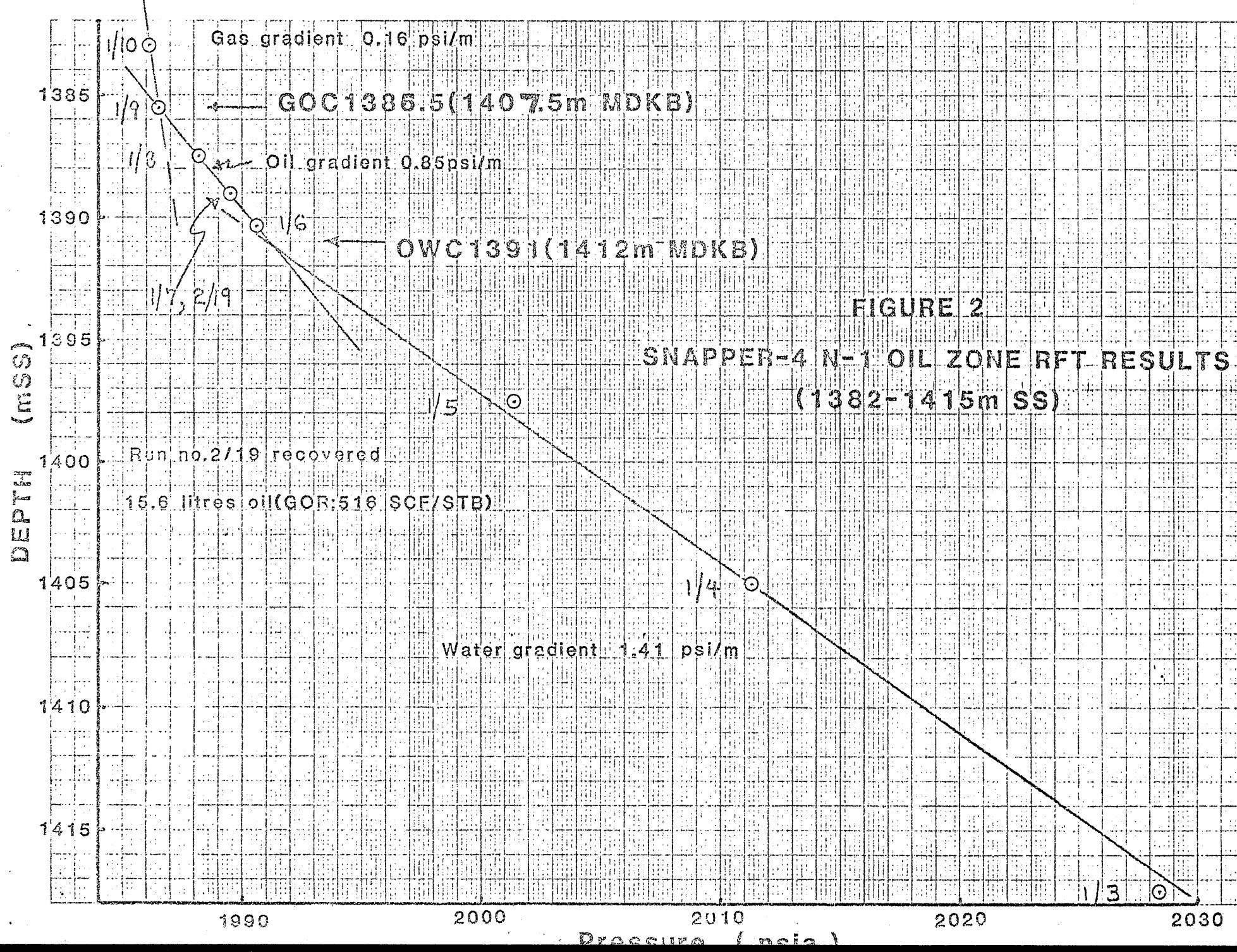
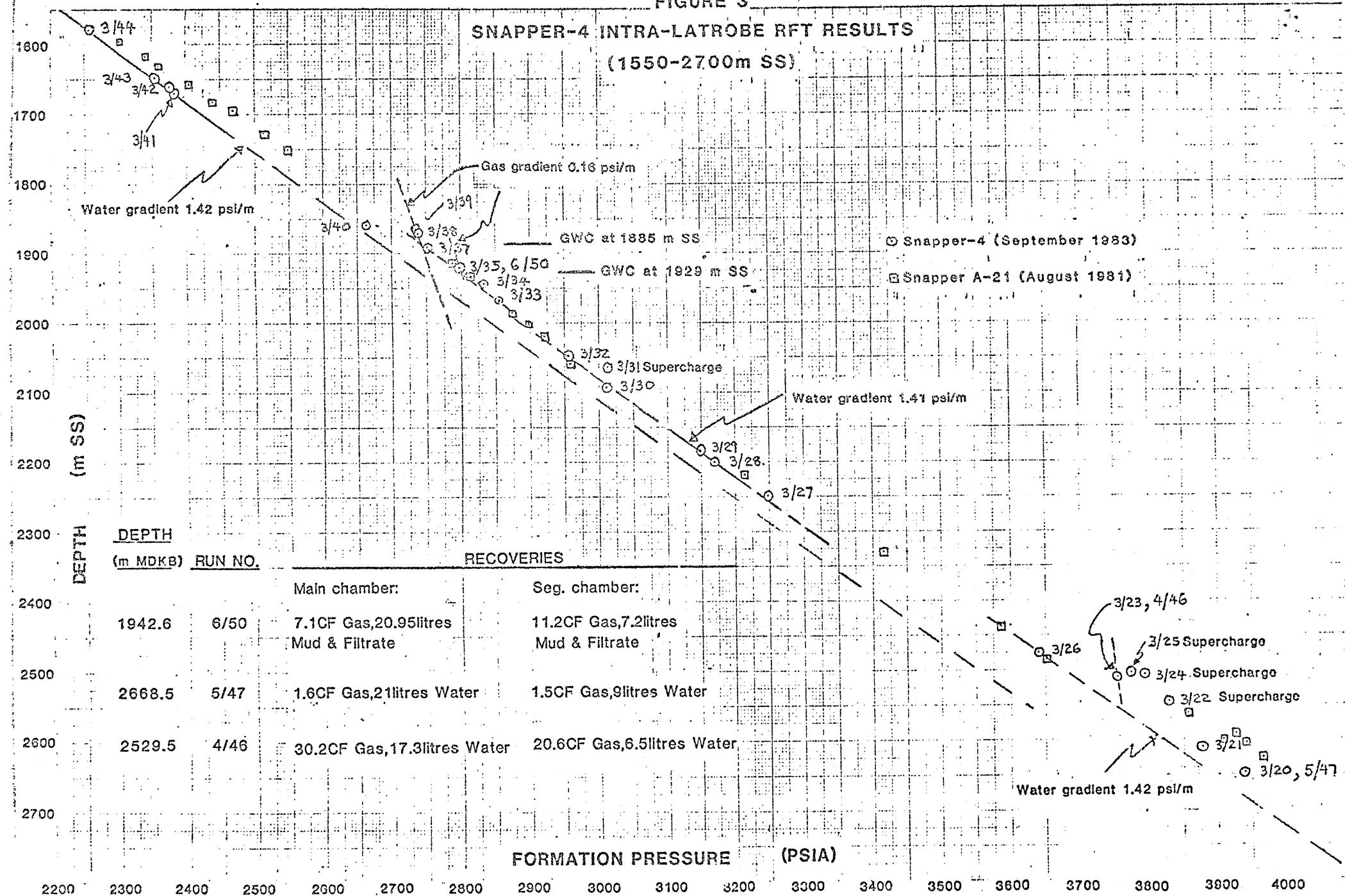


FIGURE 3

**SNAPPER-4 INTRA-LATROBE RFT RESULTS  
(1550-2700m SS)**



## APPENDIX 5

GEOCHEMICAL REPORT  
SNAPPER-4 WELL, GIPPSLAND BASIN  
VICTORIA

by

J.K. EMMETT

Sample handling and analysed by:

- D.M. Ford )
- D.M. Hill ) Esso Australia Ltd.
- J. Maccoll )
- Exxon Production Research Company
- Geochem Laboratories

Esso Australia Ltd  
Geochemical Report

May 1984

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SNAPPER-4

INTRODUCTION

Various geochemical analyses were performed on samples of wet canned cuttings, sidewall cores and conventional cores. Canned cuttings composited over 15-metre intervals were collected from 220m(KB) down to Total Depth (T.D.) at 2821m(KB). Light hydrocarbon ( $C_{1-4}$ ) headspace gases were determined for alternate 15-metre intervals from 990m(KB) down to T.D. Selected samples were then hand-picked for more detailed analyses, such as Total Organic Carbon (T.O.C.), Rock-Eval pyrolysis, kerogen isolation and elemental analysis and  $C_{15+}$  liquid and gas chromatography. Vitrinite reflectance ( $R_v$  max) measurements were performed by Professor A.C. Cook of Wollongong.

An oil sample, RFT 2/19 at 1410m(KB) was analysed by 'whole oil' and  $C_{4-7}$  gas chromatography,  $C_{15+}$  liquid and gas chromatography and mass spectrometry, API gravity and % sulphur. Carbon isotope determinations were also performed on the saturate and aromatic fractions.

DISCUSSION OF RESULTS

The detailed headspace -  $C_{1-4}$  cuttings gas analysis data are presented in Table 1. This data is more conveniently represented in log form in Figures 1(a) and 1(b). Total cuttings gas values in the Gippsland Limestone and Lakes Entrance Formations are moderately rich only (fig. 1[a]) and are indicative of a marginal potential to source dry gas. Cuttings gas values in the Latrobe Group however, are generally rich to very rich, with a generally higher amount of wet ( $C_{2+}$ ) gas components present (fig. 1[b]), compared to cuttings gas in the overlying Lakes Entrance and Gippsland Limestone Formations. Hence the Latrobe Group sediments are rated as having very good hydrocarbon source potential for both oil and gas.

Total Organic Carbon values for the Latrobe Group are rich (average T.O.C. = 2.36%, Table 2) which supports the previous very good hydrocarbon source potential rating.

Vitrinite reflectance ( $R_V$  max) data are presented in Table 3 and have been plotted against depth in Figure 2. The maturation gradient conforms fairly well to a straight line as shown in Figure 2, and using this profile the top of organic maturity (taken to be  $R_V$  max = 0.65%) occurs in the Latrobe Group at approximately 2200m(KB). Detailed vitrinite reflectance and exinite fluorescence data are given in Appendix-1 - Report by A.C. Cook.

The results of Rock-Eval pyrolysis analyses of samples with T.O.C. values of 0.5% or more, are listed in Table 4. In Figure 3, Hydrogen Index has been plotted against  $T_{max}$  ( $^{\circ}C$ ), and fields delineating the basic kerogen types and their degree of maturation (indicated by equivalent vitrinite reflectance values) are also shown. Figure 3 shows that organic matter in the Latrobe Group sediments varies from modal Type III to intermediate Type II-III (i.e. predominantly woody-coaly-herbaceous kerogen), with a few samples plotting as intermediate Type I-II (i.e. quite oil-prone, exinite-rich kerogen). The Rock-Eval results confirm again a very good gas plus oil source potential for the Latrobe Group sediments.

Elemental analyses of selected kerogen concentrates isolated from conventional and sidewall cores from the Latrobe Group, are listed in Table 5. Approximate Hydrogen : Carbon (H/C), Oxygen : Carbon (O/C) and Nitrogen : Carbon (N/C) atomic ratios are given in Table 6. These results are labelled "approximate" since the oxygen % is calculated by difference, and the naturally occurring organic sulphur % (which may be up to a few percent) was not determined. Figure 4 is a modified Van Krevelen Plot of atomic H/C ratio versus atomic O/C ratio. Comparison of Figure 4 with Figure 5, a similar plot, showing the principal products of kerogen evolution, re-affirms that Type III kerogen predominates, although some samples plot as oil-prone Type II-III and type II kerogen.

The  $C_{15+}$  liquid chromatography results from selected Latrobe Group cased cuttings are listed in Table 7. Total Extract values are very rich, and the amount of hydrocarbon material present, increases down the well with increasing maturity. These  $C_{15+}$  liquid chromatography results also testify to a very good hydrocarbon source potential for the Latrobe Group sediments.

The corresponding C<sub>15+</sub> saturate chromatograms (Figures 6-9) represent hydrocarbon distributions derived from typically terrestrial organic matter, as indicated by an envelope of high molecular weight waxy n-alkanes showing odd over even predominance which decreases with increasing maturity. High pristane (peak 'a'): phytane (peak 'b') ratios (i.e. 6) are also a typical indicator of organic matter derived from a terrestrial (i.e. oxic) environment.

In Tables 8, 9 and 10 respectively, C<sub>4-7</sub> gasoline-range hydrocarbon; liquid chromatography; and API gravity, % Sulphur and Carbon Isotope data are listed for an oil sample RFT 2/19 at 1410m(KB). A whole oil chromatogram with Sulphur compound trace and a C<sub>15+</sub> saturate hydrocarbon chromatogram are shown in Figures 10 and 11 respectively. The Snapper-4 oil is a fairly mature, medium API, paraffinic-based crude which appears to have been partially altered in the reservoir as a result of biodegradation and/or water washing. At 1410m(KB), this oil occurs within the zone of fresh-water flushing. Biodegradation is indicated by the relative reduction in the amount of n-alkanes in the N-C<sub>10</sub> to N-C<sub>17</sub> range (Figs. 9 and 10), whereas the very small quantities of low molecular weight aromatic hydrocarbons (i.e. benzene and toluene, Table 8) which are readily water soluble, is evidence of some water washing alteration.

#### CONCLUSIONS

1. The top of organic maturity for significant hydrocarbon generation in Snapper-4 occurs in the Latrobe Group sediments at approximately 2200m(KB).
2. The Latrobe Group sediments are rated as having very good hydrocarbon source potential for both oil and gas.
3. Oil located in the Top Latrobe Group Reservoir section is a fairly mature, medium API, paraffinic-based crude, which appears to have been partially altered as a result of contact with fresh water.

APPENDIX

1. Detailed Vitrinite Reflectance and Exinite Fluorescence Data
  - by A.C. Cook

TABLE 9

LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY DATA (Insolubles and Loss free basis)

SNAPPER-4 OIL, RFT 2/19 at 1410m(KB)

% Saturates	=	79.6
% Aromatics	=	12.5
% N.S.O.	=	6.0
% Non-Eluted N.S.O.	=	1.1
% Asphaltenes	=	0.8

BASIN - GIPPSLAND  
WELL - SHAPPER 4C1-C4 HYDROCARBON ANALYSES  
REPORT A - HEADSPACE GAS

## GAS CONCENTRATION (VOLUME GAS PER MILLION VOLUMES CUTTINGS)

## GAS COMPOSITION (PERCENT)

SAMPLE NO.	DEPTH	METHANE	ETHANE	PROPANE	IBUTANE	NBUTANE	WET	TOTAL C1-C4	WET/TOTAL PERCENT	---		TOTAL GAS		WET GAS		
		C1	C2	C3	C4	C4	C2-C4			M	E	P	IB	NB	E	P
72730 A	1005.00	2167	100	38	13	7	158	2325	6.80	93.	4.	2.	1.	0.	63.	24.
72730 C	1035.00	2708	133	42	12	6	193	2901	6.65	93.	5.	1.	0.	0.	69.	22.
72730 E	1065.00	999	69	25	15	4	103	1102	9.35	91.	6.	2.	1.	0.	67.	24.
72730 G	1095.00	933	65	31	6	4	106	1039	10.20	90.	6.	3.	4.	0.	61.	29.
72730 I	1125.00	1164	87	47	6	6	146	1310	11.15	89.	7.	0.	1.	0.	60.	32.
72730 K	1155.00	1737	155	102	13	15	285	2022	14.09	86.	8.	5.	1.	1.	54.	36.
72730 H	1185.00	942	115	100	17	25	257	1199	21.43	79.	10.	8.	1.	2.	45.	39.
72730 O	1215.00	507	84	88	24	42	238	745	31.95	68.	11.	12.	3.	6.	35.	37.
72730 Q	1245.00	2058	225	186	52	98	561	2619	21.42	79.	9.	7.	2.	4.	40.	33.
72730 S	1275.00	1209	137	125	39	65	366	1575	23.24	77.	9.	8.	2.	4.	37.	34.
72730 W	1305.00	3136	335	321	117	204	977	4113	23.75	76.	8.	3.	3.	5.	34.	11.
72730 Y	1335.00	8257	2549	1539	300	464	4852	13109	37.01	6.	19.	12.	2.	3.	53.	32.
72731 A	1395.00	6324	3076	1684	283	408	5451	11775	46.29	54.	26.	14.	2.	3.	56.	31.
72731 C	1425.00	48591	9813	3640	522	708	14683	63274	23.21	77.	16.	6.	1.	2.	67.	25.
72731 E	1455.00	26658	6334	2680	438	604	10056	36744	27.37	73.	17.	7.	1.	2.	63.	27.
72731 G	1485.00	11172	2985	1367	241	300	4893	16065	30.46	70.	19.	9.	2.	3.	61.	28.
72731 I	1515.00	6620	2054	1277	274	367	3972	10592	37.50	63.	19.	12.	3.	3.	52.	32.
72731 K	1545.00	3251	1039	625	124	178	1966	5247	37.47	63.	20.	12.	2.	3.	53.	32.
72731 N	1575.00	8816	5593	4195	726	892	11406	20222	56.40	44.	28.	21.	4.	4.	49.	37.
72731 O	1605.00	97178	29202	10556	1032	1119	41909	139087	30.13	70.	21.	8.	1.	0.	70.	25.
72731 Q	1635.00	59860	9693	2608	217	246	12764	72624	17.58	82.	13.	4.	0.	0.	76.	20.
72731 S	1665.00	132942	31048	6897	579	546	39070	172012	22.71	77.	18.	4.	0.	0.	79.	18.
72731 U	1695.00	129365	14559	2506	219	206	18796	157635	11.92	88.	10.	2.	0.	0.	83.	14.
72731 W	1725.00	121830	11139	1500	108	71	17535	146900	11.94	88.	10.	2.	0.	0.	83.	14.
72731 Z	1755.00	218108	24901	4526	434	365	30226	134648	9.52	90.	8.	1.	0.	0.	87.	12.
72732 A	1785.00	54306	12905	3449	331	360	17045	248334	12.17	88.	10.	5.	0.	1.	82.	15.
72732 C	1815.00	95703	9013	1498	141	116	10768	71351	23.89	76.	18.	1.	0.	0.	76.	20.
72732 E	1845.00	50843	5301	1036	96	106	6539	106471	10.11	90.	8.	1.	0.	0.	84.	14.
72732 G	1875.00	48570	4806	909	88	95	5898	57382	11.40	89.	9.	2.	0.	0.	81.	16.
72732 I	1905.00	99468	10194	2041	184	211	12630	54468	10.83	89.	9.	2.	0.	0.	81.	15.
72732 K	1935.00	78840	7386	1399	131	159	9075	112098	11.27	89.	9.	2.	0.	0.	81.	16.
72732 M	1965.00	110259	17961	3583	371	426	22341	87915	10.32	90.	8.	3.	0.	0.	80.	16.
72732 O	2010.00	30406	7781	1859	170	218	10028	132600	16.85	83.	14.	3.	0.	0.	80.	16.
72732 Q	2040.00	26027	6692	1645	168	199	8704	40434	24.80	75.	19.	5.	0.	0.	78.	19.
72732 S	2070.00	146	3	0	0	0	3	34731	25.06	75.	19.	5.	0.	0.	77.	22.
72732 U	2100.00	102812	6614	877	70	75	7636	110448	2.01	98.	2.	0.	0.	0.	100.	0.
72732 W	2130.00	7621	2423	625	69	87	3204	10825	6.91	93.	6.	1.	0.	0.	87.	11.
72732 Y	2160.00	8458	5036	2461	281	504	8282	16740	29.60	70.	22.	6.	1.	1.	76.	20.
72733 A	2190.00	21535	4078	1146	113	179	5516	27071	49.47	51.	30.	15.	2.	3.	61.	30.
72733 C	2220.00	11191	1582	359	42	52	2065	13256	20.38	80.	15.	13.	0.	0.	74.	21.
72733 E	2250.00	12358	1713	420	52	61	2246	14604	15.58	84.	12.	3.	0.	0.	77.	19.
72733 G	2280.00	41356	2717	485	67	52	3321	44707	15.38	85.	12.	3.	0.	0.	76.	22.
72733 I	2310.00	205257	30923	6194	778	419	38314	243571	7.43	93.	6.	1.	0.	0.	82.	15.
72733 K	2340.00	82249	6080	1237	165	98	7580	89829	8.44	92.	7.	1.	0.	0.	81.	16.
72733 N	2370.00	134159	8307	1174	108	108	9697	143856	6.74	93.	6.	1.	0.	0.	80.	16.
72733 O	2400.00	56996	4059	961	92	72	5184	62180	8.34	92.	7.	2.	0.	0.	78.	19.

14/02/84

Table - cont.

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PAGE

BASIN - GIPPSLAND  
WELL - SNAPPER 4C1-C4 HYDROCARBON ANALYSES  
REPORT A - HEADSPACE GAS

## GAS CONCENTRATION (VOLUME GAS PER MILLION VOLUMES CUTTINGS)

## GAS COMPOSITION (PERCENT)

SAMPLE NO.	DEPTH	METHANE	ETHANE	PROPANE	IBUTANE	NBUTANE	WET	TOTAL C1-C4	WET/TOTAL PERCENT	TOTAL GAS				WET GAS				
		C1	C2	C3	C4	C4	C2-C4			M	E	P	IB	NR	E	P	IB	NB
72733	0	2430.00	31124	2132	550	54	43	2779	33903	8.20	92.	6.	2.	0.	0.	77.	20.	2.
72733	S	2460.00	58068	4505	1028	88	89	5710	63778	8.95	91.	7.	2.	0.	0.	79.	18.	2.
72733	U	2490.00	29164	4676	1543	112	186	6517	35681	18.25	82.	13.	4.	0.	1.	72.	24.	2.
72733	W	2520.00	34402	7087	2398	242	307	10034	44436	22.58	77.	16.	5.	1.	1.	71.	24.	3.
72733	Y	2550.00	2925	5643	2790	320	531	7284	10209	71.35	29.	36.	27.	3.	5.	50.	38.	4.
72734	A	2580.00	34943	4154	1140	107	131	5532	40475	13.67	86.	10.	3.	0.	0.	75.	21.	7.
72734	C	2610.00	31151	3124	996	110	122	4352	35513	12.25	88.	9.	3.	0.	0.	72.	23.	3.
72734	E	2640.00	8932	1589	528	63	89	2269	11251	20.17	80.	14.	5.	1.	1.	70.	23.	4.
72734	G	2670.00	38850	3820	1144	98	120	5182	44032	11.77	88.	9.	3.	0.	0.	74.	22.	2.
72734	I	2700.00	61394	710	2411	253	276	3650	65044	5.61	94.	1.	4.	0.	0.	19.	66.	8.
72734	K	2730.00	70819	7473	2408	218	222	10321	81140	12.72	87.	9.	3.	0.	0.	72.	23.	2.
72734	M	2760.00	62943	9405	3003	275	359	13042	75985	17.16	83.	12.	4.	0.	0.	72.	23.	3.
72734	O	2790.00	4475	1790	982	100	160	3032	7507	40.39	60.	24.	13.	1.	2.	59.	32.	5.
72734	Q	2820.00	39240	5108	1613	167	257	7145	46385	15.40	85.	11.	3.	0.	1.	71.	23.	4.

27/03/84

Table 2

PAGE

BASIN - GIPPSLAND  
WELL - SNAPPER 4

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## TOTAL ORGANIC CARBON REPORT

SAMPLE NO.	DEPTH	AGE	FORMATION	AN	TOC%	AN	TOC%	AN	T/C03	DESCRIPTION
*****	*****	**	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****
72687 U	1068.00	MIOCENE-OLIGOCENE	LAKES ENTRANCE	1	.37					LT MED GRY SLST. V CALC.
<hr/> ====> DEPTH : 1047.50 TO 1259.50 METRES. <==== I ===> AVERAGE TOC : .37 % EXCLUDING VALUES GREATER THAN 10.00 % <====										
72687 H	1260.00	EOCENE	LATROBE GROUP-GURNARD FM.	1	.64					MED-DK BRN-GY SLST.CARB.
72687 E	1275.40	EOCENE	LATROBE GROUP-GURNARD FM.	1	.33					MED BRN SDY SLST.QTZ.CALC.
72687 A	1279.00	EOCENE	LATROBE GROUP-GURNARD FN.	1	.29					MED BRN SDY SLST.QTZ.CALC
72686 Z	1281.50	EOCENE	LATROBE GROUP-GURNARD FM.	1	.66					MED BRN-GY SDY SLST.QTZ.
72686 Y	1287.00	EOCENE	LATROBE GROUP-GURNARD FM.	1	1.59					MED-DK GRN-GY SDY SLST.
<hr/> ====> DEPTH : 1259.50 TO 1288.00 METRES. <==== I ===> AVERAGE TOC : .70 % EXCLUDING VALUES GREATER THAN 10.00 % <====										
75686 T	1330.00	EOCENE	LATROBE GROUP	1	4.03					MED-DK GRY SLST.CARB.NC.
72686 O	1372.00	EOCENE	LATROBE GROUP	1	1.45					LT-MED GRY SLST.CARB.NC.
72686 W	1389.00	EOCENE	LATROBE GROUP	1	2.36					MED-DK GRY SLST.CARB.NC.
72686 I	1414.90	EOCENE	LATROBE GROUP	1	2.59					MED-LT OLGRLY SLST.N CALC
72686 H	1441.90	EOCENE	LATROBE GROUP	1	3.36					MED-LT OLGRLY SLST.N CALC
72728 Y	1638.50	EOCENE	LATROBE GROUP	1	2.95					OL GRY SLST.
72729 U	1746.50	EOCENE	LATROBE GROUP	1	3.05					DK GRY FISSILE SLTST.
72728 R	1765.50	EOCENE	LATROBE GROUP	1	2.20					OL GRY SLTST.
72728 F	1822.00	PALEOCENE	LATROBE GROUP	1	.24					LT OL GRY SLTST.
72728 C	1918.10	PALEOCENE	LATROBE GROUP	1	3.62					DARK GREY SHALE.
72728 A	1953.00	PALEOCENE	LATROBE GROUP	1	1.49					DK GRY SLTST.MICA.
72727 X	1986.00	PALEOCENE	LATROBE GROUP	1	2.23					DK GRY SLTST.MICA.
72727 V	2046.90	PALEOCENE	LATROBE GROUP	1	.31					MED DK GRY SLTST.
72727 R	2078.90	PALEOCENE	LATROBE GROUP	1	2.48					LT-MED LT GRY SDY SLTST.
72727 M	2146.90	PALEOCENE	LATROBE GROUP	1	.13					LT OL GRY SLTST.
72727 H	2246.00	PALEOCENE	LATROBE GROUP	1	.48					DK GRY SHALE.
72727 F	2328.40	PALEOCENE	LATROBE GROUP	1	.55					MED GRY SILTY SHALE.
72727 L	2390.10	LATE CRETACEOUS	LATROBE GROUP	1	1.46					MED OL GRY SLTST.COALY.
72727 C	2407.40	LATE CRETACEOUS	LATROBE GROUP	1	1.14					MED OL GRY SLTST.
72726 Y	2448.10	LATE CRETACEOUS	LATROBE GROUP	1	1.06					MED OL GRY SLTST.COALY.
72726 V	2516.00	LATE CRETACEOUS	LATROBE GROUP	1	1.13					DK GRY SILTY SHALE.
72726 H	2550.00	LATE CRETACEOUS	LATROBE GROUP	1	1.07					LT OL GRY SDY SILTSTONE
72727 W	2556.50	LATE CRETACEOUS	LATROBE GROUP	1	1.27					MED GRY CLYST.COALY.
72727 S	2640.00	LATE CRETACEOUS	LATROBE GROUP	1	1.68					MED GRY SLTST.MICA.
72726 S	2645.00	LATE CRETACEOUS	LATROBE GROUP	1	4.30					GRY-BLK FISSILE SLTST.
72726 W	2650.50	LATE CRETACEOUS	LATROBE GROUP	1	1.52					MED DK GY SLST.COAL.MICA
72726 L	2670.00	LATE CRETACEOUS	LATROBE GROUP	1	2.98					DK GRY SHALE.COALY FRAGS
72726 J	2693.00	LATE CRETACEOUS	LATROBE GROUP	1	3.06					DK GRY SLTST.COALY FRAGS
72726 H	2710.00	LATE CRETACEOUS	LATROBE GROUP	1	2.64					DK GRY SLTST.COALY FRAGS
72726 C	2725.50	LATE CRETACEOUS	LATROBE GROUP	1	1.47					MED GY CLYST.COALY FRAGS
	2740.00	LATE CRETACEOUS	LATROBE GROUP	1	4.41					LT-MED OL GY SLTST.COALY

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PAGE

BASIN - GIPPSLAND  
 WELL - SNAPPER 4

## TOTAL ORGANIC CARBON REPORT

SAMPLE NO.	DEPTH	AGE	FORMATION	AN	TOC%	AN	TOC%	AN	T/C03	DESCRIPTION
*****	*****	***	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****
72726 6	2734.00	LATE CRETACEOUS	LATROBE GROUP	1	7.57					OL GRY SLST. ABUND COAL
72726 A	2804.00	LATE CRETACEOUS	LATROBE GROUP	1	7.57					OL GRY SLST. ABUND COAL
<=> DEPTH : 1288.00 TO 2804.00 METRES. <=>				AVERAGE TOC : 2.36 % EXCLUDING VALUES GREATER THAN 10.00 %						<=>

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Table 3

PAGE

BASIN - GIPPSLAND  
WELL - SNAPPER 4

## VITRINITE REFLECTANCE REPORT

SAMPLE NO.	DEPTH	AGE	FORMATION	AN	MAX.	R0	FLUOR.	COLOUR	NO.CNTS.	MACERAL TYPE
72686 G	1446.00	EOCENE	LATROBE GROUP	5	.44	GRN-OR			20	E ABUNDANT,I SPARSE
72729 A	1621.00	EOCENE	LATROBE GROUP	55	.46	GRN-OR			29	COAL
72727 V	2078.90	PALEOCENE	LATROBE GROUP	55	.58	YEL-DULL OR			23	DOM ABUNDANT,I>V>>E
72727 H	2352.20	PALEOCENE	LATROBE GROUP	55	.77	YELL-OR			28	V>I>E,DOM ABUNDANT
72726 Z	2504.90	LATE CRETACEOUS	LATROBE GROUP	55	.84	OR-DULL OR			18	I>V>E,DOM COMMON
72726 I	2716.30	LATE CRETACEOUS	LATROBE GROUP	55	.98	OR-DULL OR			25	V>I=F,DOM COMMON
72726 A	2804.00	LATE CRETACEOUS	LATROBE GROUP	5	.71	YEL-OR			30	V=E>I,DOM ABUNDANT

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PAGE 1

## ROCK EVAL ANALYSES

## REPORT A - SULPHUR &amp; PYROLYZABLE CARBON

BASIN - GIPPSLAND  
WELL - SHAPPER 4

SAMPLE NO.	DEPTH	SAMPLE TYPE	AGE	TMAX	S1	S2	S3	PI	S2/S3	PC	COMMENTS
72687	H	1260.0	SWC	EOCENE	426.	.06	.04	.96	.60	.04	.00
72686	Z	1261.5	SWC	EOCENE	421.	.05	.10	.06	.36	1.66	.01
72686	T	1330.0	SWC	EOCENE	411.	1.60	12.14	.64	.12	18.96	1.14
72686	O	1372.0	SWC	EOCENE	412.	.44	2.03	.30	.18	6.76	.20
72686	M	1380.0	SWC	EOCENE	415.	.74	6.01	.61	.11	9.85	.56
72686	I	1414.9	SWC	EOCENE	415.	.41	4.47	.48	.08	9.31	.40
72686	H	1441.9	SWC	EOCENE	417.	.36	5.04	.71	.07	7.09	.45
72728	Y	1638.5	SWC	EOCENE	428.	.74	3.96	.55	.16	7.20	.39
72729	U	1746.5	SWC	EOCENE	434.	.59	5.79	.55	.09	10.52	.53
72728	P	1765.5	SWC	EOCENE	431.	.32	2.07	.40	.13	5.17	.19
72728	F	1918.1	SWC	PALEOCENE	432.	.75	4.47	.40	.14	11.17	.43
72728	C	1953.0	SWC	PALEOCENE	434.	.38	2.52	.28	.13	9.00	.24
72728	A	1986.0	SWC	PALEOCENE	435.	.46	2.86	.27	.14	10.59	.27
72727	V	2078.9	SWC	PALEOCENE	433.	.73	3.43	.29	.18	11.82	.34
72727	I	2328.4	SWC	PALEOCENE	428.	.20	.27	.14	.43	1.92	.03
72727	F	2390.1	SWC	LATE CRETACEOUS	434.	.33	1.26	.17	.21	7.41	.13
72727	E	2407.4	SWC	LATE CRETACEOUS	432.	.24	.63	.10	.28	6.30	.07
72727	C	2448.1	SWC	LATE CRETACEOUS	437.	.28	.97	.10	.23	9.70	.10
72726	Y	2516.0	SWC	LATE CRETACEOUS	435.	.27	.59	.17	.31	3.47	.07
72726	V	2550.0	SWC	LATE CRETACEOUS	436.	.47	.58	.19	.45	3.05	.08
72729	H	2556.5	SWC	LATE CRETACEOUS	445.	.60	.55	.22	.53	2.50	.09
72727	W	2640.0	SWC	LATE CRETACEOUS	438.	.42	.92	.11	.31	8.36	.11
72727	R	2645.0	SWC	LATE CRETACEOUS	441.	1.63	6.91	.27	.19	25.59	.71
72726	S	2650.5	SWC	LATE CRETACEOUS	438.	1.02	2.95	.23	.26	12.82	.33
72726	O	2670.0	SWC	LATE CRETACEOUS	442.	1.24	3.61	.21	.26	17.19	.40
72726	L	2693.0	SWC	LATE CRETACEOUS	444.	1.36	10.10	.35	.12	28.85	.95
72726	J	2710.0	SWC	LATE CRETACEOUS	442.	1.46	4.68	.27	.24	17.33	.51
72726	H	2725.5	SWC	LATE CRETACEOUS	434.	.93	1.53	.22	.38	6.95	.20
72726	G	2740.0	SWC	LATE CRETACEOUS	439.	1.90	.925	.24	.17	38.54	.92
72726	R	2784.0	SWC	LATE CRETACEOUS	440.	4.57	27.78	.31	.14	89.61	2.69
72726	A	2804.0	SWC	LATE CRETACEOUS	438.	5.67	28.83	.30	.16	96.10	2.87

PI=PRODUCTIVITY INDEX

PC=PYROLYZABLE CARBON

TC=TOTAL CARBON

HI=HYDROGEN INDEX

OI=OXYGEN INDEX

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## ROCK EVAL ANALYSES

## REPORT B - TOTAL CARBON, H/O INDICES

BASIN - GIPPSLAND  
WELL - SNAPPER 4

SAMPLE NO.	DEPTH	SAMPLE TYPE	FORMATION	TC	HT	OI	HI/OI	COMMENTS
72687	H	1260.0	SWC	LATROBE GROUP-GURNARD FM	.64	6.	150.	.04
72686	Z	1261.5	SWC	LATROBE GROUP-GURNARD FM	.66	15.	9.	1.67
75686	T	1330.0	SWC	LATROBE GROUP	4.03	301.	15.	20.07
72686	O	1372.0	SWC	LATROBE GROUP	1.45	140.	20.	7.00
72686	M	1389.0	SWC	LATROBE GROUP	2.36	254.	25.	10.16
72686	I	1414.9	SWC	LATROBE GROUP	2.59	172.	18.	9.56
72686	H	1441.9	SWC	LATROBE GROUP	3.36	150.	21.	7.14
72728	Y	1638.5	SWC	LATROBE GROUP	2.95	134.	18.	7.44
72729	U	1746.5	SWC	LATROBE GROUP	3.05	189.	18.	10.50
72728	P	1765.5	SWC	LATROBE GROUP	2.20	94.	18.	5.22
72728	F	1918.1	SWC	LATROBE GROUP	3.62	123.	11.	11.18
72728	C	1953.0	SWC	LATROBE GROUP	1.49	169.	18.	9.39
72727	A	1986.0	SWC	LATROBE GROUP	2.23	128.	12.	10.67
72727	V	2078.9	SWC	LATROBE GROUP	2.48	138.	11.	12.55
72727	T	2328.4	SWC	LATROBE GROUP	.55	49.	25.	1.96
72727	F	2390.1	SWC	LATROBE GROUP	1.46	86.	11.	7.82
72727	E	2407.4	SWC	LATROBE GROUP	1.14	55.	8.	6.88
72727	C	2448.1	SWC	LATROBE GROUP	1.06	91.	9.	10.11
72726	Y	2516.0	SWC	LATROBE GROUP	1.13	52.	15.	3.47
72726	V	2550.0	SWC	LATROBE GROUP	1.07	54.	17.	3.18
72726	H	2586.5	SWC	LATROBE GROUP	1.27	43.	17.	2.53
72727	W	2640.0	SWC	LATROBE GROUP	1.68	54.	6.	9.00
72727	R	2645.0	SWC	LATROBE GROUP	4.30	160.	6.	26.67
72726	S	2650.5	SWC	LATROBE GROUP	1.52	194.	15.	12.93
72726	O	2670.0	SWC	LATROBE GROUP	2.98	121.	7.	17.29
72726	L	2693.0	SWC	LATROBE GROUP	3.06	330.	11.	30.00
72726	J	2710.0	SWC	LATROBE GROUP	2.64	177.	10.	17.70
72726	H	2725.5	SWC	LATROBE GROUP	1.47	104.	14.	7.43
72726	G	2740.0	SWC	LATROBE GROUP	4.41	209.	5.	41.80
72726	B	2784.0	SWC	LATROBE GROUP	7.57	366.	4.	91.50
72726	A	2804.0	SWC	LATROBE GROUP	7.57	380.	3.	126.67

T.O.C. = Total organic carbon, wt. %  
 S1 = Free hydrocarbons, mg HC/g of rock  
 S2 = Residual hydrocarbon potential  
 (mg HC/g of rock)  
 S3 = CO<sub>2</sub> produced from kerogen pyrolysis  
 (mg CO<sub>2</sub>/g of rock)  
 PC\* = 0.083 (S<sub>1</sub> + S<sub>2</sub>)

Hydrogen  
 Index = mg HC/g organic carbon  
 Oxygen Index = mg CO<sub>2</sub>/g organic carbon  
 PI = S1/S1+S2  
 Tmax = Temperature Index, degrees C.

PI=PRODUCTIVITY INDEX

PC=PYPOLYZABLE CARBON

TC=TOTAL CARBON

HI=HYDROGEN INDEX

OI=OXYGEN INDEX

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BASIN - GIPPSLAND  
WELL - SHAPIPER 4

## KEROGEN ELEMENTAL ANALYSIS REPORT

SAMPLE NO.	DEPTH	SAMPLE TYPE	ELEMENTAL % (ASH FREE)					COMMENTS
			N%	C%	H%	S%	O%	
72686 Z	1281.50	SWC	1.23	66.91	4.37	.00	27.50	13.64
72686 Y	1287.00	SWC	.79	66.85	5.05	.00	27.30	12.93
72686 U	1313.40	SWC	.41	67.36	5.46	.00	26.77	8.43
72686 T	1330.00	SWC	.72	69.38	5.46	.00	24.45	7.06
72686 Q	1350.50	SWC	.48	69.16	5.57	.00	24.78	3.65
72686 O	1372.00	SWC	.77	66.95	5.28	.00	27.00	8.89
72686 M	1389.00	SWC	.55	70.41	5.72	.00	23.32	5.55
72686 I	1414.90	SWC	.75	69.98	5.34	.00	23.93	9.03
72686 H	1441.90	SWC	.69	66.59	4.75	.00	27.97	8.98
72729 D	1574.50	SWC	.74	64.45	5.42	.00	29.39	16.27
72729 B	1614.50	SWC	.89	71.17	5.50	.00	22.44	3.98
72729 Y	1628.90	SWC	1.05	69.40	4.53	.00	25.01	3.16
72728 X	1648.50	SWC	1.16	71.95	5.38	.00	21.52	5.68
72729 W	1675.50	SWC	1.04	66.22	5.16	.00	27.57	22.28
72729 U	1746.50	SWC	.87	62.92	5.07	.00	31.14	18.17
72728 Q	1780.30	SWC	1.18	76.42	5.39	.00	17.00	7.83
72728 K	1877.00	SWC	1.31	78.55	5.95	.00	14.20	8.22
72728 I	1894.30	SWC	1.00	79.92	5.40	.00	13.67	2.22
72729 S	1902.00	SWC	.98	79.69	6.00	.00	13.33	5.19
72728 F	1913.10	SWC	1.00	70.09	4.87	.00	24.04	16.01
72728 E	1926.50	SWC	1.08	73.71	5.33	.00	19.87	13.00
72729 W	1933.00	SWC	1.05	77.46	5.27	.00	16.23	5.30
72728 R	1970.40	SWC	.91	80.73	5.33	.00	13.03	3.21
72728 A	1986.00	SWC	.80	68.31	5.37	.00	25.51	22.78
72727 Z	2011.50	SWC	1.14	80.50	5.71	.00	12.64	5.65
72727 Y	2029.00	SWC	1.10	74.49	5.26	.00	19.15	11.55
72729 N	2063.00	SWC	1.00	80.20	5.61	.00	13.18	8.37
72727 V	2078.90	SWC	.88	57.57	4.45	.00	37.10	11.08
72727 U	2084.00	SWC	1.04	79.26	5.57	.00	14.13	13.05
72727 T	2104.00	SWC	1.14	82.16	4.26	.00	12.45	5.83
72727 Q	2169.20	SWC	.68	82.27	7.16	.00	9.89	10.20
72727 J	2309.40	SWC	1.03	83.21	4.81	.00	10.96	6.63
72727 H	2352.20	SWC	1.17	81.24	5.39	.00	12.20	2.22
72727 F	2390.10	SWC	1.24	75.90	4.96	.00	17.90	16.05
72727 E	2407.40	SWC	1.23	83.63	4.73	.00	10.40	4.93
72727 D	2425.00	SWC	1.25	84.58	4.16	.00	10.01	.52
72727 C	2448.10	SWC	.92	55.12	4.63	.00	39.33	25.07
72726 Z	2504.90	SWC	1.03	79.10	5.76	.00	14.11	4.81
72726 V	2550.00	SWC	1.28	83.12	5.28	.00	10.33	4.53
72726 T	2602.90	SWC	1.36	84.22	4.67	.00	9.75	3.18
72727 W	2640.00	SWC	.86	58.11	3.78	.00	37.25	21.67
72727 R	2645.00	SWC	1.25	76.14	4.86	.00	17.75	16.27
72726 N	2670.00	SWC	1.15	82.33	4.95	.00	11.57	1.80
72726 U	2683.50	SWC	1.20	79.44	4.75	.00	14.60	22.80
72726 N	2686.00	SWC	.68	84.59	5.16	.00	9.58	5.20

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## KEROGEN ELEMENTAL ANALYSIS REPORT

BASIN - GIPPSLAND  
 WELL - SNAPPER 4

SAMPLE NO.	DEPTH	SAMPLE TYPE	ELEMENTAL % (ASH FREE)					COMMENTS
			N%	C%	H%	S%	O%	
72726 J	2710.00	SWC	1.24	77.45	5.97	.00	15.35	20.77
72726 H	2725.50	SWC	1.21	84.10	5.92	.00	8.77	9.10
72726 G	2740.00	SWC	1.11	83.86	5.72	.00	9.31	5.15
72726 D	2760.00	SWC	.94	61.53	4.04	.00	33.49	18.03
72726 A	2804.00	SWC	.87	58.87	5.06	.00	35.19	9.50

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## KEROGEN ELEMENTAL ANALYSIS REPORT

RASIN - GIPPSLAND  
WELL - SHAPPER 4

SAMPLE NO.	DEPTH	SAMPLE TYPE	AGE	FORMATION	ATOMIC RATIOS			COMMENTS
					H/C	O/C	N/C	
72686 Z	1281.50	SWC	Eocene	LATROBE GROUP-GURNARD FM	.78	.31	.02	
72686 Y	1287.00	SWC	Eocene	LATROBE GROUP-GURNARD FM	.91	.31	.01	HIGH ASH
72686 U	1313.40	SWC	Eocene	LATROBE GROUP	.97	.30	.01	HIGH ASH
72686 T	1330.00	SWC	Eocene	LATROBE GROUP	.94	.26	.01	
72686 Q	1350.50	SWC	Eocene	LATROBE GROUP	.97	.27	.01	
72686 O	1372.00	SWC	Eocene	LATROBE GROUP	.95	.30	.01	
72686 N	1389.00	SWC	Eocene	LATROBE GROUP	.97	.25	.01	
72686 I	1414.90	SWC	Eocene	LATROBE GROUP	.92	.26	.01	
72686 H	1441.90	SWC	Eocene	LATROBE GROUP	.86	.32	.01	
72729 O	1574.50	SWC	Eocene	LATROBE GROUP	1.01	.34	.01	HIGH ASH
72729 Y	1614.50	SWC	Eocene	LATROBE GROUP	.93	.24	.01	
72729 X	1628.90	SWC	Eocene	LATROBE GROUP	.78	.27	.01	
72729 W	1643.50	SWC	Eocene	LATROBE GROUP	.90	.22	.01	
72729 W	1675.50	SWC	Eocene	LATROBE GROUP	.93	.31	.01	
72729 U	1746.50	SWC	Eocene	LATROBE GROUP	.97	.37	.01	HIGH ASH
72728 G	1780.50	SWC	Eocene	LATROBE GROUP	.85	.17	.01	HIGH ASH
72728 K	1877.00	SWC	PALEOCENE	LATROBE GROUP	.91	.14	.01	
72728 I	1894.30	SWC	PALEOCENE	LATROBE GROUP	.81	.13	.01	
72729 S	1902.00	SWC	PALEOCENE	LATROBE GROUP	.90	.13	.01	
72728 F	1913.10	SWC	PALEOCENE	LATROBE GROUP	.83	.26	.01	HIGH ASH
72728 E	1928.50	SWC	PALEOCENE	LATROBE GROUP	.87	.20	.01	HIGH ASH
72729 Q	1933.00	SWC	PALEOCENE	LATROBE GROUP	.82	.16	.01	
72728 B	1970.40	SWC	PALEOCENE	LATROBE GROUP	.79	.12	.01	
72728 A	1986.00	SWC	PALEOCENE	LATROBE GROUP	.94	.28	.01	HIGH ASH
72727 Z	2011.50	SWC	PALEOCENE	LATROBE GROUP	.85	.12	.01	HIGH ASH
72727 Y	2029.00	SWC	PALEOCENE	LATROBE GROUP	.85	.19	.01	HIGH ASH
72727 N	2063.00	SWC	PALEOCENE	LATROBE GROUP	.84	.12	.01	
72727 V	2076.90	SWC	PALEOCENE	LATROBE GROUP	.93	.48	.01	
72727 U	2084.00	SWC	PALEOCENE	LATROBE GROUP	.84	.13	.01	HIGH ASH
72727 T	2104.00	SWC	PALEOCENE	LATROBE GROUP	.62	.11	.01	HIGH ASH
72727 N	2169.20	SWC	PALEOCENE	LATROBE GROUP	1.04	.09	.01	HIGH ASH
72727 J	2304.40	SWC	PALEOCENE	LATROBE GROUP	.69	.10	.01	
72727 H	2352.20	SWC	PALEOCENE	LATROBE GROUP	.80	.11	.01	
72727 F	2390.10	SWC	LATE CRETACEOUS	LATROBE GROUP	.78	.18	.01	HIGH ASH
72727 F	2407.40	SWC	LATE CRETACEOUS	LATROBE GROUP	.68	.09	.01	
72727 D	2425.00	SWC	LATE CRETACEOUS	LATROBE GROUP	.59	.09	.01	
72727 U	2448.10	SWC	LATE CRETACEOUS	LATROBE GROUP	1.01	.54	.01	HIGH ASH
72726 V	2504.90	SWC	LATE CRETACEOUS	LATROBE GROUP	.87	.13	.01	
72726 T	2550.00	SWC	LATE CRETACEOUS	LATROBE GROUP	.76	.09	.01	
72726 T	2602.90	SWC	LATE CRETACEOUS	LATROBE GROUP	.67	.09	.01	
72727 W	2640.00	SWC	LATE CRETACEOUS	LATROBE GROUP	.78	.48	.01	HIGH ASH
72727 B	2645.00	SWC	LATE CRETACEOUS	LATROBE GROUP	.77	.17	.01	HIGH ASH
72726 O	2670.00	SWC	LATE CRETACEOUS	LATROBE GROUP	.72	.11	.01	
72726 O	2683.50	SWC	LATE CRETACEOUS	LATROBE GROUP	.72	.14	.01	HIGH ASH
72726 N	2688.00	SWC	LATE CRETACEOUS	LATROBE GROUP	.73	.08	.01	HIGH ASH

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BASIN - GIPPSLAND  
 WELL - SNAPPER 4

## KEROGEN ELEMENTAL ANALYSIS REPORT

SAMPLE NO.	DEPTH	SAMPLE TYPE	AGE	FORMATION	ATOMIC RATIOS			COMMENTS
					H/C	O/C	N/C	
72726 J	2710.00	SWC	LATE CRETACEOUS	LATROBE GROUP	.93	.15	.01	HIGH ASH
72726 H	2725.50	SWC	LATE CRETACEOUS	LATROBE GROUP	.84	.08	.01	
72726 G	2740.00	SWC	LATE CRETACEOUS	LATROBE GROUP	.82	.08	.01	
72726 D	2760.00	SWC	LATE CRETACEOUS	LATROBE GROUP	.79	.41	.01	HIGH ASH
72726 A	2804.00	SWC	LATE CRETACEOUS	LATROBE GROUP	1.03	.45	.01	

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## C15+ EXTRACT ANALYSES

BASIN - GIPPSLAND  
WELL - SHAPPER 4

## REPORT A - EXTRACT DATA (PPM)

SAMPLE NO.	DEPTH	TYPE	AN	AGE	* HYDROCARBONS *			* NON-HYDROCARBONS *			TOTAL NSO	TOTAL SULPHUR	TOTAL NON/HCS	
					TOTAL EXTRACT	SATS.	AROMS.	TOTAL H/CARBS	ELUTED ASPH.	NON-ELT NSO				
72732 R	2055.00	CTS	2	PALEOCENE	15412.	2399.	3256.	5655.	7773.	1569.	415.	1984.	0.	9757.
72733 L	2355.00	CTS	2	PALEOCENE	12409.	1019.	1791.	2810.	8440.	970.	970.	1940.	0.	10380.
72733 W	2520.00	CTS	2	LATE CRETACEOUS	2713.	581.	601.	1182.	1175.	339.	17.	356.	0.	1531.
72734 O	2790.00	CTS	2	LATE CRETACEOUS	2176.	687.	541.	1228.	613.	302.	33.	335.	0.	948.

## C15+ EXTRACT ANALYSES

BASIN - GIPPSLAND  
WELL - SHAPPER 4

## REPORT B - EXTRACTS % OF TOTAL

SAMPLE NO.	DEPTH	FORMATION	*HYDROCARBONS*			* NON-HYDROCARBONS *			SAT/AR	HC/NHC	COMMENTS
			SAT. %	AROM. %	NSO. %	ASPH. %	SULPH%				
72732 R	2055.00	LATROBE GROUP	15.6	21.1	12.9	50.4	.0	* .7	* .6	* .6	EARLY MATURE, TERRESTRIAL
72733 L	2355.00	LATROBE GROUP	8.2	14.4	15.6	68.0	.0	* .6	* .3	* .3	MATURE, TERRESTRIAL
72733 W	2520.00	LATROBE GROUP	21.4	22.2	13.1	43.3	.0	* 1.0	* .8	* .8	MATURE, TERRESTRIAL
72734 O	2790.00	LATROBE GROUP	31.6	24.9	15.4	28.2	.0	* 1.3	* 1.3	* 1.3	MATURE, TERRESTRIAL

Table 8

C4-C7 OIL

01 NOV 83

77007 AUSTRALIA, SNAPPER 4, RFT 2/19, 1410 M.

	TOTAL PERCENT	NORM PERCENT		TOTAL PERCENT	NORM PERCENT
METHANE	0.000		CHEX	0.106	0.65
ETHANE	0.041		33-DMP	0.000	0.00
PROPANE	0.466		11-DMCP	0.124	0.77
I-BUTANE	0.391	2.41	2-MHEX	0.629	3.87
N-BUTANE	0.935	5.76	23-DMP	0.200	1.23
I-PENTANE	0.980	6.04	3-MHEX	0.617	3.80
N-PENTANE	1.203	7.41	1C3-DMCP	0.282	1.74
22-DMB	0.050	0.31	1T3-DMCP	0.025	0.15
CPENTANE	0.096	0.59	1T2-DMCP	0.430	2.65
23-DMB	0.165	1.02	3-EPENT	0.000	0.00
2-MP	0.846	5.21	224-TMP	0.000	0.00
3-MP	0.501	3.08	NHEPTANE	1.777	10.94
NHEXANE	1.605	9.88	1C2-DMCP	0.057	0.35
MCP	0.857	5.27	MCH	4.028	24.80
22-DMP	0.000	0.00	ECP	0.184	1.13
24-DMP	0.098	0.60	BENZENE	0.000	0.00
223-TMB	0.023	0.14	TOLUENE	0.034	0.21

## TOTALS

## SIG COMP RATIOS

ALL COMP	16.749
GASOLINE	16.242

C1/C2	2.96
A/D2	5.48
D1/D2	0.05
C1/D2	7.92
PENT/IPENT	1.23
CH/MCP	0.12

PARAFFIN INDEX 1	1.691
PARAFFIN INDEX 2	21.622

INTERPRETER - R.E. METTER  
ANALYST - H.M. FRY

26/03/84

T 10

## FSSO AUSTRALIA LTD.

PAGE

## CARBON ISOTOPES - (OIL,CONDENSATES,ROCK EXTRACT)

BASIN - GIPPSLAND  
WELL - SNAPPER 4

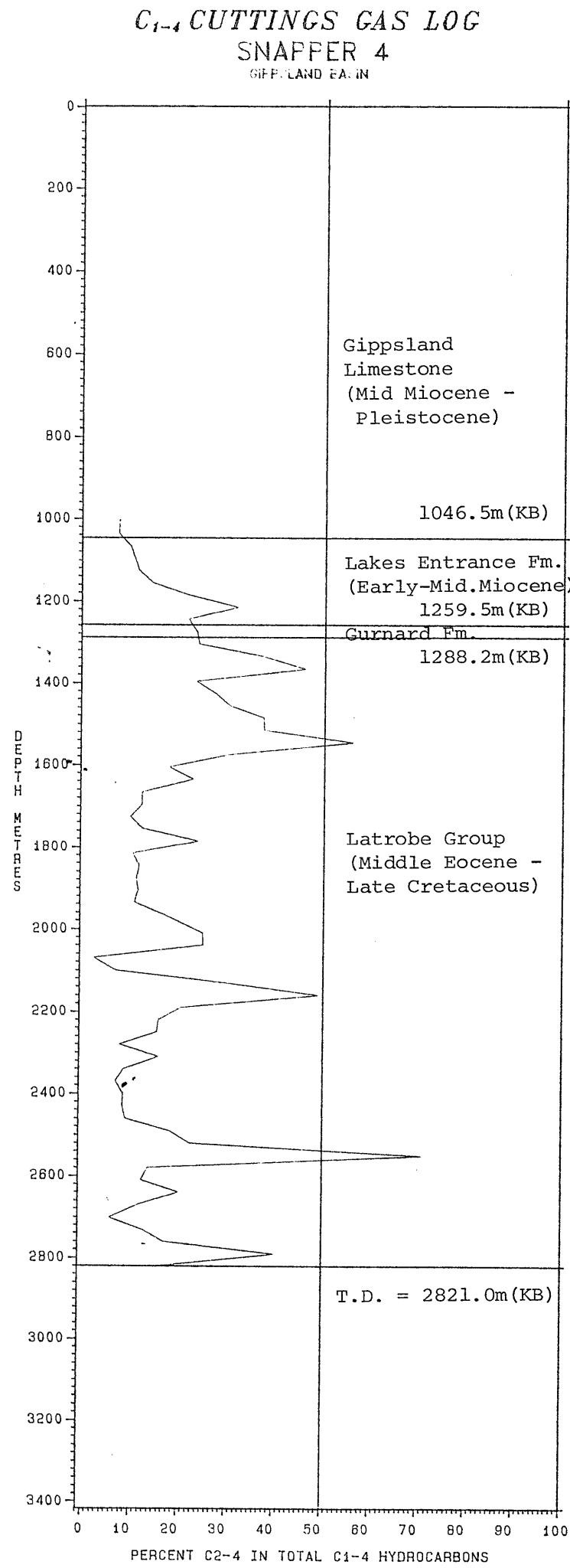
SAMPLE NO.	DEPTH	SAMPLE TYPE	AGE	FORMATION	PDB	0/00	-----	COMMENTS
77007	1410.00	OIL	EOCENE	LATROBE GROUP	δC13	SATS.	δC13 AROM.	-26.70 -25.40

## OIL - API GRAVITY,POUR POINT &amp; SULPHUR %

BASIN - GIPPSLAND  
WELL - SNAPPER 4

SAMPLE NO.	DEPTH	AGE	FORMATION	API GRAVITY	POUR PT.(OF)	SULPHUR %	COMMENTS
77007	1410.00	EOCENE	LATROBE GROUP	46.70	.00	.19	

Figure 1(b)



*C<sub>1</sub>-<sub>4</sub>* CUTTINGS GAS LOG  
SNAPPER 4  
GIPPSLAND BASIN

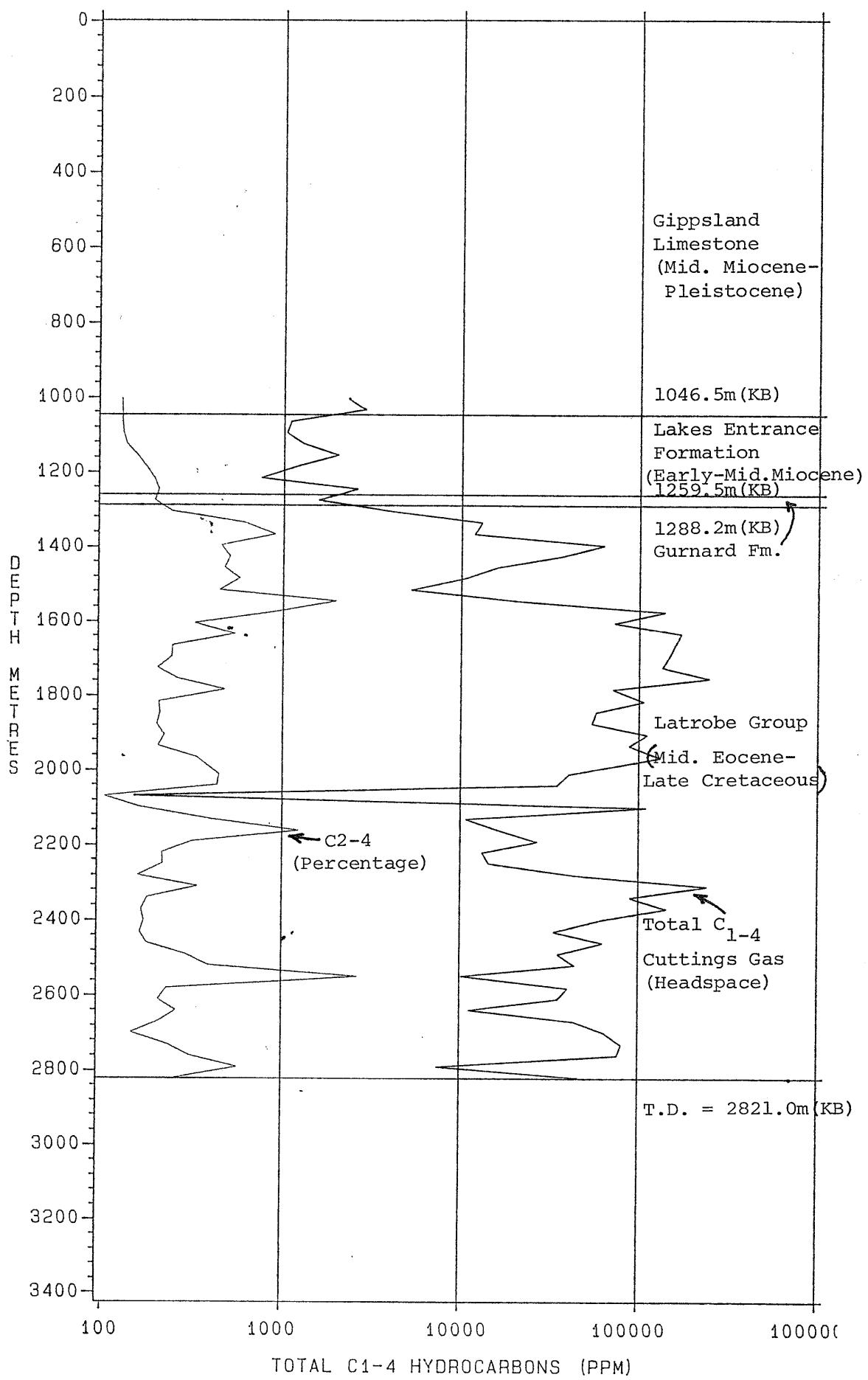


Figure 2

VITRINITE REFLECTANCE *vs.* DEPTH  
SNAPPER 4  
GIPPSLAND BASIN

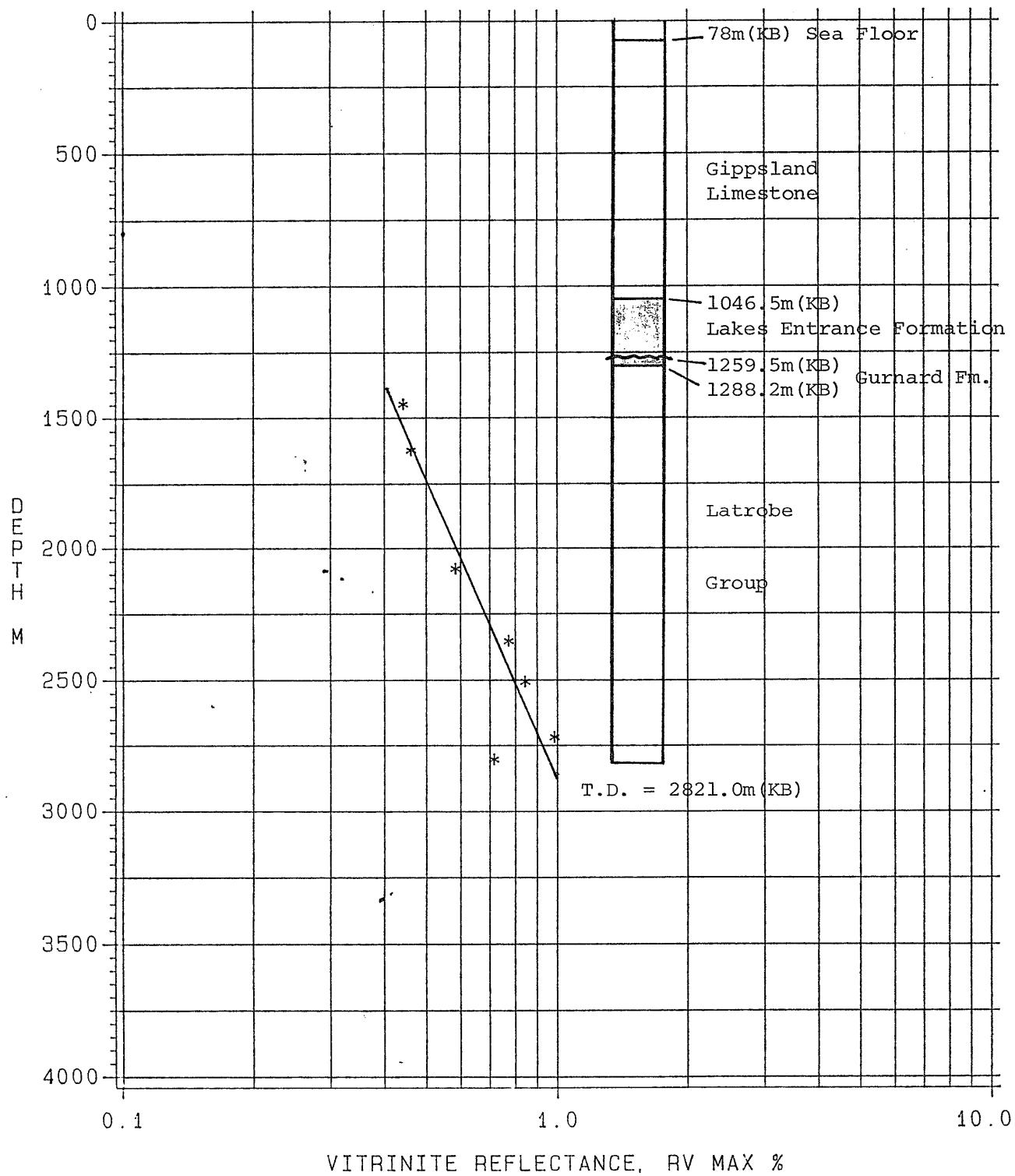


Figure 3

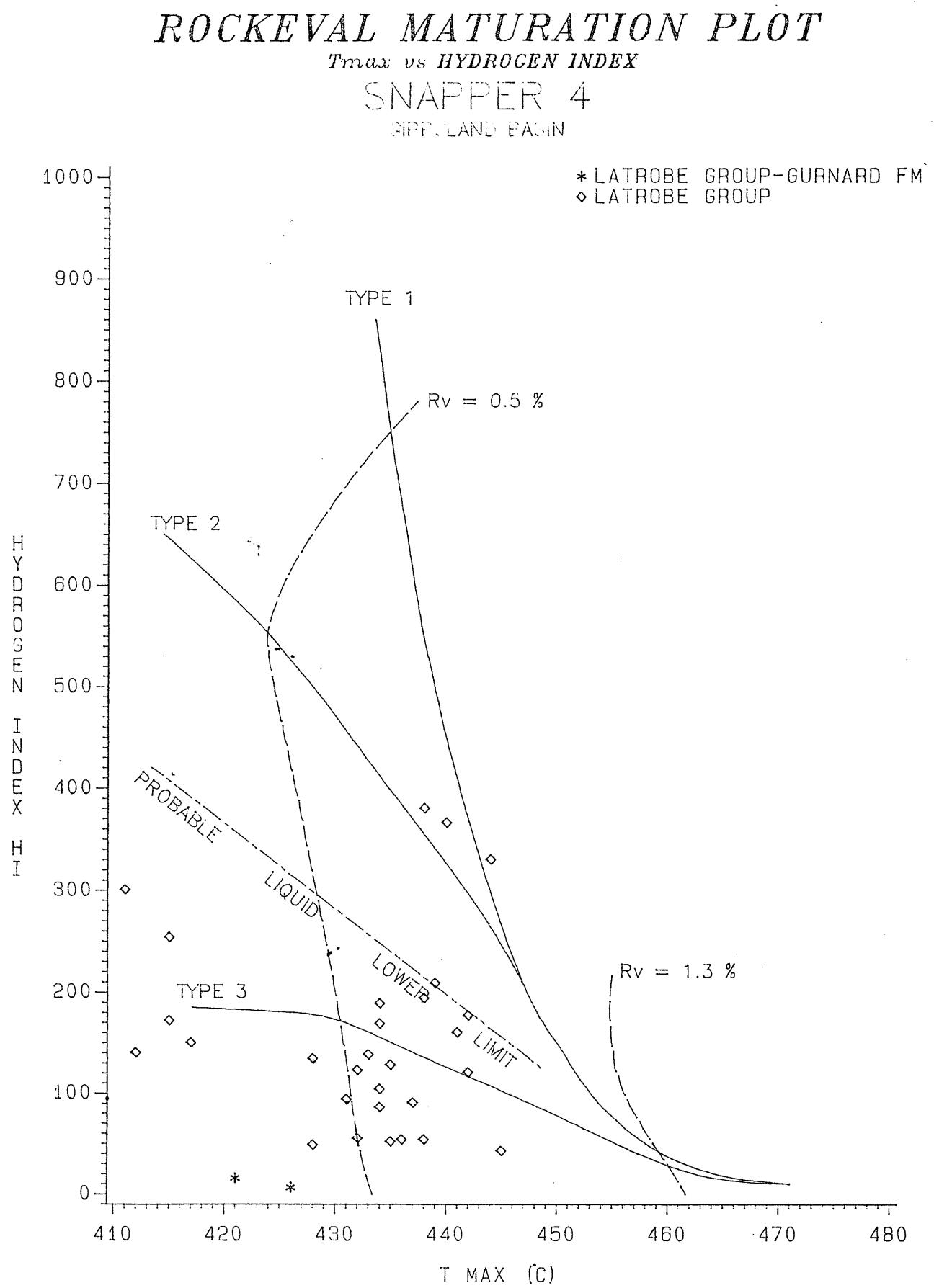


Figure 4

*KEROGEN TYPE*  
SNAPPER 4  
GIPPSLAND BASIN

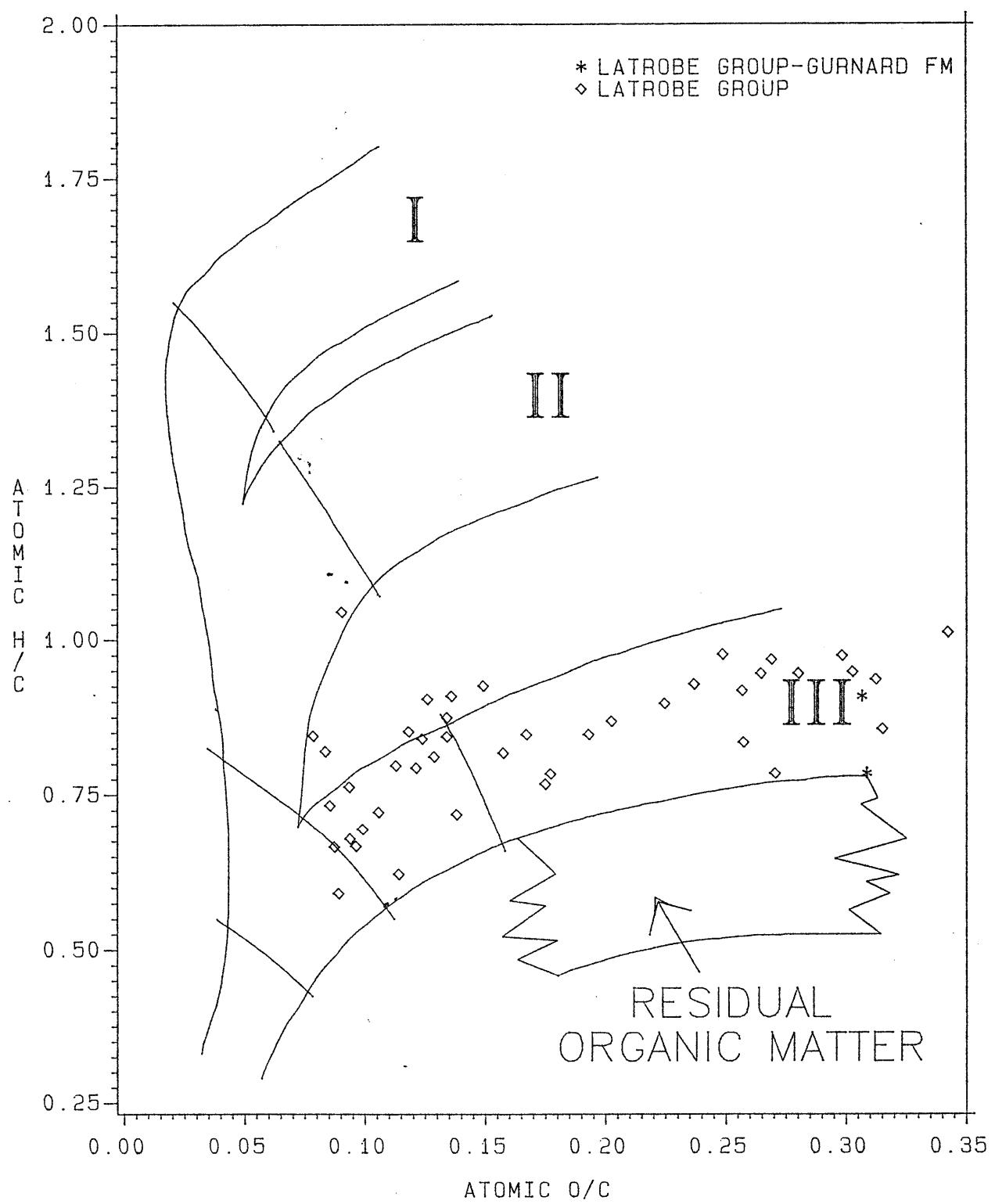
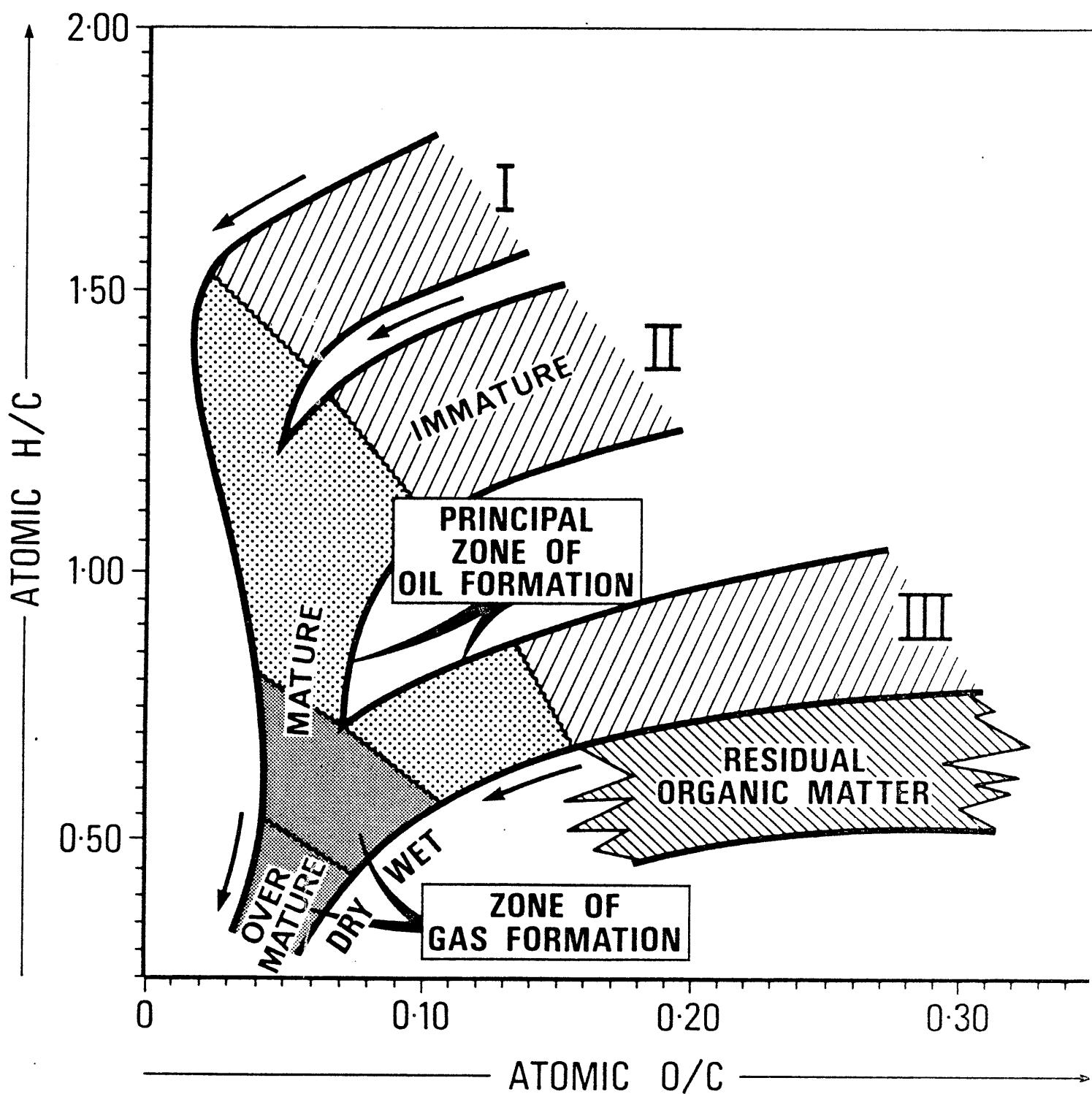


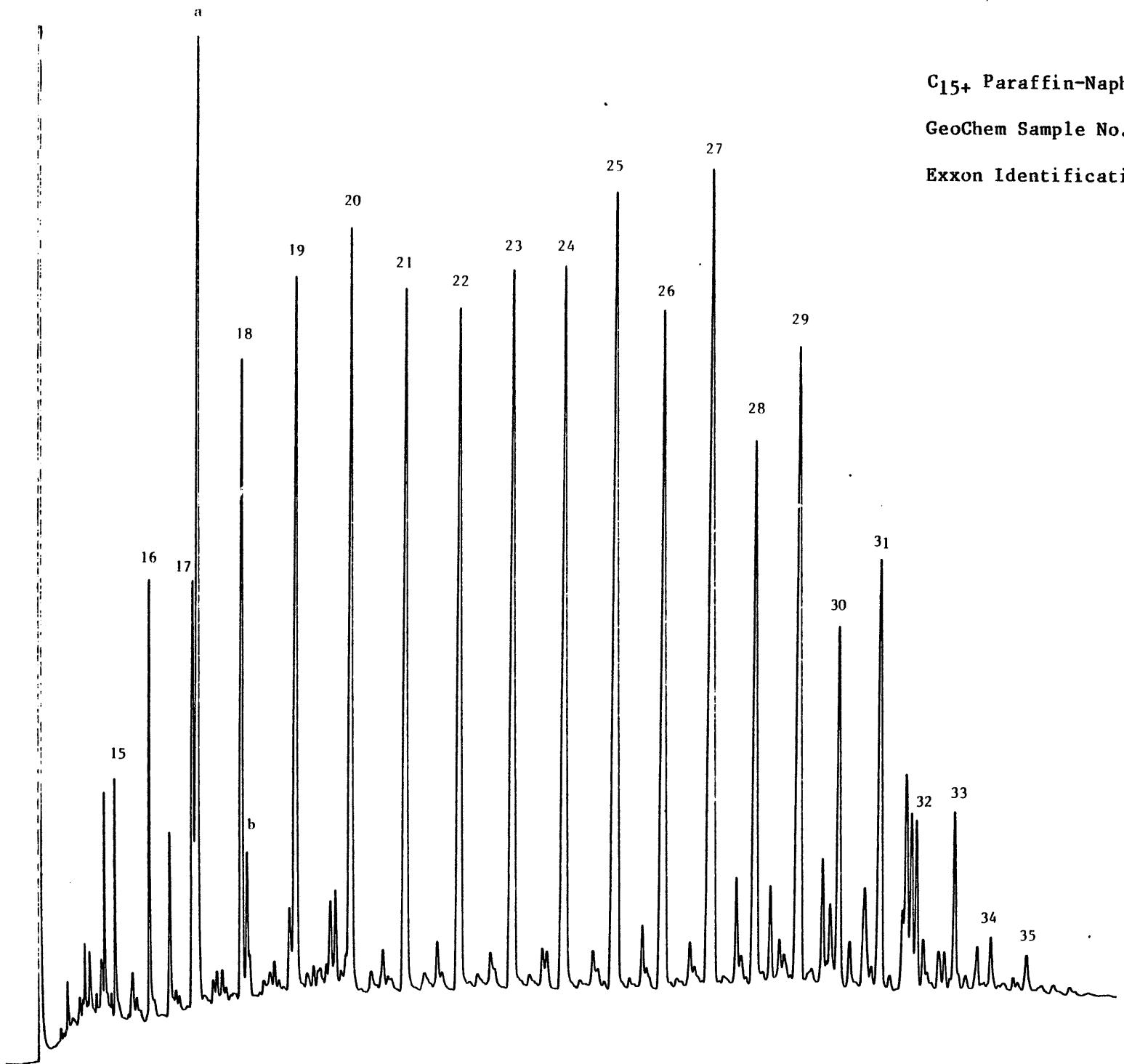
Figure 5



### PRINCIPAL PRODUCTS OF KEROGEN EVOLUTION

- Hatched pattern:  $\text{CO}_2, \text{H}_2\text{O}$
- Stippled pattern: OIL
- Shaded pattern: GAS

RESIDUAL ORGANIC MATTER  
(NO POTENTIAL FOR OIL OR GAS)



C<sub>15+</sub> Paraffin-Naphthene Hydrocarbon

GeoChem Sample No. E593-005

Exxon Identification No. 72732-R

Figure 6 : Snapper-4, cuttings Extract, 2040-2055m(KB), Latrobe Group

C<sub>15+</sub> Paraffin-Naphthene Hydrocarbon

GeoChem Sample No. E593-006

Exxon Identification No. 72733-L

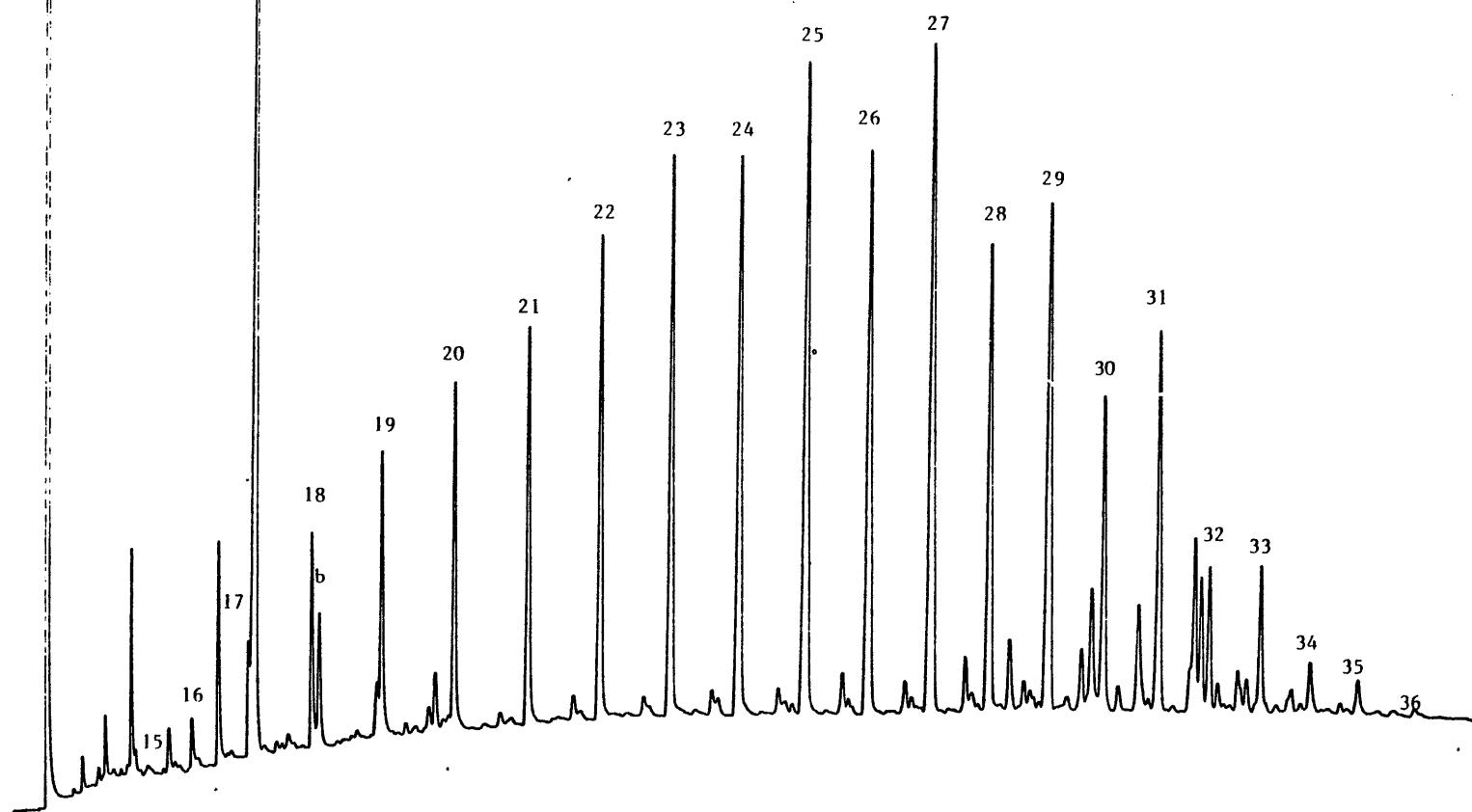


Figure 7 : Snapper-4, Cuttings Extract, 2340-2355m(KB), Latrobe Group

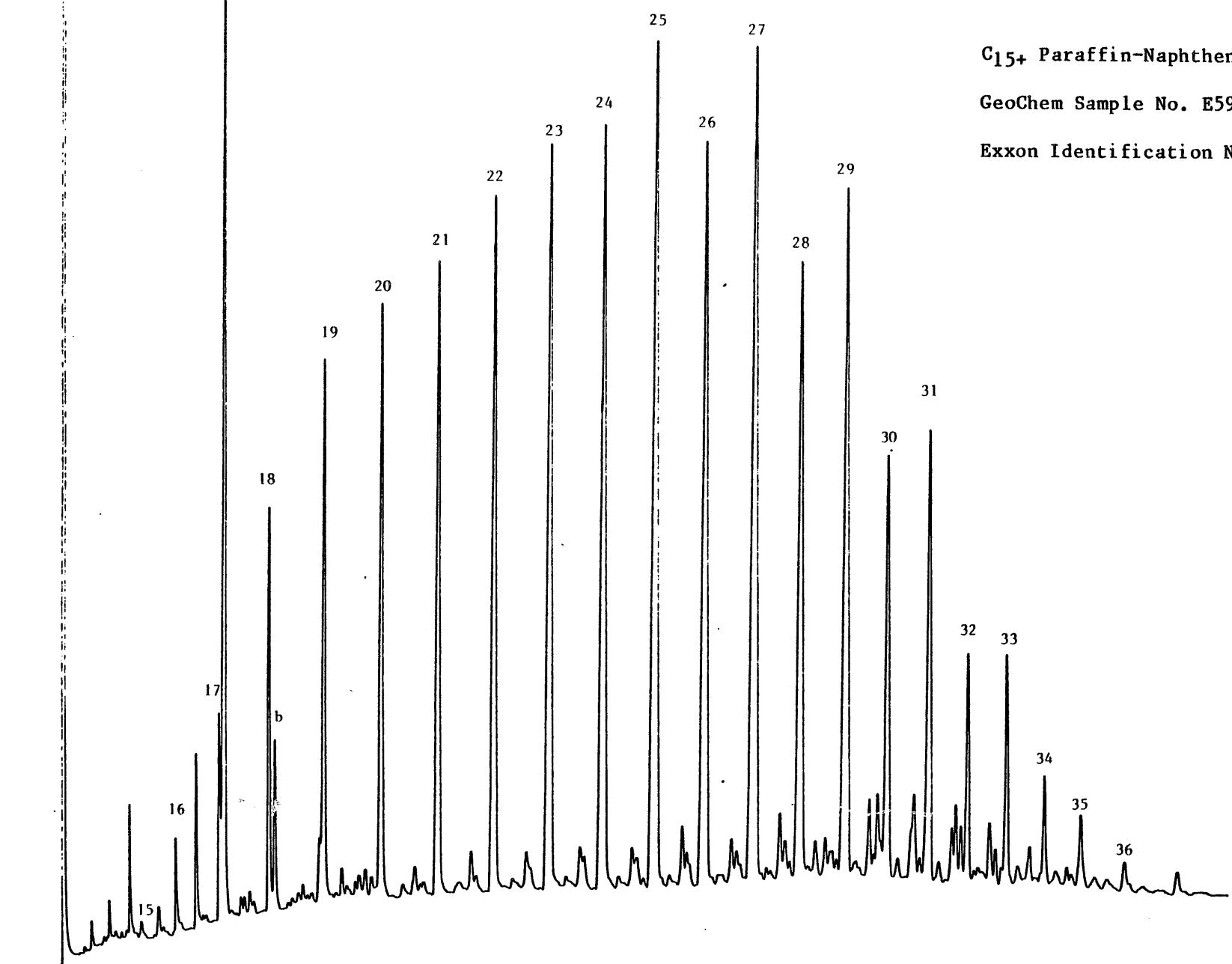


Figure 8 : Snapper-4, Cuttings Extract, 2505-2520m(KB), Latrobe Group

C<sub>15+</sub> Paraffin-Naphthene Hydrocarbon

GeoChem Sample No. E593-008

Exxon Identification No. 72734-0

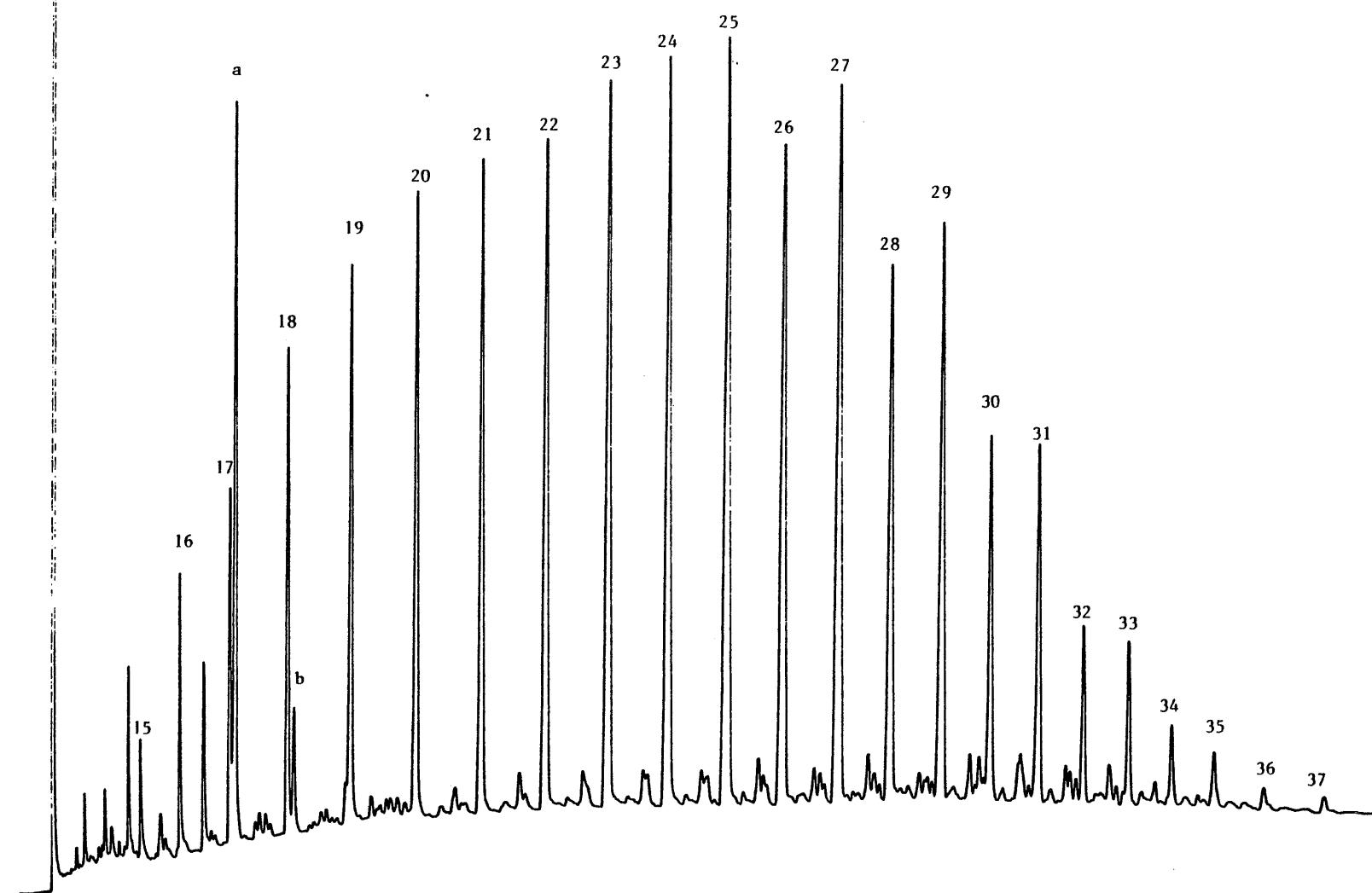


Figure 9 : Snapper-4, Cuttings Extract, 2775-2790m(KB), Latrobe Group

25

EPR#77007 SULFUR CMPD

-5

175

EPR#77007 HYDROCARBON

0

5 10 15 20 25 30 35 40 45

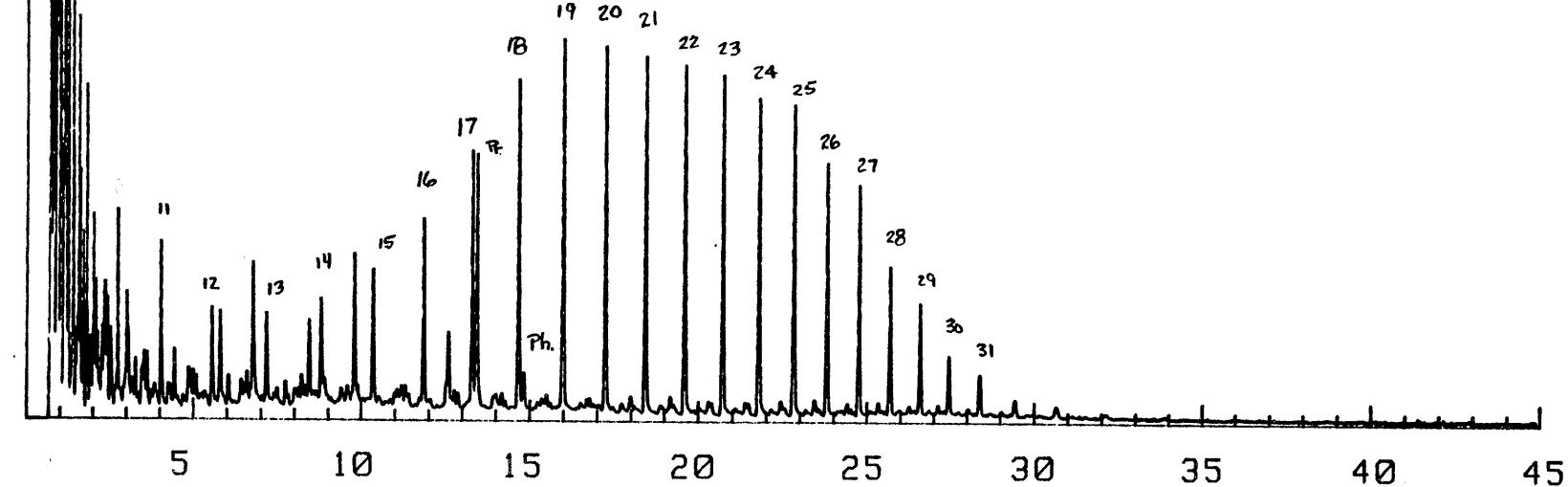


Figure 10 : Snapper-4, RFT 2/19, 1410m(KB), Whole Oil Gas Chromotogram

EPR#77007 SATURATE

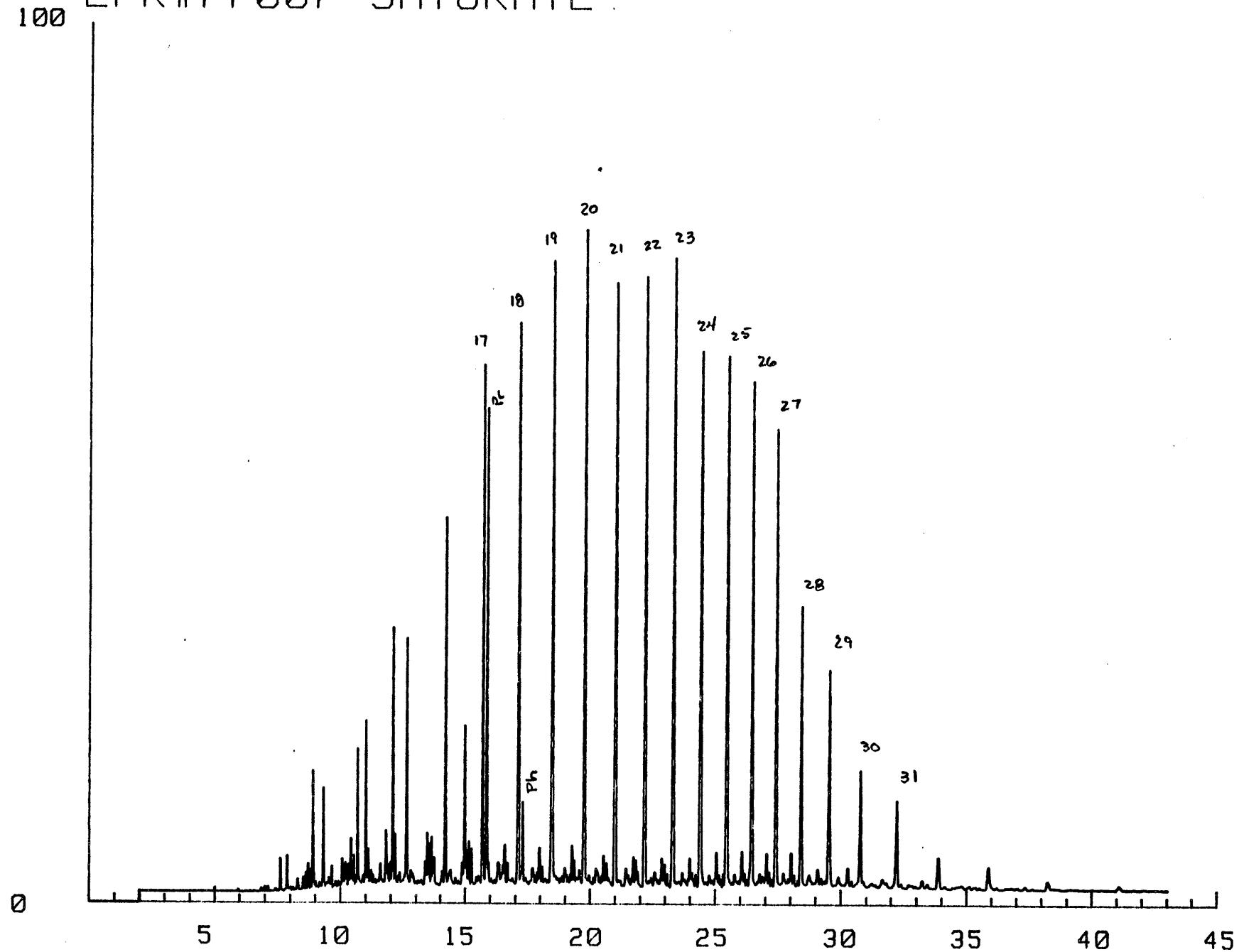


Figure 11 : Snapper-4, RFT 2/19, 1410m

## APPENDIX-1

18.11.83

A1/1

## SNAPPER No. 4

KK No.	Esso No.	Depth m	R <sub>max</sub> %	Range R <sub>max</sub> %	N	Exinite fluorescence (Remarks)
18819	72729	1621	0.46	0.37-0.54	29	Abundant liptodetrinite, yellow to orange, common sporinite, green to yellow, sparse suberinite, brown, rare fluorinite, yellow. (No clastic lithologies. Coal is clarite>vitrite>duroclarite. Vitrinite commonly micrinitized, framboidal pyrite common, ?sclerotinite rare. Slight oil cut.)
18820	72727	2078.9	0.58	0.50-0.71	23	Sparse sporinite, yellow, sparse cutinite, dull orange. (Siltstone>coal. D.o.m. abundant, Inertinite abundant, vitrinite common, exinite sparse. Coal is vitrinertite I. Pyrite abundant, framboidal and crystals.)
18821	72727	2352.2	0.77	0.69-0.85	28	Sparse sporinite, yellow to orange. (Siltstone>coal>sandstone. D.o.m. abundant, V>I>E. Vitrinite abundant, inertinite sparse to common, exinite sparse. Pyrite common and carbonate sparse.)
18822	72726	2504.9	0.84	0.74-0.94	18	Rare sporinite, orange to dull orange. (Siltstone. D.o.m. common to abundant, I>V>E. Inertinite common to abundant, vitrinite rare to sparse, exinite rare. Pyrite common, carbonate rare.)
18823	72726	2716.3	0.98	0.86-1.05	25	Abundant sporinite, orange to dull orange. (Coal>carbonate. D.o.m. common, V>I=E. Vitrinite common, inertinite and exinite absent. Coal is vitrite>duroclarite>inertite. Mineral matter fluorescence dull orange.)
18824	72726	2804	0.71	0.57-0.80	30	Abundant sporinite, yellow to orange, sparse cutinite, orange, sparse suberinite, brown. (Siltstone>coal. D.o.m. abundant, V=E>I. Vitrinite and exinite abundant, inertinite absent. Coal is vitrite>inertite. Mineral matter fluorescence orange, pyrite abundant in siltstone.)

25.7.83

A1/1

SNAPPER No. 4

KK No.	Esso No.	Depth m	R <sub>v</sub> max %	Range R <sub>v</sub> %	N	Exinite fluorescence (Remarks)
18227	72686	1446	0.44	0.34-0.49	20	Abundant sporinite, yellow to dull orange, abundant resinite/fluorinite, green to orange, common cutinite, orange. (Coal. Clarite= vitrite. Exinite abundant, inertinite sparse. Resinite=or>sporinite>cutinite. Pyrite common.)
-G		SWC				

# APPENDIX 6

SYNTHETIC SEISMIC TRACE

PARAMETERS

WELL: Snapper-4

TD: 2800 metres SS

KB: 21 metres

WATER DEPTH: 55 metres

POLARITY: Peak represents acoustic impedance increase.

PULSE TYPE: Zero phase, second derivative, gaussian function.

PEAK FREQUENCY: 25 Hz to 1390m, 20 Hz to 1540m, 12 Hz to 1750m,  
10 Hz to 2829m.

SAMPLE FREQUENCY: 3 metres

CHECK SHOT CORRECTIONS: Yes

COMMENTS: A synthetic seismic trace was generated over the  
depth interval of 800m KB - 2830m KB.  
  
Sonic and Density logs were edited as follows:  
  
Sonic - Values between 1510m KB and 1570m KB  
were held constant at 250 us/m.  
  
Density - Values between 1545m KB and 1570m KB  
were held constant at 2.2 g/cc.

0932L

PE902535

This is an enclosure indicator page.  
The enclosure PE902535 is enclosed within the  
container PE902529 at this location in this  
document.

The enclosure PE902535 has the following characteristics:

ITEM\_BARCODE = PE902535  
CONTAINER\_BARCODE = PE902529  
NAME = Synthetic Seismogram  
BASIN = GIPPSLAND  
PERMIT =  
TYPE = WELL  
SUBTYPE = SYNTH\_SEISMOGRAM  
DESCRIPTION = Synthetic Seismogram  
REMARKS =  
DATE\_CREATED = 12/07/84  
DATE RECEIVED = 12/10/84  
W\_NO = W827  
WELL\_NAME = Snapper-4  
CONTRACTOR = ESSO  
CLIENT\_OP\_CO = ESSO

(Inserted by DNRE - Vic Govt Mines Dept)

ENCLOSURES

PE902530

This is an enclosure indicator page.  
The enclosure PE902530 is enclosed within the  
container PE902529 at this location in this  
document.

The enclosure PE902530 has the following characteristics:

ITEM\_BARCODE = PE902530  
CONTAINER\_BARCODE = PE902529  
NAME = Structural Cross Section  
BASIN = GIPPSLAND  
PERMIT =  
TYPE = WELL  
SUBTYPE = CROSS\_SECTION  
DESCRIPTION = Structural Cross Section Below N-1.9  
Unit for Snapper-4  
REMARKS =  
DATE\_CREATED = 1/04/84  
DATE\_RECEIVED = 12/10/84  
W\_NO = W827  
WELL\_NAME = Snapper-4  
CONTRACTOR = ESSO  
CLIENT\_OP\_CO = ESSO

(Inserted by DNRE - Vic Govt Mines Dept)

PE902531

This is an enclosure indicator page.  
The enclosure PE902531 is enclosed within the  
container PE902529 at this location in this  
document.

The enclosure PE902531 has the following characteristics:

ITEM\_BARCODE = PE902531  
CONTAINER\_BARCODE = PE902529  
NAME = Structure Map Top of Latrobe Group  
BASIN = GIPPSLAND  
PERMIT =  
TYPE = SEISMIC  
SUBTYPE = HRZN CONTR\_MAP  
DESCRIPTION = Structure Map Top of Latrobe Group Top  
of N-1.0 Unit for Snapper-4  
REMARKS =  
DATE\_CREATED = 1/11/83  
DATE\_RECEIVED = 12/10/84  
W\_NO = W827  
WELL\_NAME = Snapper-4  
CONTRACTOR = ESSO  
CLIENT\_OP\_CO = ESSO

(Inserted by DNRE - Vic Govt Mines Dept)

PE902532

This is an enclosure indicator page.  
The enclosure PE902532 is enclosed within the  
container PE902529 at this location in this  
document.

The enclosure PE902532 has the following characteristics:

ITEM\_BARCODE = PE902532  
CONTAINER\_BARCODE = PE902529  
NAME = Structure Map P asperopolus Seismic  
Marker  
BASIN = GIPPSLAND  
PERMIT =  
TYPE = SEISMIC  
SUBTYPE = HRZN CONTR\_MAP  
DESCRIPTION = Structure Map P asperopolus Seismic  
Marker Top of N-1.4 Unit for Snapper-4  
REMARKS =  
DATE\_CREATED = 1/01/84  
DATE RECEIVED = 12/10/84  
W\_NO = W827  
WELL\_NAME = Snapper-4  
CONTRACTOR = ESSO  
CLIENT\_OP\_CO = ESSO

(Inserted by DNRE - Vic Govt Mines Dept)

PE902533

This is an enclosure indicator page.  
The enclosure PE902533 is enclosed within the  
container PE902529 at this location in this  
document.

The enclosure PE902533 has the following characteristics:

ITEM\_BARCODE = PE902533  
CONTAINER\_BARCODE = PE902529  
NAME = Structure Map Upper Mdiversus Seismic  
Marker  
BASIN = GIPPSLAND  
PERMIT =  
TYPE = SEISMIC  
SUBTYPE = HRZN CONTR MAP  
DESCRIPTION = Structure Map Upper Mdiversus Seismic  
Marker Top of N-1.9 Unit for Snapper-4  
REMARKS =  
DATE\_CREATED = 1/01/84  
DATE RECEIVED = 12/10/84  
W\_NO = W827  
WELL\_NAME = Snapper-4  
CONTRACTOR = ESSO  
CLIENT\_OP\_CO = ESSO

(Inserted by DNRE - Vic Govt Mines Dept)

PE902534

This is an enclosure indicator page.  
The enclosure PE902534 is enclosed within the  
container PE902529 at this location in this  
document.

The enclosure PE902534 has the following characteristics:

ITEM\_BARCODE = PE902534  
CONTAINER\_BARCODE = PE902529  
NAME = Structure Map Top of L-1 Coal Unit  
BASIN = GIPPSLAND  
PERMIT =  
TYPE = SEISMIC  
SUBTYPE = HRZN CONTR\_MAP  
DESCRIPTION = Structure Map Top of L-1 Coal Unit  
REMARKS =  
DATE\_CREATED = 1/04/84  
DATE RECEIVED = 12/10/84  
W\_NO = W827  
WELL\_NAME = Snapper-4  
CONTRACTOR = ESSO  
CLIENT\_OP\_CO = ESSO

(Inserted by DNRE - Vic Govt Mines Dept)

PE601252

This is an enclosure indicator page.  
The enclosure PE601252 is enclosed within the  
container PE902529 at this location in this  
document.

The enclosure PE601252 has the following characteristics:

ITEM\_BARCODE = PE601252  
CONTAINER\_BARCODE = PE902529  
NAME = Well Completion Report  
BASIN = GIPPSLAND  
PERMIT =  
TYPE = WELL  
SUBTYPE = WCR\_RPT  
DESCRIPTION = Well Completion Report  
REMARKS =  
DATE\_CREATED = 2/07/83  
DATE RECEIVED = 12/10/84  
W\_NO = W827  
WELL\_NAME = Snapper-4  
CONTRACTOR = ESSO  
CLIENT\_OP\_CO = ESSO

(Inserted by DNRE - Vic Govt Mines Dept)