

SUBSIDY REPORT M O R W O N G -1 VICTORIA, AUSTRALIA

Ву

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Esso Australia Ltd.

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Evaluation of Source Rockes Properties peretrated by well Morwong-1, Anshalia (PE906524)

I. SUMMARY

(1) Drilling

Morwong-1 was drilled to a T.D. of 8,003' by Global Marine's floating rig "Glomar Conception". The rig commenced operations on December 9, 1972. The well was spudded on December 10, 1972 and was abandoned on December 27, 1972. Total rig time was 18.03 days.

Casing was set at 639' (20" in 26" hole) and 2748' (10-3/4" in 13-3/4" hole).

The well was plugged over the intervals 2850'-2573' and 505'-300'. The well head and pile joint were shot off and pulled to surface.

(2) Geological

Miocene to Recent marls, limestones, mudstones and calcarenites were drilled to a depth of 5422' (-5390') where the top of the Latrobe Group was encountered 180' below the original estimate. The Eocene and Paleocene section was found to consist of interbedded sandstones, shales and coals as anticipated.

The well encountered no hydrocarbon shows. Although many sand zones in the Latrobe have good porosity and permeability, they are water saturated.

II. INTRODUCTION

The Morwong-1 well was programmed to test a combined structural-stratigraphic trap located against the eastern side of the Marlin Channel between the Marlin and Tuna Fields. The trap is formed by Paleocene and Eocene sediments of the Latrobe Group being truncated and scaled in an updip position by the impermeable shales and marls infilling the Marlin channel.

The well was located in the same fault block as the Turrum-1 well and it was anticipated that it would also test the downdip limits of the gas reservoir found in Turrum-1.

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III. WELL HISTORY

- 3 -

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(1) General Data
 (i) Well Name and Number
 MORWONG-1

Es.

- (ii) <u>Operator and Address</u>
 Esso Exploration and Production Australia Inc.
 C/- Price Waterhouse Nominees (Victoria) Pty. Ltd.
 The National Mutual Centre,
 447 Collins Street,
 MELBOURNE VICTORIA 3000.
- (iii) Title Holder and Address

Hematite Petroleum Pty. Ltd. B.H.P. House, 140 William Street, MELBOURNE VICTORIA 3000.

(iv) Petroleum Title

Petroleum Production Licence Vic L/4

(v) <u>District</u>

A.M.G. Zone 55

(vi) <u>Location</u> Latitude 38⁰ 13' 42.63'' S Longitude 148⁰ 18' 45.32'' E

(vii) <u>Elevation</u>

Mean Sea Level (Water depth 208')

(viii) Total Depth

8,003'.

- (ix) <u>Spud Date</u>
 - December 10, 1972
- (x) Date T.D. Reached

December 26, 1972.

- (xi) <u>Date of Completion</u> December 27, 1972.
- (xii) <u>Rig Released</u> December 27, 1972.
- (xiii) <u>Drilling Time</u>

Total Drilling time 18.03 days (actual time on bottom 9.75 days)

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ie.

- (xiv) <u>Status</u> Plugged and abandoned as dry hole.
- (xv) <u>Total Cost</u> A.\$430,000

WELL HISTORY (Cont'd)

- (2) Drilling Data
 - (i)Name and Address of Drilling Contractor Global Marine A/Asia Pty. Ltd. 380 Lonsdale Street, 3000. MELBOURNE VICTOR!A ç. (ii)Drilling Plant National 1625 Make: Type: Diesel Electric Rated Capacity with 25000 ft. with 5" drill pipe. Drill Pipe Used: Motors: Make: General Electric (X2) Caterpillar (X8) Diesel Electric D398 VI2 Diesel Type: B.H.P.: 752 D1 x 2 8720 Intermittent 6800 Continuous (iii)Derrick Make: Build by Continental EMSCo. using a Global Marine Design. Standard type with travelling block guide rails. Type: Rated Capacity: 1,000,000 lb. Pumps (i_V) Make: National x 2 N1300 Type: 1300 HP each Size: Pump Motors Make: General Electric DC Electric Type: B.H.P.: 752 - 2 per pump. (v) Blowout Preventer Equipment Make: Vetco/Shaffer/Cameron/Hydril Type: 3 Cameron, 1 Shaffer ram-type Preventors 1 Shaffer, 1 Hydril bag-type Preventer. Size: 16-3/4" for 5" drill pipe. **API** Series: 1500; 5000 psi working pressure. (vi)Hole Sizes and Depths 26" to 700' KB Conductor Hole: 13-3/4" to 2805' KB Surface Hole: 9-7/8" to 8003' KB. Exploration Hole: (vii) Casing and Liner Cementing Details Size Weight Grade Range Depth Set 2011 91.5 1b/ft X-52 LP 3 639' KB 2748' KB 10-3/4" 40.5 lb/ft J55 3 20'' 10-3/4" Position of Float Collar N/A Top of bottom joint Position of Float Shoe Bottom of string. Bottom of string: No. of Centralizers 6 10 Position of Centralizers Top and bottom of Top and bottom of bottom joint. lst joint, one on Top of 2nd joint every 2nd joint over free on 4th, 6th 16 joints total. 8th joints. No. of Scratchers Nil NII Position of Scratchers 1194 sxs 600 sxs Cement used. Top of Cement sca floor 1500' est.

Plug

· Method used (plug, multi-

stage, etc.)

Plug.

(viii)	Drilling Fluid Type: Average Weight: Brief Details of Treatment,	Lignosulphonate Fresh Water 10.6 ppg.				
	average weekly analysis:	de-s	Mud pumped over shale shaker and through de-silter. Thinning accomplished by addition of fresh water, Q-Broxin and CC16.			
		WT.	Vis.	W.L.	Filter Cake	pH Sand
		10.6	46	5.8	2/32	10.2 0.5%
	List of Types and quantity of Mud materials and chemicals consumed:	Bari	tor		1430 sx	
	chemicars consumed.	Gel Caus	tic osulpho	nate	795 sx 5,320 lb. 211 sx. 99 sx	
		Nitrate added to the mud system wa as tracer indicating filtrate reco on formation testing. From 4,870' desired concentration of nitrate w maintained at approximately 100 pp 5 lb. of commercial pellet fertili 100 bbls. of mud.				ecovery 70', the e was ppm using
(i×)	Water Supply					
	Barry's Beach tap water t	ransport	ted by	workboa	ts.	

(x) <u>Perforation & Shooting Record</u>

Ni 1

(xi) (a) Plugging Back Cementation Jobs

Length and Type of Plug: No. of sacks used: Methods uses: Whether plug job was satisfactorily tested: (b) Squeeze Cementation Job l 2 277'(2850'-2673') 205'(505'-300') Neat 15.6 ppg Neat 15.6 ppg 160 sx 94 sx Displacement through drill pipe. Yes Yes

(xii) Fishing Operation

Nil.

On connection just after drilling out the surface casing shoe at 2748' the top bumper sub parted. Two runs were made with an overshot before the fish was recovered.

- (xiii) <u>Side-tracked Hole</u> Nil.
- (3) Location
 - (i) <u>Site Investigations Carried Out</u> Nil.
 - (ii) Anchoring Methods

10 x 30,000 lb. anchors were laid by workboats in a 45° / 95° pattern on an average radius of 1700 ft.

- (iii) Transportation
 - 1. Helicopters from Longford
 - 2. Workboats from Barry's Beach

Sampling

(4)

(i) Ditch Cuttings

From 700', five sets of washed and dried samples every 10-30', to T.D. One set of unwashed, bagged samples every 10-30', one composite canned sample every 100'. All samples were lagged and caught off a standard shale shaker by Baroid Mud-Logging personnel under the supervision of an Esso wellsite geologist.

A set of washed and dried samples was taken for Hematite, Victorian Mines Department, and the Bureau of Mineral Resources - Subsidy Section. Esso retained two sets, one for paleontological processing and the other for storage. For descriptions see Appendix 3.

(ii) Coring

Interval	Footage	Recovery	Recovered %	
Cored	Cut	in Feet	,	
20110-01/2-01/2-01/2-01/2-01/2-01/2-01/2	and Topology (and the state of the second	and the Constraint State of the state of the state of the state of the State State State State State State State	and the second reasoning and the standard and the second second second second second second second second secon	
7546'-7553'	7'	7'	100%	
		Cored Cut	Interval Footage Recovery Cored Cut in Feet	

For a full description of the core see Appendix 4.

(iii) Sidewall Sampling

Sidewalls were taken by a Schlumberger wireline device. 30 cores from one gun were attempted and 30 were recovered.

Depth	Recovered	Depth	Recovered
7920'	5/8"	5603'	3/4"
77041	5/811	5460 '	1-1/2"
7526'	3/411	54181	3/41
7390	1/2''	5410'	1-1/2"
7284	5/811	53861	3/4/1
7148'	1/2"	5370'	1-3/4"
7044	7/8"	5305'	7/8"
6877'	-]11	4690 '	3/411
6752'	5/81	40671	1-3/8"
6636'	1-1/40	35261	1-1/2"
6492	7/81	3026'	1/2"
6378'	3/4"	2809'	1-1/41
6279	1/2"	-	
61481	1-1/8"		
60181] 11		
59471	111		
5876'	111		
5746'	3/41		

All samples were retained by Esso for paleontological processing. Any residue or unused portions were placed in storage. For full descriptions see Appendix 4.

(5) Logging and Surveys

(i) Electric Logging

Management and a statistic statistic statistic statistic and a statistic and a statistic statistic statistic statistic statistic statistics and a statistics and a statistic statistic statistics and a statistic statis					
Log	Interval	Scale			
GR-BHCS-Cal ISF-SCT FDC-CNL-GR-Cal	2795-634 (GR to 280') 7996-2742 FDC & CNL 8003-5100 Cal to 2720':GR to 2550'	2 ¹¹ & 5 ¹¹ 2 ¹¹ & 5 ¹¹ 2 ¹¹ & 5 ¹¹			

Copies of all logs are in Enclosure 9.

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(ii) Penetration Rate & Gas Logging

Full records of penetration rates, chromatographic gas analyses and total gas measurements were made from 700' to T.D. Shale densities, 'd' exponent values and drillability measurements were made from 4000' to T.D. (See Enclosure 8.)

(iii) Temperature Surveys

Bottom hole temperatures were recorded by Schlumberger during logging. Maximum temperatures recorded are on each log header. A maximum BHT of 198°F was reached on the FDC/CNL/GR log, 9 hours after breaking circulation.

(iv) Other Well Surveys

A velocity survey was conducted at total depth (See Enclosure 6.)

6. Testing

No formation tests or production tests were carried out.

IV. GEOLOGY

(1) Summary of Previous Work

Exploration for oil and gas in the Gippsland Basin has been in progress since 1924 when oil and gas shows were encountered during the drilling of a water well near Lakes Entrance. A large number of wells were subsequently drilled by government agencies and private firms, all of which met with discouraging results, (K.A. Richards, B.M. Hopkins, 1969).

The modern exploration phase commenced onshore in 1954, when geophysical methods were used to defineate drilling targets. None of those prospects drilled encountered significant hydrocarbon accumulations.

Offshore exploration began in 1960, when the Broken Hill Pty. Ltd. conducted an aeromagnetic survey over their offshore lease. In 1962 Hematite Petroleum (a wholly owned subsidiary of B.H.P.) shot 1005 miles of single-fold, analog seismic data.

In 1964, an agreement between Esso and B.H.P. was ratified for the exploration of the Gippsland Basin. Later that year Esso conducted the "EG" seismic survey (722 miles) and on June 5, 1965 completed the first Gippsland offshore well as a gas discovery (Barracouta-1, previously known as EGS-1).

Subsequent Esso/BHP seismic surveys are as follows:

1966	ET Survey
1967 .	EX Survey
	EC Survey
1968	EH Survey
	G69A Survey
1969	G69A Survey
	G69B Survey
1970	G69B Survey
	G70A Survey
1971	G71A Survey
	G71B Survey
1972	G72A Survey

Including the initial discovery, the drilling program to date has totalled 48 exploratory and stepout wells.

(2) Regional Geology

The Gippsland Basin occupies a portion of onshore Tasmania and South East Australia. Sedimentation has been continuous in some part of the basin from early Cretaceous to Recent time.

The Lower Cretaceous lacustrine and fluviatile greywackes of the Strzelecki Group were deposited within an east-west rift system, the north and south boundaries of which were created by the limits of extensional faulting.

Upper Cretaceous through Eocene rocks (the katrobe Group) represent a continuation of the lacustrine-fluviatile environment except that the quartz sandstones are more mature and develop better reservoir characteristics. From early Paleocene through Eocene, the nonmarine depositional environment had a laterally equivalent marginal marine and marine edge, primarily in the southcast portion of the basin. A substantial portion of the Eocene depositional patterns are attributed to a complex system of channel cut and fill and associated marine incursions, (E.A. James, P.R. Evans, 1971).

Rocks of Oligocene age are mainly fine grained marine mudstones which had slow depositional rates. The site of coarse clastic deposition was confined to the hinterland along a narrow zone in the Yallourn Valley in the north west portion of the onshore Basin area. Sedimentation during Early Miocene was similar to that of the Oligocene whereas very rapid deposition of marls, bryozoal-skeletal limestones and calcarenites occurred during Late Miocene through Pliocene. Submarine channelling and gross scour and fill features dominate the depositional characteristics and the resulting bedding configuration. The loading effect of this rapid deposition resulted in severe isostatic adjustment of the central to eastern portion of the offshore Gippsland Basin, with considerable tilting and change of the original Basin form.

Major oil and gas deposits have been discovered in the basin, most of which are found in either anticlinal culminations or combined anticlinal-paleotopographic closures at the top of the Latrobe Group.

(3) Stratigraphic Table

The stratigraphy encountered in Morwong-1 is summarised in the following table:

AGE	FORMATION	FM. TOP	SUBSEA DEPTH	THICKNESS
	Water	32' KB	Sea Level	2081
Miocene-Recent Mid Miocene	Gippsland Gippsland	240 ' 5389 '	- 208' -5357'	(5182'
Middle Paleocene to Early Eocene	Latrobe Group	54221	-5390'	2581' +

(4) Stratigraphic Descriptions

Gippsland Formation

- 900-2850 <u>Calcarenite</u>, light grey, soft to moderately hard, abundant foram tests and loose calcareous shell fragments embedded in a soft, calcareous, muddy matrix.
- 2850-3820 Marl, soft, clayey, light grey, interbedded with marl, harder, more calcareous, massive, darker grey. Abundant foram tests.
- 3820-4900 <u>Mudstone</u>, medium to dark grey, slightly fissile, slightly to highly calcareous, highly fossiliferous (dominantly foram tests). Becomes more indurated towards the base.
- 4900-5422 Shale, medium grey, highly calcareous, fossiliferous, becomes slightly silty towards base.
- 5422-5730 Interbedded sandstone and siltstone with minor coal.

Sandstone, clear, poorly consolidated quartz grains, very fine to medium grain, well sorted and rounded with traces of pyrite.

Siltstone, light brown, very carbonaceous, triable to well indurated, occasionally bleeding gas.

<u>Coal</u>, brown to black, dull to vitreous with traces of amber, often bleeding gas.

5730-8003 This interval is dominantly siltatone with minor sands and thin coal horizons.

> Siltstone, grey brown to brown, often delomitic, slightly friable to hard, carbonaceous.

Latrobe Group

5730-8003

Sandstone, frosted, consolidated quartz grains, very fine grained, well sorted, angular to well rounded, pyritic, calcareous cement with traces of dolomite.

Coal, black to brown, predominantly vitreous and brittle.

(5)Structure

Morwong, located midway between the Marlin and Tuna fields, is a combined paleotopographic and structural feature. It was formed by the Marlin Channel cutting the north-easterly plunging nose of the Marlin anticline. At this location the truncated Latrobe section is sealed in an updip position along the north-eastern channel edge.

Normal faulting, which divides the prospect into three fault blocks, increases closure to the north. These faults were active until approximately middle Eocene while the anticlinal growth occurred primarily from middle Eocene to middle Miocene.

Hydrocarbon Occurrence

No shows of oil or gas were encountered even though suitable reservoir sands with interbedded scaling shales and coals were present as predicted. The lack of hydrocarbons is attributed to the limited drainage area available for the prospect.

The well penetrated the equivalent stratigraphic section to the gas reservoirs encountered in the Turrum-1 well in a downdip position. However, no shows were recorded. Presumably the lateral extension of these gas sands is limited as they cannot be correlated into Morwong-1. Thus, it is impossible to estimate their regional extent.

Relevance to Geological Concepts

As predicted, the section penetrated to the top of the Latrobe Group consisted of Miocene to Recent marls, calcarenites and shales. There were no anomalous lithologies nor ages encountered.

Palynology indicates the Latrobe Group to be composed of Paleocene rocks overlain by a thin, eroded Lower Eocene section. Lithologically, the Latrobe section consists of alternating beds of thin, porous, point-bar sands; thick, silty, carbonaceous shales, thin crevasse sands, and thin coals. Neither the sands nor the coals could be correlated into Turrum-1. This sporadic, discontinuous deposition is typical of delta plain sedimentation. Such lithologies and their distribution were expected and necessary to the play concept.

The top of the Latrobe Group was 180' deeper than predicted by seismic interpretation. This depth discrepancy is due to the difficulties in seismic velocity interpretation in the area. This did not effect the structure significantly and does not detract from the validity of the test.

(8)Porosity and Permeability

The sandstones found in the Latrobe Group have excellent porosity and permeability. The overlying Gippsland Formation has no effective porosity (when the upper unconsolidated highly fossiliferous zone is disregarded). See Appendix No. V.

(6)

(7)

James, E.A., Evans, P.R.

"The Stratigraphy of Offshore Gippsland Basin, Australia", APEA March, 1971.

Richards, K.A., Hopkins, B.M."Exploration in the Gippsland, Bass & Otway Basins, Australia", ECAFE, 1969. Contour Map of Intra Latrobe Turrum Gas Sand Horizon 25' Above Gas Sand (-6901) Predrill.

Composite Structure Map Top Latrobe Group, Base of Turrum Formation, Base of Flounder Formation, Intra Latrobe Event. - Predrill.

- 2. Geological Cross Section A-A! Predrill.
 - Contour Map of Intra Latrobe Turrum Gas Sand Horizon 25' Above Gas Sand (-6901). PostDrill.

Composite Structure Map Top Latrobe Group, Base of Turrum Formation, Base of Flounder Formation, Intra Latrobe Event - Postdrill.

4. Geological Cross Section A-A! Postdrill.

5. Geological Cross Section - B-B! Postdrill.

6. Time-Depth Curve.

7. Well History Chart.

8. Rocklog.

Baroid PPM Gas Chromatograph Log. Baroid A.D.T. Log. Baroid 'd' Exponent/Drillability Log.

9. ISF/SONIC 2" ε 5" FDC/GR/CNL/CAL 2" ε 5" BHC SONIC/GR 2" ε 5" Composite Log



3.

1.

APPENDIX1

THE PALYNOLOGY OF MORWONG - 1, GIPPSLAND BASIN.

by.

A. D. PARTRIDGE

21st February 1973

INTRODUCTION

The spore-pollen zonation is based on well preserved and diverse assemblages from the sidewall cores. The same assemblages were recognised in the cuttings examined but these were not used in delimiting the zones because of the uncertainty of the depths owing to incorrect lag times.

The following spore-pollen zones are identified in Morwong-1:

Zone	Depth in Feet . Highest data Lowest data	Age
<u>Triporopollenites</u> <u>bellus</u> Zone	5370 - 5418	Miocene
Malvacipollis diversus Zone	5460 - 5746	Early Eocene
Lygistepollenites balmei Zone	5876 - 7920	Paleocene

COMMENTS

The palynological evidence indicates that the top of Latrobe Group unconformity lies between 5418 and 5460 feet and represents a time break from Early Eocene to Early Miocene.

Dinoflagellates dominate the palynological assemblages from the Lakes Entrance Formation and are absent or rare to common in assemblages from the Latrobe Group. In the latter those assemblages in which contain a high propotion of dinoflagellates are generally dominated by only a single species, either <u>Cyclonopelium retiintextum</u> or <u>Wetzeliella homomorpha</u>. Dinoflagellates were the only marine fossils found in the Latrobe Group and are probably indicative of only a very marginal marine environment.

Reworked Early Cretaceous spore-pollen are present in the <u>L.balmei</u> and <u>T. bellus</u> Zones. Paleocene and early Eccene spore-pollen derived from the underlying Latrobe Group were also observed in the <u>T.bellus</u> Zone.

At total depth Morwong-1 was still within the <u>L.balmei</u> Zone based on well preserved and diverse assemblages containing common <u>Lygistepollenites</u> <u>balmei</u>. The top of the zone is taken at the extinction of <u>Polycolpites</u> langstonii, Gambierina rudata and the last common occurrence of

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Australopollis obscurus and L.balmei.

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The <u>M. diversus</u> Zone is recognised by the occurrence of <u>Spinizonocolpites</u> <u>prominatus</u>, <u>Intratiporopollenites notabilis</u>, <u>Proteacidites grandis</u> <u>Polycolpites esobalteus</u> and the absence of any younger species. The occurrence of <u>L. balmei</u> and <u>A. obscurus</u>, indicator species for the underlying zone in the lowest sample (5746 feet) from the <u>M. diversus</u> Zone is considered to reflect the closeness of the zone boundary. The possibility of reworking is discounted because of the absence of other <u>L. balmei</u> Zone species while sample contamination has been checked for by reprocessing the sample.

The palynology assemblages between 5370 and 5418 feet are dominated by long ranging Oligocene-Miocene spore-pollen and dinoflagellate species which are referred to the <u>T.bellus</u> Zone on the basis of the occurrence of the spore <u>Rugulatisporites micraulaxus</u>,

SAMPLES EXAMINED

			· ·
	Sample	Depth (in feet)	Zone
	SWC 24	5370 <u>*</u> B D	<u>T. bellus Zone</u>
	SWC 23	5386*	11
	SWC 22	5410* K,B	11
	SWC 21	5418*	11
	SWC 20	5460*	Lower M.diversus Zone
	SWC 19	5603	11
	SWC 18	5746*	. 11
	SWC 17	5876*	<u>L.</u> b <u>almei</u> Zone
	SWC 16	5947*	11
	SWC 15	6018* K	11
•	SWC 14	6148*	11
	SWC 13	6279* K	11
	SWC 12	6378*	٢
	SWC 11	6492*	11
	SWC 10	6636	'n
	SWC 9	6752	n
	CELC O	6977 17	n

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1

* Dinoflagellates present.

Reworked spore-pollen present in the samples are indicated by the following letters after the depth K= Early Cretaceous B= <u>L.balmei</u> Zone reworking D =<u>M. diversus</u> Zone reworking

Rotary cutting samples were also examined from the following depths: 5380 - 400 ft (coal), 5460 - 70 ft, 5600 - 10 (coal) ft, 5810 - 20 ft, 5950 - 60ft, 6000 - 10 ft (coal), 6150 - 60 ft and 6200 - 10 ft.

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Spore-pollen and dinoflagellate distribution Morwong-1 : Sheet - 1

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• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	5370	5386	5410	5418	5460	5603	5746	5876	5947	6018	6148	6279	6378	6492	6636	6752	6877	7044	7148	7284	7390	7526	7552	7704	7920
SPORE-POLLEN																		Clearly to Antoin	*****			****			
Amosopollis dilwynensis										0				٠											
Australopollis obscurus	0								•	•		٥					٩	٠	0	6	•	٥	¢	•	
Baculatisporites disconformis					•		•	•	•	•			٠	٠									•		
Banksieaeidites elongatus						٠																			
Camarozonosporites bullatus								٠																	
Cupanieidites orthoteichus							•			•															
Cyatheacidites annulatus	•		•	٠																					
Cyathidites gigantis							\$																		
C. splendens		0			•	٠	•	٠	•	•	٠	٠		•		•			•	6			٠		
Dilwynites granulatus		•			٠	٠	•	٠		٠	•	•	4	•	•	٠		•	٠						
D. tuberculatus			÷				•			۵	٠														
Foveotriletes balteus				•			•			•	٠														
F. lacunosus		٠	ø																						
Gambierina rudata	ŀ							ø			٠		e	٠	•	٠				4	٩			۵	
Gephrapollenites calathus	-		•	•																					
Gleicheniidites/Clavifera	-				٠	•	•	٠	۵	٠	٠	۰	٩	٠	٠	•	•		8	•	٠	٠			
Haloragacidites harrisii		•	•		4		•	•		•					٠			٠							
Herkosporites elliottii	-		•					٠					٠	Ð	0		6	٠		•		ø	0	•	٠
Intratriporopollenites notabilis	}				•		٠																		
Ischyosporites gremius					0																	•			
Kuylisporites waterbolkii		•																							
Latrobosporites amplus																		•		Ģ					
L. crassus]							ø		٠		۵		•	٥	٠		٠	ø	æ	۲				
L. ohaiensis	ŀ																			•					
Lygistepollenites balmei	0						4	•	•	٠	•	٠	٠	•	•	٠	٠		٠	9	•	•	•	•	
L. florinii	•		•	٠		٠	6	9		•	•	•	ę	٠				6		ð	•				•
Malvacipollis diversus	ł																								
M. subtilis	· •				•		Ð	÷			•						•								
Matonisporites ornamentalis	•	6	٠	٠																					

Spore-pollen and dinoflagellate distribution Morwong-1 : Sheet - 3

	5370	5386	5410	5418	5460	5603	5746	5876	5947	6018	6148	6279	6378	6492	6636	6752	6877	7044	7148	7284	390	526	552	704	920
S.(Tripunctisporis) sp.						1		<u> </u>									9	~	2	~	~	~	~	~	~
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Tricolpites gillii	4						6			•				•				•					0		0
T. phillipsii							-			•	9					•			•	່ຍ	9	6		6	•
Tricolporites microreticulatus							~			•				4	0	4					\$	9			4
T. paenestriatus					•		a																		
Trilites tuberculiformis		• •		•	-	٩	•																		
Verrucosisporites cristatus						-						•			e										
V. kopukuensis	1	9	·		٩		ø	Ŷ	٠	٥	æ		8				•								
DINOFLAGELLATES																									
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D. dilwynensis					•																				
D. medcalfii										•											٥			ø	
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H. crassipellis							•																		
Hystrichosphaeropsis borussica			•				6														¢				
Kenleyia spp.			•		•																				
Lingulodinium machaerophorum	-	•	۵	4	•		9			0															
Nematosphaeropsis balcombiana				•	v																				
Operculodinium centrocarpum		•		•																					
Scriniodinium australiense			B	÷																					
Spinidinium sp.			, •																						
Systematophora placacantha		æ	-																		9			٩	
Tasmanites sp.	-																								
Wetzeliella homomorpha																									
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Spore-pollen and dinoflagellate distribution Morwong-1 : Sheet - 3

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	5370	5386	5410	5418	5460	5603	5746	5876	5947	6018	6148	6279	6378	6492	6636	6752	6877	7044	7148	7284	7390	7526	7552	7704	7920
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BASIN

GIPPSLAND

WELL NAME MORWONG-1

DATE

ELEVATION

+32 FEET

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[<u> </u>	, HI	GHE ST	DATA	<u></u>		LOW	EST	DATA		
AGE		PALYNOLOGIC ZONES	Preferred Depth	Rtg.	Alternate Depth	Rtg.	2 way time	Preferred Depth	Rtg	Alternate Depth	Rtg.	2 wa time
· · ·	<u>P</u> .	tuberculatus										
- 8	υ.	<u>N. asperus</u>										
	м.	<u>N. asperus</u>					, 					
	L.	<u>N. asperus</u>										
E	<u>P</u> .	asperopolus										
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	м.	<u>M. diversus</u>										
	L.	<u>M</u> . <u>diversus</u>	4560	0				5746	0			
NE	υ.	<u>L. balmei</u>	5867	0				6492	0			
PA LE OCENE	L.	<u>L. balmei</u>	6636	2	7148	0		7920	1			
PAL	<u>T</u> .	longus										
	<u>T</u> .	lilliei			-							
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E E	<u>c</u> .	trip./T.pach	•									
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		DINOFL	AGELLAT		CONES:	· ·		1			l	
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		<u> </u>	T. bellys	<u>po</u>	reproner	1201	<u>ne 13</u>	present	[10]	103/0[/		5410[
RATI	NGS	pollen l; SWC or pollen	and micro CORE, GOO or microp	plankt D CONF lankto	ion. <u>IDENCE</u> , as	sembl	age wit	e with zone h zone spec	ies	of spores	and	
		2; SWC or	CORE, POO microplan	R CONF	IDENCE, as	semb1	age wit	h non-diagn	osti	c spores,	polle	n
		3; CUTTIN	GS, <u>FAIR C</u>	ONFIDE	NCE, assem		with z	one species	of	either spo	re an	d
		4; CUTTIN	GS, <u>NO CON</u> lankton.	FIDENC	E, assembl	age w	ith non	-diagnostic	spo	res, polle	n and	/or
NOTE		If a sample c Also, if an e better confid	ntry is gi	ven a	3 or 4 con	fider	ice rati	ng, an alte	ent rnat	ry should e depth wi	be ma th a	de.
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DATA	RE	VISED BY: AL	D.P				DATE	Tan. 1975	5			· ·
FORM	No R	315 12/72			•							

BASIN

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GIPPSLAND BASIN DATE 22 Feb. 1973

NELL NAME MORWONG-1 ELEVATION + 32 feet.

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APPENDIX 2

FORAMINIFERAL BIOSTRATIGRAPHY

MORWONG - 1,

GIPPSLAND BASIN.

By

D. J. TAYLOR

25th January 1973

FORAMINIFERAL BIOSTRATIGRAPHY MORWONG-1 GIPPSLAND BASIN

Seventeen side wall cores were examined between 5876 and 2809 feet. No fauna was found in side wall cores at 5460, 5603, 5746 and 5876 feet. Some rotary cutting samples were examined but, as the designated depths were found to be unreliable, these samples are not included on the distribution sheets.

BIOSTRATIGRAPHY

Age	Zones	Depths in 1 Top	Feet Base
Upper Miocene	Zone D	2809	4690
11 11	Zone E	5305	5370
Lower Miocene	Zone F	5386	5418

The base of the foraminiferal sequence is at 5418 feet while the . highest sample examined is from 2809 feet.

The biostratigraphic zonation is that proposed by Taylor (1966) for off-shore Gippsland. Certain refinements to the scheme are in accordance with the New Zealand planktonic foraminiferal zonation outlined by Jenkins (1971).

The earliest fauna found is that at 5418 feet. Although preservation is poor, due to compaction and recrystallization, the association of <u>Globigerinoides trilobus</u> and <u>G</u>. <u>bisphericus</u> can be recognised. This association is diagnostic of Zone F which is at the top of the lower Miocene. The presence of Zone F at the base of the marine sequence, implies that the Oligocene and most of the lower Miocene is missing. More typical and diverse Zone F assemblages are present at 5410 and 5386 feet.

At 5370 feet, which is 16 feet above definite Zone F, <u>Orbulina suturalis</u> appears indicating the top of Zone E (= the <u>O</u>. <u>suturalis</u> Zone of Jenkins, 1971). It is probable that the basal part of Zone E (= the <u>P</u>. <u>glomerosa</u> curva Zone of Jenkins, 1971) is missing from the sequence. It is also noted that specimens at and above 5370 feet are not recrystallized. Zone E fauna is also present at 5305 feet.

The first appearance of <u>Orbulina universa</u> and <u>Globorotalia mayeri</u> <u>barisaensis</u> is at 4690 feet and this association persists to the highest sample at 2809 feet. Therefore the interval between 4690 and 2809 feet represents Zone D.

ENVIRONMENT

The basal marine sample at 5418 feet is composed entirely of planktonic foraminifera. The dominance of planktonic forms (over 90% of the total fauna) persists to 3520 feet. Obviously the sediment was a globigerinid ooze of deep water origin. This conclusion is confirmed by the fact that the benthonic fauna includes such deep water species as <u>Osangularia</u> <u>bengalensis</u>, <u>Discammina</u> <u>compressa</u>, <u>Siphouvigerina</u> <u>proboscidea</u> and <u>Sigmoilopsis</u> <u>schlumbergi</u>.

There is a marked decline in the percentage of planktonic fauna at and above 3026 feet. This decline is accompanied by a predominance of shallow water <u>Cibicides</u> spp. in the benthonic fauna. Thus depth of deposition became progressively shallower.

REFERENCES

JENKINS, D.G., 1971 - N.Z. Geol. Surv. Paleont. Bull. 42. TAYLOR, D.J., 1966 - Appendix in Comm. Aust. Petrol. Search Subsidy Acts Publ. 76.

DISTRIBUTION SHEETS

Sheets 1 & 2 Distribution of planktonic and benthonic foraminifera and biostratigraphy.

Key to Sheets

T = side wall cores at 2809; 3026; 3526; 4067; 4690; 5305; 5370; 5386

5410; 5418; 5460; (N.F.F.); 5603 (N.F.F.); 5746 (N.F.F.) and 5876 (N.F.F.)

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N.F.F. = No foraminifera found.

Rotary cutting samples were examined but depths were regarded as unreliable, so they are not included on distribution sheets. No conventional cores were examined.

• = 1 to 20 specimens.

= over 20 specimens.

- 3 -

MORWONG-1

Sheet 1 of 2 sheets

<u>-2800</u> +	3100 T	<u>3400 3700</u>	4000	<u>4300</u> <u>4600</u>	4900 5200	
PLANKTONICS		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•			
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Drhulina universa 1		I	I	•		
. Globorotalia mayeri barisanensi s		1	1	1 .		
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2. Glabigerinoides bisphericus			•	9		. 18 18
z Globgerina bulloides			• •	1		1 81
4. Globorotalia menardii				•		
Corbalina suturalis				-		a b
6. Globigerinoides trilobus (elongate)						6
CALC. BENTHONICS-I 7. Cibicides lobatulus (convex) 8. Cibicides cygnorum 9. Cibicides refulgens	î			· · · · ·		
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Morwong-I

SHEET 2 of 2 sheets.

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37. Bolivina robusta 38 Euuvigerina maynei 39. Siphouuvigerina probos CALC. BENTHONICS – <u>II</u>	sidae .			٠			6 8 8
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	2800			Γ	2	5395	5#18 F

BASIN GIPPSLAND	BY David J. Taylor	Loron R 190 3/21	660
WELL NAME MORWONG -1	DATE 22/1/73	ELEV. +32 feet	
Foram Zonules			- - - -
Highest Data	Att A Lowest B B F Data C C L	Quality 2 Way Time	
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G K Alternate Pre K		**************************************	-
*E2 appears to be absent. COMMENTS: Cuttings were regarde were found in SWC's a	ed as being unrèliable. at 5460, 5603, 5746, 5876	No foraminfera and 5947 feet.	
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APPENDIX 3

SAMPLE DESCRIPTIONS

MORWONG-1

12/12/72 H. Stead

750-2730 <u>Calcarenite</u>: light grey, soft, medium grained with abundant foram tests and calcareous shell fragments; soft marl matrix. Abundant cement cavings from 750' - 900'. Minor cement cavings below 900'.

2730-2790' <u>Calcarenite</u>: As above Trace <u>Marl</u>: light grey, very soft and sticky.

2790-2810' 80% <u>Calcarenite</u>: as above 20% <u>Marl</u>: as above

10%" casing @ 2748'. Dropped string below bumper-sub. after drilling through casing shoe.

2810-2890' Abundant cement cavings 50% <u>Marl</u> light grey, very soft and sticky, abundant foram tests 50% <u>Calcarenite</u>: light grey, fine grained, hard, grading to calcilutite

2890-2980' 100% <u>Marl</u>: light grey, very soft and sticky, with abundant foram. Marl washes out leaving loose foram tests in sample. Abundant cement cavings

2980-3040' 100% <u>Marl</u>: light - medium grey, very soft and sticky to moderately hard.

3040-3100' 100% <u>Marl</u>: as above, appears to be predominantly soft and sticky but with interbedded hard, consolidated layers.

3100-3310' 100% <u>Marl</u>: as above

3310-3340' 100% Marl: as above

3340-3370' 100% Marl, predominantly light grey, very soft and sticky

3370-3400' 100% <u>Marl</u>; light grey, very soft, very sticky, with abundant foram tests.

3400-3460' 100% Marl: as above

3460-3520' 100% <u>Marl</u>: as above

3520-3610' 100% <u>Marl</u>: as above

3610-3700' 100% <u>Marl</u>: light grey, very soft, very sticky, with abundant foram tests.

3700-3730' 100% <u>Marl</u>: as above

3730-3790' 100% Marl, grading to mudstone

3790-3820' 100% <u>Marl</u> grading to mudstone. medium grey, medium hard; with foram tests; becoming less calcareous; trace <u>gypsum</u> and trace brown-black <u>coal</u>?

<u>NOTE</u> CC16 (presolublised lignite) added to mud. Samples of CC16 contain both gypsum and black <u>bituminous coal</u>.

3820-3850' 100% <u>Mudstone</u>; medium grey; medium hard, very slightly fissile; calcareous, very fossiliferous (mainly forams)

Note trace coal, gypsum and pyrite observed but contributed to CC16. in mud.

3850-3880' 100% Mudstone as above

3880-3910' as above

3910-3970' 100% <u>Mudstone</u> as above Note: coal and gypsum becoming rare.

.../2

MORWONG-1

- 2 -

16/12/72 H. Stead

3970-4000'	<u>Mudstone</u> ; medium grey, moderately hard, very slightly fissile; slightly calcareous, with occasional fossil mainly forams
4000'-4030'	<u>Mudstone</u> as above
4030-4090'	<u>Mudstone</u> as above
4090-4150°	<u>Mudstone</u> as above
4150-4210'	<u>Mudstone</u> as above
4210-4360'	<u>Mudstone</u> , medium dark grey; moderately hard, slightly fissile, slightly calcareous; very fossiliferous
4360-4390'	<u>Mudstone</u> as above
4390-4420'	<u>Mudstone</u> as above
4420-4450 '	<u>Mudstone</u> as above
4450'-4463'	<u>Mudstone</u> as above
N. Bit @ 4463'	
4463-4480'	100% <u>Mudstone</u> as above
4480-4510 '	<u>Mudstone</u> as above
4510 - 4540'	100% <u>mudstone</u> , medium dark grey, moderately hard, slightly fissile, very calcareous, very fossiliferous
4540-4570 '	<u>Mudstone</u> as above
4570-4600 '	Mudstone grading to shale; becoming very fissile
4600 - 4630'	100% <u>Shale</u> ; medium dark grey; moderately hard, fissile, calcareous, fossiliferous
4630-4660'	50% <u>Shale</u> : as above 50% <u>Mudstone</u> ; light grey, soft, sticky, slightly calcareous, fossiliferous
4660-4690'	50% <u>Shale</u> as above 50% <u>Mudstone</u> as above
4690 - 4720'	50% <u>Shale</u> 50% <u>Mudstone</u>
4720-4780 '	50% <u>Shale</u> 50% <u>Mudstone</u>
4780-4810 '	as above
4810-4840'	as above
4870 '	Nitrate added to mud.
4840-4870 '	50% <u>Mudstone</u> as above 50% <u>Shale</u> - silty in part, medium dark grey, buff, moderately hard, fissile in part, very calcareous, very fossiliferous
4870-4900 '	50% <u>Shale</u> as above 50% <u>Mudstone</u> , light grey, very soft, mostly sticky, very calcareous, fossiliferous.
Formation Change?	
49004930 '	100% Shale -silty in part, medium dark grey - buff.

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[.]16/12/72 H. Stead

4930-4960'	100% <u>Shale</u> - silty in part; medium grey - buff; soft - moderately hard, very fossiliferous, very calcareous
4960-4990 '	100% <u>Shale</u> as above
4990 - 5020'	100% <u>Shale</u> - very silty, medium grey - buff, mpderately hard, fossiliferous, calcareous, <u>slightly pyritic</u> .
	17/12/72
5020-5050'	100% <u>Shale</u> - silty: medium grey - buff, moderately hard, very calcareous, very fossiliferous
5050-5080'	100% <u>Shale</u> - slightly silty as above
5080-5110'	as above
5110-5140'	as above
5140-5170'	100% <u>Shale</u> - slightly silty, medium grey - buff.
5170-5200'	100% <u>Shale</u> - very silty, buff - medium dark grey to green shale, pyritic, moderately hard, calcareous, very fossiliferous
5200-5230'	100% Shale as above, with trace glauconite, pyrite, gypsum,
5230-5260'	100% <u>Shale</u> - very silty, buff - medium grey, trace pyrite, calcareous, very fossiliferous, (mainly forams and bryozoa
5260-5290'	100% <u>Shale</u> - as above
5290-5320'	100% <u>Shale</u> - as above, trace pyrite, calcareous, very fossiliferous
5320-5340'	as above
5340-5360'	70% <u>Shale</u> as above 30% <u>Siltstone</u> , very light grey, very fossiliferous
5360÷5380'	50% <u>Siltstone</u> , light grey - buff; friable 40% <u>Shale</u> as above 10% Sand, clear; coarse grained, rounded; loose grains
Circulate samp	
5380-5390'	50% <u>Siltstone</u> , light brown, carbonaceous; friable, bleeding gas
	50% <u>Coal</u> , brown - black, dull, vitreous, bleeding gas. Trace of coarse <u>sand</u> grains
5390 - 5400'	70% <u>Siltstone</u> as above 30% <u>Coal</u> as above Trace loose coarse grains, quartz, No show. Abundant caving s
5400-5410'	60% <u>Sandstone</u> , clear quartz, unconsolidated, very fine to medium grained, well rounded; pyritic, no show. 40% <u>Siltstone</u> , light brown, carbonaceous, massive. Trace <u>coal</u> Abundant cavings
5410-5420'	80% <u>Siltstone</u> as above 10% <u>Sandstone</u> as above 10% <u>Shale</u>
	ne very fine grained and is being lost over screen. Desander g large quantity of <u>sandstone</u>
5420 - 5430'	50% <u>Sandstone</u> , clear quartz, unconsolidated, fine to medium grained, subangular to rounded, pyritic. No show. 50% <u>Siltstone</u> , light brown; carbonaceous, massive

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- 5430-5440' 60% <u>Sandstone</u> as above. No show 40% <u>Siltstone</u> as above.
- 5440-5450' 50% <u>Sandstone</u> as above. No show 50% <u>Siltstone</u>, as above.
- 5450-5460' 80% <u>Sandstone</u>, clear, loose quartz grains, fine to medium, subangular to rounded, pyritic, trace glauconite, No show 20% <u>Siltstone</u> as above
- 5460-5470' 20% <u>Sandstone</u> as above 20% <u>Siltstone</u> as above 50% <u>Shale</u> - very carbonaceous; medium to dark brown, firm 10% <u>Coal</u>
- 5470-5480' 20% <u>Siltstone</u> as above 70% <u>Shale</u> - very carbonaceous, as above, bleeding gas 10% <u>Coal</u> brown-black, bleeding gas.
- 5480-5490' 70% <u>Sandstone</u>, clear quartz, unconsolidated, very fine to medium grained, subangular to rounded, No show. Moderately sorted, pyritic 30% <u>Shale</u> - very carbonaceous, very silty, as above Abundant cavings
- 5490-5500' 70% <u>Sandstone</u> as above 30% <u>Shale</u> as above Abundant cavings
- 5500-5510' 50% <u>Sandstone</u> as above, no shows 30% <u>Siltstone</u>, very carbonaceous, friable, medium brown 20% <u>Shale</u>, dark brown, very carbonaceous, firm Abundant cavings
- 5510-5520' 50% <u>Sandstone</u> as above, no shows 50% <u>Siltstone</u> as above Abundant cavings
- 5520-5530' 70% <u>Sandstone</u> as above, no show 30% <u>Siltstone</u> as above Abundant cavings
- 5530-5540' 80% <u>Sandstone</u> as above, no show 20% <u>Siltstone</u> as above Abundant cavings
- 5540-5550' 60% <u>Sandstone</u> as above, No show 20% <u>Siltstone</u> as above Abundant cavings 20% <u>Coal</u>, brown-black, bleeding gas.
- 5550-5560' 70% <u>Sandstone</u>, clear quartz, unconsolidated, very fine to medium predominantly very fine grained, subangular to rounded, no show 30% <u>Siltstone</u> - shaly, very carbonaceous, dark brown Abundant cavings
- 5560-5570' 50% <u>Sandstone</u> as above, No show 50% <u>Siltstone</u> as above Abundant cavings
- <u>Note:</u> <u>Sandstone</u> very fine grained and is being lost over shaker screen. De-sander removing large quantities of very fine <u>sand</u>.
- 5570-5580' 100% Sandstone, clear quartz grains, unconsolidated, very fine to medium, predominantly very fine grained, subrounded to rounded, moderately well sorted, trace pyrite, no show Abundant cavings

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5580-5590' 20% <u>Sandstone</u> as above, No show 60% <u>Siltstone</u> as above 20% <u>Shale</u> as above Trace <u>coal</u> and abundant cavings

5590-5600' 10% <u>Sandstone</u> as above. No show 70% <u>Siltstone</u> 20% <u>Shale</u> Trace <u>coal</u> and abundant cavings

5600-5610' 100% <u>Coal</u>; dark brown-black, dull-vitreous, with trace <u>amber</u>; bleeding gas profusely C₁ 30,000 ppm. 26 units

5610-5620' 10% <u>Sandstone</u> as above 60% <u>Siltstone</u>; carbonaceous, dark brown, friable 30% <u>Shale</u> - very carbonaceous, with <u>coal</u> laminae Abundant cavings from marine section

- 5620-5630' 60% <u>Sandstone</u> as above 20% <u>Siltstone</u> as above 20% <u>Shale</u> as above Trace <u>coal</u>
- 5630-5640' as above
- 5640-5650' 80% Sand, clear unconsolidated quartz very fine to medium predominantly fine grained, subrounded to rounded, moderate sorting No show. 20% Siltstone as above

Note: Only reliable sample is one taken from flow line prior to screen

- 5650-5660' 100% <u>Sandstone</u>, clear quartz, unconsolidated, very fine to coarse grained, predominantly medium to coarse, well rounded moderately sorted, pyritic, No show Trace <u>siltstone</u> and <u>coal</u>
- 5660-5670' 80% Sandstone as above, No show 20% Siltstone, very carbonaceous, dark brown, friable Abundant cavings
- 5670-5680' 100% <u>Sandstone</u>, clear quartz, unconsolidated, very fine to coarse grained, predominantly medium to coarse, well rounded, moderately sorted, pyritic. No show
- 5680-5690' 50% <u>Sandstone</u> as above. No show 40% <u>Siltstone</u> as above 10% <u>Coal</u> as above
- 5690-5700' 70% <u>Sandstone</u>. No show 30% <u>Siltstone</u>; very carbonaceous, dark brown Abundant cavings
- 5700-5710' 80% <u>Sandstone</u>, clear quartz, unconsolidated, coarse to pebbly, angular, to subrounded, poor sorting, No show 20% <u>Siltstone</u> - carbonaceous as above Abundant cavings
- 5710-5720' 50% <u>Sandstone</u> 50% <u>Siltstone</u> Abundant cavings
- 5720-5730' as above
- 5730-5740' 50% <u>Siltstone</u> 50% <u>Shale</u> - very carbonaceous, dark brown, with <u>coal</u> laminae, firm.

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5740 - 5750'	20% <u>Siltstone</u> 80% <u>Shale</u> , very carbonaceous, pyritic, firm
5750-5760' P.O.H. for N.E N.B. @ 5770'	100% <u>Shale</u> , as above . at 5769.
5760-5770 '	40% <u>Siltstone</u> ; very carbonaceous, friable, dark brown, 60% <u>Shale</u> , very carbonaceous, dark brown with <u>coal</u> laminae, slight gas bleed.
5770-5780 '	30% <u>Siltstone</u> as above 70% <u>Shale</u> as above Trace <u>coal</u>
5780 - 5790'	30% <u>Siltstone</u> as above 70% <u>Shale</u> as above Trace <u>sandstone</u>
5790-5800 '	50% <u>Siltstone</u> buff - dark brown, very carbonaceous in part, friable 50% <u>Shale</u> as above
5800-5810'	80% <u>Siltstone</u> as above 20% <u>Shale</u> as above
5810-5820'	80% <u>Siltstone</u> as abo v e 20% <u>Shale</u> as above
5820-5830'	10% <u>Dolomite</u> , light brown, very hard, massive, conchoidal fracture; 60% <u>Siltstone</u> ; buff light brown, carbonaceous, friable 30% <u>Shale</u> carbonaceous, firm
5830 - 5840'	60% <u>Siltstone</u> buff - light brown; carbonaceous, dolomitic, cement, friable - hard: 40% <u>Shale</u> as above
5840-5850 '	70% <u>Siltstone</u> as above 30% <u>Shale</u> as above
5850-5860'	20% <u>Siltstone</u> 80% <u>Goal</u> brown - black, bleeding gas, dull - vitreous, pyritic.
5860-5870	80% <u>Siltstone</u> as above 20% <u>Coal</u> Trace <u>dolomite</u> and s <u>hale</u>
5870-5880'	100% <u>Coal</u>
5880 - 5890'	10% <u>Dolomite</u> 90% <u>Siltstone</u> ; buff-light brown friable to hard, dolomitic cement; trace amber and coal, dull yellow mineral fluorescence. Trace <u>sandstone</u>
5890 - 5900'	10% <u>Dolomite</u> as above 90% <u>Siltstone</u> as above Trace <u>Sandstone</u>
5900-5910'	10% <u>Dolomite</u> 90% <u>Siltstone</u> Trace <u>sandstone</u>
5910 - 5920'	70% <u>Sandstone</u> ; clear - frosted quartz grains, loose, very fine to medium grained, subrounded to rounded; moderately well sorted, with pyrite and glauconite grains, good porosity and permeability. No show 30% <u>Siltstone</u>

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H. Stead 17/12/72

5920-5930' 20% <u>Sandstone</u> as above 80% <u>Siltstone</u> light grey - buff; dolomitic in part, micaceous, friable - hard, dull yellow, mineral fluorescence. 5930-5940' 30% Shale as above 70% Coal; bleeding gas Trace siltstone and sandstone 5940-5950' 30% Shale as above 60% Siltstone as above, very carbonaceous 10% <u>Coal</u> 5950-5960' 80% Siltstone - carbonaceous, dolomitic in part; buffdark brown, dull mineral fluorescence 20% Shale as above 18/12/72 5960-5970' 70% Sandstone; clear loose quartz grain, very fine to pebble, predominantly medium to coarse, subangular to subrounded, poorly sorted, dull yellow mineral fluorescence, no cut, no show 30% Siltstone as above, carbonaceous 5970-80' 20% Sandstone; frosted consolidated quartz, very fine grained, well sorted, subangular to subrounded pyritic, calcareous cement; moderately hard, trace dolomite, very dull yellow mineral fluorescence, no cut. no show 80% siltstone as above, carbonaceous 5980-5990' 30% Sandstone as above 70% Siltstone as above 5990-6000' 10% <u>Sandstone</u> as above 90% Siltstone, buff-dark brown; friable to hard, carbonaceous, micaceous, dolomitic in part, dull yellow mineral fluorescence; No show 6000-6010¹. 10% Sandstone as above 60% Siltstone as above 30% Shale buff - light brown, soft to firm, carbonaceous in part 6010-6020' 50% Shale 50% <u>Coal</u> 6020-6030' 30% Siltstone+ 70% Shale 6030-6040' 50% Siltstone 50% Shale, very carbonaceous, silty, dark brown; bleeding gas. 10% Sandstone, consolidated, very fine grained, calcareous 6040-6050' cement, fair - poor porosity and permeability. No show 60% Siltstone as above 30% Shale as above 6050-6060' 10% Sandstone as above, abundant pyrite 60% Siltstone as above 30% Shale as above 6060-6070' 10% Sandstone as above 90% Siltstone 6070-6080' 30% Sandstone, calcareous cement, argillaceous, very fine to silty, trace mica, poor permeability and porosity, no show dull yellow mineral fluorescence. 10% Sandstone, clear, unconsolidated grains; medium to coarse grained. No show 60% Siltstone; buff .../8

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	6080-6090'	40% <u>Sandstone</u> , very light grey, very fine - silty, moderate sorting; argillaceous, calcareous, trace mica, trace dolomite; poor porosity and permeability: trace dull yellow mineral fluorescence. No show 60% <u>Siltstone</u> as above
	6090-6100'	60% <u>Siltstone</u> as above 40% <u>Shale</u> as above
	6100-6110'	20% <u>Siltstone</u> , medium brown, carbonaceous, argillaceous, mica; very friable to hard. 80% <u>Coal</u> , dark brown - black, dull-vitreous, slight gas bleed
	6110-6120'	10% <u>Dolomite</u> , buff, very hard, brittle, conchoidal fracture 90% <u>Shale</u> ; grey - buff; firm
	6120-6130'	50% <u>Dolomite</u> , buff, hard, massive 30% <u>Siltstone</u> as above 20% <u>Shale</u> as above
	6130-6140'	50% <u>Dolomite</u> buff; hard, massive 50% <u>Siltstone</u> ; buff, carbonaceous, dolomitic, firm to hard
	6140-6150'	60% <u>Dolomite</u> as above 10% <u>Sandstone</u> , very fine grained as above 30% <u>Siltstone</u> as above
	6150-6160'	<pre>10% Sandstone light grey, very fine grained, consolidated, subangular to subrounded, argillaceous and calcareous cement 30% Dolomite as above 30% Siltstone as above 20% Shale as above</pre>
-	6160-6170'	20% <u>Sandstone</u> , light grey, very fine grained, subangular to subrounded, moderately well sorted, partly argillaceous and calcareous 30% <u>Dolomite</u> as above 50% <u>Siltstone</u> , very carbonaceous, dolomitic in part, firm to hard.
	6170-6180'	10% <u>Sandstone</u> as above 20% <u>Dolomite</u> 70% <u>Siltstone</u> - dolomitic
	6180-6190'	100% <u>Siltstone</u> - dolomitic; buff, hard; brittle, conchoidal fracture
	6190-6200'	60% <u>Siltstone</u> -dolomitic 40% <u>Shale</u>
	6200-6210'	40% <u>Siltstone</u> - dolomitic 60% <u>Coal</u>
	6210-6230 '	80% <u>Siltstone</u> , buff, very dolomitic in part, carbonaceous, friable- very hard.
	P.O.H. for New	20% <u>Shale</u> - brown carbonaceous, firm. Bit 6247'.

MORWORG-1

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December 18, 1972

B. McKay/ B. Braham

6230 - 40' (L.A.T.)	100% <u>Calcareous Mudstone</u> , light grey-dark grey, moderstely soft - firm. (Cavings)
	Tr, <u>Coal</u>
6240 - 50'	30% <u>Siltstone</u> , brown, non calcareous, carbonaceous, moderately firm. Trace <u>Coal</u> , <u>sandstone</u> , <u>pyrite</u> , <u>dolomite</u> .
	70% <u>Cavings</u>
6250' - 60'	50% <u>Siltstone</u> 10% <u>Coal</u> 40% <u>Cavings</u> (calcareous mudstone)
6260 - 701	30% <u>Siltstone</u> slightly sandy in part. 20% <u>Dolomite</u> 50% <u>Cavings</u>
6270' - 80'	90% <u>Siltstone</u> , brown, very dolomitic in part, carbonaceous. 10% <u>Coal</u> Tr. <u>Cavings</u>
	Circulate @ 6316'
6280' - 90'	90% <u>Siltstone</u> , grey byown - brown as above. 10% <u>Coal</u> Trace <u>Sand</u>
6290' - 6300'	20% <u>Coal</u> , black, trace ember 80% <u>Siltstone</u> , very dolomitic Abundant cavings
6300' - 20'	100% <u>Siltstone</u> , sandy, dolomitic, no show (fine sand may be washing away) pyrite Desander: minor sand, common pyrite
6320' - 40'	Samples predominantly cavings of calc. mudstone. 20% <u>Coal</u> , black, hard brittle 80% <u>Siltstone</u> , brown, carbonaceous, slightly dolomitic, slightly sandy in part
6340' - 50'	30% <u>Coal</u> slightly shaly 70% <u>Siltstone</u> sandy, pyritic
6350' - 60'	90% <u>Sandstone</u> , buff - grey, silt - fine, tight, hard dolomitic, slightly pyritic, no fluorescence. 10% <u>Siltstone</u> as above
6360' - 70'	90% <u>Sandstone</u> , very dolomitic, tight 10% <u>Siltstone</u> as above.
6370' - 80'	20% <u>Coal</u> 20% <u>Sandstone</u> trace loose quartz 60% <u>Siltstone</u>
6330' - 90'	20% <u>Coal</u> 50% <u>Sandstone</u> as above 30% <u>Siltstone</u>
6390' - 6400'	80% <u>Sandstone</u> , very silty, dolomític 20% <u>Siltstone</u>

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MORWONG-1

December 19, 1972. Bruce McKay/B.Braham

6400' - 10'	60% <u>Siltstone</u> tending sandy 20% <u>Dolomite</u> , microcrystalline 20% <u>Sandstone</u> , very fine to fine, silty, dolomitic, tight
6410' - 20'	100% <u>Siltstone</u> , brown, dolomitic, sandy in part.
6420' - 40'	10% <u>Coal</u> 10% <u>Sandstone</u> 80% <u>Siltstone</u>
6440' - 50'	40% <u>Coal</u> 20% <u>Siltstone</u> 40% <u>Shale</u> , brown, soft - moderately firm, slightly silty
6450' - 70'	20% <u>Coal</u> 20% <u>Siltstone</u> 60% <u>Shale</u> , samples muddy Occasional coarse - very coarse, subrounded to rounded clear quartz grains throughout.
6470' - 80'	10% <u>Coal</u> 90% <u>Siltstone</u> shaly in part
	6497 - POOH to CB Run J-33
6480' - 90'	Predominantly cavings 10% <u>Coal</u> 90% <u>Siltstone</u>
6490' - 6500'	100% <u>Coal</u> black, silty in part, slight bleed of gas Trace pyrite
6500' - 10'	20% <u>Coal</u> 40% <u>Siltstone</u> , brown, friable to firm, carbonaceous 30% <u>Sandstone</u> , grey, friable to firm, silty to very fine, slightly micaceous, no show 10% <u>Dolomitic siltstone</u> , grey, tight
6510' - 20'	20% <u>Coal</u> 10% <u>Sandstone</u> , low porosity/permeability, no show 20% <u>Dolomitic</u> siltstone 50% <u>Siltstone</u>
6520' - 40'	30% <u>Coal</u> 60% <u>Siltstone</u> 10% <u>Sandstone</u> , dolomitic in part, slightly friable to hard, no show
6540' - 50'	90% <u>Siltstone</u> , slightly sandy 10% <u>Sandstone</u> , silty to fine, occasionally medium, carbonaceous in part, as above Rare loose quartz
6550' - 60'	90% <u>Coal</u> 10% <u>Siltstone</u>
6560' - 70'	30% <u>Coal</u> 30% <u>Siltstone</u> , tending sandy 40% <u>Sand</u> , milky - white, medium to very coarse, subangular to subrounded, unconsolidated, no show
6570' - 80'	50% <u>Siltstone</u> 50% <u>Sand</u> , minor sandstone, medium to coarse, friable to hard, some clay matrix, trace pyrite.
6580! - 90'	70% Siltstone

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19th December, 1972 Bruce McKay/Ben Braham

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6590' - 6620' ;	90% <u>Siltstone</u> becoming sandy 10% <u>Sand/Sandstone</u>	
6620' - 30'	100% <u>Siltstone</u> , sardy in part Trace <u>Quartz</u> , <u>Sandstone</u>	Circulate @ 6653 Drilling break 8-10'about 100'/hr
6630! - 40'	80% <u>Siltstone</u> , brown, carbonaceous, sandy 20% <u>Sandstone</u> , light grey, very fine to f grained and silt - medium, brown grey, po friable, fair - good porosity/permeability	ine, even orly sorted,
6640' - 50'	70% <u>Siltstone</u> , sandy 30% <u>Sandstone</u> , light grey - brown grey, s poorly sorted in part, trace dolomite, py to firm, no show, fair porosity/permeabil:	rite, friable
6650' - 70'	90% <u>Siltstone</u> brown, carbonaceous, sandy 10% <u>Sandstone,</u> silty - medium	
6670' - 80'	10% <u>Coal</u> 90% <u>Siltstone</u> Trace Sandstone	•
6680' - 6700'	100% Siltstone	
6700' - 10'	90% <u>Siltstone</u> 10% <u>Sandstone</u> , some loose quartz grains, p	oyritic
6710' - 40'	100% Siltstone, minor sandstone	
6740' - 50'	10% <u>Coal</u> 90% <u>Siltstone</u>	
6750' - 60'	90% <u>Siltstone</u> 10% <u>Sandstone</u>	
6760' - 70'	80% <u>Siltstone</u> 20% <u>Sandstone</u> , buff, fine to medium, subar subrounded, moderately sorted, dolomitic of calcareous clay matrix, tight, very poor p and permeability, abundant mineral fluores quartz common	or slightly porosity
6770' - 80'	40% <u>Siltstone</u> 60% <u>Sandstone</u> , very fine to medium, occasi poor to moderate sorting, subangular to su dolomitic clay cement/matrix, tight, hard, mineral fluorescence, no show, occasional grains	ibrounded, gold yellow.
6780' - 90'	90% <u>Sandstone</u> , firm - hard, welded appears tight bright gold yellow mineral fluoresce crush cut. 10% <u>Siltstone</u>	
6790' - 6810'	30% <u>Sendstone</u> , mineral fluorescence only a pyrite 70% <u>Siltstone</u>	as above, trace
6810' - 30'	20% <u>Sandstone</u> , mineral fluorescence, carbo 80% <u>Siltstone</u> , slightly sandy	onaceous in part
6830' - 40'	20% <u>Sandstone</u> , abundant pyrite 80% <u>Siltstone</u>	
6840' - 60'	10% <u>Sandstone</u> , trace friable silty sandsto 90% <u>Siltstune</u>	one, pyrite common
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	•	-12 - <u>MORWONG-1</u> 20th December, 1972 Bruce McKay/	•
	6860' - 70'	10% <u>Coal</u> 70% <u>Siltstone</u> , sandy in part 20% <u>Sandstone</u>	
	6870' - 80'	40% <u>Coal</u> 40% <u>Siltstone</u> 20% <u>Sandstone</u> , minor fluorescence even grained fair porosity and permeability, no show mostly tight dolomite with bright mineral fluorescence.	
	6880' - 90'	30% Sandstone dirtier, carbonaceous 70% <u>Siltstone</u>	
	6890' - 6900'	20% <u>Sandstone</u> , dolomite to mineral fluorescence 80% <u>Siltstone</u>	
	6900' - 10'	40% Siltstone, sandyCirculate samples20% Sandstone, grey-brown grey, silty - medium, friable to firm, dolomitic in part, some mineral fluorescence generally carbonaceous, no showCirculate samples40% Siltstone, grey-brown grey, G 6932 Erratic break up to 75'/hr.Circulate samples	nace paintee
		40% <u>Sand</u> , medium to very coarse, milky-white, loose quartz grains, subangular to subrounded, trace pyrite, no show	
	6910' - 20'	10% <u>Siltstone</u> , trace coal 10% <u>Sandstone</u> , carbonaceous - dolomitic, tight -fair porosity and permeability, no show, some mineral fluorescence 80% <u>Sand</u> , medium to very coarse, subrounded, trace pyrite, no show	
	6920' - 30'	20% <u>Siltstone</u> to silty sandstone 10% <u>Sandstone</u> , some bright mineral fluorescence. 70% <u>Sand</u> , coarse to granule, subrounded to rounded, pyrite common, no show	
	6930' - 40'	10% Sandstone 90% Sand	
	6940' - 50'	30% <u>Sand</u> 70% <u>Sandstone</u> , dolomitic, matrix - mineral fluorescence	
	6950' - 60'	80% <u>Sand</u> , clear - white, medium to granular, subangular to rounded 20% <u>Sandstone</u> bright mineral fluorescence, no cut	
	6960' - 70'	80% <u>Sand</u> , clear-white, coarse to granular, subangular to rounded, unconsolidated, no show 20% <u>Sandstone</u> , buff, brown grey, dolomitic, matrix. fine to coarse, subangular, poorly sorted, bright mineral fluorescence.	
	6970' - 90'	100% Sand, trace sandstone, pyrite	
	6990' - 7000'	80% <u>Sand</u> , trace sandstone 20% <u>Siltstone</u>	
	7000' - 7010'	20% <u>Sand</u> 80% <u>Siltstone</u> , brown grey to brown, very sandy in part carbonaceous, friable to firm.	
	7010' - 20'	30% <u>Sand</u> 70% <u>Siltstone</u> , trace coal	
	7020' - 40'	100% Siltstone, tending to very fine sandstone buff - grey brown, friable to hard, dolomitic in part Minor sand, trace coal	
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MORWONG-1

	Bruce McKay
7040' - 50'	90% <u>Coal</u> , brown black - black, moderately firm 10% <u>Siltstone/Sand</u>
7050' - 60' :	20% <u>Coal</u> 50% <u>Siltstone</u> , sandy 30% <u>Sandstone</u> silty white - buff,-light grey, unconsolidated - moderately firm, clay matrix, dull mineral fluorescence.
7060' - 70'	10% <u>Coal</u> 20% <u>Sandstone</u> including unconsolidated sand, pyrite 70% <u>Siltstone</u>
7070! - 80	20% Sand and Sandstone 80% Siltstone
7080' - 90'	90% <u>Siltstone</u> , buff - brown, carbonaceous, slightly dolomitic. 10% <u>Sand</u> , subrounded to rounded, very coarse, quartz grains, pyritic, mineral fluorescence in dolomitic sandstone
7090' - 7100'	10% <u>Coal</u> 10% <u>Sand</u> minor sandstone 80% <u>Siltstone</u> sandy
7100' - 7110'	(Cavings common in all samples) 20% <u>Goal</u> 10% <u>Sand</u> and <u>Sandstone</u> 70% <u>Siltstone</u>
7110' - 7130'	10% <u>Sand</u> and <u>Sandstone</u> 90% <u>Siltstone</u> , trace coal
7130' - 40'	100% <u>Siltstone</u> Trace Sand
7140' - 70'	100% Siltstone, occasional quartz grains
7170' - 7180'	100% <u>Coal</u> , silty in part.
7180' - 7200'	10% <u>Coal</u> 90% <u>Siltstone,</u> sandy, pyritic, trace mineral fluorescence. in sandy grains
7200' - 7230'	100% Siltstone, trace sandstone, silty; pyritic.
7230' - 40'	80% <u>Coal</u> , black, shiny, hard, brittle bleeding gas (HW 16 units Cuttings 45 units) 20% <u>Siltstone</u>
7240' - 60'	10% <u>Coal</u> 90% <u>Siltstone</u> , sandy, carbonaceous, pyritic Trace sandstone with mineral fluorescence.
7260' - 70'	10% <u>Coal</u> 90% <u>Siltstone</u> as above (GRAB SAMPLE 7270-75 70% <u>Coal</u> Cuttings 45 units HW 6 units
7270' - 80'	20% <u>Coal</u> 80% <u>Siltstone</u> as above
7280' - 7300'	100% <u>Siltstone</u> , trace sandstone, coal
7300' - 7320'	100% <u>Siltstone</u> , brown, sandy carbonaceous, slightly dolomitic in part, trace coal, pyrite
· •	(GRAB SAMPLE 100% Coal HW 65)Circulate @ 7334(7320-25Cuttings 400)6' drill break 80%Bit locked -FOOH

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December 21, 1972 Bruce McKay

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MORWONG-1

	Bruce McKay
73201 - 301	90% <u>Coal</u> , bleeding gas 10% <u>Siltstone</u> , sandy
7330' - T.D.	90% <u>Coal</u> 10% <u>Siltstone</u>
lost one come: Ran XD7 bit	milled on junk Cavings very common in samples
7334' - 7340'	20% <u>Coal</u> 80% <u>Siltstone</u> , sandy
7340' ~ 70'	10% <u>Coal</u> 30% <u>Dolomite</u> , silty, or brown, very hard, conchoidal fracture 60% <u>Siltstone</u> Trace clear-white "fibrous" mineral moderately soft to firm gypsum? maybe mud contamination
7370' - 80'	30% <u>Coal</u> 70% <u>Siltstone</u> abundant cavings
7380! - 90!	10% <u>Coal</u> 90% <u>Siltstone</u> , very dolomitic in part.
7390' - 7400'	100% Siltstone dolomitic, sandy
7400' - 7410'	20% <u>Sandstone</u> , light grey, silt - fine, carbonaceous, very friable non calcareous, minor matrix, very difficult to determine porosity and permeability due to fine grain size, probably fair, no fluorescence, <u>minor gas readings</u> , no cut. 80% <u>Siltstone</u> as above
7410' - 20'	<pre>10% Sandstone mostly fine to medium with dolomitic matrix, trace mineral fluorescence. 10% Coal 80% Siltstone. Circulated @ 7425'</pre>
7420' - 7430'	30% <u>Coal</u> 70% <u>Siltstone</u> , very carbonaceous in part
	7437 - POOH to CB
	22nd December, 1972.
Ran J-33 bit	
7430' - 40'	<pre>10% Sandstone, silty - fine, occasional loose quartz coarse grains, carbonaceous, moderately firm, no show 30% Coal, black, shiny, clean - conchoidal fracture 60% Siltstone</pre>
7440' - 50'	50% <u>Coal</u> 50% <u>Siltstone</u> , sandy in part, very carbonaceous, minor sandstone
7450' - 60'	50% <u>Sandstone</u> , very fine to fine, slightly silty, very carbonaceous in part, moderately well sorted, fair porosity and permeability, friable, no show 50% <u>Siltstone</u> , trace coal
7460' ~ 70'	50% <u>Siltstone</u> , minor sandstone, pyritic 50% <u>Coal</u>
7470' - 90'	20% <u>Coal</u> 10% <u>Sandstone</u> , silty, no show 70% <u>Siltstone</u> , sandy, carbonaceous, pyritic in part.
7490' - 7500'	10% <u>Coal</u> 90% <u>Siltston</u> e sandy in part, very carbonaceous.

22nd December, 1972 Bruce McKay

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10% Coal 60% Siltstone 30% Sandstone, buff - brown grey, silty to fine, even grained friable, no show (GRAB SAMPLE 7510-15 100% Coal) 10% Coal 90% Siltstone 10% Coal 80% Siltstone 10% Sandstone, silty - very fine, friable, no show (7535 GRAB SAMPLE 10% Coal)

(7535 GRAB SAMPLE 10% Coal) (5 units HW 30% <u>Sandstone</u>) (Minor dolomite)

7530' - 46'

7560' - 70'

7570' - 80'

7880' - 90'

7600' - 10'

7620' - 30'

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7500' - 10'

7510' - 20'

7520' - 30'

50% <u>Sand</u>, clear - white, fine to very coarse, subangular to subrounded, poorly sorted, generally unconsolidated, some friable, minor dolomitic matrix, no fluorescence, no cut, pyrite common 10% <u>Coal</u> 40% <u>Siltstone</u> (including dolomite) POOH to cut core #1

23rd December, 1972.

Circulate @ 7546'

7546' - 53' Core #1 Cut 7 Rec. 7 (100%)

7553' - 60' Predominantly cavings 40% <u>Coal</u> (highly interpretative) 60% Siltstone

> 10% <u>Coal</u> 10% <u>Sandstone</u>, fine to coarse, friable - unconsolidated 80% Siltstone

20% <u>Coal</u> 10% <u>Sandstone</u> 70% <u>Siltstone</u>

80% <u>Coal</u> 20% <u>Siltstone</u>

7590' - 7600' 10% <u>Coal</u> 20% <u>Sandstone</u>, no show 70% Siltstone

10% Coal
10% Siltstone
80% Sandstone, grey brown, silty to medium, friable-hard, minor
matrix, occasionally dolomitic, non calcareous, slightly micaceous,
carbonaceous, occasionally pýritic, no show

7610' - 20' 70% <u>Siltstone</u>, trace coal 30% <u>Sandstone</u>, grey brown-grey, no show as above

> 90% <u>Siltstone</u> 10% Sandstone

(7635 GRAB SAMPLE Coal HW 35 units)

7630' - 40' 20% <u>Coal</u> 10% <u>Sandstone</u> 70% Siltstone, very carbom ceous

> 23rd December, 1972 A.J. Rigg

7640' - 7660'

20% <u>Coal</u>: dark black, shiny, conchoidal fracture. 10% <u>Sandstone</u>, fine grained, consolidated, light grey to brown, trace silt size grains, minor matrix, firm to hard,

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23rd December, 1972. Andy Rigg

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7640' - 7660' (Cont.) slightly pyritic. No show. 70% Siltstone, light brown to dark brown, hard trace sand size grains, very carbonaceous to carbonaceous in part 7660' - 70' 30% Coal, as above 60% Siltstone as above 10% Sand - mainly as above but with trace medium to coarse grains, unconsolidated quartz grains, rounded. 7670' - 80' Trace only coal as above 60% Siltstone as above, brown - light grey, carbonaceous firm to hard 30% Sandstone, as above, fine grained, consolidated. light brown to brown, trace siltstone. 10% Dolomite, light brown to white, hard fractured. P.O.H. to W.O.W. - J-33 Run back in. 24th December, 1972. 7680' - 7700' 80% Siltstone as above 10% Sandstone, as above, fine grained, consolidated. firm to hard, moderately well sorted, trace carbonaceous material, clear to white quartz, trace fines 10% Coal as above Trace dolomite. 7700' -- 7710' 70% Siltstone as above with thin lenses of dolomite, trace sand grains and abundant carbonaceous material. 20% Sandstone, as above hard to very hard, occasional poorly sorted, probable poor porosity and permeability, dolomite cement. 10% Coal - as above 7710' - 20' 80% Siltstone as above 10% Sandstone - generally as above, increase in carbonaceous material - quartz generally white to light brown, trace clear, hard, moderately well sorted. No shows 10% Coal Trace dolomite. 7720' - 7730' 90% Siltstone as above 10% Coal Trace Sandstone as above and trace loose coarse grained quartz. 77.30'-7740' 70% Siltstone as above 30% Coal as above Trace sandstone as above, some very carbonaceous, poorly sorted, poor porosity and permeability. 7740' - 7750' 90% Siltstone as above, light to dark brown, abundant carbonaceous material, firm, trace sand grains. 10% Coal as above Trace Sandstone as above, and trace pyrite-massive. 7750' - 60' 70% Siltstone as above 30% Coal as above 7760' - 70' 90% Siltstone as above, very carbonaceous in part. 10% <u>Coal</u> as above Trace dolomite: hard, light brown - white. 7770' - 80' 80% Siltstone as above. 10% Coal as above 10% Sandstone very fine to fine grained, well sorted, clear to white quartz, consolidated, firm to hard.

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MORWONG-1

24th December, 1972. A.J. Rigg

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7780' - 7790' 90% Siltstone, light brown to dark brown, firm to hard, trace to very carbonaceous, some carb. stringers. 10% Sandstone, very fine to fine grained trace fines, generally clear to white quartz grain with (?) glauconite. Trace coal. Washed out bumper sub at 1445 hours @ 7798'. Samples circulated after trip. 25th December, 1972. 7790' - 7800' 10% Siltstone, as above 90% Coal Trace Sandstone as above. 7800' - 7810' 80% Siltstone as above 10% Coal as above 10% Sandstone, very fine to fine grained, consolidated, firm to hard, generally clear to white quartz. Some massive pyrite assoc. Also grains massive pyrite. 7810' - 7820' As above 7820' - 7830' As above 7830' - 7840' 70% Siltstone, as above, very carbonaceous, 20% Coal - very pyritic in part 10% Sandstone as above 7840' - 7850' 80% Siltstone as above 10% Coal - less pyritic 10% Sandstone. Generally as above but also trace coarse grain, angular, clear to white quartz grains. 7850' - 7860' 70% Siltstone - light brown to dark brown, very carbonaceous in part, occasional sand size grains, firm to hard, 10% Coal - black to brown-black, occasional pyrite, conchoidal fracture, bright. 20% Sandstone: predominantly medium to coarse grained, unconsolidated, clear to white, quartz grains, subangular to subrounded, some rounded. Good porosity and permeability. Trace fine to medium grained, consolidated sandstone as above. No shows. 7860' - 7870' 80% Siltstone as above 10% Coal as above 10% <u>Sendstone</u>: predominantly fine grained, consolidated, firm to hard, clear to white quartz, with trace fines. Also trace unconsolidated sandstone as above. No shows. Trace pyrite. 7870' - 7880' 90% Siltstone as above 10% Sandstone as above Trace coal 7880' - 7890' 80% Siltstone as above 20% Sandstone as above Trace coal 7890' - 7900' 70% Siltstone as above 30% <u>Sandstone</u> as above. Generally fine grained, consolidation firm to hard, friable - slightly argillaceous. Moderately Generally fine grained, consolidated, well sorted. No shows. Trace Coal. 7900' - 7910' 80% Siltstone as above 10% Coal as above 10% Sandstone as above

25th December, 1972. A.J. Rigg.

80% Siltstone: as above light brown to dark brown, very carbonaceous, firm to hard, pyritic in part. 10% Coal as above, very pyritic in part. 10% Sandstone; generally fine to medium grained, firm yet friable, subrounded to rounded quartz, clear to white, consolidated. 7920' - 7930' 70% Siltstone as above: abundant pyrite 10% Coal as above, decrease in pyrite. 20% Sandstone and Sand ş Sandstone as above Sand: medium to coarse grained, subangular to subrounded, clear to white quartz grains. No shows. 7930' - 7940' 40% Siltstone :as above 60% Sandstone: predominantly Sand: unconsolidated, medium to coarse grained, subangular to subrounded, white to clear quartz grains. No shows. Trace fine grained sand. Abundant massive pyrite. Trace coal. 7940' - 7950' 30% Siltstone: as above 60% Sand: as above.Plus abundant pyrite. 10% Sandstone: fine grained, light brown - white, consolidated, firm but friable. No shows. Trace Coal 7950' - 7960' 30% Siltstone: as above 70% Sand and Sandstone as above 7960' - 7970' 80% <u>Siltstone</u>: as above, decrease in pyrite 20% Sandstone: as above - both fine grained, consolidated, and medium to coarse grains, unconsolidated quartz grains. 7970' - 7980' 90% Siltstone as above 10% Sandstone: unconsolidated, medium to coarse grained, subangular to subrounded, clear to white, quartz grains. 7980' - 7990' 100% Siltstone as above. Trace Sandstone as above 7990' - 8000' As above.

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As above

7910' - 7920'

APPENDIX 4

CORE DESCRIPTIONS

AND

SIDEWALL CORE DESCRIPTIONS

LEGEND OF CORE DESCRIPTION



- s Sharp Contact
- g Gradational Contact

ESSO STANDARD OR (AUSTRALIA) LYD.

CORE DESCRIPTION

							Ce	ro No. 1
								svell. Morwong-1
5	.4AS	1 (Con	sđ	7546-53	É?.,	Cu <u>s</u>	ft., Recovered 7 ft., (100 %) Fm. Latrobe
in the second se	Ty	ça.	Cl	ri	stensen C-	2@ir siz	<u>8-15/32</u>	in., Desc. byBruce. McKay Date 23/12/1972
(Cori	ng	1 & Rat (%.)	0	Graphic (1" = 5')	Shows	Interval (ft.)	Descriptive Lithology
0	36	•====== •	754	6		Construction of Construction of Construction	7546-50 4	' Sandstone, light grey, fine - very coarse,
			ļ,				-	subangular - rounded, poor - moderate sorting,
								friable - moderately firm, micaceous, slightly
		72						calcareous clay matrix, some pyrite aggregates.
					M MA			fair - good porosity and permeability. No odour,
								fluorescence or cut. Minor thin wavy carbonaceous
		L- 7:	53		<u></u>			stringers. Large scale cross bedding especially
								at top.
			 				7550-50½'	¹ / ₂ ' Coal dark brown-black, very silty and shaly.
							7550½-52	12' Siltstone light grey-brown grey, shaly tending
	ļ							to claystone, very carbonaceous in part, plant
								remains
	<u> </u>						7552-53'	1' Interbedded Siltstone and Sandstone Thinly
								interbedded at top, sandstone increasing towards
								base, also increase in grainsize, silt-medium,
								carbonaceous, clay matríx, non calcareous, fair
	<u> </u>							porosity and permeability, no show
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Construction and a subject to the subject of the su

FORM R 257 3/72	1/81	C 14 6148 1- CLYST		13 6279 ½" CLYST		12 6378 3/4" CLYST		11 6492 7/8" CLYST		10 6636 1½" CLYST		R 9 6752 5/8" CLYST		8 6877 1" CLYST		7 7044 7/8" CLYST		6 7148 <u>3"</u> CLYST		5 7284 5/8" CLYST		4 7390 ½" CLYST		A 3 7526 3/4" CLYST		2 7704 5/8" CLYST		1 7920 5/8" SLTST	20 U	Jnoru
	Mica, Pyr.	Qtzs, Arg	a,Pyr.	Qtz. Arg, Mod	Mica, Pyr(Abun	1	-	Qtzs, Arg	~	1º '	Mica, Pyr.	<u>۱</u>	4	Otzs, Arg	٢	Qtzs, Arg, V	Pyr.	6	Arg, Pyr.	Qtzs, Mica -	Arg, ? Pyr	Qtz, Mica, Mod	Arg.	Mic	Carb. Arg.	Qtz, Mica, Mod	Coaly, Sdy.	QTZS,CARB, -	4 5 5	CA
	Gry.	- Med. Hard		3	m) Gry.	ļ.	Gry.	Med.Dk Hard	Gry.	E E	Gry.	•		3	Gry.	. Med.Dk Hard		•	Gry.	- Med,Lt Hard	Gry.	od Med.Dk Hard	Gry.	Brn. Hard	Dk Gry.		-L. Gry	Gry: Fri.	6 4	
		v.f. Mod ?		v.f. Mod ?		v.f. Mod. ?		v.f. Mod ?	· · · · ·	v.f. Mod ?		v.f. Mod ?		v.f. Mod ?		v.f. Mod. ?		v.f. Mod. ?	Poor	v.f. Mod- ?		v.f. Mod ?		v.f. Mod ?		v.f. Mod ?	-v.f.sd -s	Slt, Mod s		SIZE SETE DNI
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er de la constance de la consta La constance de la constance de									7500/-/-	1400/-/-	7000/-/-	×	25/-/-	2500/100/Tr.	2000/-/-		100				2300/800/150	שי שאות או איז	5000/900/100	1200/Tr.	<u>3000/Tr./Tr.</u>		2500/600/Tr.		3500/-/-	23	

APPENDIX 5

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LIST AND INTERPRETATION OF LOGS & SURVEYS

ายเมือง เมษณฑิสาร์ คือ The following logs and wireline services were performed by Schlumberger in Morwong-1.

- (1) GR/BHCS/Cal (Gamma ray, bore hole compensated sonic and caliper tool)
 2" & 5" scale interval 2795-634' G.R. to 280'.
- (2) ISF/SONIC (Spherically focused induction sonic combination tool).
 2" & 5" scale interval 7996 2742'
- (3) FDC/CNL/GR/Cal (Compensated formation density, compensated neutron, gamma ray and caliper combination tool).

11	3	5''	scale	 interval	FDC & CNL	8003 - 5100
					CAL	8003 - 2720
					GR	8003 - 2550

(4) Velocity survey - 9 shots fired over the interval 7890-3996' (See time depth enclosure 6)

2'

(5) Shot 30 sidewall cores and recovered 30 in interval 7920'-2809'

The next page gives R.B. King's analysis of the most likely reservoir sands. No indication of hydrocarbons is apparent.

WELL LOG ANALYSIS REPORT

Form R 167 6/70 Page 1

DATE

29/12/72

c.c. B.R. Griffith W.F. Threlfall

MORWONG-1

WELL

TO WELL FILE

OPERATOR Esso Australia Ltd.

		STATE VIC	TORIA ELEV. 32' KB
DEPTH INTERVAL	POROSITY ESTIMATE	WATER SAT. ESTIMATE	REMARKS
5435 - 46 (11	25.5 - 26.5	100	Formation water productive
5446 - 51 (5	26 - 27	100	Formation water productive
5519 - 28 (9	28.5 - 29.5	100	Formation water productive
5587 - 91 (4	27 - 28.5	100	Formation water productive
5591 - 96 (5	30.5 - 32	100	Formation water productive
5662 - 67 (5	28 - 29	100	Formation water productive
5667 - 76 (9	26 – 27	100	Formation water productive
5678 - 81 (3	26.5 - 28	100	Formation water productive
5681 - 87 (6	23.5 - 25	100	Formation water productive
5687 - 91 (4	29 - 30	100	Formation water productive
5691 - 96 (5	22.5 - 23.5	100	Formation water productive
5696 - 5706 (10	29 - 30	100	Formation water productive
'06 - 13 (7	25 - 26	100	Formation water productive
5713 - 16 (3	29.5 - 31	100	Formation water productive
5718 - 21 (3	26 - 27	100	Formation water productive
5721 - 28 (7	29.5 - 31	100	Formation water productive
7537 - 41 (4*	14 - 15	100	Formation water productive
7541 - 44 (3	23 - 24	100	Formation water productive
7544 - 50 (6	27 - 28	100	Formation water productive
7550`- 52 (2	21 - 22.5	100	Formation water productive
7557 - 64 (7*	13.5 - 14.5	100	Formation water productive
<u> 564 – 71) (7*</u>	15 - 16	100	Formation water productive
74 - 76 (2	25 - 26	100	Formation water productive
926 - 32 (6*	15.5 - 17	100	Formation water productive
7932 - 43 (11	24 - 25.5	100	Formation water productive
7944 – 51 (7	18.5 - 20	100	Formation water productive
7951 - 62 (11	2122.5	100	Formation water productive
ISF DEPTHS			
* Shaley sands			
Diratey Banab			

TESTS:

 FORMATION:
 LOGS:

 LATROBE GROUP
 ISF-BHC, FDC-CNL-GR

COMMENTS:

Sand quality remains good although not every sand is listed. No indication of hydrocarbon was recognized.

BY

This is an enclosure indicator page. The enclosure PE902345 is enclosed within the container PE902337 at this location in this document.

The enclosure PE90	2345 has the following characteristics:
ITEM_BARCODE =	PE902345
CONTAINER_BARCODE =	: PE902337
NAME =	Structure Map Intra Latrobe Horizon 25'
	above turrum gas sand
BASIN =	GIPPSLAND
PERMIT =	· VIC/L4
TYPE =	SEISMIC
SUBTYPE =	HRZN_CONTR_MAP
DESCRIPTION =	Structure Map Intra Latrobe Horizon 25'
	above turrum gas sand (enclosure from
	WCR) for Murwong-1
REMARKS =	
DATE_CREATED =	31/10/1972
DATE_RECEIVED =	
W_NO =	W660
WELL_NAME =	Morwong-1
CONTRACTOR =	
CLIENT_OP_CO =	ESSO

This is an enclosure indicator page. The enclosure PE902766 is enclosed within the container PE902337 at this location in this document.

The enclosure PE902766 has the following characteristics: ITEM_BARCODE = PE902766 CONTAINER_BARCODE = PE902337 NAME = Geological Cross Section A-A' Pre Drilling BASIN = GIPPSLAND PERMIT = VIC/L4TYPE = WELLSUBTYPE = CROSS_SECTION DESCRIPTION = Geological Cross Section A-A' Pre Drilling (enclosure from WCR) for Morwong-1 REMARKS = $DATE_CREATED = 30/11/1972$ DATE_RECEIVED = $W_NO = W660$ WELL_NAME = Morwong-1 CONTRACTOR = ESSOCLIENT_OP_CO = ESSO

This is an enclosure indicator page. The enclosure PE902767 is enclosed within the container PE902337 at this location in this document. The enclosure PE902767 has the following characteristics: ITEM_BARCODE = PE902767 CONTAINER_BARCODE = PE902337 NAME = Morwong Prospect Composite Structure Map BASIN = GIPPSLAND PERMIT = VIC/L4TYPE = WELLSUBTYPE = HRZN_CNTR_MAP DESCRIPTION = Morwong Prospect Composite Structure Map, Pre-Drilling (enclosure from WCR) for Morwong-1 REMARKS = $DATE_CREATED = 1/11/72$ DATE_RECEIVED = $W_NO = W660$ WELL_NAME = Morwong-1 CONTRACTOR = ESSO $CLIENT_OP_CO = ESSO$

(Inserted by DNRE - Vic Govt Mines Dept)

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This is an enclosure indicator page. The enclosure PE902338 is enclosed within the container PE902337 at this location in this document.

The enclosure PE902338 has the following characteristics: ITEM_BARCODE = PE902338 CONTAINER_BARCODE = PE902337 NAME = Norwong Prospect Composite Structure Map BASIN = GIPPSLAND PERMIT = VIC/L4TYPE = SEISMIC SUBTYPE = HRZN_CNTR_MAP DESCRIPTION = Morwong Prospect Composite Structure Map, Post drill, (enclosure from WCR) for Morwong-1 REMARKS = $DATE_CREATED = 31/03/73$ DATE_RECEIVED = $W_NO = W660$ WELL_NAME = Morwong-1 CONTRACTOR =CLIENT_OP_CO = ESSO

This is an enclosure indicator page. The enclosure PE902339 is enclosed within the container PE902337 at this location in this document.

The enclosure PE9	02	2339 has the following characteristics:
ITEM_BARCODE	=	PE902339
CONTAINER_BARCODE	=	PE902337
NAME	=	Geological Cross Section A-A' After
		Drilling
BASIN	=	GIPPSLAND
PERMIT	=	VIC/L4
TYPE	=	WELL
SUBTYPE	=	CROSS_SECTION
DESCRIPTION	=	Geological Cross Section A-A' After
		Drilling 9enclosure from WCR) for
		Morwong-1
REMARKS	=	
DATE_CREATED	=	30/04/73
DATE_RECEIVED	=	
W_NO	=	W660
WELL_NAME	=	Morwong-1
CONTRACTOR	=	
CLIENT_OP_CO	=	ESSO

This is an enclosure indicator page. The enclosure PE902340 is enclosed within the container PE902337 at this location in this document.

The enclosure PE902340 has the following characteristics: $ITEM_BARCODE = PE902340$ CONTAINER_BARCODE = PE902337 NAME = Morwong Prospect Geological Cross Section B-B' After Drilling BASIN = GIPPSLAND PERMIT = VIC/L4TYPE = WELL SUBTYPE = CROSS_SECTION DESCRIPTION = Morwong Prospect Geological Cross Section B-B' After Drilling (enclosure from WCR) for Morwong-1 REMARKS = $DATE_CREATED = 30/04/1973$ DATE_RECEIVED = $W_NO = W660$ WELL_NAME = Morwong-1 CONTRACTOR = CLIENT_OP_CO = ESSO

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This is an enclosure indicator page. The enclosure PE902341 is enclosed within the container PE902337 at this location in this document.

The enclosure PE902341 has the following characteristics: ITEM_BARCODE = PE902341 CONTAINER_BARCODE = PE902337 NAME = Time Depth Curve BASIN = GIPPSLAND PERMIT = VIC/L4TYPE = WELL SUBTYPE = VELOCITY_CHART DESCRIPTION = Time Depth Curve(enclosure from wCR) for Morwong-1 REMARKS = $DATE_CREATED = 26/12/1972$ DATE_RECEIVED = $W_NO = W660$ WELL_NAME = Morwong-1 CONTRACTOR = ESSO $CLIENT_OP_CO = ESSO$

This is an enclosure indicator page. The enclosure PE902343 is enclosed within the container PE902337 at this location in this document.

The enclosure PE902343 has the following characteristics: $ITEM_BARCODE = PE902343$ CONTAINER_BARCODE = PE902337 NAME = Well History Chart BASIN = GIPPSLAND PERMIT = VIC/L4TYPE = WELLSUBTYPE = DIAGRAM DESCRIPTION = Well History Chart (enclosure from WCR) for Morwong-1 REMARKS = $DATE_CREATED = 31/03/1973$ DATE_RECEIVED = $W_NO = W660$ WELL_NAME = Morwong-1 CONTRACTOR = ESSOCLIENT_OP_CO = ESSO

This is an enclosure indicator page. The enclosure PE601446 is enclosed within the container PE902337 at this location in this document.

The enclosure PE601446 has the following characteristics: $ITEM_BARCODE = PE601446$ CONTAINER_BARCODE = PE902337 NAME = Rock Log Clastics BASIN = GIPPSLAND PERMIT = VIC/L4TYPE = WELL SUBTYPE = WELL_LOG DESCRIPTION = Rock Log Clastics(enclosure from WCR) for Morwong-1 REMARKS = $DATE_CREATED = 25/12/1972$ DATE_RECEIVED = $W_NO = W660$ WELL_NAME = Morwong-1 CONTRACTOR = ESSO $CLIENT_OP_CO = ESSO$

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This is an enclosure indicator page. The enclosure PE604602 is enclosed within the container PE902337 at this location in this document.

The enclosure PE60	4602 has the following characteristics:
ITEM_BARCODE =	PE604602
CONTAINER_BARCODE =	PE902337
NAME =	Well Composite Log
BASIN =	GIPPSLAND
PERMIT =	VIC/L4
TYPE =	WELL
SUBTYPE =	COMPOSITE_LOG
DESCRIPTION =	Well Composite Log for Morwong-1
REMARKS =	
$DATE_CREATED =$	26/12/1972
DATE_RECEIVED =	
W_NO =	W660
WELL_NAME =	MORWONG-1
CONTRACTOR =	
CLIENT_OP_CO =	ESSO AUSTRALIA LIMITED

This is an enclosure indicator page. The enclosure PE902344 is enclosed within the container PE902337 at this location in this document.

The enclosure PE902344 has the following characteristics: ITEM_BARCODE = PE902344 CONTAINER_BARCODE = PE902337 NAME = Baroid ppm Log BASIN = GIPPSLAND PERMIT = VIC/L4 TYPE = WELL SUBTYPE = MUD_LOG DESCRIPTION = Baroid ppm Log/Mud log (enclosure from WCR) for Morwong-1 REMARKS = $DATE_CREATED = 25/12/1972$ DATE_RECEIVED = $W_NO = W660$ WELL_NAME = Morwong-1 CONTRACTOR = ESSO $CLIENT_OP_CO = ESSO$